CS 156a Problem Set 8

Amitesh Pandey

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Primal versus Dual Problem

Problem 1

Recall that the formulation is

$$\min\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{w}\right)$$

subject to $y_n(\mathbf{w}^Tx_n + b) \ge 1$, $\forall n$. The components of \mathbf{w} and the bias b compose of all the variables in this problem. Thus it is a d+1 variable quadratic programming problem. Option **[d]** is correct.

Note: Code for all following problems is attached at the end.

Polynomial Kernels

Problem 2

We can see that with $E_{\rm in}=$ 0.11, **[a]**, 0 versus all, has the highest $E_{\rm in}$.

Problem 3

We can see that with $E_{in} = 0.021$, [a], 1 versus all, has the highest E_{in} .

Problem 4

We can see that 0 versus all has a vector size of 2179, whereas 1 versus all has a vector size of 386, so 2179 - 386 = 1793, which is closest to option [c].

Problem 5

We can see that the maximum C=1 achieves the lowest $E_{in}=0.0032$, so option [d] is correct.

Problem 6

At C = 0.001, Q = 2 has a support vector of size 76 and Q = 5 has a vector of size 25, so [b] is correct.

Cross Validation

Problem 7

Out of the $100 \times 10 = 1000$ folds, we can see that C = 0.001 was selected the most times, by having the lowest error 526 times. So **[b]** is correct.

Problem 8

We get the error for C = 0.001 as 0.0047, closest to 0.005 so [c] is correct.

RBF Kernel

Problem 9

With $E_{in}=0.006$, it was $C=10^6$ that achieved the lowest E_{in} . So option [e] is correct.

Problem 10

With $E_{\text{out}} = 0.018$, it was C = 100 that achieved the lowest E_{out} . So option [c] is correct.

Problems 2-10

```
[161]: import numpy as np
      from sklearn import svm, model_selection
      from sklearn.model_selection import RepeatedStratifiedKFold
 [9]: train_data = np.loadtxt('features.train')
      test_data = np.loadtxt('features.test')
[152]: x_train = train_data[:,1:]
      y_train = train_data[:,0]
      x_test = test_data[:,1:]
      y_test = test_data[:,0]
[24]: def binarize(posClass, yvals):
          return np.array([1 if classval == posClass else -1 for classval in yvals])
[163]: C, Q = [0.01, 2]
      avg_vec_size = 0
      for classval in range(10):
          binary_y_train = binarize(classval, y_train)
          binary_y_test = binarize(classval, y_test)
          model = svm.SVC(kernel='poly', C=C, degree=Q, gamma=1.0, coef0=1.0)
          model.fit(x_train, binary_y_train)
          print('-'*25, end = '\n')
          print('Classifier: ' + str(classval) + ' versus all')
          print('Ein: ' + str(1 - model.score(x_test, binary_y_test)))
          print('Support vector size: ' + str(sum(model.n_support_)))
     Classifier: 0 versus all
     Ein: 0.11160936721474835
     Support vector size: 2179
      _____
     Classifier: 1 versus all
     Ein: 0.0219232685600399
     Support vector size: 386
      -----
     Classifier: 2 versus all
     Ein: 0.09865470852017932
     Support vector size: 1970
      _____
     Classifier: 3 versus all
     Ein: 0.08271051320378675
     Support vector size: 1964
      _____
     Classifier: 4 versus all
```

```
Ein: 0.09965122072745392
     Support vector size: 1856
      _____
     Classifier: 5 versus all
     Ein: 0.07972097658196309
     Support vector size: 1585
     Classifier: 6 versus all
     Ein: 0.08470353761833582
     Support vector size: 1893
      _____
     Classifier: 7 versus all
     Ein: 0.07324364723467858
     Support vector size: 1704
      _____
     Classifier: 8 versus all
     Ein: 0.08271051320378675
     Support vector size: 1776
      _____
     Classifier: 9 versus all
     Ein: 0.08819133034379667
     Support vector size: 1978
[30]: print(2179 - 386)
     1793
[153]: def retain_classes(xvals, yvals, classOne, classTwo):
          idxs = []
          for i in range(yvals.shape[0]):
              if yvals[i] not in [classOne, classTwo]:
                  idxs.append(i)
          new_y_vals = np.delete(yvals, idxs)
          new_x_vals = np.delete(xvals, idxs, 0)
          return (new_x_vals, new_y_vals)
[165]: Q = 2
      Cvals = [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1]
      for C in Cvals:
          x_train_1v5, y_train_1v5 = retain_classes(x_train, y_train, 1, 5)
          x_test_1v5, y_test_1v5 = retain_classes(x_test, y_test, 1, 5)
          model = svm.SVC(kernel='poly', C=C, degree=Q, gamma=1.0, coef0=1.0)
          model.fit(x_train_1v5, y_train_1v5)
          print('-'*25)
          print('For C = ' + str(C), end = '\n')
          print('Support Vector Size: ' + str(sum(model.n_support_)))
          print('Ein: ' + str(1 - model.score(x_train_1v5, y_train_1v5)))
```

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print('Eout: ' + str(1 - model.score(x_test_1v5, y_test_1v5)))
      For C = 0.001
      Support Vector Size: 76
      Ein: 0.004484304932735439
      Eout: 0.01650943396226412
      _____
      For C = 0.01
      Support Vector Size: 34
      Ein: 0.004484304932735439
      Eout: 0.018867924528301883
      _____
      For C = 0.1
      Support Vector Size: 24
      Ein: 0.004484304932735439
      Eout: 0.018867924528301883
      For C = 1
      Support Vector Size: 24
      Ein: 0.0032030749519538215
      Eout: 0.018867924528301883
[166]: Qvals = [2, 5]
      Cvals = [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1]
      for Q in Qvals:
          for C in Cvals:
              x_train_1v5, y_train_1v5 = retain_classes(x_train, y_train, 1, 5)
              x_test_1v5, y_test_1v5 = retain_classes(x_test, y_test, 1, 5)
              model = svm.SVC(kernel='poly', C=C, degree=Q, gamma=1.0, coef0=1.0)
              model.fit(x_train_1v5, y_train_1v5)
              print('-'*25)
              print('For C = ' + str(C) + ' and Q = ' + str(Q), end = ' \setminus n')
              print('Support Vector Size: ' + str(sum(model.n_support_)))
              print('Ein: ' + str(1 - model.score(x_test_1v5, y_test_1v5)))
      For C = 0.001 and Q = 2
      Support Vector Size: 76
      Ein: 0.01650943396226412
      For C = 0.01 and Q = 2
      Support Vector Size: 34
      Ein: 0.018867924528301883
      -----
      For C = 0.1 and Q = 2
      Support Vector Size: 24
```

```
_____
      For C = 1 and Q = 2
      Support Vector Size: 24
      Ein: 0.018867924528301883
      _____
      For C = 0.001 and Q = 5
      Support Vector Size: 25
      Ein: 0.021226415094339646
      For C = 0.01 and Q = 5
      Support Vector Size: 23
      Ein: 0.021226415094339646
      -----
      For C = 0.1 and Q = 5
      Support Vector Size: 25
      Ein: 0.018867924528301883
      _____
      For C = 1 and Q = 5
      Support Vector Size: 21
      Ein: 0.021226415094339646
[167]: 0 = 2
      rskf = RepeatedStratifiedKFold(n_splits=10, n_repeats=100)
      Cvalss = [0.0001, 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1]
      chosenct = []
      for idxt, idxv in rskf.split(x_train_1v5, y_train_1v5):
          x_train_iter, x_val_iter = x_train_1v5[idxt], x_train_1v5[idxv]
          y_train_iter, y_val_iter = y_train_1v5[idxt], y_train_1v5[idxv]
          mostaccurate = 0
          chosenOne = None
          for C in Cvals:
              model = svm.SVC(kernel='poly', C=C, degree=Q, gamma=1.0, coef0=1.0)
              model.fit(x_train_iter, y_train_iter)
              acc = model.score(x_val_iter, y_val_iter)
              if acc > mostaccurate:
                  mostaccurate = acc
                  chosenOne = C
          chosenct.append(chosenOne)
[117]: for C in Cvals:
          print('C: ' + str(C) + ' was chosen ' + str(chosenct.count(C)) + ' times')
      C: 0.0001 was chosen 364 times
      C: 0.001 was chosen 526 times
      C: 0.01 was chosen 45 times
      C: 0.1 was chosen 25 times
      C: 1 was chosen 40 times
```

Ein: 0.018867924528301883

```
[120]: C = 0.001
      rskf = RepeatedStratifiedKFold(n_splits=10, n_repeats=100)
      model = svm.SVC(kernel='poly', C=C, degree=Q, gamma=1.0, coef0=1.0)
      1 - model_selection.cross_val_score(model, x_train_1v5, y_train_1v5, cv=rskf).
       →mean()
[120]: 0.004753143883717059
[160]: x_train_1v5, y_train_1v5 = retain_classes(x_train, y_train, 1, 5)
      x_test_1v5, y_test_1v5 = retain_classes(x_test, y_test, 1, 5)
      Cvals = [0.01, 1, 100, 10000, 1000000]
      for C in Cvals:
          model = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', C=C, degree=Q, gamma=1.0)
          model.fit(x_train_1v5, y_train_1v5)
          print('-'*25, end = '\n')
          print('C: ' + str(C))
          print('Ein: ' + str(1 - model.score(x_train_1v5, y_train_1v5)))
          print('Eout: ' + str(1 - model.score(x_test_1v5, y_test_1v5)))
      C: 0.01
      Ein: 0.0038436899423446302
      Eout: 0.02358490566037741
      _____
      C: 1
      Ein: 0.004484304932735439
      Eout: 0.021226415094339646
      -----
      C: 100
```

Ein: 0.0032030749519538215 Eout: 0.018867924528301883

C: 10000

Ein: 0.002562459961563124 Eout: 0.02358490566037741

C: 1000000

Ein: 0.0006406149903908087 Eout: 0.02358490566037741