Code Listings

Implementing the metric matrix and its inverse

 $\{1, 4\}$], $\{i, 1, 4\}$, $\{j, 1, 4\}$, $\{k, 1, 4\}$]];

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\begin{split} & \Sigma[x_-, y_-] := x^2 + a^2 Cos[y]^2; \\ & \Delta[x_-] := x^2 - 2 \text{ m } x + a^2; \\ & g[x_-, y_-] := \left\{ \left\{ 1 - (2 \text{ m } x) / \Sigma[x, y], \left( 2 \text{ a m } x \text{ Sin} \left[ y \right]^2 \right) / \Sigma[x, y], \theta, \theta \right\}, \\ & \left\{ \left( 2 \text{ a m } x \text{ Sin} \left[ y \right]^2 \right) / \Sigma[x, y], - \left( \Delta[x] + \left( 2 \text{ m } x \left( x^2 + a^2 \right) \right) / \Sigma[x, y] \right) \text{ Sin} \left[ y \right]^2, \theta, \theta \right\}, \\ & \{ \theta, \theta, -\Sigma[x, y] / \Delta[x], \theta \}, \{ \theta, \theta, \theta, -\Sigma[x, y] \right\} \\ & \text{ginverse}[x_-, y_-] := \text{Simplify}[\text{Inverse}[g[x, y]]] \\ & \underline{\text{Effective Potential}} \\ & V[x_-, y_-, \text{En}_-, \text{Lz}_-] := \left( g[x, y] \left[ [2, 2] \right] \text{En}^2 + 2 g[x, y] \left[ [1, 2] \right] \text{En} \text{Lz} + g[x, y] \left[ [1, 1] \right] \text{Lz}^2 \right) / \\ & \left( g[x, y] \left[ [1, 1] \right] \times g[x, y] \left[ [2, 2] \right] - g[x, y] \left[ [1, 2] \right]^2 \right) - 1; \\ & V[x, \pi / 2, \theta. 97, 4] \\ & \text{Plot}[V[x, \pi / 2, \theta. 97, 4], \{ x, \theta, 3\theta \}] \\ & \text{Solve}[V[x, \pi / 2, \theta. 97, 4] := \theta, x] \\ & \underline{\text{Christoffel Symbols}} \\ & \Gamma[t_-, \phi_-, r_-, \theta_-] := \text{Simplify}[ \\ & \text{Table}[(1/2) \text{Sum}[\text{ginverse}[r, \theta][[i, 1]]) \left( \text{D}[g[r, \theta][[j, 1]], \{ t, \phi, r, \theta \}[[k]] \right) + \\ \end{aligned}
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 $D[g[r, \theta][[k, 1]], \{t, \phi, r, \theta\}[[j]]] - D[g[r, \theta][[j, k]], \{t, \phi, r, \theta\}[[1]]])$

Numerical Solutions of Geodesic Equations

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ln[-] := \alpha = 0; \beta = 10000;
       Sol[r0_, \theta0_, R0_, En_, Lz_] :=
          NDSolve \Big[ \Big\{ D[t[\tau], \tau] =: T[\tau], D[\phi[\tau], \tau] =: \Phi[\tau], D[r[\tau], \tau] =: R[\tau], D[\theta[\tau], \tau] =: \Theta[\tau], A[\tau] \Big\} \Big] \Big]
              D[T[\tau], \tau] = -Sum[Sum[\Gamma[t[\tau], \phi[\tau], r[\tau], \theta[\tau]][[1, j, k]]]
                       \{T[\tau], \Phi[\tau], R[\tau], \Theta[\tau]\}[[j]] \{T[\tau], \Phi[\tau], R[\tau], \Theta[\tau]\}[[k]], \{j, 4\}], \{k, 4\}],
              \mathsf{D}[\Phi[\tau],\,\tau] = -\mathsf{Sum}[\mathsf{Sum}[\Gamma[\mathsf{t}[\tau],\,\phi[\tau],\,\mathsf{r}[\tau],\,\theta[\tau]][[2,\,\mathbf{j},\,\mathsf{k}]]
                       \{T[\tau], \Phi[\tau], R[\tau], \Theta[\tau]\}[[j]] \{T[\tau], \Phi[\tau], R[\tau], \Theta[\tau]\}[[k]], \{j, 4\}], \{k, 4\}],
              D[R[\tau], \tau] = -Sum[Sum[\Gamma[t[\tau], \phi[\tau], r[\tau], \theta[\tau]][[3, j, k]]]
                       \{T[\tau], \Phi[\tau], R[\tau], \Theta[\tau]\}[[j]] \{T[\tau], \Phi[\tau], R[\tau], \Theta[\tau]\}[[k]], \{j, 4\}], \{k, 4\}],
              D[\Theta[\tau], \tau] = -Sum[Sum[\Gamma[t[\tau], \phi[\tau], r[\tau], \theta[\tau]][[4, j, k]]]
                       \{T[\tau], \Phi[\tau], R[\tau], \Theta[\tau]\}[[j]] \{T[\tau], \Phi[\tau], R[\tau], \Theta[\tau]\}[[k]], \{j, 4\}], \{k, 4\}],
              t[\alpha] = 0, \phi[\alpha] = 0, r[\alpha] = r0, \theta[\alpha] = \theta0, T[\alpha] = \theta
                (g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[2, 2]] En + g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[1, 2]] Lz) /
                  (g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[1, 1]] \times g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[2, 2]] - (g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[1, 2]])^2),
              \Phi[\alpha] = -(g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[1, 2]] \text{ En } + g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[1, 1]] \text{ Lz}) /
                  (g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[1, 1]] \times g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[2, 2]] - (g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[1, 2]])^2),
              R[\alpha] = R0
              \Theta[\alpha] = Sqrt
                  \left(-V[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha], En, Lz] - g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[3, 3]] (R[\alpha])^{2}\right) / g[r[\alpha], \theta[\alpha]][[4, 4]]\right]
            \{t, \phi, r, \theta, T, \Phi, R, \Theta\}, \{\tau, \alpha, \beta\};
       S1 = Sol[9, \pi/2, 0, 0.95, 3]; S2 = Sol[12, \pi/2, 0, 0.95, 3];
       S3 = Sol[14, \pi / 2, 0, 0.95, 3];
       Plots of Solutions
       t1 = Evaluate[t[τ] /. S1];
       \phi 1 = Evaluate [\phi[\tau] /. S1]; r1 = Evaluate [r[\tau] /. S1]; \theta 1 = Evaluate [\theta[\tau] /. S1];
       T1 = Evaluate [T[\tau] /. S1];
       \Phi 1 = \text{Evaluate}[\Phi[\tau] /. S1]; R1 = \text{Evaluate}[R[\tau] /. S1]; \Theta 1 = \text{Evaluate}[\Theta[\tau] /. S1];
       t2 = Evaluate[t[τ] /. S2];
       \phi2 = Evaluate[\phi[\tau] /. S2]; r2 = Evaluate[r[\tau] /. S2]; \theta2 = Evaluate[\theta[\tau] /. S2];
       T2 = Evaluate[T[\tau] /. S2];
       \Phi 2 = Evaluate[\Phi[\tau] /. S2]; R2 = Evaluate[R[\tau] /. S2]; \Theta 2 = Evaluate[\Theta[\tau] /. S2];
       t3 = Evaluate[t[\tau] /. S3];
       \phi3 = Evaluate[\phi[\tau] /. S3]; r3 = Evaluate[r[\tau] /. S3]; \theta3 = Evaluate[\theta[\tau] /. S3];
       T3 = Evaluate[T[τ] /. S3];
       \Phi 3 = \text{Evaluate}[\Phi[\tau] /. S3]; R3 = \text{Evaluate}[R[\tau] /. S3]; \Theta 3 = \text{Evaluate}[\Theta[\tau] /. S3];
       Plot [\{t1, t2, t3\}, \{\tau, \alpha, \beta\}]
       Plot[\{\phi 1, \phi 2, \phi 3\}, \{\tau, \alpha, \beta\}]
       Plot[\{r1, r2, r3\}, \{\tau, \alpha, \beta\}]
       Plot[\{\theta 1, \theta 2, \theta 3\}, \{\tau, \alpha, \beta\}]
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Numerical Errors

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Plot[{Evaluate[\Phi[\tau] /. S2] × g[Evaluate[r[\tau] /. S2], Evaluate[\theta[\tau] /. S2]][[1, 2]] +
            Evaluate[T[\tau] /. S2] × g[Evaluate[r[\tau] /. S2], Evaluate[\theta[\tau] /. S2]][[1,
           1]] - En\}, {\tau, \alpha, \beta}]
       Plot[
         \{-(\text{Evaluate}[\Phi[\tau] /. S2] \times g[\text{Evaluate}[r[\tau] /. S2], \text{ Evaluate}[\theta[\tau] /. S2]][[2, 2]]) +
          Evaluate[T[\tau] /. S2] (-g[Evaluate[r[\tau] /. S2], Evaluate[\theta[\tau] /. S2]][[1, 2]]) - Lz},
         \{\tau, \alpha, \beta\}
       Plot[{Evaluate[R[\tau] /. S2]^2 * g[Evaluate[r[\tau] /. S2], Evaluate[\theta[\tau] /. S2]][[3, 3]] +
            Evaluate [\Theta[\tau] /. S2]^2×
           g[Evaluate[r[\tau] /. S2], Evaluate[\theta[\tau] /. S2]][[4, 4]] +
           V[Evaluate[r[\tau] /. S2], Evaluate[\theta[\tau] /. S2], En, Lz]}, {\tau, \alpha, \beta}]
       Poincare Maps
       Lr = List[]; LR = List[];
       Do[root = FindRoot[Evaluate[\theta[\tau] /. S3] == \pi / 2, {\tau, 100 i}];
        rval = Evaluate[r[\tau] /. S3] /. root;
        Rval = Evaluate[R[\tau] /. S3] /. root;
        \Thetaval = Evaluate[\Theta[\tau] /. S3] /. root;
        If[@val[[1]] > 0, Lr = Append[Lr, rval[[1]]];
          LR = Append[LR, Rval[[1]]]], {i, 1, 95}]
       NumberForm[Lr[[2;; 4]], 3];
       NumberForm[Lr[[-3;;]], 3];
       NumberForm[LR[[2;; 4]], 3];
       NumberForm[LR[[-3;;]], 3];
       data = Transpose@{Lr, LR};
       ListPlot[data]
       Conservation of O
\ln[21] = Q = (a \operatorname{EnSin}[\theta] - \operatorname{Lz}\operatorname{Csc}[\theta])^2 + (r^2 + a^2 \operatorname{Cos}[\theta]^2)^2 (\Theta)^2 + \delta a^2 \operatorname{Cos}[\theta]^2
ln[23]:= Qtheta = D[Q, \theta]
ln[24]:= \mathbf{Qr} = \mathbf{D}[\mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{r}]
ln[25]:= QTheta = D[Q, \Theta]
In[26]:= DDtheta =
         -Sum[Sum[\Gamma[t,\phi,r,\theta][[4,j,k]]\ \{T,\Phi,R,\theta\}[[j]]\ \{T,\Phi,R,\Theta\}[[k]],\{j,4\}],\{k,4\}]
| ln[27]:= DerQ = Simplify Qtheta Θ + Qr R + QTheta DDtheta /.
            \left\{ R^2 \to \left( 1 - g[r, \theta] [[1, 1]] T^2 - 2g[r, \theta] [[1, 2]] T \Phi - g[r, \theta] [[2, 2]] \Phi^2 - g[r, \theta] [[4, 4]] \Theta^2 \right) \right\}
                g[r, \theta][[3, 3]],
             \mathsf{Lz} \to -\mathsf{g}[\mathsf{r},\,\theta]\,[\,[1,\,2]\,]\,\,\mathsf{T}\,-\mathsf{g}[\mathsf{r},\,\theta]\,[\,[2,\,2]\,]\,\,\bar{\Phi},\,\,\mathsf{En}\,\to\,\mathsf{g}[\mathsf{r},\,\theta]\,[\,[1,\,1]\,]\,\,\mathsf{T}\,+\mathsf{g}[\mathsf{r},\,\theta]\,[\,[1,\,2]\,]\,\,\bar{\Phi}\,\big\}\,\Big]
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