CMPT 433: Embedded Systems

Timer Calculation Worksheet (Answers)

Equation for calculating period of time and timer clock frequency:

1. Given an 8-bit timer with a 32Hz clock and no divider, find the maximum timer duration.

An 8-bit timer has maximum value 0xFF.

To achieve the maximum timer duration, set TLDR to 0.

The frequency is 32.

The equation is:

Period =
$$\frac{0xFF - TLDR + 1}{\text{Timer Clock Frequency}} * 2^{N}$$

$$= \frac{0xFF - 0 + 1}{32} * 2^{0}$$

$$= \frac{2^{8}}{2^{5}}$$
(4)

$$=\frac{0xFF-0+1}{32}*2^0\tag{3}$$

$$=\frac{2^8}{2^5} \tag{4}$$

$$=2^{3} \tag{5}$$

$$=8s\tag{6}$$

Answer: The maximum timer duration is 8s.

2. Given an 8-bit timer with a 32Hz clock, calculate the necessary divider and TLDR for a 200s period.

To change the period to 1s, divide the 32Hz clock by N=5 to multiply the period by $2^5=32$.

The equation is:

$$Period = \frac{0xFF - TLDR + 1}{Timer Clock Frequency} * 2^{N}$$
 (7)

$$=\frac{2^8 - TLDR}{32} * 2^5 \tag{8}$$

$$=2^8 - TLDR \tag{9}$$

$$=256-TLDR\tag{10}$$

$$TLDR = 256 - 200 (11)$$

$$= 56 \tag{12}$$

3. Given a 32-bit timer with a 25MHz clock and no divider, find the maximum timer period.

A 32-bit timer has maximum value 0xFFFF FFFF.

Let TLDR = 0 for the maximum amount of time.

The equation is:

$$Period = \frac{0xFFFFFFFFFFFTDR+1}{Timer Clock Frequency} * 2^{N}$$
 (13)

$$= \frac{0xFFFF\ FFFF - 0 + 1}{25MHz} * 2^{0}$$
(14)

$$=\frac{2^{32}}{25,000,000}\tag{15}$$

$$\approx 170s$$
 (16)

$$\approx 2.8min$$
 (17)

Answer: The maximum timer duration is about 2.8 minutes.

4. Given a 32-bit timer with a 25MHz clock, calculate the necessary divider and TLDR for a 2s period.

Since the maximum timer period is greater than 2s (see previous question), no divider is necessary. Let N=0.

The equation is:

Period =
$$2s = \frac{0xFFFF\ FFFF - TLDR + 1}{\text{Timer Clock Frequency}} * 2^N$$
 (18)
= $\frac{2^{32} - TLDR}{25,000,000} * 2^0$ (19)

$$=\frac{2^{32}-TLDR}{25,000,000}*2^{0}$$

$$50,000,000 = 2^{32} - TLDR (20)$$

$$TLDR = 2^{32} - 50,000,000 (21)$$

$$= 0xFD05\ 0F80 \tag{22}$$

(23)

Answer: N=0, TLDR=0xFD05 0F80

5. Given the same parameters and TLDR from the previous question but with ${\cal N}=2$, how long will the period be?

If N=2, the period is multiplied by $2^N=2^2=4$.

 $\mathsf{Period} = 2s \times 4 = 8s$

Answer: The period will be 8s.