In The Name of God. The Merciful, The Compassionate.

Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)

notes on Gilbert Strang videos, Lecture 29

1 Singular Value Decomposition

- $\bullet \ \ A = U \Sigma V^T$
- U, V are orthogonal matrices, Σ is diagonal.
- A can be any matrix. v_1 is a vector in rowspace. u_1 is a vector in columnspace. $u_1 = Av_1$. In SVD we need an orthogonal basis in rowspace get transformed to the orthogonal basis in columnspace. $\rightarrow u_2 = Av_2, u_1 \perp u_2, v_1 \perp v_2, \ldots$ In order to have normalized bases we must have: $\sigma_1 u_1 = Av_1, \ldots$:

$$A \begin{bmatrix} | & | & & | & | & | & | \\ v_1 & v_2 & \dots & v_r & v_{r+1} & \dots & v_n \\ | & | & | & | & | & | \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} | & | & | & | & | & | \\ u_1 & u_2 & \dots & u_r & u_{r+1} & \dots & u_m \\ | & | & | & | & | \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1 & \dots & \sigma_r & | & | \\ & \ddots & & & \\ & \dots & \sigma_r & & \\ & \dots & \sigma_r & & \\ & 0 & & \ddots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AV = U\Sigma$$

$$A = U\Sigma V^T$$

$$A^T A = V\Sigma^T U^T U\Sigma V^T$$

$$= V \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & \sigma_2^2 & \dots & \vdots \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ 0 & \dots & & \end{bmatrix}$$

- $A^TA = V\Sigma^2V^T$, so, V's are eigenvectors of A^TA and σ^2 's are eigenvalues of that matrix.
- Similarly, U's are eigenvectors of AA^T .
- v_1, \ldots, v_r are orthonormal basis for rowspace

- u_1, \ldots, u_r are orthonormal basis for columnspace
- v_{r+1}, \ldots, v_n are orthonormal basis for nullspace
- u_{r+1}, \ldots, u_n are orthonormal basis for $N(A^T)$