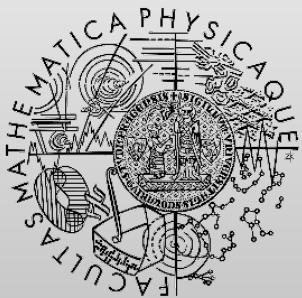


Prototype-based languages

<http://d3s.mff.cuni.cz>



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IO language

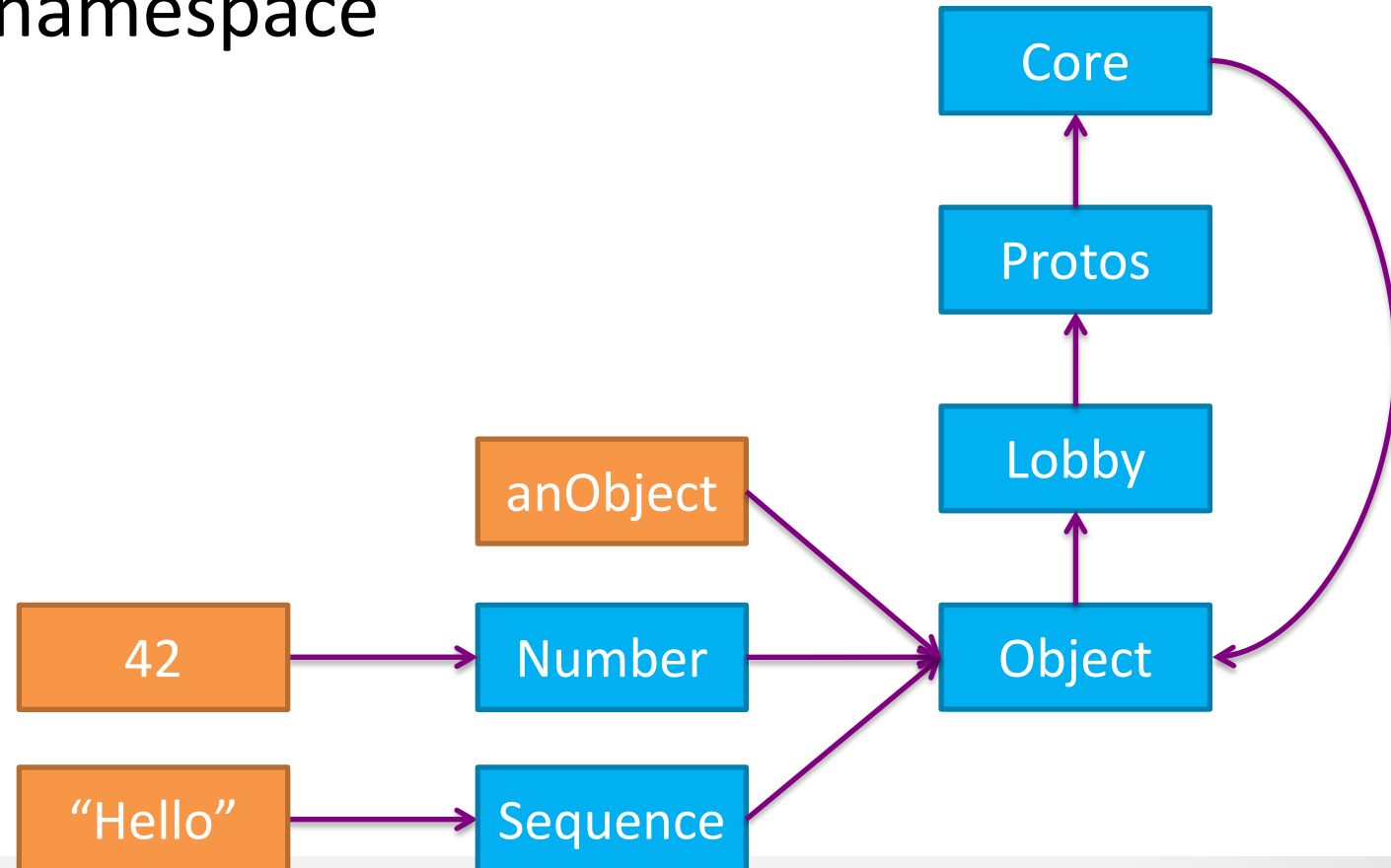
- Dynamic prototype-based programming language
 - All values are objects
 - No classes
 - Differential inheritance
 - Code is a runtime inspectable / modifiable tree
 - Essentially a list of messages

Basic concepts

- An object is a set of slots
- Object responds to messages
 - Messages handled by anonymous function stored in a slot with the name of the message
 - Properties are accessed via messages `getSlot`, `setSlot`, and `updateSlot`
 - `:=`, `=` are short-hand forms of `updateSlot` and `setSlot`
- Example: `io01`

Basic concepts

- Each object has a list of prototypes
 - Consulted in depth-first search order when a lookup in the object table fails
- Lobby is the global namespace for objects
- Example: io02



Basic concepts

- New objects created by cloning
 - Cloning creates a new object and sets the proto link to the object being cloned
- Differential inheritance
 - An object contains only attributes which are different to its prototype
- Slots can be added to any object
- Example: io03

Messages

- Code is composed of a sequence of messages
 - Each message has a name and list of arguments
 - Each argument is again a message
- Message is evaluated in a context of an object
- Example: io04

Methods / Blocks

- A block/method is a message with associated scope and parameters
- Return value is the last message in a sequence
- When invoked, activation record is created with
 - Actual parameters
 - 'call' object
 - 'call target' – target object of the call
 - 'call sender' – sender object
 - 'call message' – message used to invoke the call
 - 'self' – reference to the scope
 - Forward to 'self' for all failed lookups
- Example: io05

Methods / Blocks

- Method
 - Activatable block – called when accessed
 - Accessing without calling via `getSlot(name)`
 - With scope `:= nil` – scope is set to the target object
- Block
 - Not activatable by default
 - Scope set to target of the ‘block’ message
 - Serve as local scopes within the lexical scope
- Example: `io06`, `io07`

Methods / Blocks

- Invoking a block/method means evaluating its message in a given context
- Example: io08

Control structures

- Control structures (if, while, for, ...) are ordinary methods
 - Can be implemented in the language
 - Thanks to message abstraction of the code
 - In fact 'method' is also an ordinary method
- IO thus has very minimal syntax and no keywords
- Example: io09

Javascript

Javascript

- Prototype-based language
 - <http://www.ecma-international.org/publications/files/ECMA-ST/ECMA-262%20edition%205.1,%20June%202011.pdf>
 - <https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/JavaScript>
- Dynamically typed, first class-functions
- Used in web-browsers
- Server-side programming also possible
 - Node.js
- Example: basics.js, functions.js

Basics: Objects

- Object is essentially a table
- Constructed from scratch or via 'new' keyword and constructor function
- Example: objects.js

Basics: Prototypes

- Each Javascript object has one `__proto__` slot
 - Can be accessed directly
 - Or it is automatically set by 'new' keyword to the value of 'prototype' property of the constructor function
- Examples: `prototypes.js`, `mixins.js`

Patterns: Private fields / Module

```
var Counter = (function() {  
  var privateCounter = 0;  
  function changeBy(val) {  
    privateCounter += val;  
  }  
  return {  
    increment: function() {  
      changeBy(1);  
    },  
    decrement: function() {  
      changeBy(-1);  
    },  
    value: function() {  
      return privateCounter;  
    }  
  }  
})();
```

```
alert(Counter.value()); /* Alerts 0 */  
Counter.increment();  
Counter.increment();  
alert(Counter.value()); /* Alerts 2 */  
Counter.decrement();  
alert(Counter.value()); /* Alerts 1 */
```


Advanced Javascript Scripting

- NodeJS
 - Server-side Javascript interpreter
 - Webserver in Javascript
 - Asynchronous model
 - No threads
 - But asynchronous calls with a callback

Asynchronous model

```
fs.rename('/tmp/hello', '/tmp/world', function (err) {  
  if (err) throw err;  
  fs.stat('/tmp/world', function (err, stats) {  
    if (err) throw err;  
    console.log('stats: ' + JSON.stringify(stats));  
  });  
});
```

Immediate Two-Way Communication

- Via WebSocket
 - Abstracted by Socket.IO
- Example
 - Both client and server in Javascript
 - Server: Node.js webserver
 - Client: Javascript in HTML

TypeScript

TypeScript

- Extension to JavaScript that allows strong typing
- Transpiles to normal JavaScript