OSGi Service Platform, Compliance Tests Manual Release 4, Version 1.0

July 21, 2006 1:21 pm

Copyright © 2000, 2006 OSGi Alliance All Rights Reserved

Trademarks

OSGi™ is a trademark, registered trademark, or service mark of the OSGi Alliance in the US and other countries. Java is a trademark, registered trademark, or service mark of Sun Microsystems, Inc. in the US and other countries. All other trademarks, registered trademarks, or service marks used in this document are the property of their respective owners and are hereby recognized.

Table Of Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Test Setup	1
2.1	The Execution Environment	. 1
2.2	Installing the Test Harness	. 1
2.3	Core Tests	. 2
2.4	Mobile Tests	. 3
2.5	Running the Tests against the RI	. 4
2.6	Sample Run	٠4
3	Adapting To Your Implementation	6
3.1	Certificate Handling	.6
4	Test Harness	7
4.1	The Director GUI	. 7
1.2	Director Properties	10
1.3	The Script language	12
1.4	The Command Line	14

1 Introduction

This document describes the OSGi Reference Implementations (RIs) and Compliance Tests (aka. TCK) for Release 4. The purpose of this document is to be used by companies that want to test the compliance of their implementations of OSGi Release 4 specifications.

2 Test Setup

All tests have been written to execute inside the OSGi test harness. It is therefore necessary to setup an environment with both a *target* framework on the device under test as well as a *director* framework from which the test execution is controlled.

2.1 The Execution Environment

The director framework must run on a device that supports at least J2SE 1.4. The target framework can run on the OSGi minimum execution environment but some test cases will require the foundation execution environment.

2.2 Installing the Test Harness

The Test Harness is stored in the osgi.mobile.tck.zip file. This file should be unzipped in an empty directory (called the base directory and denoted with "."). The zip file contains the following files:

Table 1-1 Contents of the osgi.mobile.tck.zip

about.html Describes license notices

director Directory containing the harness

build.xml An ant script that runs the director framework with the

test scripts

osgi.properties Contains the combined properties for the director

framework

doc Documentation and coverage XML files

tck-manual.pdf This manual

LICENSE License information, please read before usage

org.osgi.impl.framework.eclipse.jar The OSGi framework reference implementation used to

run the director.

osgi.director.jar The test harness, a.k.a. the Director

osgi.jar Jar containing all OSGi specification interfaces for use

by the director framework.

osgi.min.jar Minimum set of service implementations used to run

the director

Core Tests Test Setup

Table 1-1 Contents of the osgi.mobile.tck.zip

osgi.target.jar Part of test harness that runs on device under test in the

target framework

target Directory containing files used by the target framework.

This directory should be copied to the device under test and modified as appropriate to adapt it to the imple-

mentation under test.

build.xml Example ant script that can run the tests on the target.

The example is written for the OSGi RI. The RI is available in a seperate zip file and is licensed separately. This ant script has the same targets as the ant script in the

director directory.

keystore Contains a test certificate for signed bundles. Used in a

number of test cases. The certificate alias used is test

and the password is testtest.

osgi.properties Properties for the target framework

policy Security policy file for the target framework

2.3 Core Tests

The Core Test are included with the Mobile Tests:

Table 1-2 Contents of the Core Test

osgi.core.jar Jar containing the core specification APIs

osgi.core.tests.jar All tests for the core specification. This JAR will auto-

matically install all contained tests. Is intended to run on the director framework. This file can be installed on

the director GUI with the management console.

osgi.core.impls.jar Reference Implementation. Intended to be used to verify

that the setup is correct.

director

core.script Script file used by the test harness to run the core tests

doc

osgi.core.html Coverage report for the core tests.

The Core RI requires the properties defined in table Table 1-3 on page 2.

Table 1-3 Core RI Properties

scr. bundle. name Bundle symbolic name of the bundle implementing

declarative services

eclipse. ee. install. verify Verifies the execution environment. Must be true for

the tests to succeed.

osgi. support. signature. verify Verifies bundle signatures, must be true for the tests to

succeed

The ant target to run the Core Tests in the director and target directories is:

run-core

Mobile Tests Test Setup

Mobile Tests 2.4

The Mobile Tests include the remainder of the tests not covered by the Core

Contents of the Mobile Tests Table 1-4

osgi.mobile.jar Jar containing the core specification APIs

osgi.mobile.tests.jar All tests for the mobile specification. This JAR will auto-

matically install all contained tests. Is intended to run on the director framework. This file can be installed on the director GUI with the management console.

osgi.mobile.impls.jar Reference Implementation. Intended to be used to verify

that the setup is correct.

director

mobile.script Script file used by the test harness to run the mobile

tests

doc

osgi.mobile.html Coverage report for the mobile tests

delivered A directory with files that are required by the deploy-

ment tests. This directory must be available on the device under test. Its location is set by the

org.osgi.impl.service.deploymentadmin.delivere darea property in the osgi.properties file in the target

directory.

There are a number of properties that must be set for the Mobile RI. These properties are actually set in the target osgi.properties files and will likely not be used by the implementation being tested. These properties are not part of the OSGi specification and may change in future version s.

Table 1-5 Mobile RI Properties

org.osgi.vendor.application The Implementation package for the org.osgi.ser-

vice.application specification

org.osgi.vendor.application. The implementation class for the Application Descrip-ApplicationDescriptor

org.osgi.vendor.application. The implementation class for the Application Handle

ApplicationHandle

osgi.dev Used by the framework reference implementation

org.osgi.vendor.deploymentadmin Implementation package for the org.osgi.service.deploy-

mentadmin specification.

org.osgi.vendor.mobile. Implementation class for the UserPromptCondition UserPromptCondition

org.osgi.impl.service. Points to the delivered directory from the zip file. It condeploymentadmin.deliveredarea

tains deployment packages necessary for the deploy-

ment admin test.

Table 1-5 Mobile RI Properties

org.osgi.impl.service. true means the implementation of the

deploymentadmin.userprompt UserPromptCondition must do a real user prompt, oth-

erwise it is assumed to run in a regression test and

should not consult the user.

org.osgi.impl.service. deploymentadmin.keystore.file

Place where the keystore is located

org.osgi.impl.service.dmt.

Class that implements the Digest Delegate

DigestDelegate

The ant target to run the Mobile Tests in the director and target directories

run-mobile

2.5 Running the Tests against the RI

The following directions assume that you have "java" and "ant" in your PATH variable. That is, when you type "java", it will execute the java VM. The example is tested against Java 1.4 and Java 1.5 and ant 1.6.

There are two directories necessary for running the tests. The first directory is the target directory which contains an ant script that runs the *target*; the target is the device under test. The other directory is the director directory that has an ant script to run the test in the director. The ant scripts must be started in different process or devices. The osgi.properties assume they run on the same machine but this can be modified. The target should be started before the director.

In the director directory, please modify the appropriate properties for your environment in the osgi.properties file.

The following targets are supported in the director and target build:

- director Run the GUI
- run-core Core Framework and Framework services
- run-cmpn Compendium services
- run-mobile Mobile services

The script can fail if the appropriate tests are not installed.

The director script generates a file called "run-xxxx.xml" in the director directory. This is a report of the run. It is also possible to generate an html file, but the XML should be readable in most browsers because it contains an XSL style sheet header.

2.6 Sample Run

Most of the details are abstracted in the ant files. In principle a framework must be started in the target directory as well as the director directory. Both directories support the run-xxxx target.

First the target framework must be started. Start a shell (both a windows shell or a Linux/Unix shell should work) and cd to the . / target directory. Run ant run-core in this directory.

Test Setup Sample Run

```
$ cd ./target
$ ant run-core
Buildfile: build.xml
run-core:
-run:
    [echo] Testing file:../osgi.core.impls.jar
    [java] Bundle id is 9435
    [java] Bundle id is 9436
    [java] Bundle id is 9437
    [java] No files specified in Group-Load manifest tag:
```

The default target is to only run the core RI. The last line of the output contains a warning that can be ignored. The target will run until it is quit (possibly by the director) or when no activity has taken place for a certain time. This time-out prevents target frameworks from running forever and polluting the system.

Now a director framework must be started. Start a new shell and cd to the . / director directory. Also run ant run-core.

```
$ cd ../director/
$ ant run-core
Buildfile: build.xml

director:
  [java] Bundle id is 2215
  [java] Bundle id is 2216
  [java] Bundle id is 2217
  [java] osgi> Discovery starts.
```

It is possible that there is a warning

```
[java] DatagramSockeet for target discovery already
    in use (2001)
```

This warning can be ignored, it means that there is another director running (e.g. the OSGi Test plugin for Eclipse). The default configuration of the properties always assumes the localhost as where the target is running. You can change this property, see *Director Properties* on page 10.

The build file will run a test script in the directory. There are separate scripts for each set of tests. The scripts normally delay for a number of seconds to finish installation and then sequence the test cases. For the target, the output looks like:

```
[java] Target: Accepting connection from /127.0.0.1
[java] Target: Installing test.framework.classloading_TBC
[java] Log: [begin=testAllServiceListener001]
[java] Log: #Checking if an event is delivered for a bundle which imports a assignable service interface
[java] Log: #Checking if an event is delivered for a bundle which imports a non-assignable service interface
[java] Log: [end=testAllServiceListener001]
...
[java] Log: [end=testBundleContextGetAllServiceReferences001]
```

The output of the Director shell looks like:

When the Director is finished, you can find a run-xxxx.xml file in the director directory. This file can be viewed in a modern browser. It is formatted with XSL; it gets its style sheet from bundles.osgi.org.

3 Adapting To Your Implementation

The normal way to run the compliance tests is to create a setup that is similar to the RI. This means your implementation of the Framework must be started running the osgi. target. jar file. This will automatically allow the director to control it. This implementation is carefully written to rely on as little Java and OSGi as possible.

The Director harness has many options that can be found in its manual to adapt to your environment. See *Director Properties* on page 10 for more information.

3.1 Certificate Handling

One point that must be taken care of is certificate handling. The RI and Tests uses a Java keystore that is included in the target directory. However, certificate handling is not standardized in OSGi and framework vendors must therefore add the "test" certificate to their own certificate repository for these tests to pass.

Usually it will take a number of rounds before the tests runs correctly on your implementation. Running all the tests for each correction can be cumbersome. The Director is quite easy to use in GUI mode. Running ant director script in the director directory will start it in GUI mode without any test cases. The manage button allows you to install a single test case and run it individually. See *Test Harness* on page 7 for more information how the Director can be used to debug.

Test Harness The Director GUI

4 Test Harness

The Director is a test harness for OSGi test cases. It runs on an OSGi Framework and controls a target implementation framework via a network connection. The Director can be used interactively in GUI mode or via a script for automated testing. The tool has a number of options that can be set using system properties.

The output of a test run is colleced in an XML file. The XML file can be mailed, posted, as XML or HTML, or stored in a standard place.

The complete test harness is packed with in the compliance tests zip file.

The target is a minimal bundle that announces itself on the network so that Directors can find it. The Director can then run a test cases on the target.

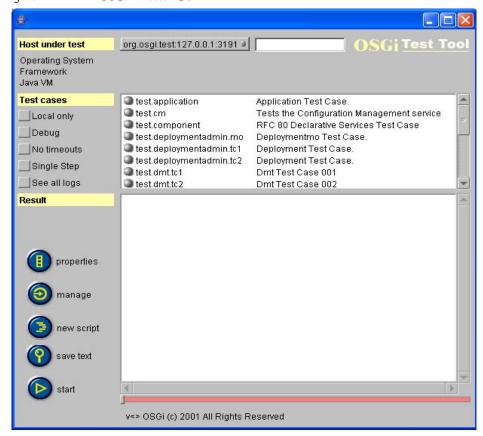
4.1 The Director GUI

The GUI allows the interactive manipulation and execution of tests. The GUI is written using Netscape IFC. This is a different UI than Windows or Swing but should be quite straightforward to use for most computer users. The UI is shown in Figure 1-1.

The following sections explain how the GUI can be used.

The Director GUI Test Harness

Figure 1-1 OSGi Director GUI



1.1.1 Selecting a target

Goto the menu on the top of the page. The menu shows all the active targets that are available on your network. Select the one needed. The UI will remember your choice, even when targets go away or come.

Sometimes a network contains multiple targets and you are only interested in the local target (i.e. a target running on your own computer). In that case, there is a checkbox "local only" that will help. It will remove all targets that come from other computers than your own computer.

1.1.2 Selecting a "challenged" target

Some OSGi environments are not capable of broadcasting the announcement messages or they are on another network where broadcasts messages are not forwarded. There are multiple solutions to this problem.

- First, on the top right site there is a text field. Typing the name of the host (or IP number) and hitting enter/return will create a target to that host.
- The other solution is to set the broadcast address of the target to a single address of your host computer. This is done by setting the system

Test Harness The Director GUI

property: org. osgi. test. broadcast to the destination system (or network) in the target properties.

1.1.3 Selecting test cases

Select the testcases you want to execute. No selected testcases is the same as selecting all. Multiple testcases can be selected with selecting the first and then keep the mouse pressed and dragging it to include more. Unfortunately, the standard select + shift/control does not work.

1.1.4 Starting a test run

A test run is started with pressing the start key. The key will become red to indicate a run is in progress. The UI, however, remains active and responds to other presses. You can still scroll through the testcases and messages. Pressing the same button again (now called stop) will attempt to stop the run. This can cause many exceptions on the target because it requires the cooperation of the test case itself. It does therefore not always respond immediately.

1.1.5 Setting the Test Properties

The UI allows the selection of a properties file that is downloaded to the target. The "properties" button opens a file chooser that selects the appropriate properties file. This function will only set the system property org.osgi.test.properties.file to the file path. For each test run, this will cause the Director to download the given properties file to the target.

1.1.6 Debugging a test run

There are two support options for debugging a test case. First option is to select the debug checkbox. This will log more information. The second option is to select the single step checkbox. Every time the test case sends log information, the start/stop button will change and the progress halts. This allows you to inspect the target framework and look at the bundles state. Time outs might step in if the session takes too long. In that case, use the disable timeouts checkbox option.

1.1.7 How to see the log

All information that is logged from the target is compared to a reference log. Due to the size of the information it is not useful to see it when everything is passing. However, during debugging it is useful to see this information. First, it is always displayed on the console of the target framework. Second, checking the ''See all logs' checkbox will show the result in the message window.

1.1.8 Progress

Some test cases can take a lot of time to execute. Well written test cases should indicate progress by sending the percentage of work done. The UI will show the progress but also a '.' for each received log entry.

1.1.9 Managing the director framework

The Director framework can be managed when the 'manage' button is pressed. A small window opens that shows the state of all bundles in the director framework. There are buttons to start/stop/update/uninstall and install bundles. This can sometimes be very useful. For example, it allows one to install the test case bundles.

The text line at the bottom of the window is a filter of the bundle symbolic name. Only bundles whose names start with the given prefix are visible. This prefix is default test. for test cases, however, this can potentially hide newly installed bundles when the bundle name does not start with test. Just remove the prefix and press Enter and all bundles will be visible.

1.1.10 Running a script

A script can be selected from the UI with the 'script' button. You are asked to open a file. A reference to this file is placed in the Framework's registry as if it was a normal testcase. This allows scripts to be executed as normal testcases. Scripts cannot be removed.

1.1.11 Saving the messages content

The message window can be saved with the 'save text' button, or it can be copied to the clipboard. Copying is achieved by selecting the text in the message window and typing $^{\circ}C$ (Control key + C key at the same time).

1.1.12 Seeing the test result

After a test run, the message window and the status line will show where the results can be found. The easiest way to direct your browser is to copy the URL (C) and paste it in the appropriate place of your favorite browser.

1.2 Director Properties

The Director is normally configured with a number of System properties. These are explained in the following table:

Property	Default	Description	
org.osgi.test.batch.target	localhost:3191	This the host and port of the target that is used for running a script.	
org.osgi.test.batch.script		A URL (mandatory, no filename alone) of a script. The script should contain an XML script.	

Table 1-6 Director Properties org.osgi.test.batch.out <date & time >.xml

A URL or a file name (if the name does not have ':' between the 3 and 10th character it is assumed to be a file name) of a script. The URL is used in the output mode. There exist many URLs that work that way:

mailto:cpeg@mail.osgi.org?subject=Test+Result Will send a mail, on some systems this requires the Java mail.host System property to be set!

ftp://cpeg:password@membercvs.osgi.org/ testresult.xml Will only work on systems that implement output on the FTP stream handler.

http://membercvs.osgi.org/servlet/testresult.xml - Will do a POST on the given server

result.xml - Assume normal file name

result.html - URLs or filenames ending in HTML are stored as HTML and not the default XMI

Defines if there is a UI. If the property is set to 'false', the UI is not started. The default tries to

be intelligent. If a script is run, there will be no UI. Without a script there is a UI. The UI follows the script run if it is open and can be used

for debugging.

This property defines if the target should be exited at the end of the script test run.

This property can identify the applicant for the compliance program.

Specifies the compliance program this test run was done for.

The campaign id for the compliance program.

The value of this property is used a file name of a properties file. If this property is set and the given file exists, it is loaded into a Properties object and send to the target. The target will use these properties to override and augment the target's system properties.

org.osgi.test.batch.ui

script ? false : true

false

org.osgi.test.batch. quittarget

org.osgi.test.compliance. applicant

org.osgi.test.compliance.

program

org.osgi.test.compliance. campaign

org.osgi.test. properties.file

1.2.1 Target Properties

The following properties are for the target framework.

Table 1-7 Target I	Properties	
org.osgi.test.target.port	3191	This property is intended for the target framework. Normally, the target framework listens at 3191 and this property can change that. The target informs the director of this port through a broadcast message so no property is necessary for the director.
org.osgi.test.broadcast	255.255.255	The target uses this property to broadcast the announcement package. The default works fine and works for most systems. It should be used when the broadcast should be limited to one network, or it is limited to a single host. For a host the actual IP can be used, for a network, network broadcast address should be used which is for example 172.16.255.255. On some systems the broadcast address is 0.0.0.0, in that case this property can also be used.
org.osgi.test.seewait	false	Testing is not easy and writing test cases is harder. This property sets a simple animation when the target is waiting for input, indicating that it is ready to listen to the director. There are two animations: • V-\ for normal operation • ?!?! when there is an exception (usually security) during the sending of the announcement.
org.osgi.test.testcase. timeout	60000	Timeout used for communication between director and target for testcase communication when the testcase is based on the classes in org.osgi.test.cases.util
org.osgi.test.testcase. watchdog	10	If this property is set, the target will exit after 30s * this value seconds. Deault, after 5 minutes the watchdog will exit. This is intended to be used when the test is run in a batch file

1.3 The Script language

The director implements a simple script language for controlling the test cases. A script can look like the following example:

every couple of hours and there are test cases

that make the target hang.

In detail:

Construct	Attributes	Description	
<script></td><td></td><td>This is the outer marker of the script.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>name</td><td>Identifying name of the script</td></tr><tr><td><waitfor></td><td></td><td>Wait for a number of services to appear in the service registry for a maximum time. The value of the tag is a filter expression for the Framework.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>max='10000'</td><td>Maximum time to wait in ms</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>count='1'</td><td>Number of services that should come out of getServiceReferences with the associated filter.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>poll='500'</td><td>Number of ms between checks of the registry.</td></tr><tr><td><delay></td><td></td><td>Wait for a number of seconds.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>duration='10'</td><td>Time to wait, unit depends on type.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>type='sec'</td><td>Unit, can be week, hour, day, minute, sec, ms</td></tr><tr><td><istart></td><td></td><td>Install and start a bundle from a url.</td></tr><tr><td><url></td><td></td><td>URL for a bundle to be started.</td></tr><tr><td><testcase></td><td></td><td>Run a testcase. The body of the tag is trimmed of spaces and looked up in the registry. If such a test case exists, it is executed in a new session.</td></tr><tr><td><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></td><td>location</td><td>Set the org.osgi.test.properties.file System property so that the properties file is downloaded for every test case and its content is merged with the Target's system properties.</td></tr><tr><td><updateFrame- work></td><td></td><td>This function will update the framework on the target. It will call Bundle.update() on the bundle with ID=0. This will of course terminate the session, but if a delay is inserted, the next line of the script could run on the same target after it is restarted.</td></tr></tbody></table></script>			

The Command Line Test Harness

<reboot></reboot>		This function will exit the framework on the target. It will call Bundle.stop() on the bundle with ID=0. This will of course terminate the session. However, if the target framework is restarted with a script that starts it again, a small delay can be used to continue the test run. Note that the exit status can be used by the script on the target machine to stop the framework or restart.
	status='o'	Set the exit status of the target framework.

1.4 The Command Line

The director supports the CommandProvider interface. It will register a CommandProvider with the Framework when it starts. The org.osgi.tools.console.jar bundle can be run on the director Framework at the same time. This console will listen on port 2201 (or a next port if it is busy) for a telnet session. The director adds the following commands to the console:

Table 1-8

Command	Options	Description	
startrun		Starts a test run. This command must precede any testcase or exec commands.	
	-host localhost	Defines the host where the target runs	
	-port 3191	The port where the target runs.	
	-forever	Will not time out on messages.	
	-debugging	Generate extra debugging information	
exec	<script name=""></td><td>Execute a script. This can only be done after a startrun is given.</td></tr><tr><td>exec</td><td><script name></td><td>Execute a script. This can only be done after a startrun is given.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>-output <file name></td><td>Places the output in a file.</td></tr><tr><td>testcase</td><td><testcase name></td><td>This will lookup the test case with the given name and executes it in a new session.</td></tr><tr><td>stoprun</td><td></td><td>Stop the current run and return the name of the result file. This is an XML file stored in the history directory of the bundle. It can also be found on the web on http://host:port/test/director</td></tr></tbody></table></script>		

~~~	<b>~</b> ·	DI . C	n 1
1000	Sarvica	Plattorm	Release 4

## **End Of Document**