1 What will be the output of the following code snippet? def func(a, b): return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a) print(func(30, 75))a) 10 b) 20 c) 15 **d**) **0** Ans-(c) 15 2 numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22) sorted\_numbers = sorted(numbers) even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0 even\_numbers = filter(even, sorted\_numbers)  $print(type(even\_numbers))$ a) Int b) Filter c) List d) Tuple Ans-(b) Filter 3) As what datatype are the \*args stored, when passed into a) Tuple b) List c) Dictionary d) None Ans-(a) Tuple

print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))
a) 105 b) 270 c) 0 d) Error Ans-(d)Error
5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?
a) raise
b) try
c) goto
d) except Ans-(a)raise
<b>6)</b> Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?
a) timedate
b) date
c) datetime
d) time
Ans-(c)datetime
7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
a) 248 b) 169 c) 208 d) 233 Ans-(c)208
8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?
a) strptime
b) strftime
c) both a) and b)
d) None Ans-(a)strftime
9) The python tuple isin nature.
a) mutable

b)immutable

c)unchangeable
d) none Ans-(b)immutable
10)
Theis a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.
<ul> <li>A. range()</li> <li>B. set()</li> <li>C. dictionary{}</li> <li>D. None of the mentioned above</li> <li>Ans-(a)range()</li> </ul>
Question 11
Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?
A. Del function B. Show function C. Lambda function D. None of the mentioned above  Ans-(c)Lambda function
Question 12
The module Pickle is used to
<ul> <li>A. Serializing Python object structure</li> <li>B. De-serializing Python object structure</li> <li>C. Both A and B</li> <li>D. None of the mentioned above</li> <li>Ans-(C) Both A and B</li> </ul>
Question 13
Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?
A. set() method B. dump() method C. load() method D. None of the mentioned above  Ans-(B)dump()method

Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?
A. load() B. set() method C. dump() method D. None of the mentioned above  Ans-(A)load()
15.
A text file contains only textual information consisting of
<ul> <li>A. Alphabets</li> <li>B. Numbers</li> <li>C. Special symbols</li> <li>D. All of the mentioned above</li> </ul> Ans-(D)All of the mentioned above(Alphabets, Numbers, Special symbols)
16
Which Python code could replace the ellipsis () below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.)
captains = {
"Enterprise": "Picard",
"Voyager": "Janeway",
"Defiant": "Sisko",
}
Enterprise Picard,
Voyager Janeway
Defiant Sisko
a) for ship, captain in captains.items():
print(ship, captain)
b) for ship in captains:

print(ship, captains[ship])

c) for ship in captains:

```
print(ship, captains)
```

d) both a and b

## Ans-(d) both a and b

**17**)

Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?

```
a) captains = \{dict\}
```

- b) type(captains)
- c) captains.dict()
- d) captains  $= \{\}$

## **Ans-(d)captains={}**

18) Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko".

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?

```
a) captains { "Enterprise" = "Picard" }
captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}
captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}
b) captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"
captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"
captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"
c) captains = \{
  "Enterprise": "Picard",
  "Voyager": "Janeway",
  "Defiant": "Sisko",
}
d) None of the above
Ans-(b)
captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"
captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"
captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"
```

19) You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:

```
captains = {
   "Enterprise": "Picard",
   "Voyager": "Janeway",
   "Defiant": "Sisko",
   "Discovery": "unknown",
```

Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

```
a) for item in captains.items():
    print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")
b) for ship, captain in captains.items():
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
c) for captain, ship in captains.items():
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
d) All are correct
    Ans-(b) for ship, captain in captains.items():
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

20)

You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
    "Discovery": "unknown",
}
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

- a) del captainsb) captains.remove()c) del captains["Discovery"]d) captains["Discovery"].pop()

Ans-(c) del captains["Discovery"]