## **Appendix**

```
[125]: import numpy as np
      import math
      from sklearn import svm, model_selection
      from sklearn.model_selection import RepeatedStratifiedKFold
      from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge
      from sklearn.linear_model import RidgeClassifier
      from sklearn.kernel_ridge import KernelRidge
      from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import random
[46]: train_data = np.loadtxt('features_final.train')
      test_data = np.loadtxt('features_final.test')
[47]: | x_train = train_data[:,1:]
      y_train = train_data[:,0]
      x_test = test_data[:,1:]
      y_test = test_data[:,0]
[48]: def transform(xvals, toTransform=False):
          new_x = []
           if not toTransform:
               for row in xvals:
                   x1 = row[0]
                   x2 = row[1]
                   new_x.append(np.asarray([1, x1, x2]))
           else:
               for row in xvals:
                   x1 = row[0]
                   x2 = row[1]
                   new_x.append(np.asarray([1, x1, x2, x1*x2, x1**2, x2**2]))
           return np.asarray(new_x)
[49]: def binarize(posDigit, yvals):
           return np.array([1 if classval == posDigit else -1 for classval in yvals])
[81]: for classval in range(10):
           x_train_bias = transform(x_train)
           x_train_transform = transform(x_train, True)
           x_test_bias = transform(x_test)
           x_test_transform = transform(x_test, True)
           binary_y_train = binarize(classval, y_train)
           binary_y_test = binarize(classval, y_test)
           model = RidgeClassifier(alpha = 1)
```

```
print('-'*25, end = '\n')
    print('Classifier: ' + str(classval) + ' versus all')
    if classval in range(5):
       model.fit(x_train_transform, binary_y_train)
       print('Eout_trans: ' + str(1 - model.score(x_test_transform,__
 →binary_y_test)))
    else:
       model.fit(x_train_bias, binary_y_train)
       print('Ein_bias: ' + str(1 - model.score(x_train_bias, binary_y_train)))
    print()
-----
Classifier: 0 versus all
Eout_trans: 0.10662680617837572
Classifier: 1 versus all
Eout_trans: 0.0219232685600399
_____
Classifier: 2 versus all
Eout_trans: 0.09865470852017932
_____
Classifier: 3 versus all
Eout_trans: 0.08271051320378675
_____
Classifier: 4 versus all
Eout_trans: 0.09965122072745392
-----
Classifier: 5 versus all
Ein_bias: 0.07625840076807022
Classifier: 6 versus all
Ein_bias: 0.09107118365107669
```

Classifier: 7 versus all Ein\_bias: 0.08846523110684401

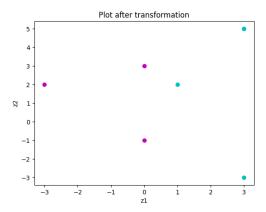
\_\_\_\_\_

Classifier: 8 versus all Ein\_bias: 0.074338225209162 Classifier: 9 versus all Ein\_bias: 0.08832807570977919

```
[88]: always_overfit = True
      always_improves = True
      no_diff = True
      always_worsens = True
      fiveall = 0
      for classval in range(9):
          x_train_bias = transform(x_train)
          x_train_transform = transform(x_train, True)
          x_test_bias = transform(x_test)
          x_test_transform = transform(x_test, True)
          binary_y_train = binarize(classval, y_train)
          binary_y_test = binarize(classval, y_test)
          model = RidgeClassifier(alpha = 1)
          model.fit(x_train_bias, binary_y_train)
          e_in_bias = 1 - model.score(x_train_bias, binary_y_train)
          e_out_bias = 1 - model.score(x_test_bias, binary_y_test)
          model.fit(x_train_transform, binary_y_train)
          e_in_trans = 1 - model.score(x_train_transform, binary_y_train)
          e_out_trans = 1 - model.score(x_test_transform, binary_y_test)
          if e_in_trans > e_out_trans:
              always_overfit = False
          if not(e_out_trans <= 0.95*e_out_bias):</pre>
              always_improves = False
          if e_out_bias != e_out_trans:
              no_diff = False
          if not(e_out_trans >= 1.05*e_out_bias):
              always_worsens = False
          if classval == 5:
              fiveall = 100*(e_out_trans/e_out_bias)
      print('Always Overfits: ', always_overfit)
      print('Always Improves by 5%+: ', always_improves)
      print('Never affects change on out sample error: ', no_diff)
      print('Always worsens by 5%+: ', always_worsens)
      print('For 5 versus all, e_out_transform is ' + str(fiveall) + '% of e_out_bias')
     Always Overfits: False
```

Always Improves by 5%+: False
Never affects change on out sample error: False
Always worsens by 5%+: False
For 5 versus all, e\_out\_transform is 99.375000000001% of e\_out\_bias

```
[74]: x_train_new = np.asarray([x_train[i] for i in range(len(x_train)) if y_train[i]_u
      \rightarrowin [1,5]])
      y_train_p = [y_train[i] for i in range(len(y_train)) if y_train[i] in[1,5]]
      y_train_new = np.asarray([y_train_p[i] if y_train_p[i] == 1 else -1 for i in_
      →range(len(y_train_p))])
      x_test_new = np.asarray([x_test[i] for i in range(len(x_test)) if y_test[i] in_u
      \hookrightarrow[1,5]])
      y_test_p = [y_test[i] for i in range(len(y_test)) if y_test[i] in[1,5]]
      y_test_new = np.asarray([y_test_p[i] if y_test_p[i] == 1 else -1 for i in_
       →range(len(y_test_p))])
      x_train_one = transform(x_train_new)
      x_train_two = transform(x_train_new, True)
      x_test_one = transform(x_test_new)
      x_test_two = transform(x_test_new, True)
[78]: lambdav = [1, 0.01]
      for 1 in lambdav:
          print('-'*25)
          print('At lambda = ' + str(l))
          model = RidgeClassifier(alpha = 1)
          model.fit(x_train_two, y_train_new)
          print('Ein: ' + str(1 - model.score(x_train_two, y_train_new)))
          print('Eout: ' + str(1 - model.score(x_test_two, y_test_new)))
     At lambda = 1
     Ein: 0.005124919923126248
     Eout: 0.02594339622641506
     _____
     At lambda = 0.01
     Ein: 0.004484304932735439
     Eout: 0.028301886792452824
[99]: data = [[(1, 0), -1], [(0, 1), -1], [(0, -1), -1],
           [(-1, 0), 1], [(0, 2), 1], [(0, -2), 1],
           [(-2, 0), 1]
      minus_one = []
      plus_one = []
      for point in data:
          x1, x2 = point[0]
          z1, z2 = [x2**2 - 2*x1 - 1, x1**2 - 2*x2 + 1]
          if point[1] == -1:
              minus_one.append([z1, z2])
```



```
Num support vectors at C = 10e-5: 6

Num support vectors at C = 10e-4: 6

Num support vectors at C = 10e-3: 7

Num support vectors at C = 10e-2: 7

Num support vectors at C = 10e-1: 7

Num support vectors at C = 10e0: 7

Num support vectors at C = 10e1: 5

Num support vectors at C = 10e2: 5

Num support vectors at C = 10e3: 5
```

```
Num support vectors at C = 10e4: 5
      Num support vectors at C = 10e5: 5
      Num support vectors at C = 10e6: 5
      Num support vectors at C = 10e7: 5
      Num support vectors at C = 10e8: 5
      Num support vectors at C = 10e9: 5
[115]: def f(x):
           x_1, x_2 = x
           val = x_2 - x_1 + 0.25*math.sin(math.pi * x_1)
           if val == abs(val):
               return +1
           else:
              return -1
[152]: def generate_data(N):
           dataset_x = []
           dataset_y = []
           for i in range(N):
               x_1 = random.uniform(-1, 1)
               x_2 = random.uniform(-1, 1)
               y = f([x_1, x_2])
               dataset_x.append([x_1, x_2])
               dataset_y.append(y)
           return [dataset_x, dataset_y]
[117]: num_experiments = 1000
      num_inseparable = 0
      for i in range(num_experiments):
           x, y = generate_data(100)
           model = svm.SVC(kernel = 'rbf', C = 100000, gamma = 1.5)
           model.fit(x, y)
           if (1 - model.score(x, y)) != 0:
               num_inseparable += 1
      print('Dataset was inseparable ' + str(100*num_inseparable/num_experiments) + '%_
        Dataset was inseparable 0.0% of the times
[144]: def RBF_REG(x,mu, gamma=1.5):
           return np.exp(-gamma*np.sum((x-mu)**2))
      def RBF_N(xs, ct, gamma):
           z = np.zeros((xs.shape[0], 1+ct.shape[0]))
           z[:,0] = np.ones(xs.shape[0])
           for i in range(ct.shape[0]):
               z[:,i+1] = np.apply_along_axis(RBF_REG, 1, xs, ct[i], gamma)
```

```
return z
       def get_weight(P, PT, 1, y):
           inter = np.matmul(np.linalg.inv(np.matmul(PT, P)
                            + l*np.identity(len(np.matmul(PT, P)))), PT)
           w_final = np.matmul(inter, y)
           return w_final
       def regRBF_N(xs, yn, n_clusters, gamma):
          km = KMeans(n_clusters=n_clusters).fit(xs)
           ct = km.cluster_centers_
           z = RBF_N(xs, ct, gamma=gamma)
           w = get_weight(z, z.T, 0, yn)
           y_pred = np.dot(z, w)
           Ein = np.sum(y_pred*yn < 0)/(1.0*yn.size)
           return Ein, w, ct
[179]: def experiment(num_clusters, gamma=1.5):
           d1 = generate_data(200)
           d2 = generate_data(200)
           xn, yn = np.asarray(d1[0]), np.asarray(d1[1])
           xn_test, yn_test = np.asarray(d2[0]), np.asarray(d2[1])
           Ein_reg, w, centers = regRBF_N(xn, yn, num_clusters, gamma=gamma)
           z_out = RBF_N(xn_test, centers, gamma=gamma)
           y_pred = np.dot(z_out, w)
           Eout_reg = np.sum(y_pred*yn_test < 0)/(200.0)
           model = svm.SVC(kernel = 'rbf', C = 1000000)
           model.fit(xn, yn)
           y_pred_kern = model.predict(xn_test)
           Ein_kern = np.sum(y_pred_kern*yn<0)/(200.0)</pre>
           Eout_kern = np.sum(y_pred_kern*yn_test<0)/(200.0)</pre>
           return Ein_reg, Eout_reg, Ein_kern, Eout_kern
[180]: count = 0
       for i in range(100):
           a, Eout_reg, b, Eout_kern = experiment(num_clusters=9)
           if Eout_reg > Eout_kern:
               count += 1
       print('Kernel beats regular RBF ' + str(count) + '% of the times')
      Kernel beats regular RBF 93% of the times
[181]: count = 0
       for i in range(100):
           a, Eout_reg, b, Eout_kern = experiment(num_clusters=12)
```

if Eout\_reg > Eout\_kern:

count += 1

```
print('Kernel beats regular RBF ' + str(count) + '% of the times')
```

Kernel beats regular RBF 82% of the times

Ein goes up with num\_clusters 17% times Ein goes down with num\_clusters 83% times Eout goes up with num\_clusters 24% times Eout goes down with num\_clusters 76% times

```
[184]: e_intruth = []
    e_outruth = []
    for i in range(100):
        ein9, eout9, _,_ = experiment(9, 1.5)
        ein12, eout12, _,_ = experiment(9, 2)
        e_intruth.append(ein9 < ein12)
        e_outruth.append(eout9 < eout12)
    print('Ein goes up with gamma ' + str(e_intruth.count(True)) +'% times')
    print('Ein goes down with gamma ' + str(e_intruth.count(False)) +'% times')
    print('Eout goes up with gamma ' + str(e_outruth.count(True)) +'% times')
    print('Eout goes down with gamma ' + str(e_outruth.count(False)) +'% times')</pre>
```

Ein goes up with gamma 52% times Ein goes down with gamma 48% times Eout goes up with gamma 58% times Eout goes down with gamma 42% times

```
[188]: ct = 0
for i in range(100):
    ein9, eout9, _,_ = experiment(9, 1.5)
    if ein9 ==0:
        ct += 1
    print('Ein is 0 a total ' + str(ct) +'% times')
```

Ein is 0 a total 0% times