1 intereship - MS Adobe - last Stack SLACK / NA

1. PSP (Problem Solving Percentage) - Solved Assignment Problems / Total Open Assignment Problems

- There are two types of section Assignment and Additional. Assignment section consists of implementation of the problems done in class. PSP is calculated based on only Assignment Problems.
- Additional Problems are slight modifications of assignment problem, they are not part of PSP but once you're done with assignment, we highly recommend to complete additional problems as well.
 Try to keep PSP least 85% no matter what. It shall really help you to stay focused and we have seen in the past that people with >= 85%, do well in Interviews.

- Try to maintain at-least 75% attendance either through live classes or by watching recording.
- Though I will recommend you to come to classes regularly because otherwise it may create backlogs.
- So, I expect all of you to attend live classes and if for any reason you are unable to, then please send me a message stating the reason.

DSA - Intermediate - Advanced

- Introduction to Problem Solving
- Time Complexity
- Introduction to Arrays
- Prefix Sum
- Carry Forward
- Subarrays
- 2D Matrices
- Sorting Basics
- Hashing Basics
- Strings Basics
- Bit Manipulation Basics
- Interview Problems
- Contest [covers Full Intermediate DSA]

Lectuse

FAQs:

- Notes will be uploaded after the class.
- Assignments will be unlocked after the class ends.
- There is no deadline for assignments.
- If asking a question, ask in public chat.
- If answering a question, answer in private chat.

- 1. Count the Factors
- 2. Optimisation for counting the Factors
- 3. Check if a number is Prime
- 4. Sum of N Natural Numbers
- 5. Definition of AP & GP
- 6. How to find the number of a times a piece of code runs, i.e, number of Iterations.
- 7. How to compare two Algorithms.

what is a factor?

if
$$N \cdot 1 = 0$$

2 is a factor of 10

10 1.2 = 0

Factors of 24 cnt = 8

 $\rightarrow 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24$

function countfactors (N) < 1 IN

int cnt =0

for i=1 till N <

if (N), i==0)

cnt++

return cnt;

Ontine Platform
109 obs/sec

1 ans > 108 iterations in

 $10^{18} : Ex \rightarrow \frac{10^{18}}{10^{18}} = 10^{10} scc$ $10^{18} : Ex \rightarrow \frac{10^{18}}{10^{18}} = 10^{10} scc$ $10^{18} : Ex \rightarrow \frac{10^{18}}{10^{18}} = 10^{10} scc$

$$n = 24$$
 $a = 6$
 $a =$

N=24			W=100	
Č	7 , i		į	~);
١	24		1	(00
2 i < N/c 12 < = N.			2	50
3	8	て	4	25
4	6		5	20
6	4	(3 <= N	10	10
8	3	; <=5N	20	5
12	2	C - 010	25	4
24	1		50	2
			001	l

: goes from [], Jii]

function count factors (N) < ? int cut=0 ==1; (<=5%+(N); for i=1 till sqrtcn) & ¥ (07, i==0) € if (i = = 0)(i) i < = 50else cn + + = 2 i < 2 < = 1return unt CUF= 9 x 7 18 10 N=100 N=24 E1 (1,100) +2 i=1 (1,24) 2 (2,50) +2 i=2 (21,2) 3 X (3,8) 4 (4, 25) (4,6) 5 (5,20) [= 5 X +2

cnt=87488 7 X

8 × 9 × +1

N -> 20 iteration de factors for 100)

M iterations Execution time 108 128 71 sec 201 4cars 710s Prime No. > Mo. which has 2
Pactors, I and no itself 10, 11, 23, 2, 25, 27, 3) $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ is 1 Prime? Not prime,

to not composite

write a code to thek Prime

In check Prime (m) 4

if (count Factors (n) ==2)

clse

return false

10:30

// hauss

$$S = 101 \times 100 = 5050$$

Il Generalise - sum of first N natural nos.

$$S = \frac{N(N+1)}{2}$$

N=7 1+2+3+4+5+6+7

$$5 = \frac{N(N+1)}{2} = \frac{7 \times 8^4}{2} = 28$$

Basic Math Properties

17 [a b] - a and b both included 2) (a b) - a and b not included

> Mos. in the range [3,10] Cnt=8 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10

Mos. in range [a,b] = b-a+1

[3 10] 8 10-3+1 12345678910

Iterations -> No. of times a loop rung

[a b] = b-a+1

1=3 ~ [=5 / loop lor(als) > (++;;001=>;,0=;) ref 3=5+1 112 $i \rightarrow E0 1007$ $i \rightarrow 100 - 0 + 1$ $i \rightarrow 100 - 0 + 1$

 $\int_{\mathcal{A}} \int_{\mathcal{A}} \int$ func() <

(ncometric Progression (GP)

5 10 20 40 80

ratio

10/5 20/10 40/20 80/40

=2 =2 =2

a ar ar ar ar ar

Sum of first n terms of up $\frac{a(s^{n}-1)}{s-1}$ r!=1

a -> first term

or -> common ratio

or -> no. of terms

eg 5,10,20,40,80 n=5 10/5 29/10 8=2

 $\frac{5(2^{5}-1)}{2-1} = \frac{5 \times (32-1)}{1}$ $= 5 \times 31 = 155$

 $\frac{12}{40}$ $\frac{12}{20}$ $\frac{12}{10}$ $\frac{12}{5}$ $\frac{12}{40}$ $\frac{12}$

Contest > sort array
[3,2,6,8,1] > [1,2,3,6,8]

Chetan Isha

Chetan Isha

15 sec 10 sec 10 sec

(Windows XP) (Macbook Pro)

The Macbook Pro

The Sec Python

The Sec Sec 10 sec

5 SCC

Conclusion

Can't evaluate also performance using execution time -> depends on lot of factors like 05, lang of execution, place etc.

How can be compare 2 also?

- O Revise using notes
- (AW)

(2) Assignment

Slack

(3) Additional

support @ scaler, com

8 8 8 8 5 × 8 = 40

Aug - 23 - Intermediate - 2

Mail: apurva .aggarunt_1@scalu.com

WA: 964343 8123

Doubts