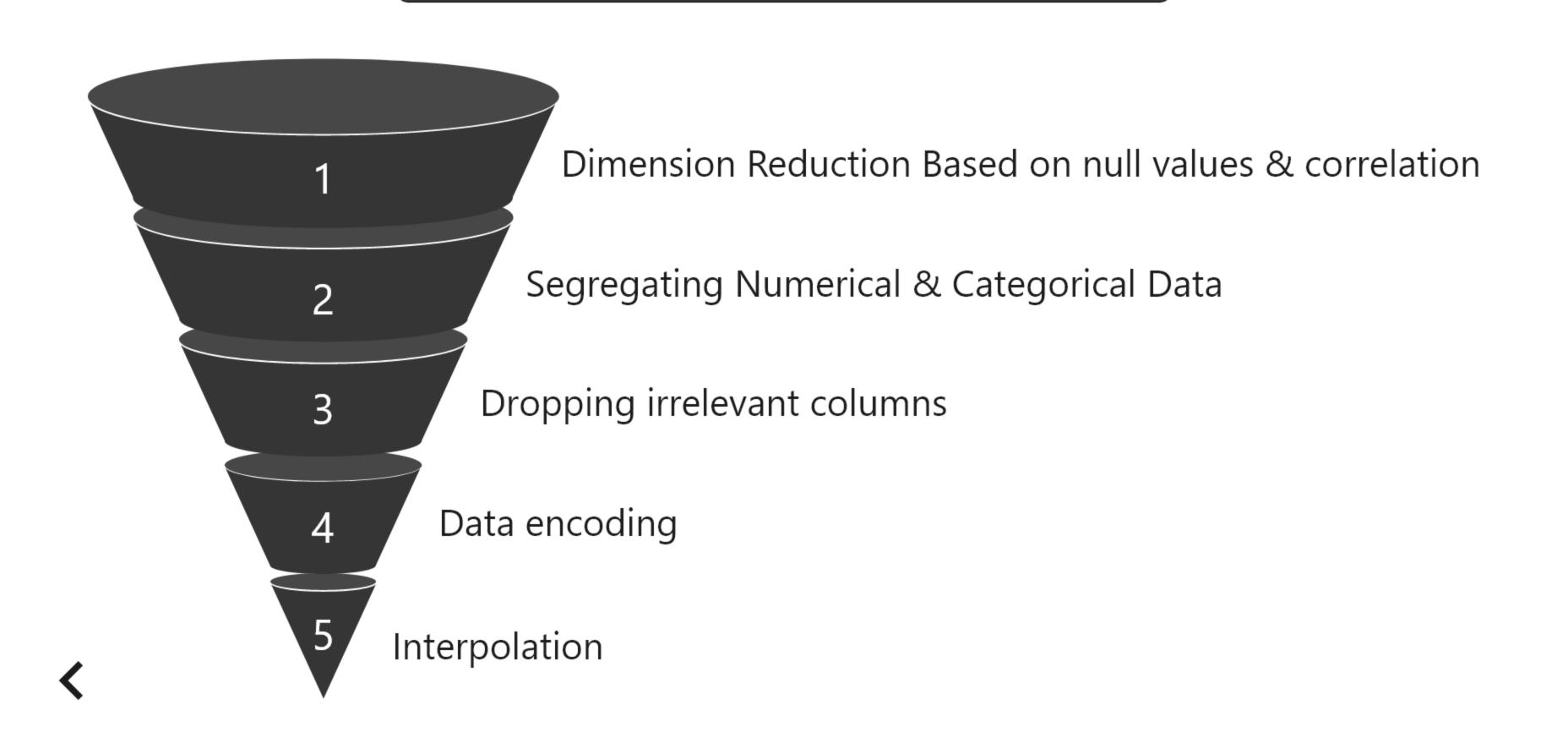
## Python Group Assignment

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Proceed >

### STEPS IN DATA CLEANING



#### Dimension Reduction Based on null values & correlation

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
data = pd.read_csv("train.csv")
```

```
#The following code determines the fill rate of columns
#determining then number of rows and columns
data.shape
no_rows = data.shape[0]
no_columns = data.shape[1]

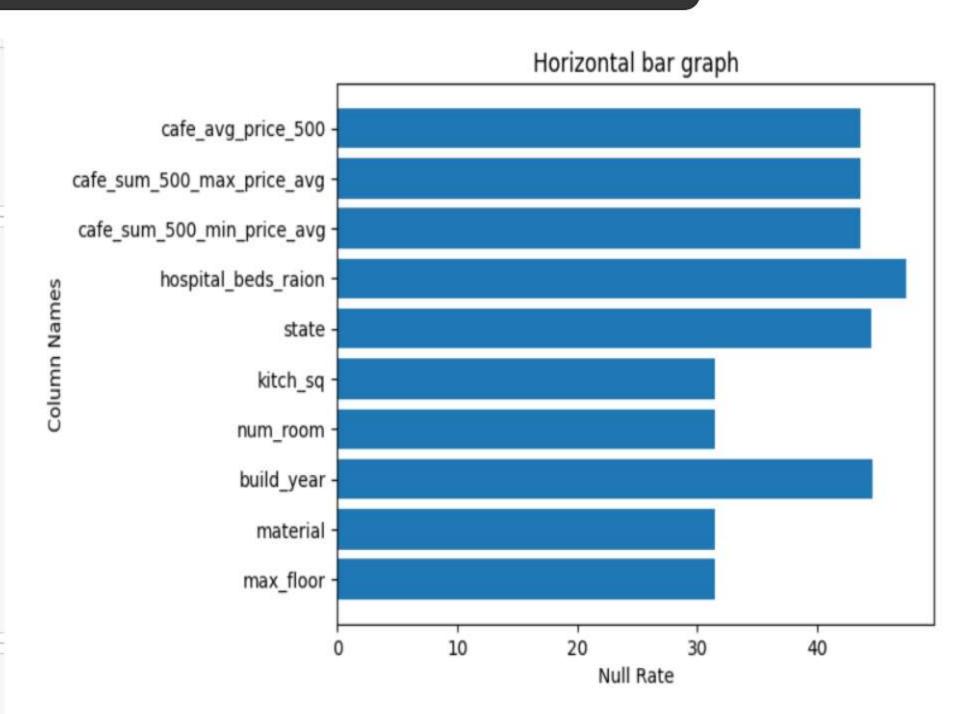
column_null_rate = []
column_names = []

for col_names in data.columns:
    null_rate = (data[col_names].isnull().sum()/data.shape[0])*100
    if (null_rate > 30):
        column_null_rate.append(null_rate)
        column_names.append(col_names)
```

```
# getting values against each value of y
plt.barh(column_names, column_null_rate)

# setting label of y-axis
plt.ylabel("Column Names")

# setting label of x-axis
plt.xlabel("Null Rate")
plt.title("Horizontal bar graph")
plt.show()
```





## CREATING CORRELATION BAR GRAPH OF CERTAIN COLUMNS WITH RESPECT TO PRICE

```
new_column_names = column_names
new_column_names.append('price_doc')
new_df = data[new_column_names]

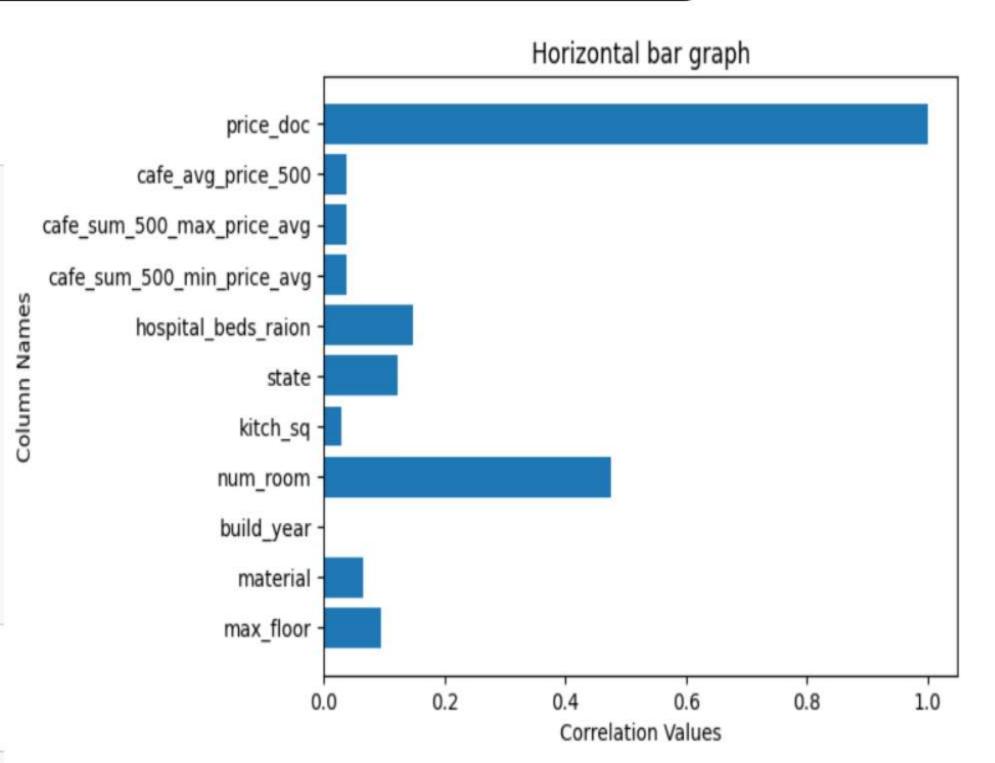
# getting values against each value of y
plt.barh(new_column_names, new_df.corr()['price_doc'])

# setting label of y-axis
plt.ylabel("Column Names")

# setting label of x-axis
plt.xlabel("Correlation Values")
plt.title("Horizontal bar graph")
plt.show()
```

## REMOVING COLUMNS WITH LOW CORRELATION AND HIGH NULL RATE

```
new_column_names.remove('num_room')
new_column_names.remove('price_doc')
data.drop(new_column_names,axis=1,inplace =True)
```



#### Segregating Numerical & Categorical Data



#### CODE FOR SEGREGATING NUMERICAL & CATEGORICAL DATA USING NUMPY

```
#for segregating numberical and cetegorical data
numeric_data = data.select_dtypes(include=[np.number])
categorical_data = data.select_dtypes(exclude=[np.number])
num_columns = numeric_data.columns
cat_columns = categorical_data.columns
print("Categorical Types",cat_columns)
```

#### OUTPUT





#### PURPOSE OF DATA ENCODING

MACHINE TYPE		
ASSEMBLY-LINE		
MAINFRAME		
SERVER		

MACHINE TYPE
1
2
3

MACHINE TYPE_ ASSEMBLY LINE	MACHINE TYPE_ MAINFRAME	MACHINE TYPE_ SERVER
1	0	0
0	1	0
0	0	1

**DATA CATEGORIES** 

ENCODING OF DATA CATEGORIES
WITH UNEQUAL WEIGHTAGE

ENCODING OF DATA CATEGORIES
WITH EQUAL WEIGHTAGE

#### Data Encoding

# Data already contains culture\_objects\_top\_25 relevant details and ID\_metro & ID\_railroad\_station\_walk are redundant
data.drop(['culture\_objects\_top\_25','ID\_metro','ID\_railroad\_station\_walk'],axis=1,inplace = True)

```
#data encoding
categorical col names = ['thermal power plant raion', 'incineration raion', 'oil chemistry raion', 'radiation raion',
                         'railroad_terminal_raion', 'big_market_raion', 'nuclear_reactor_raion', 'detention_facility_raion',
                         'water 1line', 'big road1 1line', 'railroad 1line']
for col name in categorical col names:
    data[col_name + '_NO'] = [1 if i == 'no' else 0 for i in data[col name]]
    data[col name + ' YES'] = [1 if i == 'yes' else 0 for i in data[col name]]
#productype data encoding
data['product type investment'] = [1 if ptype == 'Investment' else 0 for ptype in data['product type']]
data['product type OwnerOccupier'] = [1 if ptype == 'OwnerOccupier' else 0 for ptype in data['product type']]
#ecology data encoding
data['ecology poor'] = [1 if etype == 'poor' else 0 for etype in data['ecology']]
data['ecology satisfactory'] = [1 if etype == 'satisfcatory' else 0 for etype in data['ecology']]
data['ecology_good'] = [1 if etype == 'good' else 0 for etype in data['ecology']]
data['ecology excellent'] = [1 if etype == 'poor' else 0 for etype in data['ecology']]
categorical_col_names.append('product_type')
categorical col names.append('ecology')
data.drop(categorical col names,axis=1,inplace=True)
```

#### Interpolation

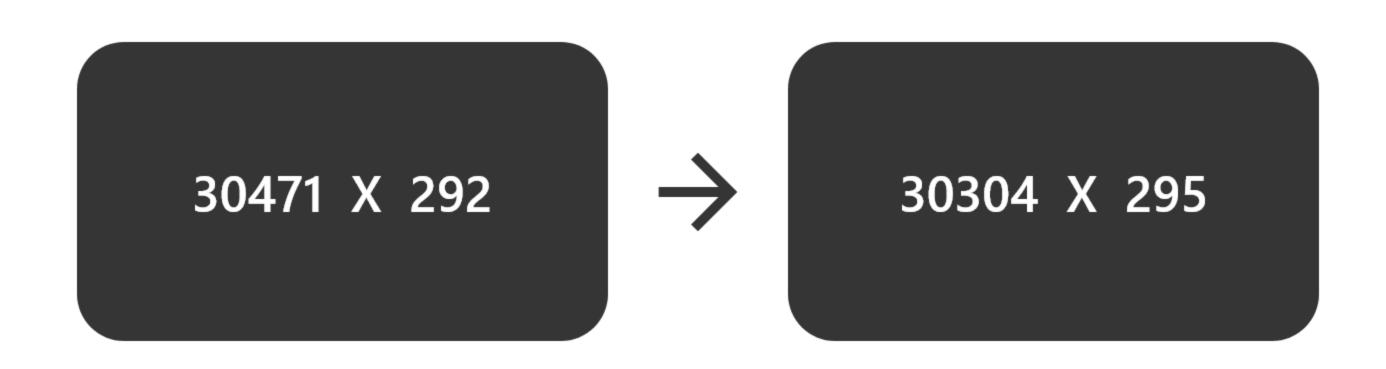
```
#displaying columns with null values
for col_name in data.columns:
    if(data[col_name].isnull().sum() != 0):
        print(col_name," ",data[col_name].isnull().sum())
```

THIS PIECE OF CODE DISPLAYS ALL COLUMNS WITH NULL VALUE

```
life sq
         6383
floor
      167
num room 9572
preschool quota
                 6688
school quota 6685
raion_build_count_with_material_info
build count block
                   4991
build count wood
                  4991
build_count_frame
                   4991
build count brick
                   4991
build count monolith 4991
build count panel
                   4991
build count foam
                  4991
build count slag
                  4991
build count mix
                 4991
raion build count with builddate info
                                       4991
build_count_before_1920
                         4991
build count 1921-1945
                       4991
build count 1946-1970
                       4991
build count 1971-1995
                       4991
build count after 1995
                        4991
metro min walk 25
metro km walk 25
railroad_station_walk_km
railroad station walk min
cafe sum 1000 min price avg
                             6524
cafe_sum_1000_max_price_avg
                             6524
cafe_avg_price_1000 6524
cafe sum 1500 min price avg
                             4199
cafe_sum_1500_max_price_avg
                             4199
cafe avg price 1500 4199
cafe sum 2000 min price avg
                             1725
cafe sum 2000 max price avg
                             1725
cafe avg price 2000 1725
cafe_sum_3000_min_price_avg
                             991
cafe sum 3000 max price avg
                             991
cafe avg price 3000 991
prom_part_5000 178
cafe sum 5000 min price avg
                             297
cafe_sum_5000_max_price_avg
                             297
cafe avg price 5000
```

#### Interpolation

```
#replacing fill values with mode
data["num room"].fillna(data["num room"].mode()[0],inplace =True)
#replacing fill values with mean
col_names_mean = ['preschool_quota','school_quota','raion_build_count_with_material_info','build_count_block',
                  'build_count_wood', 'build_count_frame', 'build_count_brick', 'build_count_monolith', 'build_count_panel',
                  'build count foam', 'build count slag', 'build count mix', 'raion build count with builddate info',
                  'build count before 1920', 'build count 1921-1945', 'build count 1946-1970', 'build count 1946-1970',
                  'build_count_1971-1995', 'build_count_after_1995', 'life_sq', 'build_count_brick', 'metro_min_walk',
                  'metro km walk', 'cafe avg price 5000', 'cafe sum 5000 max price avg', 'cafe sum 3000 min price avg',
                  'cafe_avg_price_2000', 'cafe_sum_2000_max_price_avg', 'cafe_sum_2000_min_price_avg', 'cafe_avg_price_1500',
                  'cafe_sum_1500_max_price_avg', 'cafe_sum_1000_min_price_avg', 'metro_min_walk', 'metro_km_walk',
                  'railroad_station_walk_km', 'railroad_station_walk_min', 'cafe_sum_1000_max_price_avg',
                 'cafe_avg_price_1000', 'cafe_sum_1500_min_price_avg', 'cafe_sum_3000_max_price_avg',
                 'cafe avg price 3000', 'prom part 5000', 'cafe sum 5000 min price avg']
for col_name in col_names_mean:
    data[col name].fillna(data[col name].mean(),inplace=True)
#dropping any remaining Null values
data.dropna(inplace = True)
```



- 1. DIMENSION REDUCTION BASED ON NULL RATE AND CORRELATION WITH PRICE SUCCESSFULL
- 2. SEGGREGATED CATEGORICAL DATA AND DONE DATA ENCODING SUCCESSFULLY
- 3. LOST 167 OBSERVATION DUE TO NULL VALUES PRESENT IN DIMENSION: FLOOR
- 4. DATA READY TO BE APPLIED FOR MACHINE LEARNING MODELS LIKE LINEAR REGRESSION.

# THANK YOU