The exercise is designed for you to show off your ability to design and execute a module e2e, understand your coding style, and test your coding skills.

## Introduction

We're developing a network scanner that can scan a whole network. The scanner gets a (wide) range of IP addresses and can handle the load of concurrent scans.

The system's architecture is built as distributed nodes located around the world. Each node listens to a queue. Each message in the queue contains an IP address to scan. The node scans the IP address and sends the result to the results queue.

## Specification

Your job is to implement a simplified scan node. For every IP, the scanner will:

- 1. check to see if there's a live host on that IP
- 2. for each port in ScanRequest.ports, test to see if the port is open.
- 3. for each open port, determine if the service' protocol on that port is HTTP or not.
- 4. push the result to the response queue.

## **Messages Structure:**

The Request message structure is as follows:

```
from typing import Protocol, List, Optional

class ScanRequest(Protocol):
    id: int #same as in the request
    ipv4: str
    ports: List[int]
```

The Result should fit in the following schema:

```
class ScanResult(Protocol):
    id: int
    is_alive: bool
    ports: List[PortResult]

class PortResult(Protocol):
    port: int
    is_open: bool
    is http: Optional[bool]
```

You can assume the queue implementation is given to you. Call the get(message: ScanRequest) function to receive the next message from the queue, and send(message: ScanResult) to push the scan result to the results queue. The rest of the implementation is up to you!

## Some guidance:

- 1.Plan for maximum performance. assume your node can use all the machine's resources. Don't leave a CPU cycle as NOP;).
- 2. Test your code! create a mock queue and a backlog of messages, send them to your node and fetch the result. Show that your node is working as planned. Bonus: time how many IPs/sec your implementations can do.

Have Fun!