

Feasibility Study of Local IPC Mechanisms in Support of Highly Communicative Processes

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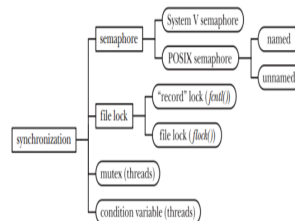
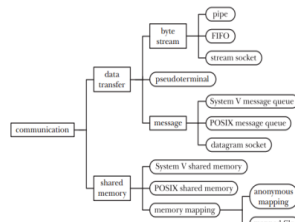
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Recall From Inter-Process Communication Basics

IPC Models

- A set of IPC Mechanisms;
 - File;
 - Signal;
 - Socket;
 - Unix
 - Others
 - File Descriptor;
 - Named
 - Un-Named
 - Shared Memory;
 - Message Passing;
 - Cross Memory Attach;



Synchronization Models

- There are **Two** types/models of Synchronization
 - **Blocking**
 - **Busy-waiting**
 - Busy-waiting
 - Spin-lock
 - Polling
 - **Non-Blocking** & **Non-Busy-waiting**
 - Lock-free
 - Wait-free
 - Non-blocking

High Performance Computing (HPC) Concerns

Workflow Computation Model

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OS-Noise influence on HPC Applications performance

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Related Works in Terms of HPC

Related Works In HPC

- Argo
- FFMK
 - XEMEM
 - Kitten
 - Palacios
- Netmap
 - Berkeley Packet Filter
 - DPDK

Related Works in Terms of IPC

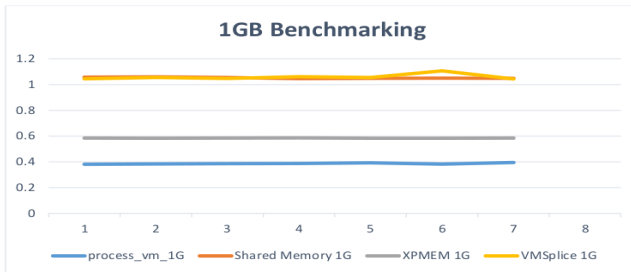
Evaluation

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IPC Mechanisms: 1

Select the first three between four

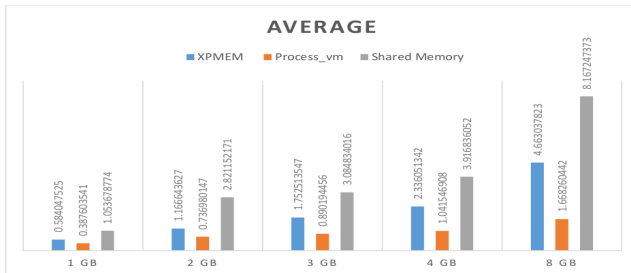
We Measured the time it took to move 1 Gigabyte of data between two processes by the [XPMEM, Process_vm_readv, Shared-Memory, Vmsplice-Splice] and Synchronization Model used is Blocking



IPC Mechanisms: 2

Select the best between the three remained

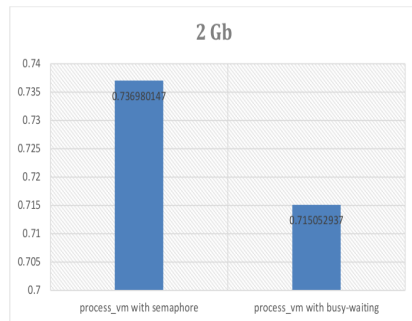
We Measured the time it took to move [2,3,4,8] Gigabyte of data between two processes by the [XPMEM, Process_vm_readv, Shared-Memory] and Synchronization Model used is Blocking



Synchronization

Semaphore vs Busy-waiting

We Measured the Overhead of Semaphore Systemcall by comparing the minimum time require to transfer [1,2] Gi-gabyte data using Process_vm_readv with the time it took to transfer using semaphore.



Future Works

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