

Suppose X, Y are univariate R.V. sampled uniformly from $[0, 1]$.

Now for a uniformly distributed R.V. from $[a, b]$

$$p_x = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a} & a \leq x \leq b \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x p_x dx = \int_a^b \frac{x}{(b-a)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{x^2}{b-a} \right]_a^b$$

$$= \frac{b^2 - a^2}{2(b-a)} = \frac{b+a}{2} = \frac{a+b}{2}$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = E[(X-\mu)^2] = E[X^2] - \mu^2$$

$$E[X^2] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 p_x dx = \int_a^b \frac{x^2}{(b-a)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \frac{b^3 - a^3}{b-a} = \frac{a^2 + b^2 + ab}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \text{Var}(X) &= \frac{a^2 + b^2 + ab}{3} - \frac{a^2 + b^2 + 2ab}{4} \\ &= \frac{a^2 + b^2 - 2ab}{4} = \frac{(b-a)^2}{4} \end{aligned}$$

Now in Our Case $a=0$ $b=1$

$$\Rightarrow E[X] = E[Y] = \frac{1}{2}, \text{ Var}(X) = \text{Var}(Y) = \frac{1}{12}$$

Now there is a R.V. $Z = (X-Y)^2$

We need to find $E[Z]$, $\text{Var}(Z)$

$$E[Z] = E[(X-Y)^2] = E[X^2 + Y^2 - 2XY]$$

$$= E[X^2] + E[Y^2] - 2E[X]E[Y]$$

↳ As X and Y are
independently
sampled

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - 2 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$E[Z^2] = E[(X-Y)^4]$$

$$= E[X^4] - 4E[X^3]E[Y] + 6E[X^2]E[Y^2] - 4E[X]E[Y^3] + E[Y^4]$$

So we need to find $E[X^3]$, $E[X^4]$

$$E[X^3] = \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{x^4}{b-a} \right]_a^b = \frac{(a+b)(b^2+a^2)}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$E[X^4] = \frac{1}{5} \left[\frac{x^5}{b-a} \right]_a^b = \frac{(b-a)(a^4 + a^3b + a^2b^2 + ab^3 + b^4)}{5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow E[Z^2] = \frac{1}{5} - 4 \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} + 6 \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} - 4 \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} - 1 + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{1}{15}$$

$$\text{Var}(Z) = E[Z^2] - \mu_z^2 = \frac{1}{15} - \frac{1}{36} = \frac{7}{180}$$

Now Suppose we have dimensions from 1, 2 . . . d

We define $S = Z_1 + Z_2 + \dots + Z_d$

$$E[S] = E[Z_1] + E[Z_2] + \dots + E[Z_d]$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} [1 + 1 + \dots + 1]$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_d$

$$= \frac{d}{6}$$

$$\text{Var}(S) = E[S^2] - \left(\frac{d}{6}\right)^2$$

$$E[S^2] = E[(Z_1 + Z_2 + Z_3 + \dots + Z_d)^2]$$

$$= E[\underbrace{Z_1^2 + \dots + Z_d^2}_{d \text{ terms}} + \underbrace{2Z_1Z_2 + \dots}_{\frac{d(d-1)}{2} \text{ terms}}]$$

$$= d E(Z^2) + d(d-1) (E[Z]^2)$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1 & \dots & 1 & & d^2 & 1 & & 12 & & 7-1 \end{matrix}$$

$$= d \times \frac{1}{15} + \frac{d^2 - d}{36} = \frac{d^2}{36} + \frac{7d}{180}$$

$$\text{Var}(S) = \frac{\cancel{d^2}}{36} + \frac{7d}{180} - \frac{\cancel{d^2}}{36} = \frac{7d}{180}$$