

## END-Course Test

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edureka!

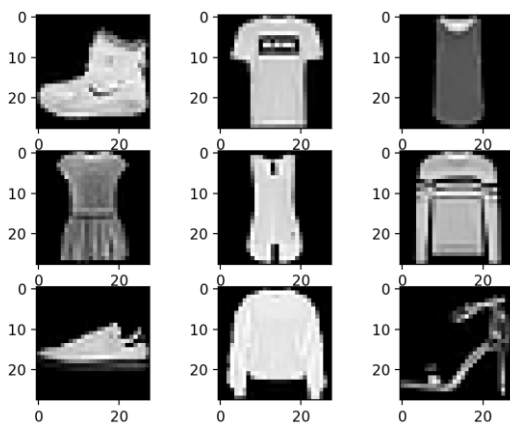
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## Scenario – 1

### Description

The dataset is similar to MNIST but includes images of certain clothing and accessory. The objective is to classify images into specific classes using CNN.



### Dataset:

Total Images: - 70,000

Train Images: - 60,000

Test Images:- 10,000

Image Size:- 28 X 28

### Different Classes:

- Classes: 'T-shirt/top', 'Trouser', 'Pullover', 'Dress', 'Coat', 'Sandal', 'Shirt', 'Sneaker', 'Bag', 'Ankle Boot'

Note: Please use google colab to work on this project Also, make sure to select GPU backend while selecting a runtime.

<https://medium.com/deep-learning-turkey/google-colab-free-gpu-tutorial-e113627b9f5d>

## Problem Statement

### Question 1

A. Load Fashion data from Keras Library and Split the same into Train and Test.

#### Output :-

```
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
32768/29515 [=====] - 0s 0us/step
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
26427392/26421880 [=====] - 0s 0us/step
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
8192/5148 [=====] - 0s 0us/step
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
4423680/4422102 [=====] - 0s 0us/step
The shape of data for train (60000, 28, 28)
```

B. Scale the values of train and test between 0 & 1 by dividing train & test by 255

**Output:**

Original X\_train

Scaled X\_Train

x_train[i]	. x_train[0]
<pre> 10, 11, [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,  0, 155, 236, 207, 178, 107, 156, 161, 109, 64, 23, 77, 130,  72, 15], [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0,  69, 207, 223, 218, 216, 216, 163, 127, 121, 122, 146, 141, 88,  172, 66], [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0,  200, 232, 232, 233, 229, 223, 223, 215, 213, 164, 127, 123, 196,  229, 0], [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,  183, 225, 216, 223, 228, 235, 227, 224, 222, 224, 221, 223, 245,  173, 0], [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,  193, 228, 218, 213, 198, 180, 212, 210, 211, 213, 223, 220, 243,  202, 0], [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 3, 0, 12,  219, 220, 212, 218, 192, 169, 227, 208, 218, 224, 212, 226, 197,  209, 52], [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 6, 0, 99,  244, 222, 220, 218, 203, 198, 221, 215, 213, 222, 220, 245, 119,  167, 56], </pre>	<pre> 0.81568627, 0.81960784, 0.78431373, 0.62352941, 0.96078431, 0.75686275, 0.80784314, 0.8745098 , 1. , 1. , 0.86666667, 0.91764706, 0.86666667, 0.82745098, 0.8627451 , 0.90980392, 0.96470588, 0. , ], [0.01176471, 0.79215686, 0.89411765, 0.87843137, 0.86666667, 0.82745098, 0.82745098, 0.83921569, 0.80392157, 0.80392157, 0.80392157, 0.8627451 , 0.94117647, 0.31372549, 0.58823529, 1. , 0.89803922, 0.86666667, 0.7372549 , 0.60392157, 0.74901961, 0.82352941, 0.8 , 0.81960784, 0.87058824, 0.89411765, 0.88235294, 0. , ], [0.38431373, 0.91372549, 0.77647059, 0.82352941, 0.87058824, 0.89803922, 0.89803922, 0.91764706, 0.97647059, 0.8627451 , 0.76078431, 0.84313725, 0.85098039, 0.94509804, 0.25490196, 0.28627451, 0.41568627, 0.45882353, 0.65882353, 0.85882353, 0.86666667, 0.84313725, 0.85098039, 0.8745098 , 0.8745098 , 0.87843137, 0.89803922, 0.11372549], [0.29411765, 0.8 , 0.83137255, 0.8 , 0.75686275, 0.80392157, 0.82745098, 0.88235294, 0.84705882, 0.7254902 , 0.77254902, 0.80784314, 0.77647059, 0.83529412, 0.94117647, 0.76470588, 0.89019608, 0.96078431, 0.9372549 , 0.8745098 , 0.85490196, 0.83137255, 0.81960784, 0.87058824, 0.8627451 , 0.86666667, 0.90196078, 0.2627451 ], [0.18823529, 0.79607843, 0.71764706, 0.76078431, 0.83529412, 0.77254902, 0.77254902, 0.71500000, 0.76078431, 0.75201118 </pre>

**Scenario – 2****Problem Statement**

**Question 2:** Display first 25 images from the training dataset and display the labels along with them

**Output:-**



Then the output should be:

### QUESTION 3:

#### Load the data (again, important)

1. Reshape the data to (28,28,1). The actual data is in (28,28) format and we need to add a single channel, 1 to it. Do the reshape for both train and test.

**Output:**

**Train image before reshaping → (60000, 28, 28)**

**Train image after reshaping → (60000, 28, 28, 1)**

**Question 4:**

A. Build basic CNN on the fashion MNIST Data.

**HINT:-**

- Reshape/flatten the data
- Conv2D with 32 Neuron; Filter 3,3 ; Activation: Relu ; Stride (1,1)
- MaxPool2D ; Pool Size (2,2)
- Flatten the data again to send to dense layer
- 128 Neuron single Dense Layer with relu
- 10 neuron single dense layer with SoftMax as output layer

**Output:-**

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 32)	320
=====		
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 13, 13, 32)	0
=====		
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 5408)	0
=====		
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	692352
=====		
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290
=====		

Total params: 693,962

Trainable params: 693,962

Non-trainable params: 0

B. Compile the model with either ADAM or GradientDescent with Loss as `sparse_categorical_crossentropy` and metrics 'accuracy'

**HINT:-**

- Optimizer = 'Adam'
- Loss = sparse categorical cross entropy

C. Fit a model with 30 Epochs and 1000 Batch Size

**Output:-**

```
Epoch 29/30  
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 10us/sample - loss: 0.1513 - acc: 0.9474 - val_loss: 0.2651 - val_acc: 0.9075  
Epoch 30/30  
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 10us/sample - loss: 0.1475 - acc: 0.9480 - val_loss: 0.2522 - val_acc: 0.9126
```

**Question 5:**

Now, let's have the same model, but this time using simple "categorical\_crossentropy" as loss. For this, you would have to convert "y" or labels to dummy encoding or categorical encoding. You can use `to_categorical` function from Keras.

**HINT:-**

- Optimizer = 'Adam'
- Loss = 'categorical\_crossentropy'
- [https://www.tensorflow.org/api\\_docs/python/tf/keras/utils/to\\_categorical](https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/utils/to_categorical)

Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 32)	320
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 13, 13, 32)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 5408)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 128)	692352
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290
Total params: 693,962		
Trainable params: 693,962		
Non-trainable params: 0		

Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples

Epoch 1/3

60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 13us/sample - loss: 0.7008 - acc: 0.7718 - val\_loss: 0.4648 - val\_acc: 0.8392

Epoch 2/3

60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 11us/sample - loss: 0.4097 - acc: 0.8572 - val\_loss: 0.4024 - val\_acc: 0.8610

Epoch 3/3


60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 11us/sample - loss: 0.3603 - acc: 0.8751 - val\_loss: 0.3740 - val\_acc: 0.8673

<tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f011436fcf8>

## Question 6:

A. Save the model as .H5 file, as "my\_model".h5. In colab, make sure your files are stored in "files" section (left section of notebook, there's a tab called files)

Output :-

 my\_model.h5

B. Now load the "my\_model.h5" and evaluate the test\_image and test\_label with new\_model to check accuracy. Print the accuracy.



Hint:

[https://www.tensorflow.org/api\\_docs/python/tf/keras/models/load\\_model](https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/models/load_model)

### Output:-

```
10000/10000 - 1s - loss: 0.3580 - acc: 0.8747
Restored model, accuracy: 87.47%
```

### Question 7:

Print the Confusion Matrix for predicted classes of test\_images and test\_label.

### Output:-

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
T-shirt/top	0.83	0.82	0.83	1000
Trouser	0.99	0.96	0.97	1000
Pullover	0.71	0.86	0.78	1000
Dress	0.86	0.88	0.87	1000
Coat	0.79	0.77	0.78	1000
Sandal	0.96	0.94	0.95	1000
Shirt	0.71	0.59	0.64	1000
Sneaker	0.90	0.96	0.93	1000
Bag	0.95	0.97	0.96	1000
Ankle Boot	0.97	0.92	0.95	1000
accuracy			0.87	10000
macro avg	0.87	0.87	0.87	10000
weighted avg	0.87	0.87	0.87	10000

### Question 8:

Print the count of total misclassification that occurred using the saved model.

**Output :- 1327**

**Question 9:**

Write an experiment that can perform multiple parameters training. Save the intermediate output of each experiment in the dictionary. The key for each experiment will be string combination of (optimizer+Epoch+BatchSize).

**Hint:-**

- Epochs = [10,30,50]
- Batch Size = [500,1000, 5000]
- Optimizer = [Adam, RmsProp, SGD]

**Use the standard CNN architecture using above parameters and check the accuracy and performance of various models.**

**HINT:- Result O/P:-**

```
{ 'RMSprop101000': 0.9152,
  'RMSprop10500': 0.9094,
  'RMSprop105000': 0.9152,
  'RMSprop301000': 0.9138,
  'RMSprop30500': 0.9156,
  'RMSprop305000': 0.9158,
  'RMSprop501000': 0.9152,
  'RMSprop50500': 0.9131,
  'RMSprop505000': 0.9133,
  'SGD101000': 0.9151,
  'SGD10500': 0.9151,
  'SGD105000': 0.915,
  'SGD301000': 0.9153,
  'SGD30500': 0.9152,
  'adam101000': 0.9109,
  'adam10500': 0.9021,
  'adam105000': 0.9172,
  'adam301000': 0.9157,
  'adam30500': 0.9115,
  'adam305000': 0.9181,
  'adam501000': 0.9163,
  'adam50500': 0.9179,
  'adam505000': 0.9161}
```

