Spring Framework Petclinic



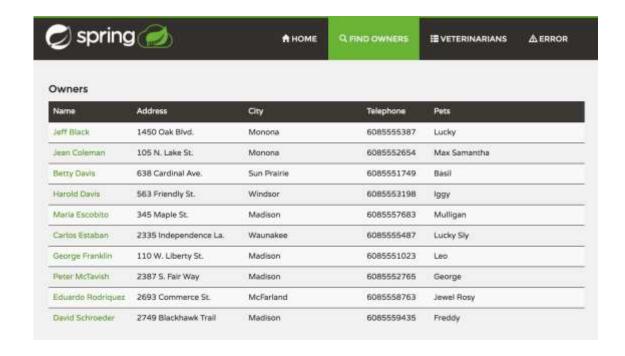
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Spring Petclinic

- Sample application designed to show how the Spring application frameworks can be used to build simple, but powerful database-oriented applications
- Demonstrate the use of Spring's core functionality:
 - JavaBeans based application configuration using Inversion of Control (IoC)
 - Model View Controller (MVC) web Presentation Layer
 - Practical database access through JDBC, Java Persistence API (JPA) or Spring Data JPA
 - Application monitoring based on JMX
 - Declarative Transaction Management using AOP
 - ▶ Data Validation that supports but is not dependent on the Presentation Layer
- Exists many versions (forks) of the Spring Petclinic sample application

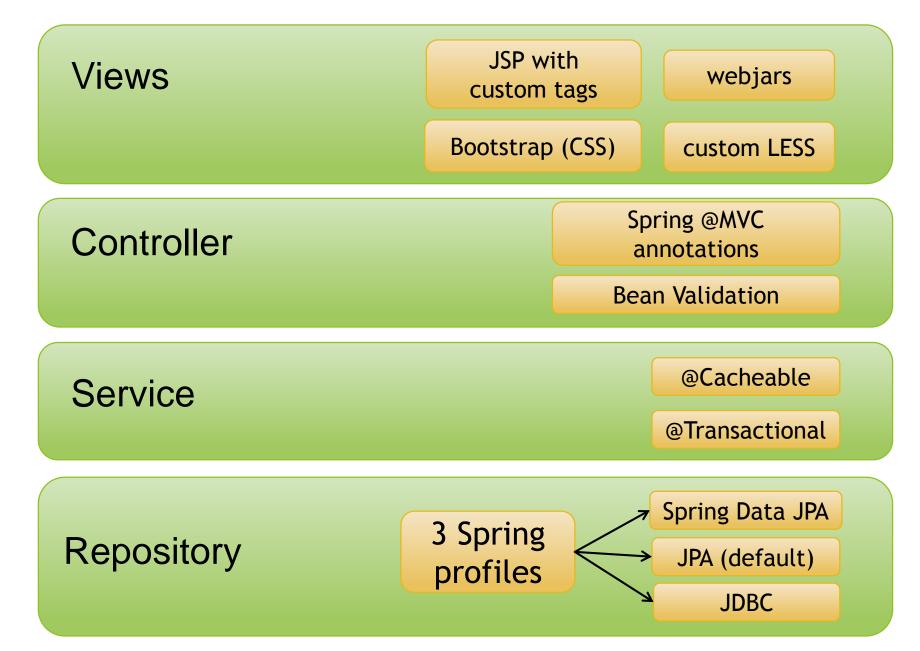
Spring Framework Petclinic

- https://github.com/spring-petclinic/spring-framework-petclinic
- Fork of the « canonical » implementation of Spring Petclinic
- Maintain a Petclinic version with a plain old Spring Framework configuration and with a 3-layer architecture

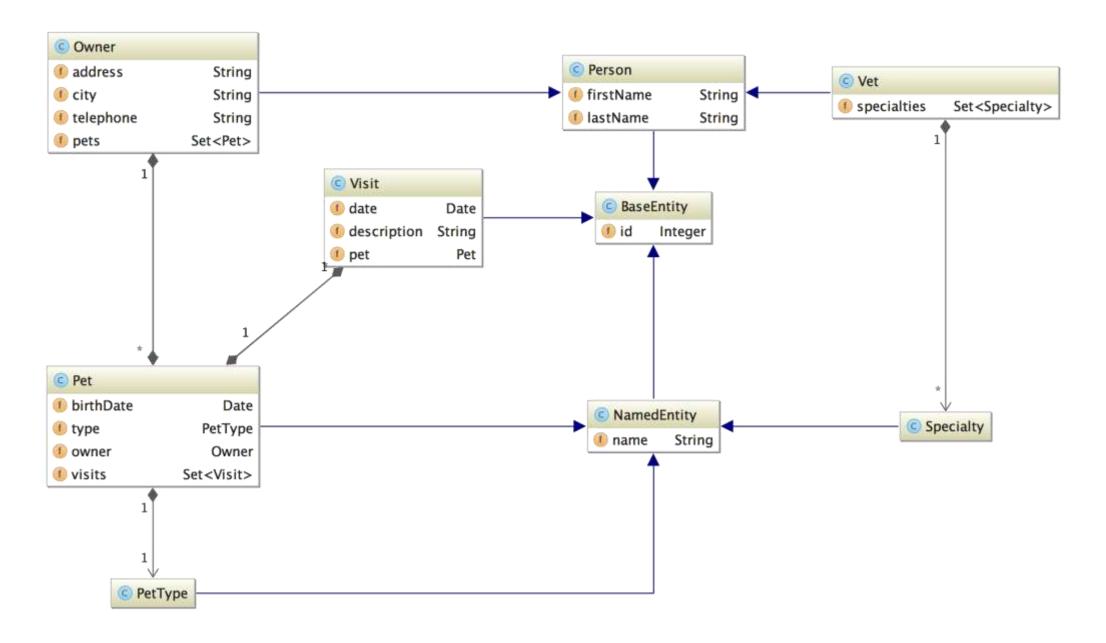




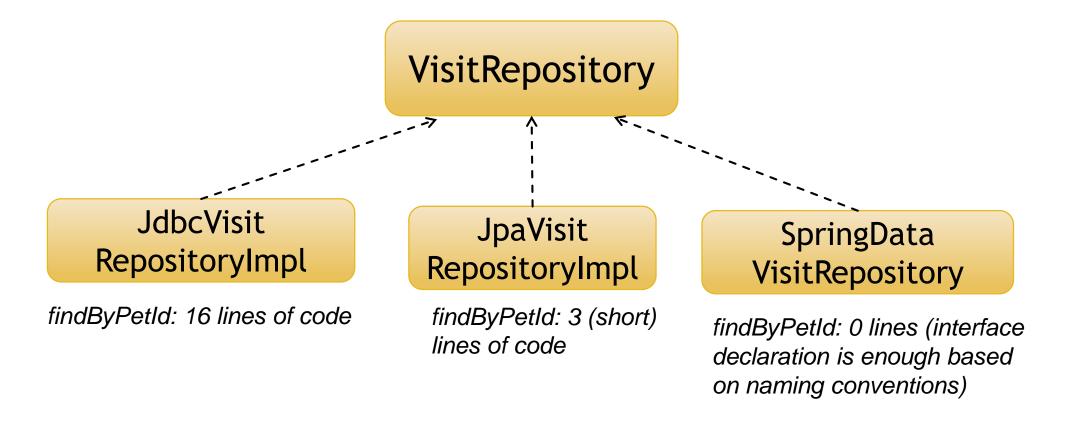
Software Layers



Domain Model



Data Access



In order to select which implementation should be used:

- 1. select the appropriate bean profile inside PetclinicInitializer (jdbc, jpa or spring-data-jpa)
- 2. or use the *-Dspring.profiles.active=jdbc* VM option

Database

- Supports HSQLDB (default), MySQL, PostgreSQL
- Connections parameters and drivers are declared into Maven profiles
- ▶ DDL and DML SQL scripts for each database vendors:

```
# Properties that control the population of schema and data for a new data source jdbc.initLocation=classpath:db/${db.script}/initDB.sql jdbc.dataLocation=classpath:db/${db.script}/populateDB.sql
```

data-access.properties

How to start Spring Petclinic with a MySQL database?

```
docker run --name mysql-petclinic -e MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=petclinic -e MYSQL_DATABASE=petclinic -p 3306:3306 mysql:5.7.8 mvn tomcat7:run-war -P MySQL
```

Bean profiles

```
<beans profile="jpa,spring-data-jpa">
  <bean id="entityManagerFactory" ... >
</beans>
```

Inside Junit tests

```
Inside PetclinicInitializer.java
```

```
@ContextConfiguration(locations = ... })
@RunWith(SpringJUnit4ClassRunner.class)
@ActiveProfiles("jpa")
public class ClinicServiceJpaTests ... { }

XmlWebApplicationContext context =
new XmlWebApplicationContext();
context.setConfigLocations(...);
context.getEnvironment().setDefaultProfiles("jpa");
```

No configuration needed in case you wish to use the default profile (jpa)

Caching

► The list of Veterinarians is cached using ehcache

```
@Cacheable(value = "vets")
public Collection<Vet> findVets()
     throws DataAccessException {...}
```

ClinicServiceImpl

```
<cache name="vets"
    timeToLiveSeconds="60"
    maxElementsInMemory="100" .../>
```

ehcache.xml

```
<!-- Enables scanning for @Cacheable annotation -->
<cache:annotation-driven/>
<bean id="cacheManager"
class="org.springframework.cache.ehcache.EhCacheCacheManager"
   p:cacheManager-ref="ehcache"/>

<bean id="ehcache"
class="org.springframework.cache.ehcache.EhCacheManagerFactoryBean"
   p:configLocation="classpath:cache/ehcache.xml"/>
```

Transaction management

business-config.xml

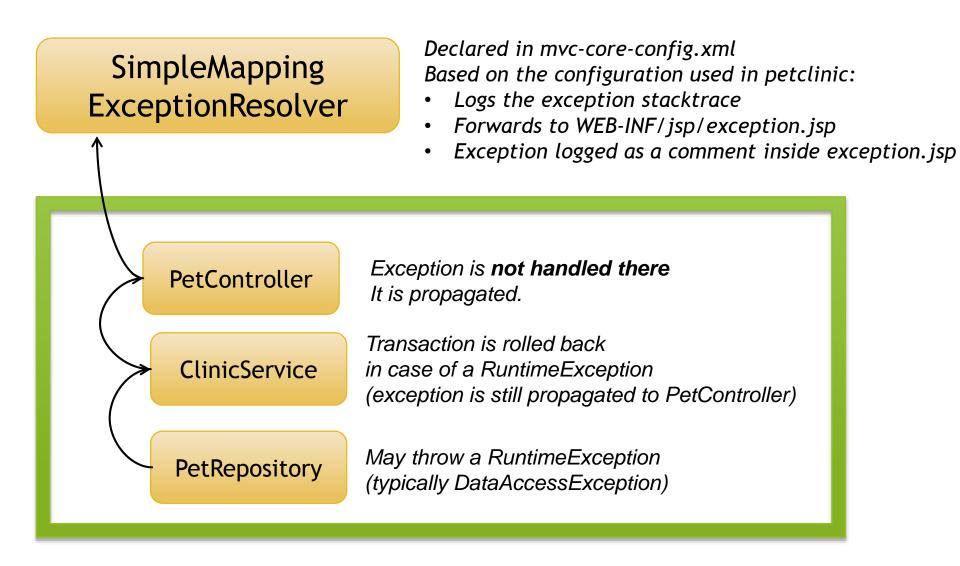
```
<!-- Enables scanning for @Transactional annotations -->
<tx:annotation-driven/>
<bean id="transactionManager"</pre>
class="org.springframework.orm.jpa.JpaTransactionManager"
    p:entityManagerFactory-ref="entityManagerFactory"/>
<bean id="transactionManager"</pre>
class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DataSourceTransactionManager"
    p:dataSource-ref="dataSource"/>
                   ClinicServiceImpl.java
@Transactional(readOnly = true)
public Collection<PetType> findPetTypes() throws DataAccessException {
  return petRepository.findPetTypes();
```

Alternative to JPA, Transaction Managers for a single:

JPA EntityManagerFactory

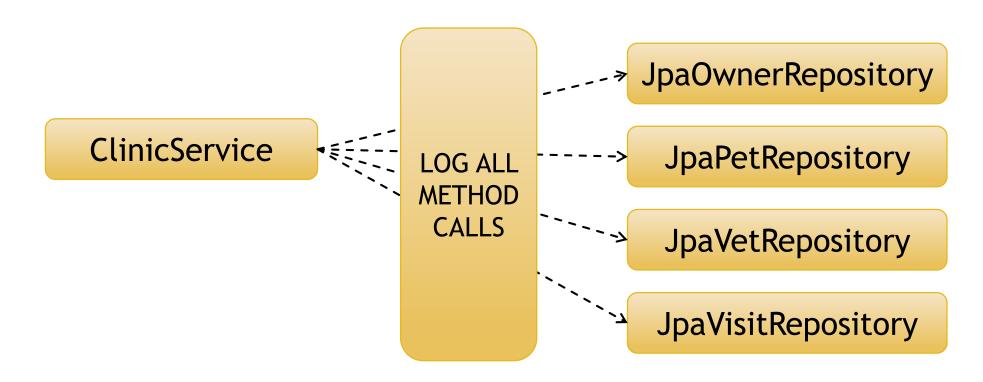
JDBC DataSource

Exception Handling



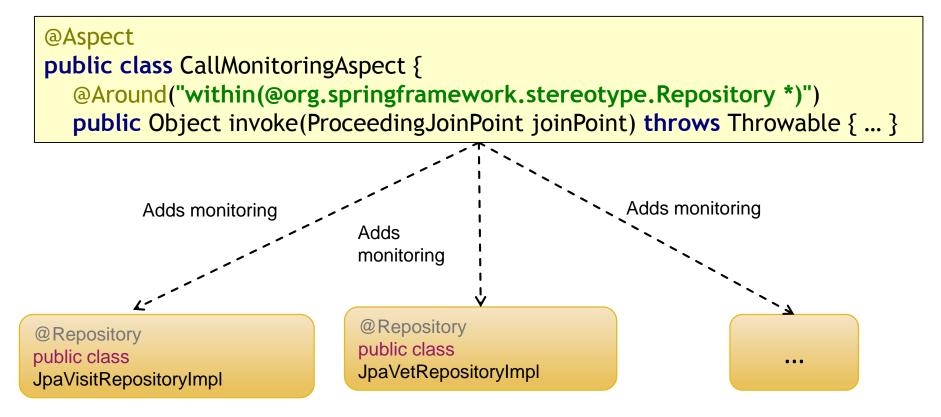
Aspect Oriented Programming (1/2)

► How to add behavior in all methods of all Repository classes?



Aspect Oriented Programming (2/2)

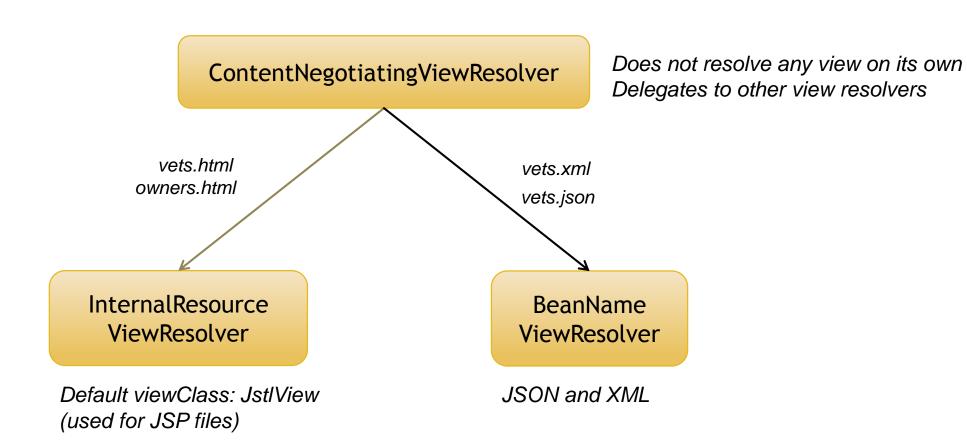
▶ CallMonitoringAspect



To understand further how AOP works in Spring: https://spring.io/blog/2012/05/23/transactions-caching-and-aop-understanding-proxy-usage-in-spring

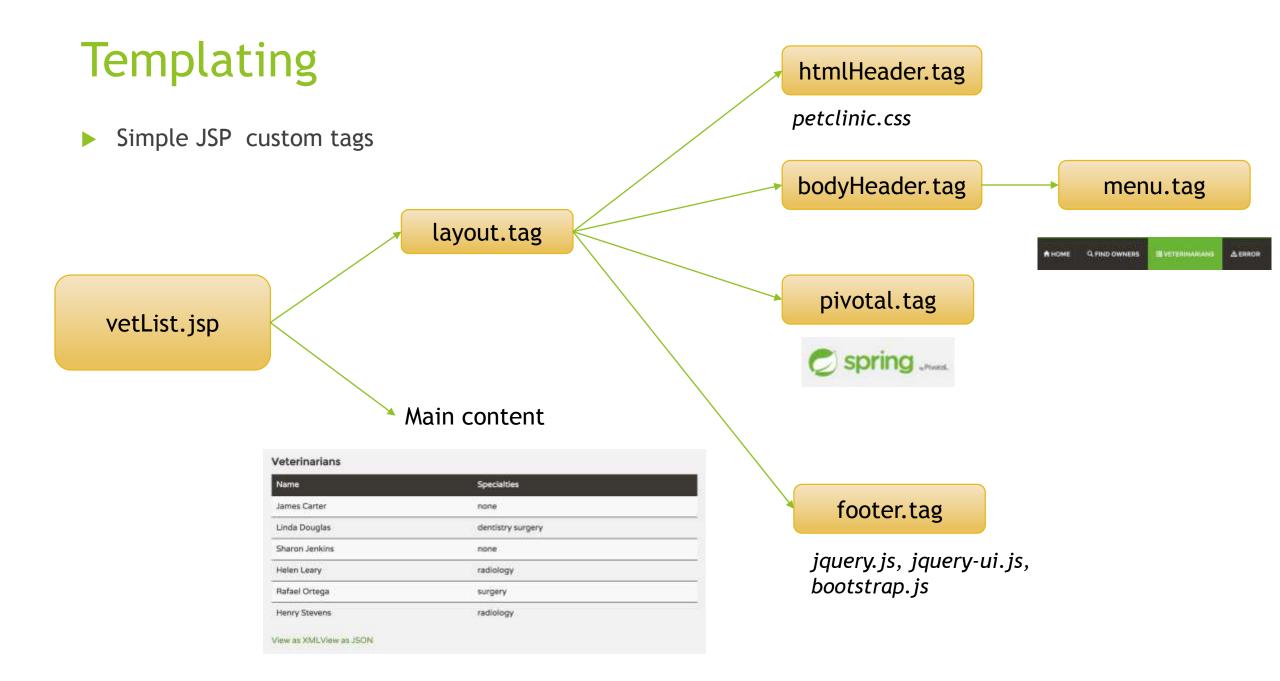
View Resolvers in Spring Petclinic

mvc-view-config.xml



Datatables in Spring MVC

```
<thead>
  NameAddressCityTelephonePets
  </thead>
  <c:forEach items="${selections}" var="owner">
                                                                     JSP file
     <spring:url value="/owners/{ownerId}.html" var="ownerUrl">
              <spring:param name="ownerld" value="${owner.id}"/>
           </spring:url>
           <a href="${fn:escapeXml(ownerUrl)}"><c:out value="${owner.firstName} ${owner.lastName}"/></a>
        <c:out value="${owner.address}"/>
        </c:forEach>
                          Simple HTML tables with Bootstrap style
```



Validation

- Server-side validation with Bean Validation
 - ► Few annotations on entities: @Digits, @NotEmpty (Hibernate Validator)
- Custom Spring MVC Validator when required (i.e. PetValidator)

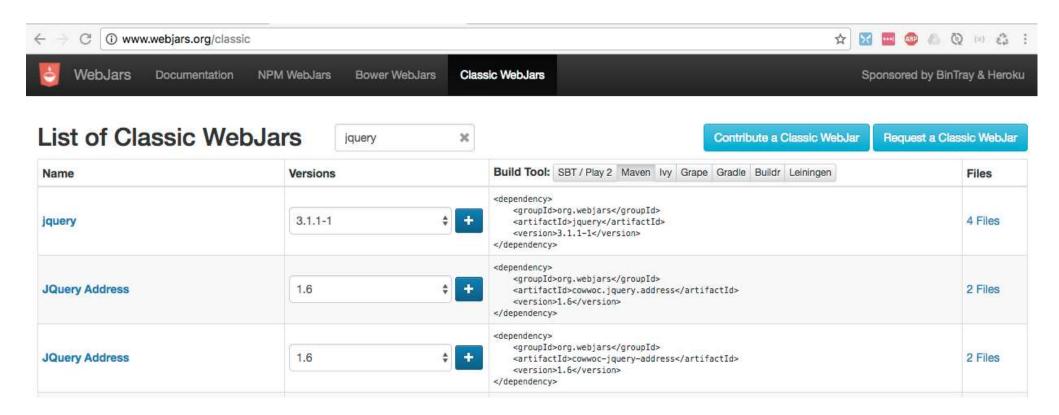
```
Address may not be empty
```

```
public class Owner extends Person {
    @Column(name = "address")
    @NotEmpty
    private String address;
    ...
```

```
<c:if test="${status.error}">
    <span class="glyphicon glyphicon-remove
form-control-feedback" aria-hidden="true"/>
    <span class="help-inline">${status.errorMessage}</span>
</c:if>
```

Webjars

- Allow CSS and JS libraries to be imported as Maven libraries
 - Used in Petclinic for jQuery, jQuery-ui, Bootstrap
 - http://www.webjars.org/



Using Webjars

Inside pom.xml

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.webjars</groupId>
    <artifactId>jquery</artifactId>
     <version>2.2.4</version>
</dependency>
```

Inside JSP (footer.tag)

Spring MVC configuration

```
<mvc:resources mapping="/webjars/**"
location="classpath:/META-INF/resources/webjars/"/>
```

- Inside IDE
- ▶ ☐ Maven: org.springframework:spring-webmvc:4.3.5.RELEASE
- Maven: org.webjars:bootstrap:3.3.6
- Maven: org.webjars:jquery:2.2.4
- Maven: org.webjars:jquery-ui:1.11.4
- Maven: xml-apis:xml-apis:1.4.01

```
<spring:url value="/webjars/jquery/2.2.4/jquery.min.js" var="jQuery"/>
<script src="${jQuery}"></script>
```

The Js file is inside a jar file!

LESS

- LESS as a CSS pre-processor
 - ▶ See petclinic.less
- CSS generated by wro4j
- Integrated to the Maven build
 - ► See usage of the wro4j-maven-plugin inside the pom.xml
- Less import from Bootstrap webjar

```
<groups xmlns="http://www.isdc.ro/wro">
    <group name="petclinic">
        <css>classpath:META-INF/resources/webjars/
            bootstrap/3.3.6/less/bootstrap.less</css>
        <css>/petclinic.less</css>
        </group>
</groups>
```

```
spring-framework-petclinic [spring-petclinic]
  idea.
  mvn.
  src
    main main
     ▶ □ java
       resources
       webapp webapp
         resources
          ▶ fonts
          images
          ▼ less
                header.less
                petclinic.less
                responsive.less
                typography.less
          ■ WEB-INF
       wro
          wro.properties
          wro.xml
```

Java based configuration

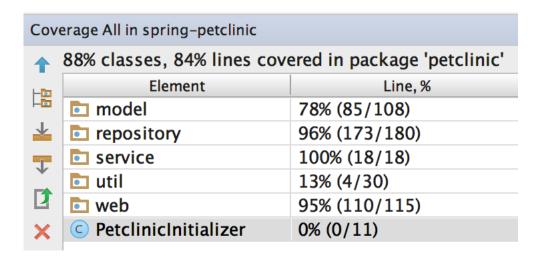
- Spring XML configuration could be replaced by Java configuration
- Checkout the javaconfig branch

```
<import resource="mvc-view-config.xml"/>
<context:component-scan
   base-package="org.springfrk.samples.petclinic.web"/>
<mvc:annotation-driven />
<mvc:view-controller path="/" view-name="welcome"/>
...
```

```
@Configuration
@EnableWebMvc
@Import(MvcViewConfig.class)
@ComponentScan(basePackages =
        { "org.springfrk.samples.petclinic.web" })
public class MvcCoreConfig
      extends WebMvcConfigurerAdapter {
  @Override
  public void addViewControllers(ViewControllerRegistry reg) {
    reg.addViewController("/").setViewName("welcome");
```

Unit Testing

- Frameworks: Spring Test, JUnit, HSQLDB, Mockito, AssertJ, Hamcrest, Json Path
- Tests are shared between persistence technologies
 - Inherits from AbstractClinicServiceTests



```
@Test
public void testProcessUpdateFormHasErrors() throws Exception {
    mockMvc.perform(post("/owners/{ownerId}/pets/{petId}/edit", 1, 1)
        .param("name", "Betty")
        .param("birthDate", "2015/02/12"))
        .andExpect(model().attributeHasNoErrors("owner"))
        .andExpect(model().attributeHasErrors("pet"))
        .andExpect(status().isOk())
        .andExpect(view().name("pets/createOrUpdatePetForm"));
}
```

Comparing with the original Spring Petclinic

	Spring Framework Petclinic	« Canonical » Spring Petclinic
Spring stack	Plain Old Spring Framework	Spring Boot
Architecture	3 layers	Aggregate-oriented domain
Persistence	JDBC, JPA, Spring Data JPA	Spring Data JPA
View	JSP	Thymeleaf
Databases support	HSQLDB, MySQL, PostgreSQL	HSQLDB, MySQL
Containers support	Tomcat 7 and 8, Jetty 9	Embbeded Tomcat and Jetty
Java support	Java 7 and 8	Java 8

- « Canonical » implementation: https://github.com/spring-projects/spring-petclinic
- Spring Framework version: https://github.com/spring-petclinic/spring-framework-petclinic

Other Spring Petclinic versions

Name	Technologies	Github
Spring Petclinic Angular	AngularJS 1.x, Spring Boot and Spring Data JPA	https://github.com/spring- petclinic/spring-petclinic-angular1
Spring Petclinic React	ReactJS (with TypeScript) and Spring Boot	<pre>https://github.com/spring- petclinic/spring-petclinic-reactjs</pre>
Spring Petclinic Microservices	Distributed version of Spring Petclinic built with Spring Cloud	<pre>https://github.com/spring- petclinic/spring-petclinic-microservices</pre>

References

- Transactions, Caching and AOP: understanding proxy usage in Spring (Michael Isvy)
- Series of 5 blog entries from on how to <u>Improve performance of</u> <u>the Spring-Petclinic application</u> (Julien Dubois)
- Exception Handling in Spring MVC (Paul Chapman)
- Spring MVC Test Framework (Rossen Stoyanchev)
- ► <u>Empower your CSS in your Maven build</u> (Nicolas Frankel)