

## Lorenz Attractor

The Lorenz system is a well known example of deterministic chaos in a simple set of 3 ordinary differential equations. This example illustrates the use of 3D visualization in understanding the phase plane dynamics of a simple nonlinear system.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dx}{dt} &= \sigma(y - x) \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= \\ \frac{dz}{dt} &= \end{aligned}$$

### Contents

- Dependencies
- Parameters
- Model Equations
- Simulation
- Lorenz Attractor

### Dependencies

This example uses the Chebfun package.

### Parameters

```
sig=10;  
beta=8/3;  
rho=28;
```

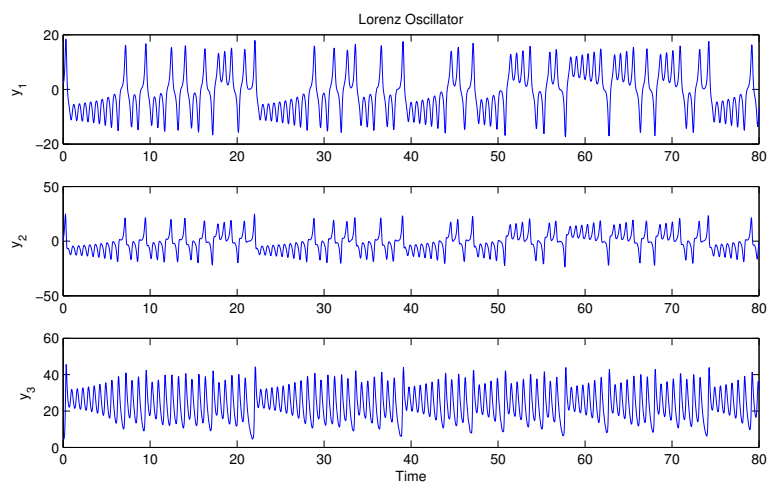
### Model Equations

```
deriv = @(t,x) [ ...  
    -sig*x(1) + sig*x(2); ...  
    rho*x(1) - x(2) - x(1)*x(3); ...  
    -beta*x(3) + x(1)*x(2)];
```

## Simulation

```
y = ode45(deriv,domain(0,80),[3 0 5]);
```

```
figure(1);clf;  
subplot(3,1,1); plot(y(:,1)); ylabel('y_1');  
title('Lorenz Oscillator');  
subplot(3,1,2); plot(y(:,2)); ylabel('y_2');  
subplot(3,1,3); plot(y(:,3)); ylabel('y_3');  
xlabel('Time');
```



## Lorenz Attractor

```
figure(2);clf;  
plot3(y(:,1),y(:,2),y(:,3));  
grid  
title('Lorenz Oscillator');  
xlabel('y_1');ylabel('y_2');zlabel('y_3');
```

