

## CSE512 Fall 2018 - Machine Learning - Homework 7

Your Name: Amit Dharmadhikari

Solar ID: 112044244

NetID email address: [amit.dharmadhikari@stonybrook.com](mailto:amit.dharmadhikari@stonybrook.com)  
[adharmadhika@cs.stonybrook.edu](mailto:adharmadhika@cs.stonybrook.edu)

Names of people whom you discussed the homework with:  
Mihir Parulekar

1. Manual calculation of one round of EM for a GMM.

Ans. M step

1. Write down the likelihood function you are trying to optimize.

Ans.

$$\ell(\theta, \theta^{t-1}) = \sum_i \sum_c r_{ic} \log \pi_c + \sum_i \sum_c r_{ic} \log P(x_i | \theta_c)$$

2. After performing the M step for the mixing weights  $\pi_1, \pi_2$ , what are the new values.

Ans.

$$\pi_c = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i r_{ic}$$

$$\pi_1 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i r_{i1} = \frac{1}{3} (1 + 0.3 + 0) = \frac{1.3}{3} = 0.433$$

$$\pi_2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i r_{i2} = \frac{1}{3} (0 + 0.7 + 1) = \frac{1.7}{3} = 0.567$$

3. After performing the M step for the ~~mixing weights~~  ~~$\mu_1, \mu_2$~~  means  $\mu_1$  and  $\mu_2$ , what are the new values?

Ans.

$$\mu_c = \frac{\sum_i r_{ic} X_i}{r_c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \mu_1 &= \frac{\sum_i r_{i1} X_i}{r_1} = \frac{1 \times 1 + 0.3 \times 10 + 0 \times 20}{1.3} \\ &= \frac{4}{1.3} \\ &= 3.07\end{aligned}$$

$$\mu_2 = \frac{\sum_i r_{i2} X_i}{r_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mu_2 &= \frac{\sum_i r_{i2} X_i}{r_2} = \frac{0 \times 1 + 0.7 \times 10 + 1 \times 20}{1.7} \\ &= \frac{27}{1.7} \\ &= 15.88\end{aligned}$$

4. After performing the M step for the standard deviations  $G_1$  and  $G_2$ , what are the new values?

Ans.  $G_c^2 = \frac{\sum_i r_{ic} X_i^2}{r_c} - \mu_c^2$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore G_1^2 &= \frac{(1 \times 1) + (0.3 \times 100) + (0 \times 400)}{1.3} - 9.46 \\ &= 14.38\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}G_1 &= \sqrt{14.38} \\ &= 3.79\end{aligned}$$



$$6_2^2 = \frac{(0 \times 1) + (0.7 \times 100) + (1 \times 400)}{1.7} - 292.17$$

$$= 24.30$$

$$6_2 = \sqrt{24.30} = 4.92$$

E step

1. Write down the formula for the probability of observation  $x_i$  belonging to cluster  $c$ .

Ans.  $r_{ic} = \frac{\pi_c P(x_i | \mu_c^{(t-1)})}{\sum_c \pi_c P(x_i | \mu_c^{(t-1)})}$

$$= \frac{\pi_c \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} 6_c} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_i - \mu_c^{(t-1)})^2}{2 6_c^2}\right)}{\sum_c \left[ \pi_c \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} 6_c} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_i - \mu_c^{(t-1)})^2}{2 6_c^2}\right) \right]}$$

$$\sum_c \left[ \pi_c \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} 6_c} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_i - \mu_c^{(t-1)})^2}{2 6_c^2}\right) \right]$$

2. After performing the E step, what is the new value of  $R^2$ ?

Ans. (i)  $r_{i1} = \frac{\pi_1}{\sqrt{2\pi} 6_1} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_i - \mu_1^{(t-1)})^2}{2 6_1^2}\right)$

$$+ \frac{\pi_1}{\sqrt{2\pi} 6_1} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_i - \mu_1^{(t-1)})^2}{2 6_1^2}\right) + \frac{\pi_2}{\sqrt{2\pi} 6_2} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_i - \mu_2^{(t-1)})^2}{2 6_2^2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{0.433}{3.79}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{(1-3.07)^2}{2 \times 14.38}\right)}{\left(\frac{0.433}{3.79}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{(1-3.07)^2}{2 \times 14.38}\right) + \left(\frac{0.567}{4.92}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{(1-15.88)^2}{2 \times 24.3}\right)}$$

$$r_{11} = 0.987$$

$$(ii) r_{12} = 1 - r_{11} = 1 - 0.987 = 0.013$$

$$(iii) r_{21} = \frac{\frac{\pi_1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma_1} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_2 - \mu_1)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right)}{\frac{\pi_1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma_1} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_2 - \mu_1)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right) + \frac{\pi_2}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma_2} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_2 - \mu_2)^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{0.433}{3.79}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{(10-3.07)^2}{2 \times 14.38}\right)}{\left(\frac{0.433}{3.79}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{(10-3.07)^2}{2 \times 14.38}\right) + \left(\frac{0.567}{4.92}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{(10-15.88)^2}{2 \times 24.3}\right)}$$

$$= \cancel{0.272}$$

$$= 0.2727$$

$$(iv) r_{22} = 1 - r_{21} = 1 - 0.2727 = 0.7273$$



$$(v) \quad r_{31} = \frac{\pi_1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

$$(v) \quad r_{31} = \frac{\pi_1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma_1} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_3 - \mu_1)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right) + \frac{\pi_2}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma_2} \exp\left(-\frac{(x_3 - \mu_2)^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{0.433}{0.79}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{(20 - 3.07)^2}{2 \times 14.38}\right)}{\left(\frac{0.433}{0.79}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{(20 - 3.07)^2}{2 \times 14.38}\right) + \left(\frac{0.567}{4.92}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{(20 - 15.88)^2}{2 \times 24.3}\right)}$$

$$= 6.6 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$(vi) \quad r_{32} = 1 - r_{31} = 1 - 6.6 \times 10^{-5} = 0.999934$$

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} 0.987 & 0.013 \\ 0.2727 & 0.7273 \\ 6.6 \times 10^{-5} & 0.999934 \end{bmatrix}$$

Rank: 67

Test accuracy: 0.66600