Lab11a-Panel data

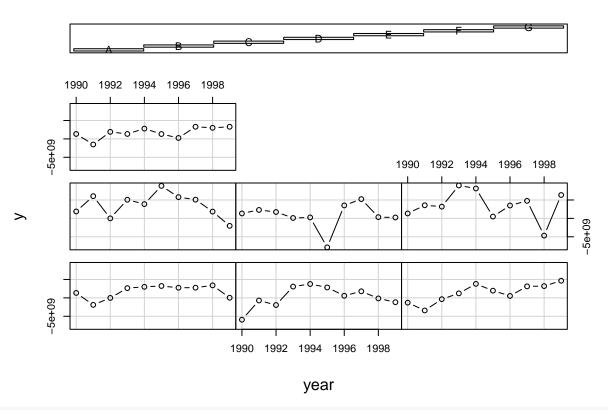
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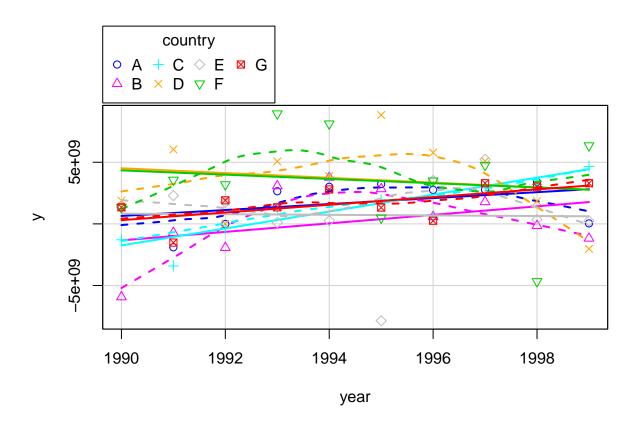
```
setwd("U:/econometrics/lab11a")
library(tidyverse) # Modern data science library
## -- Attaching packages -----
                                           ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.5
                    v purrr
                               0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.2
                    v dplyr 1.0.6
                   v stringr 1.4.0
## v tidyr
          1.1.3
          1.4.0
                    v forcats 0.5.1
## v readr
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.1.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
library(plm)
                # Panel data analysis library
## Warning: package 'plm' was built under R version 4.1.1
##
## Attaching package: 'plm'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
      between, lag, lead
                  # Companion to applied regression
library(car)
## Loading required package: carData
##
## Attaching package: 'car'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
      recode
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
      some
library(gplots) # Various programing tools for plotting data
##
## Attaching package: 'gplots'
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
##
##
      lowess
library(tseries) # For timeseries analysis
## Warning: package 'tseries' was built under R version 4.1.1
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
    method
##
                   from
##
    as.zoo.data.frame zoo
library(lmtest)
              # For hetoroskedasticity analysis
## Loading required package: zoo
##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
      as.Date, as.Date.numeric
dataPanel101 <- read csv("https://github.com/ds777/sample-datasets/blob/master/dataPanel101.csv?raw=tru
##
## cols(
##
    country = col_character(),
##
   year = col_double(),
## y = col_double(),
  y_bin = col_double(),
##
   x1 = col_double(),
##
   x2 = col_double(),
##
   x3 = col_double(),
    opinion = col_character()
## )
dataPanel101
## # A tibble: 70 x 8
                         y y_bin
##
     country year
                                   x1
                                        x2
                                                 x3 opinion
     <chr> <dbl>
##
                      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                             <dbl> <chr>
## 1 A
          1990 1342787840
                            1 0.278 -1.11 0.283 Str agree
## 2 A
           1991 -1899660544
                               0 0.321 -0.949 0.493 Disag
                              0 0.363 -0.789 0.703 Disag
## 3 A
            1992
                  -11234363
## 4 A
           1993 2645775360 1 0.246 -0.886 -0.0944 Disag
## 5 A
           1994 3008334848 1 0.425 -0.730 0.946 Disag
## 6 A
           1995 3229574144
                               1 0.477 -0.723 1.03
                                                    Str agree
                              1 0.500 -0.782 1.09
## 7 A
            1996 2756754176
                                                   Disag
## 8 A
           1997 2771810560 1 0.0516 -0.705 1.42 Str agree
## 9 A
            1998 3397338880 1 0.366 -0.698 1.55
                                                   Disag
            1999
                   ## 10 A
                                                   Str disag
## # ... with 60 more rows
coplot(y ~ year|country, type="b", data=dataPanel101)
```

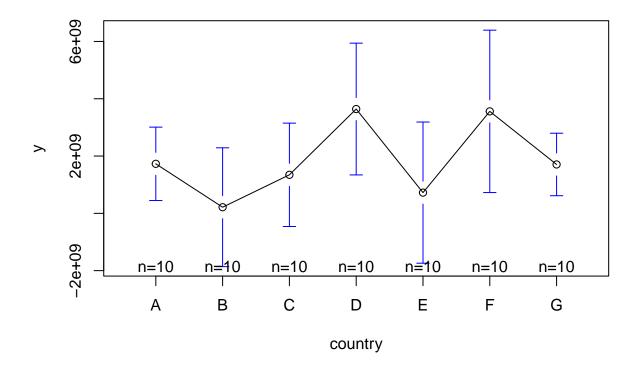
Given : country



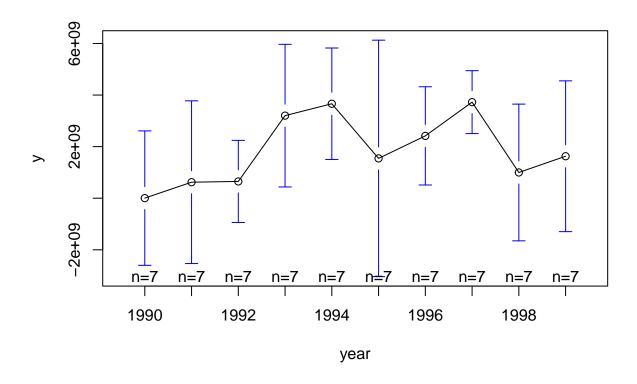
scatterplot(y~year|country, data=dataPanel101)



plotmeans(y ~ country, data = dataPanel101)

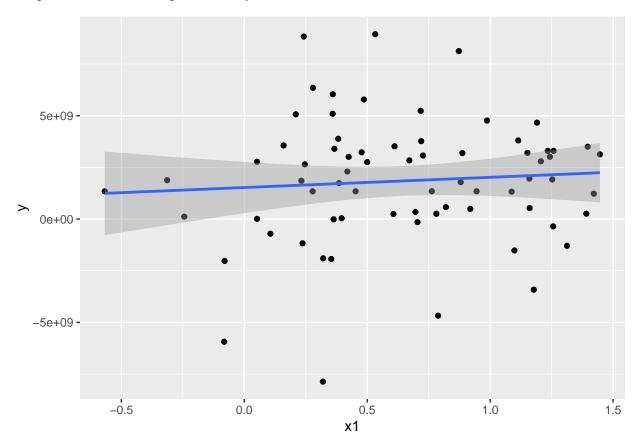


plotmeans(y ~ year, data = dataPanel101)



```
ols <-lm(y ~ x1, data = dataPanel101)</pre>
summary(ols)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x1, data = dataPanel101)
##
## Residuals:
##
                             Median
                      1Q
## -9.546e+09 -1.578e+09 1.554e+08 1.422e+09 7.183e+09
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.524e+09 6.211e+08
                                      2.454
                                              0.0167 *
## x1
               4.950e+08 7.789e+08
                                      0.636
                                              0.5272
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.028e+09 on 68 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.005905, Adjusted R-squared: -0.008714
## F-statistic: 0.4039 on 1 and 68 DF, p-value: 0.5272
yhat <- ols$fitted</pre>
ggplot(dataPanel101, aes(x = x1, y = y))+
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method=lm)
```

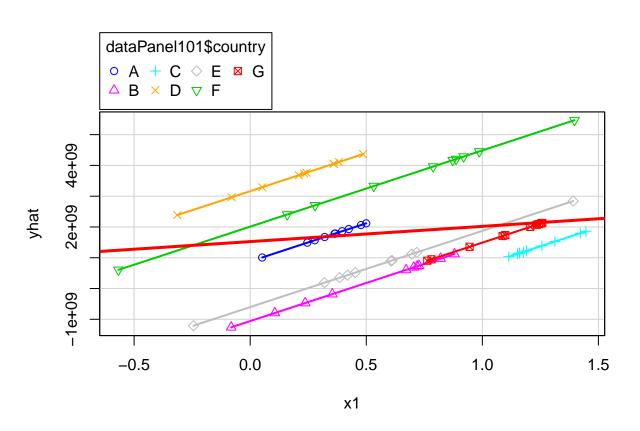
`geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'



fixed.dum <-lm(y ~ x1 + factor(country) - 1, data = dataPanel101)
summary(fixed.dum)</pre>

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x1 + factor(country) - 1, data = dataPanel101)
## Residuals:
##
                     1Q
                            Median
                                           3Q
  -8.634e+09 -9.697e+08 5.405e+08 1.386e+09 5.612e+09
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## x1
                    2.476e+09 1.107e+09
                                          2.237 0.02889 *
## factor(country)A 8.805e+08 9.618e+08
                                          0.916 0.36347
## factor(country)B -1.058e+09 1.051e+09
                                         -1.006
                                                 0.31811
## factor(country)C -1.723e+09 1.632e+09 -1.056 0.29508
## factor(country)D 3.163e+09 9.095e+08
                                          3.478 0.00093 ***
## factor(country)E -6.026e+08 1.064e+09
                                          -0.566 0.57329
## factor(country)F 2.011e+09
                              1.123e+09
                                           1.791
                                                 0.07821
## factor(country)G -9.847e+08 1.493e+09
                                         -0.660 0.51190
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
\#\# Residual standard error: 2.796e+09 on 62 degrees of freedom
```

```
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4402, Adjusted R-squared: 0.368
## F-statistic: 6.095 on 8 and 62 DF, p-value: 8.892e-06
yhat <- fixed.dum$fitted
scatterplot(yhat ~ dataPanel101$x1 | dataPanel101$country, xlab ="x1", ylab ="yhat", boxplots = FALSE,
abline(lm(dataPanel101$y~dataPanel101$x1),lwd=3, col="red")</pre>
```



fixed <- plm(y ~ x1, data=dataPanel101, model="within")
summary(fixed)</pre>

```
## Oneway (individual) effect Within Model
##
## plm(formula = y ~ x1, data = dataPanel101, model = "within")
## Balanced Panel: n = 7, T = 10, N = 70
##
## Residuals:
       Min.
              1st Qu.
                         Median
                                     Mean
                                            3rd Qu.
                                                         Max.
## -8.63e+09 -9.70e+08 5.40e+08 0.00e+00 1.39e+09 5.61e+09
##
## Coefficients:
       Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|)
##
## x1 2475617742 1106675596
                            2.237 0.02889 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

```
## Total Sum of Squares:
                            5.2364e+20
## Residual Sum of Squares: 4.8454e+20
## R-Squared:
                  0.074684
## Adj. R-Squared: -0.029788
## F-statistic: 5.00411 on 1 and 62 DF, p-value: 0.028892
# Display the fixed effects (constants for each country)
fixef(fixed)
##
                                                                          F
                                                 D
     880542434 -1057858320 -1722810680 3162826916 -602621958 2010731852
##
##
## -984717393
# Testing for fixed effects, null: OLS better than fixed
pFtest(fixed, ols)
##
## F test for individual effects
##
## data: y ~ x1
## F = 2.9655, df1 = 6, df2 = 62, p-value = 0.01307
## alternative hypothesis: significant effects
##Random Effect
random <- plm(y ~ x1, data=dataPanel101, model="random")</pre>
summary(random)
## Oneway (individual) effect Random Effect Model
##
      (Swamy-Arora's transformation)
##
## plm(formula = y ~ x1, data = dataPanel101, model = "random")
## Balanced Panel: n = 7, T = 10, N = 70
## Effects:
##
                             std.dev share
                       var
## idiosyncratic 7.815e+18 2.796e+09 0.873
## individual
                 1.133e+18 1.065e+09 0.127
## theta: 0.3611
##
## Residuals:
       Min.
               1st Qu.
                          Median
                                      Mean
                                             3rd Qu.
## -8.94e+09 -1.51e+09 2.82e+08 0.00e+00 1.56e+09 6.63e+09
##
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error z-value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 1037014329 790626206 1.3116
               1247001710 902145599 1.3823
## x1
                                               0.1669
## Total Sum of Squares:
                            5.6595e+20
## Residual Sum of Squares: 5.5048e+20
## R-Squared:
                   0.02733
## Adj. R-Squared: 0.013026
## Chisq: 1.91065 on 1 DF, p-value: 0.16689
```

```
phtest(fixed, random)
##
  Hausman Test
##
## data: y ~ x1
## chisq = 3.674, df = 1, p-value = 0.05527
## alternative hypothesis: one model is inconsistent
fixed.time <- plm(y ~ x1 + factor(year), data=dataPanel101, model="within")</pre>
summary(fixed.time)
## Oneway (individual) effect Within Model
##
## Call:
## plm(formula = y ~ x1 + factor(year), data = dataPanel101, model = "within")
## Balanced Panel: n = 7, T = 10, N = 70
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min.
              1st Qu.
                         Median
                                     Mean
                                            3rd Qu.
## -7.92e+09 -1.05e+09 -1.40e+08 0.00e+00
                                          1.63e+09 5.49e+09
##
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|)
                   1389050209 1319849569 1.0524 0.29738
## factor(year)1991 296381592 1503368532 0.1971 0.84447
## factor(year)1992 145369724 1547226550 0.0940 0.92550
## factor(year)1993 2874386825 1503862558 1.9113 0.06138 .
## factor(year)1994 2848156371 1661498931 1.7142 0.09233 .
## factor(year)1995 973941363 1567245752 0.6214 0.53698
## factor(year)1996 1672812635 1631539257 1.0253 0.30988
## factor(year)1997 2991770146 1627062033 1.8388 0.07156 .
## factor(year)1998 367463673 1587924443 0.2314 0.81789
## factor(year)1999 1258751990 1512397631 0.8323 0.40898
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Total Sum of Squares:
                           5.2364e+20
## Residual Sum of Squares: 4.0201e+20
## R-Squared:
                  0.23229
## Adj. R-Squared: 0.0005285
## F-statistic: 1.60365 on 10 and 53 DF, p-value: 0.13113
# Testing time-fixed effects. The null is that no time-fixed effects are needed
pFtest(fixed.time, fixed)
##
## F test for individual effects
## data: y ~ x1 + factor(year)
## F = 1.209, df1 = 9, df2 = 53, p-value = 0.3094
## alternative hypothesis: significant effects
```

```
plmtest(fixed, c("time"), type=("bp"))
  Lagrange Multiplier Test - time effects (Breusch-Pagan) for balanced
##
## panels
##
## data: y ~ x1
## chisq = 0.16532, df = 1, p-value = 0.6843
## alternative hypothesis: significant effects
pool <- plm(y ~ x1, data=dataPanel101, model="pooling")</pre>
summary(pool)
## Pooling Model
## Call:
## plm(formula = y ~ x1, data = dataPanel101, model = "pooling")
## Balanced Panel: n = 7, T = 10, N = 70
##
## Residuals:
       Min.
              1st Qu.
                         Median
                                      Mean
                                             3rd Qu.
                                                          Max.
## -9.55e+09 -1.58e+09 1.55e+08 0.00e+00 1.42e+09 7.18e+09
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1524319101 621072623 2.4543 0.01668 *
               494988866 778861258 0.6355 0.52722
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Total Sum of Squares:
                            6.2729e+20
## Residual Sum of Squares: 6.2359e+20
## R-Squared:
                  0.0059046
## Adj. R-Squared: -0.0087145
## F-statistic: 0.403897 on 1 and 68 DF, p-value: 0.52722
# Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier for random effects. Null is no panel effect (i.e. OLS better).
plmtest(pool, type=c("bp"))
##
## Lagrange Multiplier Test - (Breusch-Pagan) for balanced panels
##
## data: y ~ x1
## chisq = 2.6692, df = 1, p-value = 0.1023
## alternative hypothesis: significant effects
##HO) The null is that there is not cross-sectional dependence
fixed <- plm(y ~ x1, data=dataPanel101, model="within")</pre>
pcdtest(fixed, test = c("lm"))
##
  Breusch-Pagan LM test for cross-sectional dependence in panels
## data: y ~ x1
## chisq = 28.914, df = 21, p-value = 0.1161
```

```
## alternative hypothesis: cross-sectional dependence
pcdtest(fixed, test = c("cd"))
##
## Pesaran CD test for cross-sectional dependence in panels
##
## data: y ~ x1
## z = 1.1554, p-value = 0.2479
## alternative hypothesis: cross-sectional dependence
##HO) The null is that there is not serial correlation.
pbgtest(fixed)
##
   Breusch-Godfrey/Wooldridge test for serial correlation in panel models
##
## data: y ~ x1
## chisq = 14.137, df = 10, p-value = 0.1668
## alternative hypothesis: serial correlation in idiosyncratic errors
##HO) The null hypothesis is that the series has a unit root (i.e. non-stationary)
adf.test(dataPanel101$y, k=2)
##
   Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: dataPanel101$y
## Dickey-Fuller = -3.9051, Lag order = 2, p-value = 0.0191
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
##HO) The null hypothesis for the Breusch-Pagan test is homoskedasticity
bptest(y ~ x1 + factor(country), data = dataPanel101, studentize=F)
##
  Breusch-Pagan test
## data: y ~ x1 + factor(country)
## BP = 14.606, df = 7, p-value = 0.04139
# Original coefficients
coeftest(random)
## t test of coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1037014329 790626206 1.3116
                                              0.1941
              1247001710 902145599 1.3823
                                               0.1714
# Heteroskedasticity consistent coefficients
coeftest(random, vcovHC)
##
## t test of coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1037014329 907983024 1.1421 0.2574
## x1
             1247001710 828970258 1.5043
                                             0.1371
```

```
# Heteroskedasticity consistent coefficients, type 3
coeftest(random, vcovHC(random, type = "HC3"))
##
## t test of coefficients:
##
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1037014329 943438278 1.0992
              1247001710 867137595 1.4381
                                              0.1550
# The following shows the HC standard errors of the coefficients
t(sapply(c("HCO", "HC1", "HC2", "HC3", "HC4"), function(x) sqrt(diag(vcovHC(random, type = x)))))
       (Intercept)
## HCO
       907983024 828970258
## HC1
        921238952 841072654
## HC2
        925403814 847733484
## HC3
        943438278 867137595
        941376025 866024042
## HC4
# Original coefficients
coeftest(fixed)
##
## t test of coefficients:
       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## x1 2475617742 1106675596
                            2.237 0.02889 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# Heteroskedasticity consistent coefficients
coeftest(fixed, vcovHC)
##
## t test of coefficients:
##
##
       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## x1 2475617742 1358388924 1.8225 0.07321 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# Heteroskedasticity consistent coefficients (Arellano)
coeftest(fixed, vcovHC(fixed, method = "arellano"))
##
## t test of coefficients:
##
##
       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## x1 2475617742 1358388924 1.8225 0.07321 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# Heteroskedasticity consistent coefficients, type 3
coeftest(fixed, vcovHC(fixed, type = "HC3"))
##
## t test of coefficients:
```