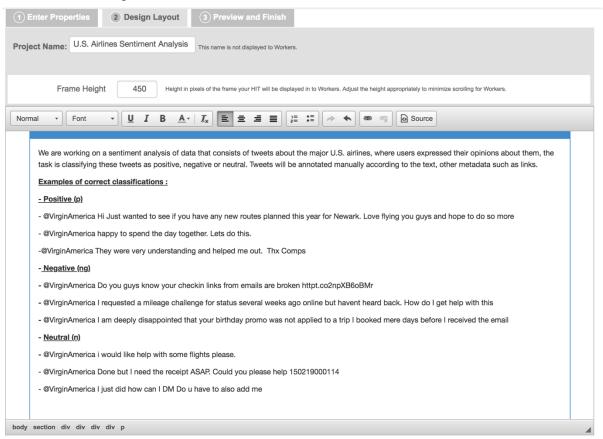
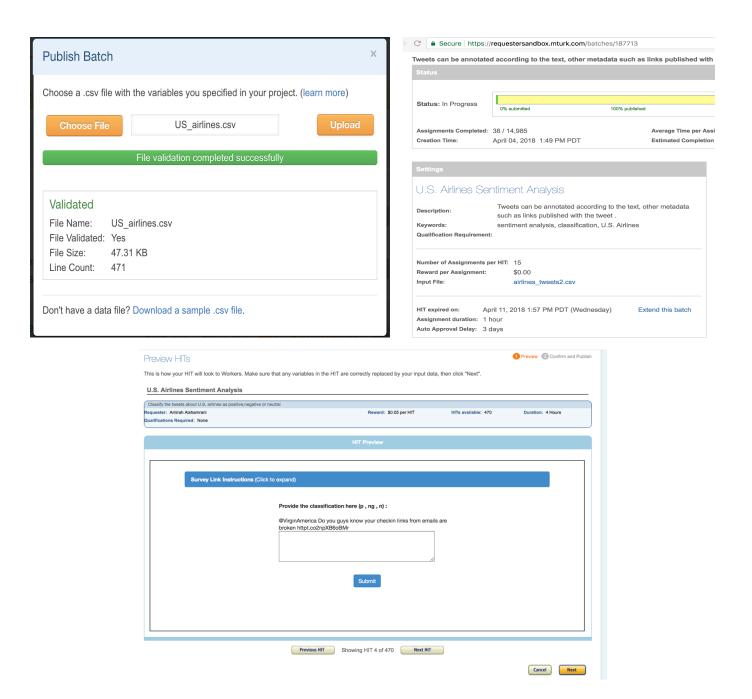
- 1) Identify a classification task that is relevant to your final project. Write a paragraph answering the following questions:
  - a. What is the goal of this task?
  - b. What dataset will you use to carry out this task?
  - c. What annotations do you need to accomplish the goal identified in part a?

In our project, we are working on sentiment analysis of data that consists of tweets about the major U.S. airlines, where users expressed their opinions about them, the task is classifying these tweets as positive, negative or neutral. Tweets will be annotated manually according to the text, other metadata such as links published with the tweet might be helpful as well. The entire dataset is in in HW4 CSV file.

2) Write annotation instructions for Turkers given the task, goals, and dataset identified in #1. Include at least three examples of correctly annotated data for each annotation field identified in part 1c.

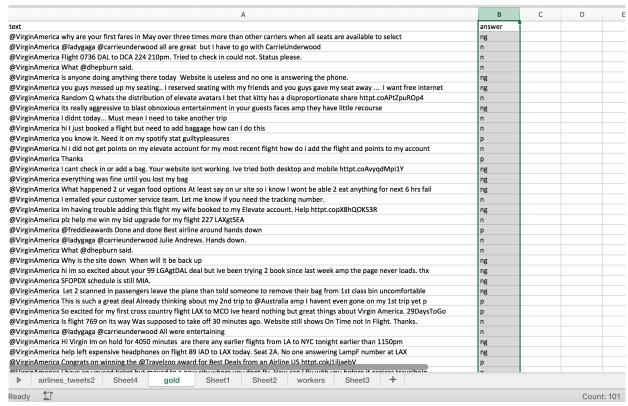


3) Create a CSV file containing the data to be annotated. Write a HIT that randomly displays samples and, using the instructions created in part 2, requests annotations for these samples.

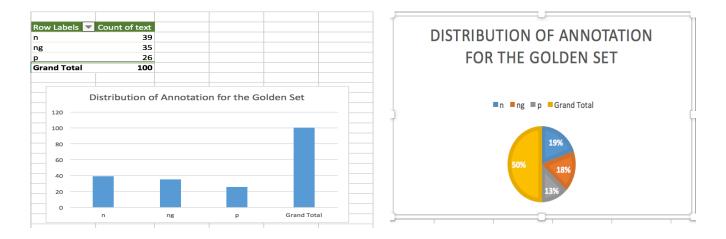


- 4) Using the dataset identified in #1b, annotate 100 samples (these are your GOLD HITs).
  - a. What is the distribution of annotations in these samples?
  - b. Consider the distribution identified in part a. Is sampling necessary? If so, annotate more samples as needed.

## GOLD HITS consists of 100 annotated tweets.



a) Distribution of the annotations of the GOLD HITS with 100 tweets.

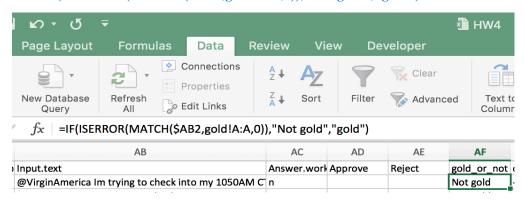


b) Since the annotations are relatevily equally distributed, there is no need for further sampling.

5) Write a script to randomly insert the 100 samples identified in part 5 into the HIT that you created in part 3. You may create a new CSV to do this if possible. Given a set of responses from MTurk, demonstrate the ability to determine whether a given annotation refers to a GOLD HIT and, if so, whether it was annotated correctly.

Out of the dataset in the CSVfile, used the formula =RANDBETWEEN(1,RANK(\$B\$2:\$B\$1000)) get the gold sample there randomly, the formula assigns a random number within the range of the dataset, and another column with the tweets(content) of those number is added using the formula = INDEX(\$B\$2:\$B1000, RANK(C2,\$C\$2:\$C\$1000),1). Then, a copy of these gold tweets is saved separately in worksheet named "gold", then I added the column (correct answer) that has the annotation I did manually for them. After that, I downloaded the file of workers' responses from Mturk and added several columns, one to determine if the tweet is gold or not. Another column is added to the workers' file is the one that gets the correct answers of gold, named "correct\_answe\_of\_gold"). To check if these two answers of a particular tweet are match (gold and workers response) indicating a correct answer by the worker, the column "answered\_correctly" is added with the formula =IF(\$AD2=\$AI2,"Right","Wrong").

- Checking if the tweets id among the gold hits or not by adding the column gold\_or\_not and the formula =IF(ISERROR(MATCH(\$AB2,gold!A:A,0)),"Not gold","gold").



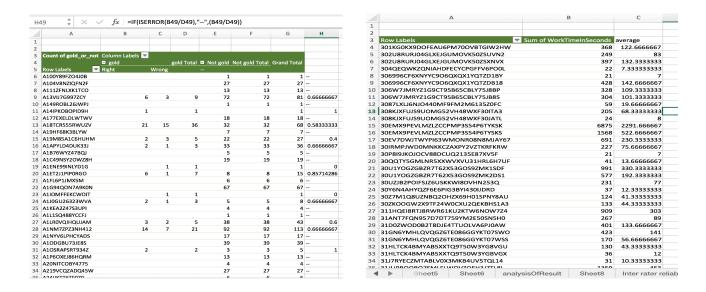
-To get the correct answers of gold, a column named "correct\_answe\_of\_gold" added with the formula =IF(ISERROR(VLOOKUP(\$AB1603,gold!\$A:\$B,2,FALSE)),"-- ",(VLOOKUP(\$AB1603,gold!\$A:\$B,2,FALSE)))

and another called to check if the worker answered it correctly with the formula =IF(ISERROR(VLOOKUP(\$AB1603,gold!\$A:\$B,2,FALSE)),"--", IF(\$AC1605=\$AG1605,"Right","Wrong"))

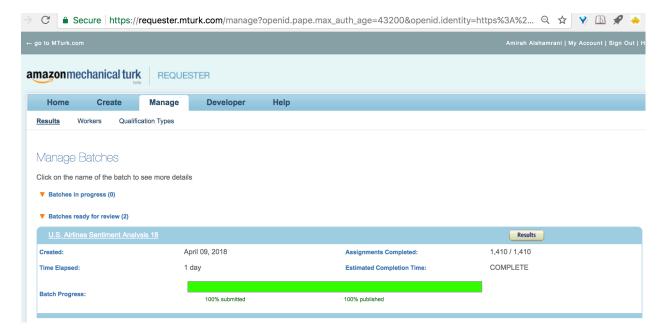
AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH
Input.text യുവന്ദ്യനമന്നുടെ യുരായ്ക്കുട്ടു ക്രാവസ്ത്രം വാര്യാ	Answer.wor	Approve	Reject	gold_or_not	correct_answer_of_gold	answered_correctly
@VirginAmerica @ladygaga @carrieunderwood After				gold	n	Wrong
@VirginAmerica yes nearly every time I fly VX this ear	n			Not gold		
@VirginAmerica yes nearly every time I fly VX this ear	n			Not gold		
@VirginAmerica yes nearly every time I fly VX this ear	ng			Not gold		
@VirginAmerica heyyyy guyyyys been trying to get th	ng			Not gold		
@VirginAmerica heyyyy guyyyys been trying to get th	n			Not gold		
@VirginAmerica heyyyy guyyyys been trying to get th	ng			Not gold		
@VirginAmerica amazing to me that we cant get any c	n			gold	ng	Right
@VirginAmerica amazing to me that we cant get any c	ng			gold	ng	Right
@VirginAmerica amazing to me that we cant get any c	ng			gold	ng	Wrong
@VirginAmerica DREAM httpt.cooA2dRfAoQ2 httpt.co	n			gold	n	Wrong
@VirginAmerica DREAM httpt.cooA2dRfAoQ2 httpt.co	р			gold	n	Right
@VirginAmerica DREAM httpt.cooA2dRfAoQ2 httpt.co	р			gold	n	Right
@VirginAmerica are flights leaving Dallas for Seattle or	n			gold	n	Right
@VirginAmerica are flights leaving Dallas for Seattle or	n			gold	n	Wrong
@VirginAmerica are flights leaving Dallas for Seattle or	n			gold	n	Wrong
@VirginAmerica @ladygaga @carrieunderwood Im La	р			Not gold		
@VirginAmerica @ladygaga @carrieunderwood Im La	n			Not gold		
@VirginAmerica @ladygaga @carrieunderwood Im La	р			Not gold		
@VirginAmerica will you be making BOSgtLAS non stop	n			gold	n	Right
@VirginAmerica will you be making BOSgtLAS non stop	ng			gold	n	Wrong
@VirginAmerica will you be making BOSgtLAS non stor	n			gold	n	Right

6) Write a script to measure the accuracy of a given annotator on the GOLD HITs. Also measure the average time spent per HIT

To measure the accuracy of a given annotator on the gold hits, I checked on doing the golds first and then divide the right answer by the total golds. For average time per hit, the sum of seconds spent on hit is divided by 3.

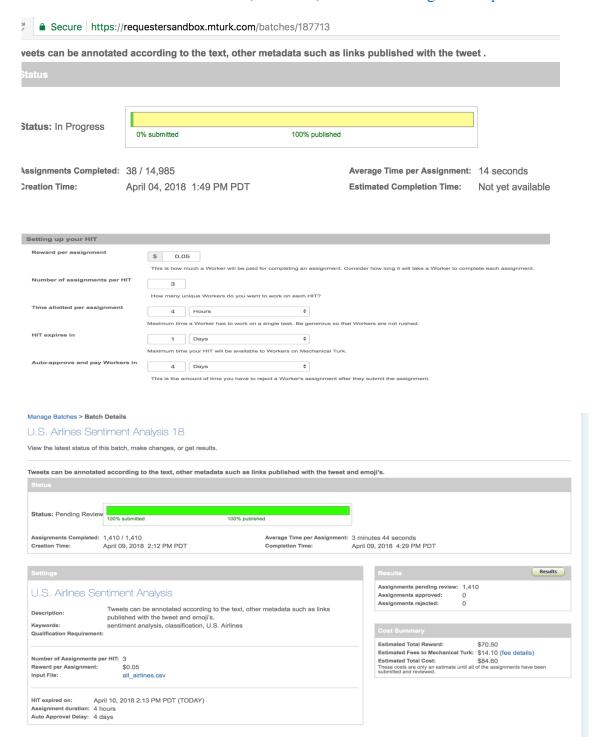


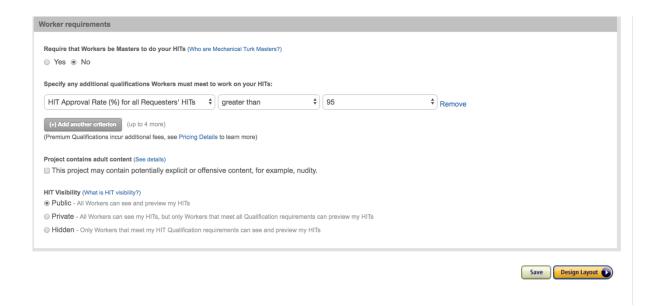
7) Once you have convinced yourself that you can adequately identify cheaters, and that the instructions for your HIT are clear, copy your HIT to the MTurk worker website (not the Sandbox).



8) Given the timing data provided by your fellow students in part 7, decide on the payment rate per HIT (for a reasonable response rate, you should pay at least \$6 per hour). Also decide on worker qualifications for your HIT (suggestion: >95% HIT approval rate).

Average time is 14 seconds, I assumed that workers might need more time and spend between 30 to 60 seconds to annotate each tweet, therefore, I decided to assign 0.05 \$ per each.

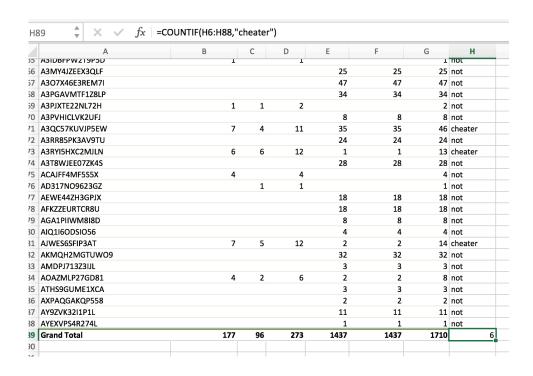




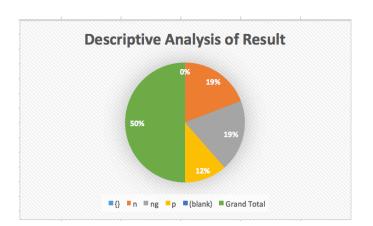
- 9) Launch your HIT on MTurk and collect the results. Each HIT should be completed at least three times, but do not spend more than \$100 for this assignment (you may spend more for your final project if you wish). Pay good workers (those that have not been identified as cheaters) promptly.
  - a. How many workers did your algorithm identify as cheaters? Do NOT automatically reject HITs from workers that your algorithm identified as cheaters. Instead, examine these cases individually and, if necessary, re-evaluate. NOTE: you may want to install the TurkOpticon plugin for Google Chrome in order to keep track of your reputation in the event that you decide not to pay workers.

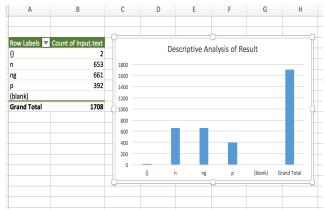
For identifying cheaters, I decided to check the workers who did 10 tweets or more, the number of correctly annotated ones has to be larger than 2/3 of the total done by that worker, otherwise the worker is considered to be a cheater. In total the number of cheaters is 6.

4	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	 J	K	
	Count of Answer.worker's resp	oonse Column Labels									
		□ gold		gold Total	■ Not gold	Not gold Total	<b>Grand Total</b>				
	Row Labels	▼ Right	Wrong								
	A100Y89FZO4J0B				1	1	1	not			
	A104V8NZIQFN2F				27	27	27	not			
	A111ZFNLXK1TCO				13	13	13	not			
	A13VIJ7G997ZCY	6	3	9	72	72	81	not			
	A149ROBL26JWPJ				1	1	1	not			
	A14IPKOBOPID9H	1		1			1	not			
	A177EXELDLWTWV				18	18	18	not			
	A18TCR555RWUZV	21	15	36	32	32	68	cheater			
	A19HF68K3BLYW				7	7	7	not			
	A19M85A1C6HUHM	2	3	5	22	22	27	not			
	A1APYLD4DUK33J	2	1	3	33	33	36	not			
	A1B76WYZ47BQJ				5	5	5	not			
	A1C49NSY2OWZ8H				19	19	19	not			
	A1ENE99INLYD1G		1	1			1	not			
	A1ET2J1PIPORGO	6	1	7	8	8	15	not			
	A1FL6P1JMX5M				6	6	6	not			
	A1G94QON7A9K0N				67	67	67	not			
	A1IOMFFEKCWOIT		1	1			1	not			
	A1J0GU26323WVA	2	1	3	5	5	8	not			
	A1KEA2Z47S3UPI				4	4	4	not			
	A1L1SQ488YCCFJ				1			not			
	A1LR0VQIHQUJAM	3	2	5	38			not			
	A1NM7ZPZ3NH412	14	7	21	92	92		cheater			
	A1NYV6LPHCYADS				17			not			
	A1ODGBU73JE8S				39			not			
	A1OSRAPSRT934Z	2		2	3			not			
	A1P6OXEJ86HQRM	-		-	13			not			
	A20NITCOBY4775				4	4		not			
	A219VCQZADQ45W				27			not			
	A24IJKTT6TF0Z9				6			not			
	A27QBYDLN5V11F		2	2				not			



10) Generate descriptive statistics regarding your annotated data. What is the frequency of annotations for each of the classes that you generated? How does it compare to the distribution generated for the GOLD HITs in #4?





Both the GOLD hit and the final result have very similar distribution of annotations.

11) Calculate the inter-rater reliability of your annotations using Fleiss' Kappa. How easy is your task? Based on these results, choose a method (e.g., simple majority; complete consensus, etc.) for deciding what annotations to retain.

The result of Fleiss' Kappa shows moderate agreement, with a value of 0.5 indicating that the task might be to some degree an easy one to be done, as such, the approach of majority is chosen instead of the complete consensus which is better for higher values of inter-rater reliability than .5.

Count of Answer.worker's response	Column Labels						mi	- 1	(hor)	na /han\	Claice Kanna
		n	ng	n	(blank)	Grand Total	pi		` '	pe (bar) 0.34779727	Fleiss Kappa 0.50146452
301KG0KX9DOFEAU6PM70OVBTGIW2HW	V	1	2	<u> </u>	(Diarrk)		0.33333333		0.0740336	0.54775727	0.30140432
302U8RURJ04GLXEJGUMOVK50ZSUVN2					3	3	1				
302U8RURJ04GLXEJGUMOVK50ZSXNVX			3			3	1				
304QEQWKZQNIAHDFECYCPGFFV6PO0L					3	3	1				
306996CF6XNYYC9O6QXQX1YQTZD1BY		1	1		1	3	0				
306996CF6XNYYC9O6QXQX1YQTZDB18			3	}		3	1				
306W7JMRYZ1G9CT95B65CBLY75J8BP		3				3	1				
306W7JMRYZ1G9CT95B65CBLY75JB8S		1			2	3	0.33333333				
3087LXLJ6NJO440MF9FM2M6135Z0FC		1			2	3	0.33333333				
308KJXFUJS9UOMG52VH48WXF30ITA3		1	1		1	3	0				
308KJXFUJS9UOMG52VH48WXF30JATL		1			2	3	0.33333333				
30EMX9PEVLMZLZCCPMP3S54P6TYKSK			3	}		3	1				
30EMX9PEVLMZLZCCPMP3S54P6TYSKS			3	1		3	1				

12) Use the output from your MTurk HIT as training data for your classification task. Using 10-fold cross validation on a metric of your choice, pick a classification technique. Justify your choice of metric.

On the result file, I used the tweets as data column and the answers(sentiment) as the target, I then applied naïve Bayes and logistic classifiers using 10-fold cross validation. I used both metrics of accuracy and f1 because I am interested in the average of the entire data, f1 is chosen because neither precision (less false positive) nor recall(less false negative) has higher priority or importance than the other, therefore, to convey that balance between these two measures I chose f1 as another metric to evaluate the model. For naïve Bayes the accuracy was 0.48 and for logistic regression 0.50.

13) Write a short paragraph indicating whether your crowdsourced data was successful in accomplishing the goal defined in #1. Indicate how you might modify your approach to increase your success rate.

In general, and based on factors such as the metric of inter-rater reliability, the very small number of cheaters, and the similarity between the distribution of GOLD HITs and the ones done by the workers, I evaluate my first experience with the crowdsourcing to be successful. For future, I might increase the number of assignments per hit to get a more accurate results, I might also add more examples in instructions for more challenging tasks, I noticed the difference it makes when provided clearly.