```
Gradient Descent
```

```
For each epoch
For each batch:
Calculate dw, db
w = w - alpha * dw
b = b - alpha * db
```

## **Exponential Moving Averages**

```
V_0 = 0

V1 = β*V0 + (1-β)*Θ1 [Current observation at time 1] [β=0.9]

V2 = β*V1 + (1-β)*Θ2 [Current observation at time 2]

Vt = β*Vt-1 + (1-β)*Θt[Current observation at time t]

Generalised form

V = β*V + (1-β)*Θ

where Θ1, Θ2, Θ3 ... are observations at time t=1,2,3
```

## **Gradient Descent (mini-batch) with Momentum (SGD - Minibatch)**

For each batch: Compute dw, db

Vdw = 
$$\beta$$
\*Vdw +  $(1-\beta)$ \*dw  
Vdb =  $\beta$ \*Vdb +  $(1-\beta)$ \*db  
w = w - alpha \* Vdw [ alpha = Learning rate]  
b = b - alpha \* Vdb

## **Root Mean Square Propagation (RMSProp)**

```
Sdw = \beta 2*Sdw + (1-\beta 2)*dw^2

Sdb = \beta 2*Sdb + (1-\beta 2)*db^2

w = w - alpha * dw/sqrt(Sdw + epsilon)

b = b - alpha * db/sqrt(Sdb + epsilon)

Epsilon = small value to prevent division by 0. Normally 10^(-8)
```

## **Adaptive Moment with Estimation (Adam)**

```
For each batch:

Vdw = \beta 1^*Vdw + (1-\beta 1)^*dw
Vdw = Vdw/(1-\beta 1^t)
Vdb = \beta 1^*Vdb + (1-\beta 1)^*db
Vdb = Vdb/(1-\beta 1^t)
Sdw = \beta 2^*Sdw + (1-\beta 2)^*dw^2
Sdw = Sdw/(1-\beta 2^t)
Sdb = \beta 2^*Sdb + (1-\beta 2)^*db^2
```

```
Sdb = Sdb/(1-\beta 2^t)
```

w = w - alpha \* Vdw/[sqrt(Sdw)+Epsilon]
b = b - alpha \* Vdb/[sqrt(Sdb)+Epsilon]

 $\beta 1 = 0.9$   $\beta 2 = 0.999$ Epsilon =  $10^{-8}$