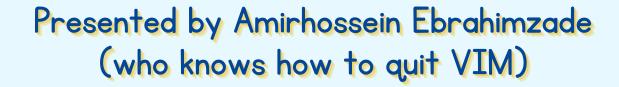




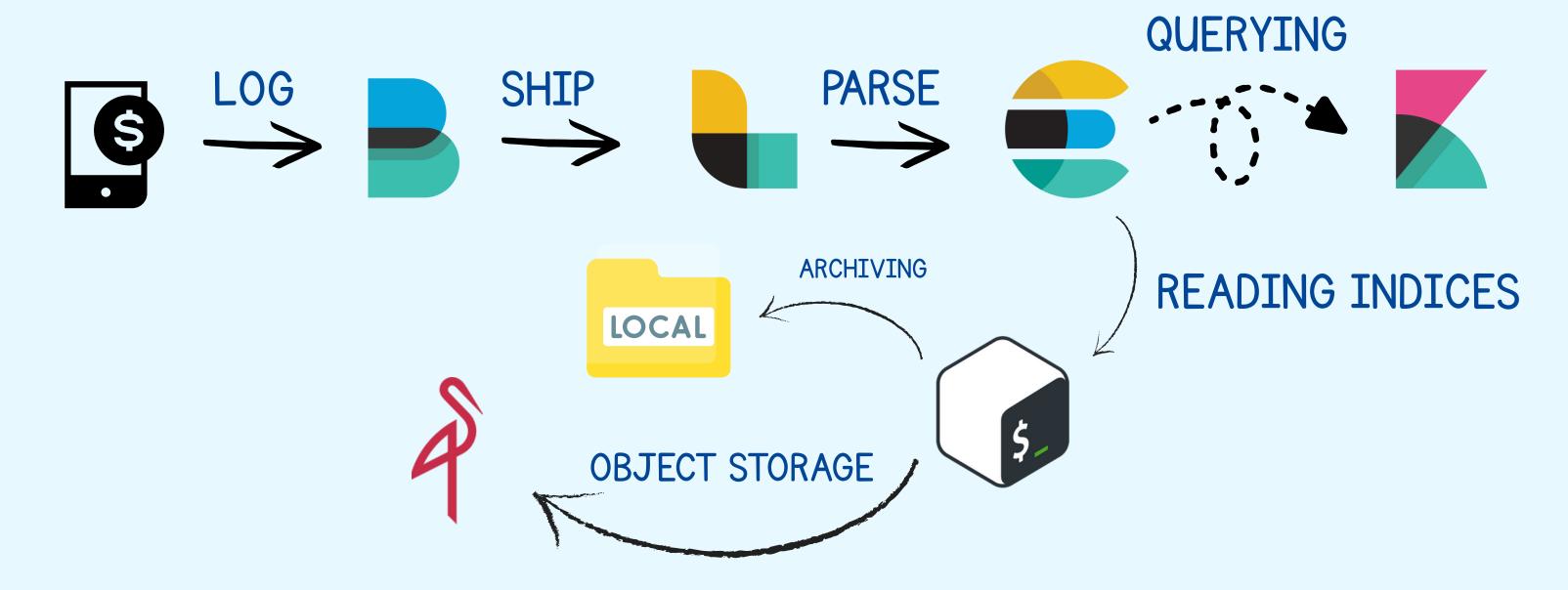
FEATURING | | |



WHY ELK?

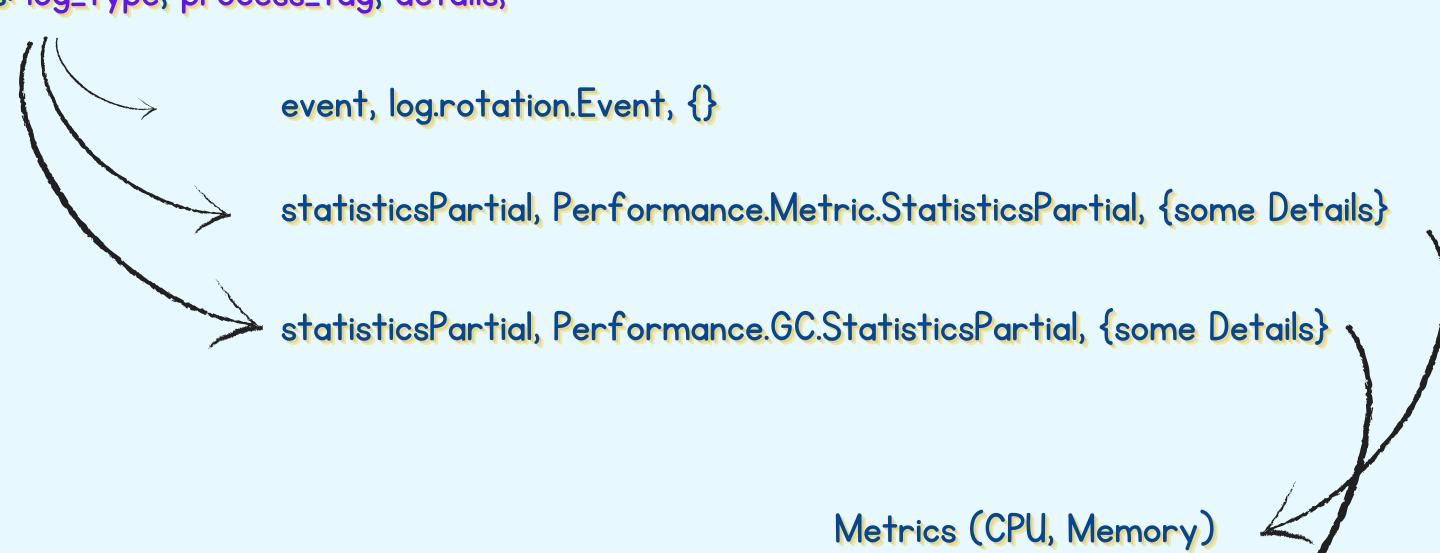
- In modern infrastructures, logs are valuable but massive
- Problem: Long-term log retention explodes storage costs
- Goal: Build a reliable system to collect, visualize, and archive logs efficiently

WHAT WE HAVE HERE? (HLD)



EDESEATRICONS REURATION:

- Common Structure, Different in Details:
 - Common points: id, processtag, timestamp, transaction_id, log_type, details, ...
 - Differences: log_type, process_tag, details,



DOCKER COMPOSE:

- Elasticsearch
 - 8.15.0, NoAuth, PV: es_data, Port 9200
- Logstash
 - 8.15.0, Filebeat input, Custom Pipeline, Logstash.conf
- Kibana
 - 8.15.0, GUI, Port Exposed on 5601
- Filebeat
 - 8.15.0, /var/log/*.json Mounted, filebeat.yml
- Elasticdump
 - Custom Image with Local Dockerfile, Dumps indices and Uploads to MinIO, Uses export-and-uplod.sh
- MinIO
 - SelfHosted, Port Exposed on 9000, 9001

SHARED: elk-net(bridge), Health Checks



FILEBEAT CONFIGURATION:

```
filebeat.inputs:

    type: filestream

                                   Instead of "log", Cause It's improved.
  id: my-json-logs
  enabled: true
  paths:
    - /var/log/elk/*.json
  parsers:
    - multiline:
        pattern: '^\{'
                                      Looks for initial {, negates following lines, then completes with }
        negate: true
        match: 'after'
output.logstash:
                                         Logstash endpoint for shipping logs
  hosts: ["logstash:5044"]
```

LOGSTASH CONFIGURATION:

```
input {
  beats {
    port => 5044
  }
}
```

Input from the Filebeat, on endpoint port 5044

```
filter {
    json {
        source => "message"
    }

    date {
        match => [ "timestamp", "IS08601" ]
        target => "@timestamp"
    }

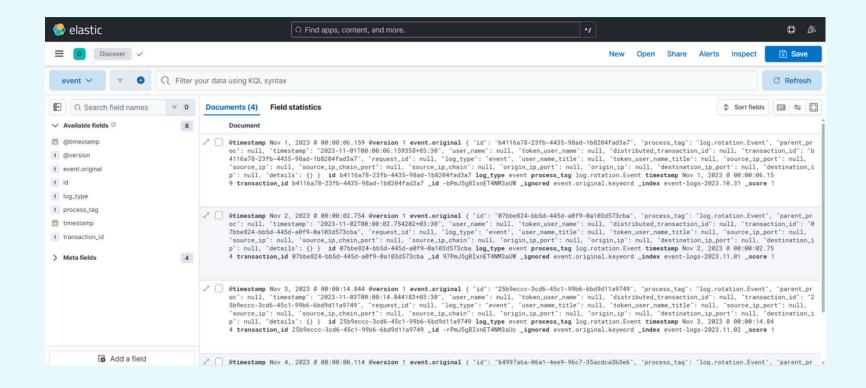
    mutate {
        remove_field => [ "agent", "ecs", "host", "log", "input", "tags", "message" ]
    }
}
```

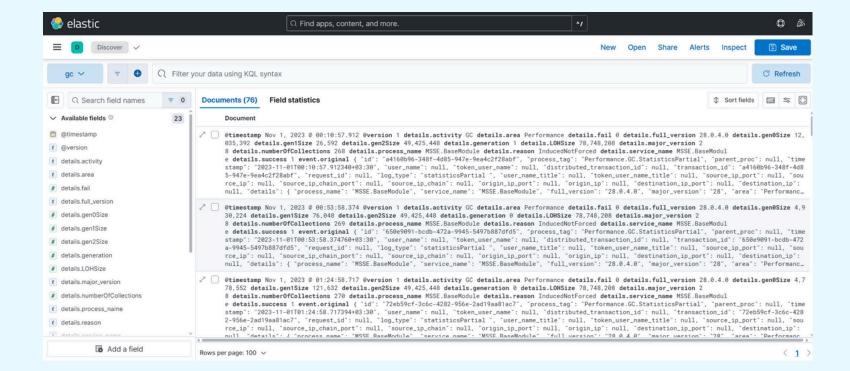
Filtering, Timestamp issues, mutation

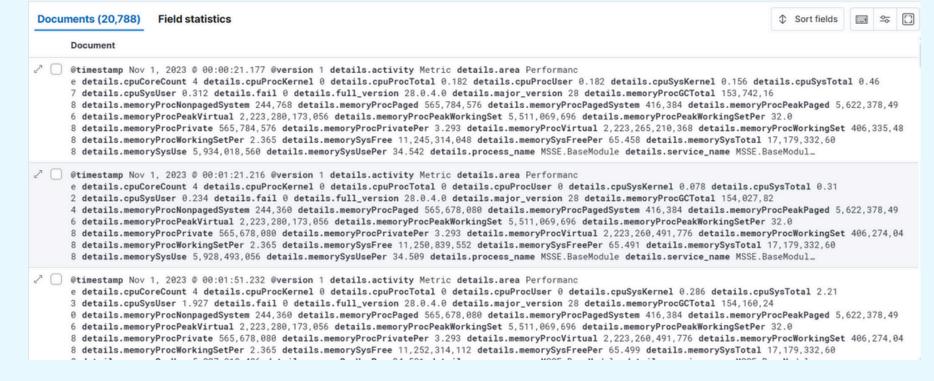
```
output {
 if [process_tag] == "log.rotation.Event" {
    elasticsearch {
      hosts => ["http://elasticsearch:9200"]
     index => "event-logs-%{+YYYY.MM.dd}"
  } else if [process_tag] == "Performance.GC.StatisticsPartial" {
    elasticsearch {
      hosts => ["http://elasticsearch:9200"]
     index => "gc-logs-%{+YYYY.MM.dd}"
  } else if [process_tag] == "Performance.Metric.StatisticsPartial" {
    elasticsearch {
      hosts => ["http://elasticsearch:9200"]
     index => "metric-logs-%{+YYYY.MM.dd}"
  } else {
    elasticsearch {
      hosts => ["http://elasticsearch:9200"]
      index => "unhandled-logs-%{+YYYY.MM.dd}"
```

Indices based on "process_tag", handles unknown logs via unknown "process_tag" in "unhandled-logs-*"

WHAT WE SEE ON KIBANA:







ELASTIC DUMP AND MOREOVER:

Docker file:

```
RUN npm install -g elasticdump \
    && curl -0 https://dl.min.io/client/mc/release/linux-amd64/mc \
    && chmod +x mc && mv mc /usr/local/bin/mc

WORKDIR /dumps

COPY export-and-upload.sh /elasticdump/export-and-upload.sh
RUN chmod +x /elasticdump/export-and-upload.sh

CMD ["/bin/bash", "/elasticdump/export-and-upload.sh"]
```

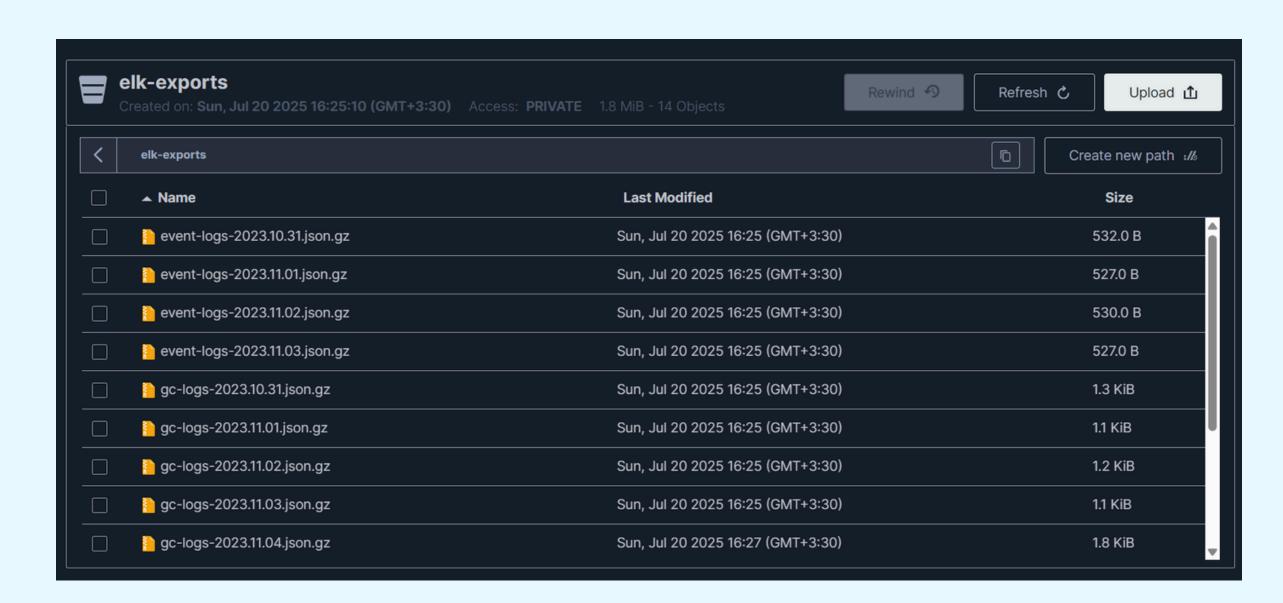
export-and-uplod.sh

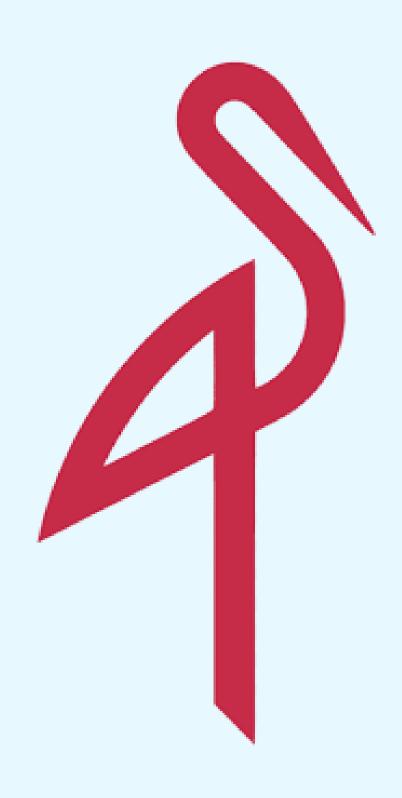
```
#!/bin/bash
ES_HOST="http://elasticsearch:9200"
MINIO BUCKET="elk-exports"
EXPORT_DIR="/dumps"
PATTERNS=("event-logs-" "gc-logs-" "metric-logs-")
export_to_minio() {
  for PREFIX in "${PATTERNS[@]}"; do
   INDICES=$(curl -s "$ES_HOST/_cat/indices?h=index" | grep "^${PREFIX}")
    for INDEX in $INDICES; do
      FILE="$EXPORT_DIR/${INDEX}.json.gz"
      if [[ -f "$FILE" ]]; then
       echo "[SKIP] $INDEX already exported"
       continue
      fi
      echo "[EXPORT] Dumping $INDEX"
      elasticdump --input="${ES_HOST}/${INDEX}" --output="${EXPORT_DIR}/${INDEX}.json" --type=data
      gzip -f "${EXPORT_DIR}/${INDEX}.json"
      echo "[UPLOAD] Uploading $INDEX to MinIO"
      mc alias set minio http://minio:9000 minioadmin minio12345678@
      mc mb -q --ignore-existing minio/$MINIO_BUCKET
     mc cp "$FILE" minio/$MINIO_BUCKET/
   done
# Loop forever
while true; do
 export_to_minio
 echo "[WAIT] Sleeping for a minute..."
  sleep 60
```

MINIO:

Why Minio?

- S3 Compatibility
- Local Backup Storage
- Fast and Easy Deployment
- Reliable & Scalable
- Powerful CLI tool (MC)





FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS (PRODUCTION READY):

- Security Enhancements, env variables or secret managers
- Data Handling & Storage (ILM)
- Alerting Modules
- Move to K8S, Using Helm charts
- Automating Backups using CronJobs

THANKS FOR WATCHING! :D