

## Reading and Writing Data

### Exercise 1: Importing sparrow data

- a) Download the data file Sparrows.csv. This file contains Weight and WingLength measurements of three treatment groups.

Use **read.table(file = "Sparrows.csv", header = TRUE)** to import the data into the object named Sparrows. Afterwards, use the **View()** function to display the data.

- b) Something must have gone wrong! All variables are combined in one big column. Can you figure out why R does not import the data set correctly? Write a short answer.

Hint: Consult the help page ?read.table and find out the default for the argument 'sep'.

- c) Fix this issue by specifying the 'sep' argument in read.table() and import the sparrow data again. Use View() to check if the import worked correctly this time.

### Exercise 2: Get an overview

- a) Get an overview of the sparrow data with the command str().
- b) Do you know another function that provides an overview and basic statistics of each variable? Use the function to return the minimum, median, mean, and maximum for Weight and WingLength measurements.
- c) Display the first 10 and the last 15 rows of the large 'Sparrow' data set.

### Exercise 3: Checking and cleaning data frames

- a) If you see a couple of extra columns (e.g. X, X.1) that have been accidentally included and only contain NAs, remove these by indexing with square brackets.
- b) During data entry, three rows have been entered twice. Which are the duplicate rows? Remove the duplicate rows from the data frame.

Hint: it might be faster if you incorporate which().

- c) Display the levels of the factor 'Treatment'?

### Exercise 4: Missing values

- a) Find out which rows in the variable 'WingLength' contain NAs

Hint: it might be faster if you incorporate which().

- b) Replace NAs with the values 26, 16,30, 30.5,30.5 and 29 (in this order). Use which(is.na()) to check if your fix worked.

#### Exercise 5: Sorting data frames

- a) Sort the Sparrow data frame by 'Weight' and 'WingLength' column, and create a new object Sparrows\_sorted.
- b) Show the individuals with the six longest WingLength. To do that, use head() and order(), if possible in the same command line.

#### Exercise 6: Export data

- a) Save the ordered table (by 'Wing' and 'WingLength' column) into a comma separated file named 'Sparrows\_sorted' on your Desktop.
- b) Save your script and remove all objects from the working environment.