

CAPSTONE PROJECT

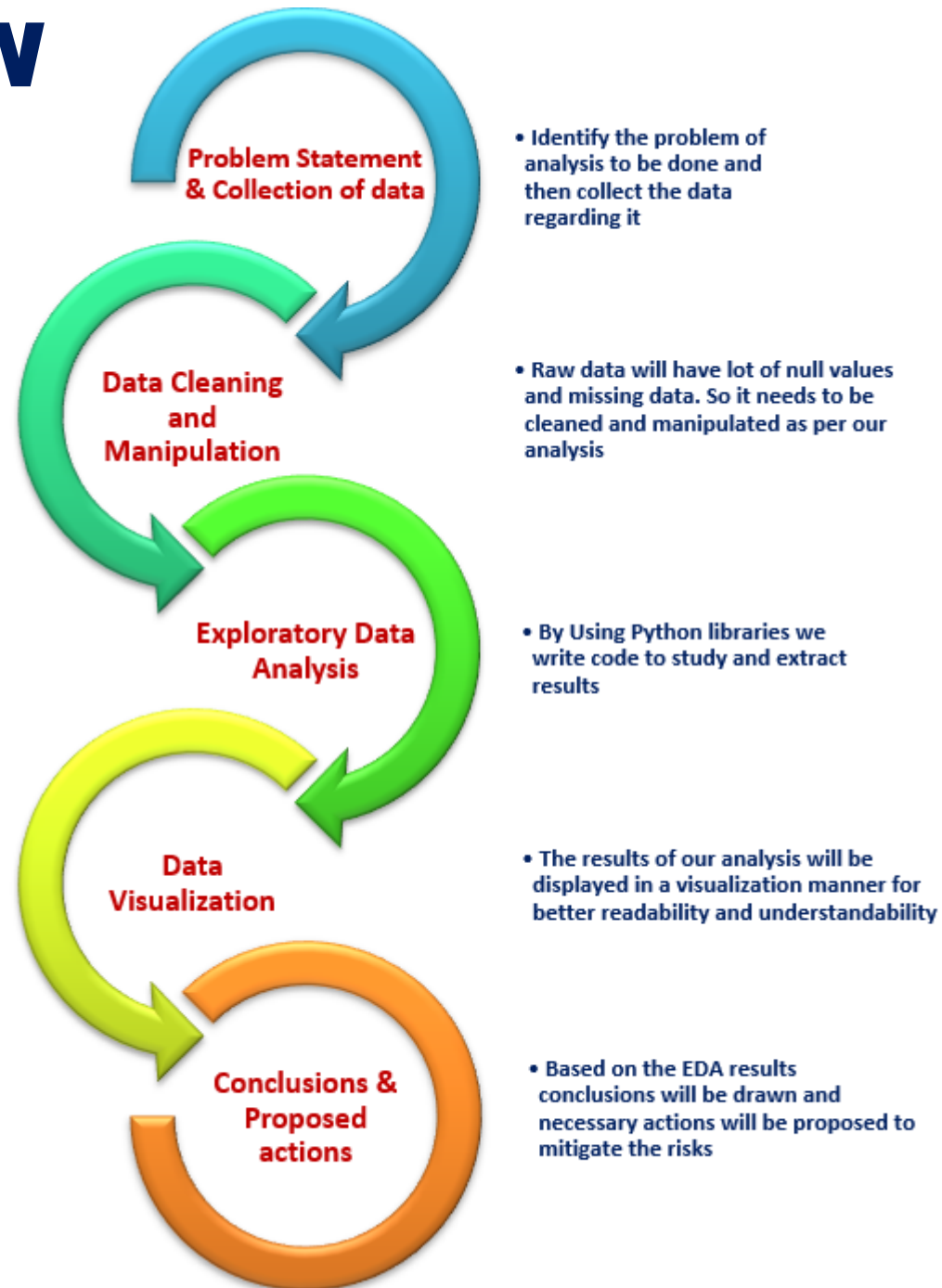
GLOBAL TERRORISM DATASET

(EDA)

INTRODUCTION

We are here to explore a Global terrorism dataset to discover the terrorist attacks across the world. This data set contains Global terrorist attacks information from 1970 to 2017, which includes information such as occurrence of terrorist attack, region, country, state, city, latitude , longitude, Target type, Attack type, Weapon type, Terrorist organization committed, death toll and casualties among other things. We will analyze some important aspects of this Global Terrorism dataset which will help us identify major factors and give us insights to mitigate the terror attacks.

WORK FLOW



For this project we have used this workflow to analyse the Global Terrorism Dataset

DATA INSPECTION & CLEANING



- The Dataset contains 181691 rows and 135 columns.
- There are 106 columns out of 135 columns are having missing values.
- We remove the columns with 85% missing values in the Dataset. After dropping we are left with 47 columns.
- In those 47, We drop some columns which are not useful for our analysis. For instance, country column represent the numerical representation of country, country_txt column represents the name of the country. So, the column 'country' is not useful for our analysis. Likewise other columns are as below that we dropped.
 - 'eventid', 'extended', 'iday', 'country', 'targsubtype1', 'region', 'weaptype1', 'weapsubtype1', 'specificity', 'vicinity', 'crit1', 'crit2', 'crit3', 'doubtterr', 'multiple', 'suicide', 'attacktype1', 'targtype1', 'targsubtype1_txt', 'target1', 'natlty1_txt', 'guncertain1', 'individual', 'weapsubtype1_txt', 'property', 'dbsource', 'INT_LOG', 'INT_IDEO', 'INT_MISC', 'INT_ANY'
- Our Final Dataset will have 181691 rows and 17 columns.

ATTRIBUTE INFORMATION



- **iyear** : The Year in which attacks were happened
- **imonth** : The Month in which attacks were happened
- **country_txt** : Name of the country
- **region_txt** : Name of the Region
- **provstate** : Name of the State
- **city**: Name of the City
- **latitude** : Latitude of the terrorist attacked location
- **longitude** : Longitude of the terrorist attacked location
- **attacktype1_txt** : Attack type of the terrorist attack
- **natlty1** : Indicates victim belongs to which nation
- **success** : (0 or 1) indicates whether attack was failure or success
- **targettype1_txt**: Target type of the terrorist attack
- **gname** : Name of the gang committed the terrorist attack
- **weaptype1_txt**: Type of Weapons used for terrorist attack
- **nkill** : no of people killed during the terrorist attack
- **nwound** : no of people wounded during the terrorist attack
- **Ishostkid**: (0 or 1) Indicates whether hostage is kid or not in the attack

DATA MANIPULATION & HANDLING

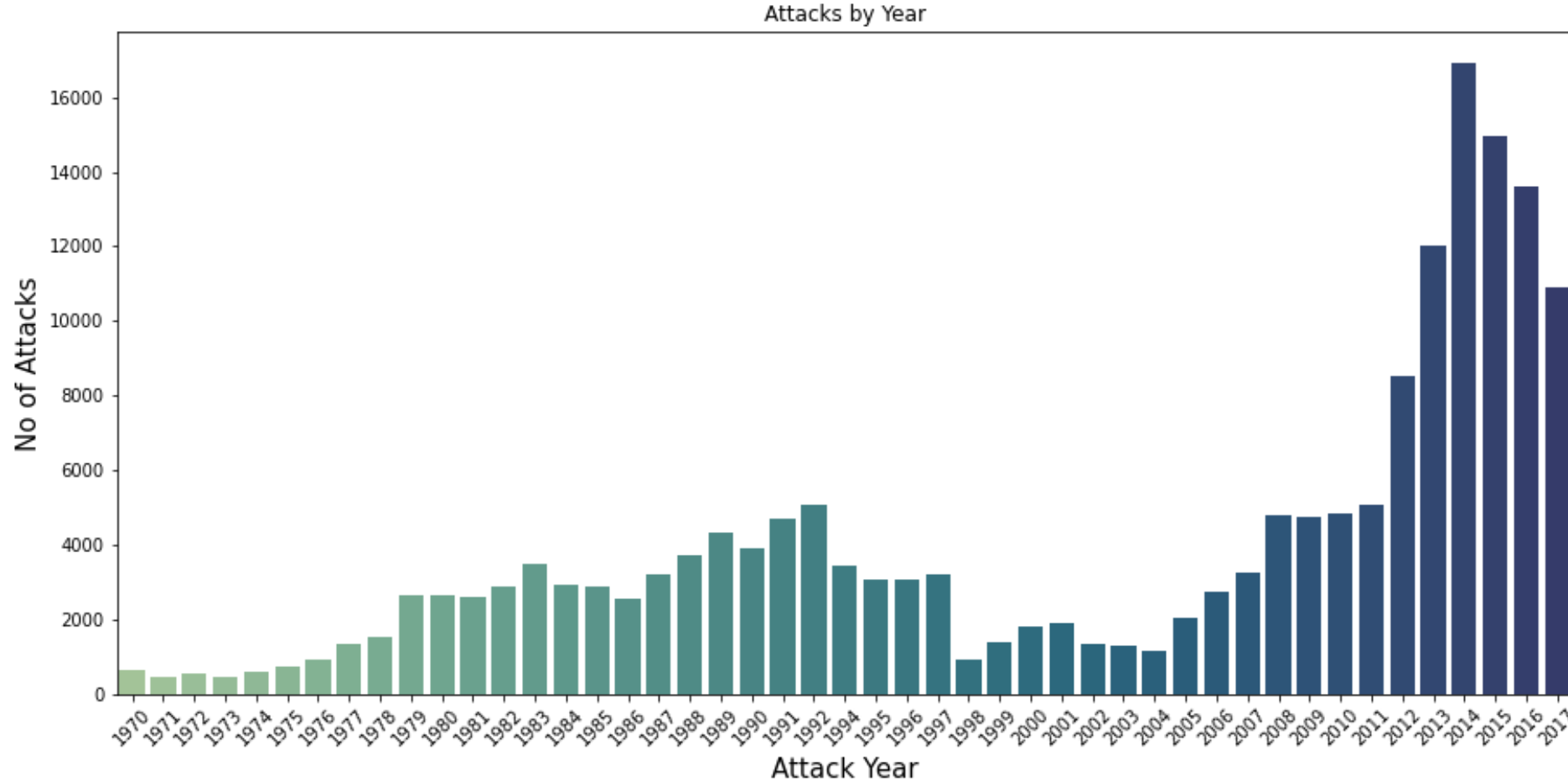
MISSING VALUES



- For the missing values in State, City columns, replaced it with 'Unknown'.
- For the missing values in Target type replaced with 'Others'.
- If number of kills and Wounds are null, then they got replaced by '0'.
- For the missing values in ishostkid column, replaced with '0'.
- Created Victim columns, which is sum of no people killed and wounded.
- Renamed some columns as below for better usability and tracing. They are as follows.
 - 'iyear': 'Year', 'imonth': 'Month', 'country_txt': 'Country', 'region_txt': 'Region', 'provstate': 'State', 'city': 'City', 'attacktype1_txt': 'Attack_type', 'targettype1_txt': 'Target_type', 'targetsubtype1_txt': 'Target_subtype', 'gname': 'Gang_name', 'weaptype1_txt': 'Weapon_Type', 'nkill': 'Kills', 'nwound': 'Wounds'

UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS

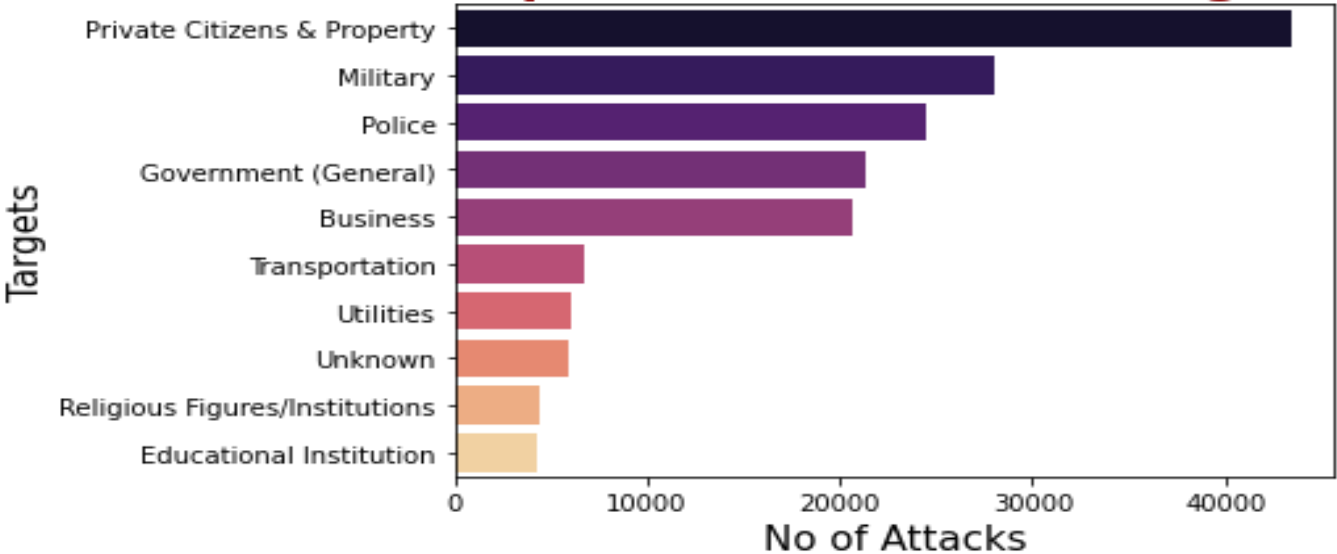
Analysis of Terror attacks year wise:



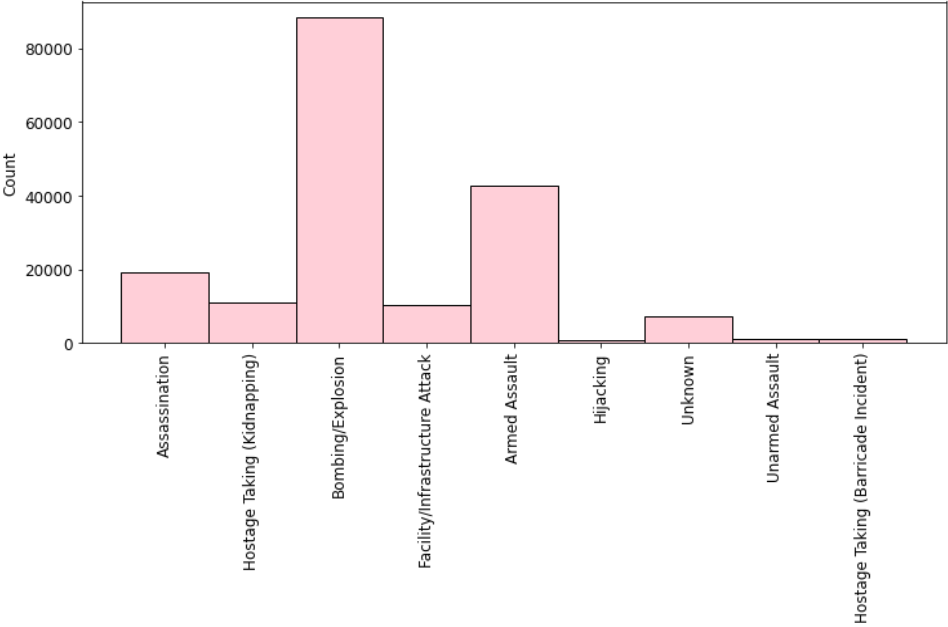
1. Terror attacks were rapidly increasing from the year 2004 to 2014.
2. Last 3 years terror attacks were in decreasing trend

UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS

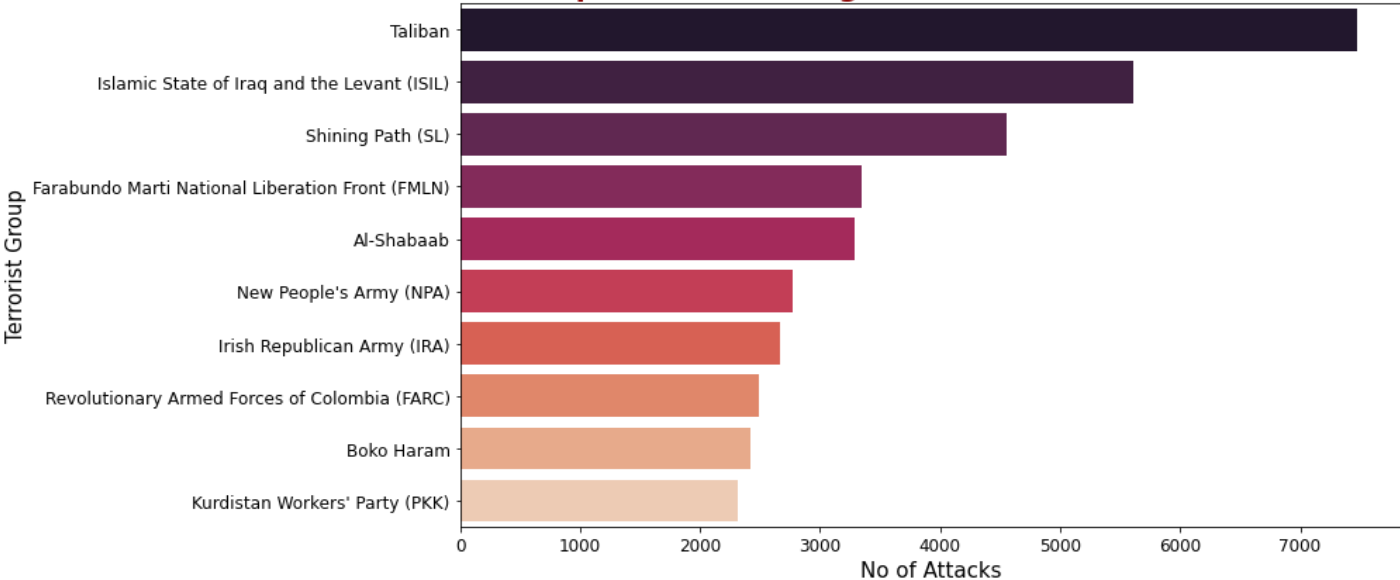
Top 10 most attacked Targets



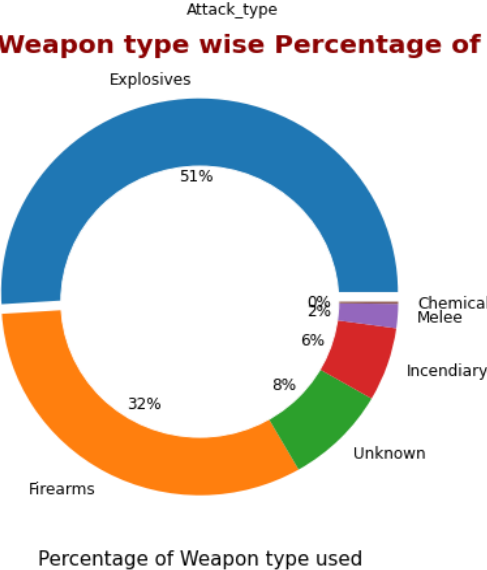
Attack types



Top 10 Terrorist Organizations With most attacks

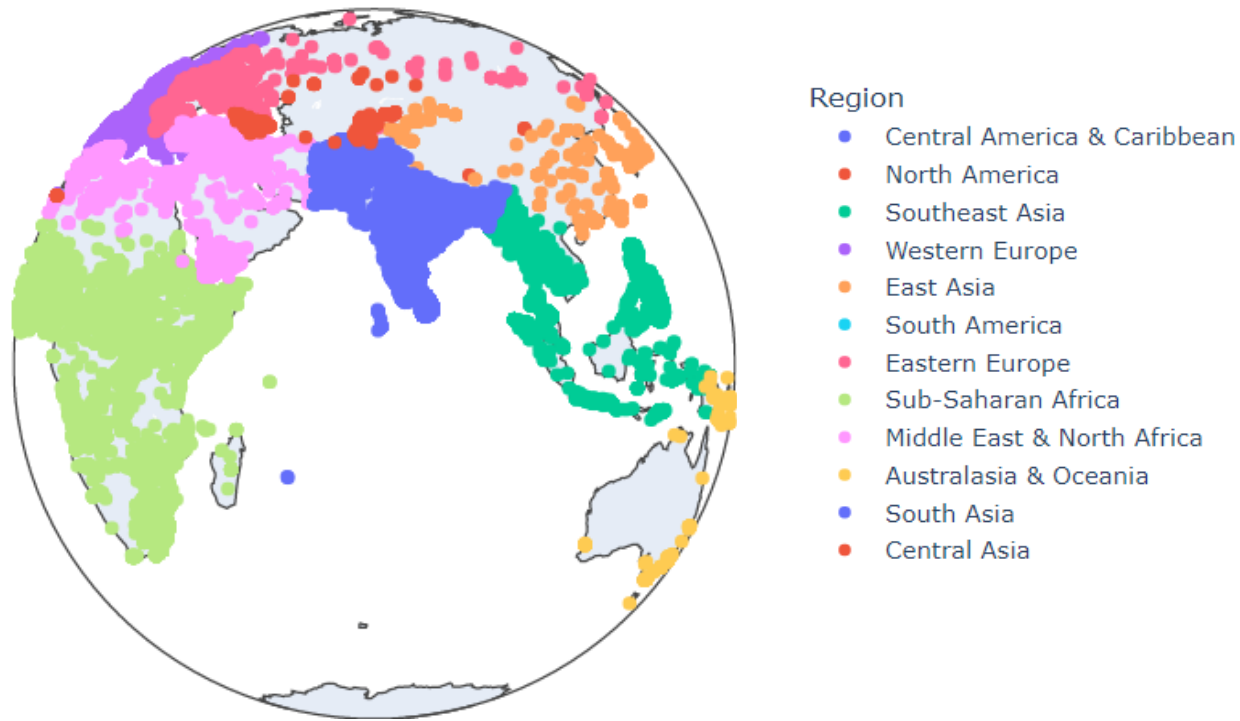


Donut Chart: Weapon type wise Percentage of Attacks

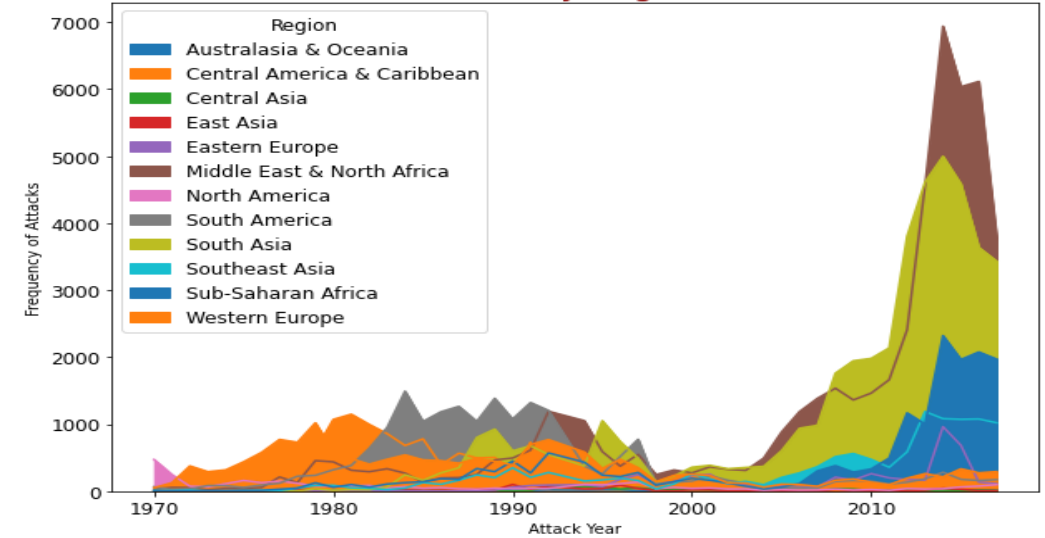


UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS

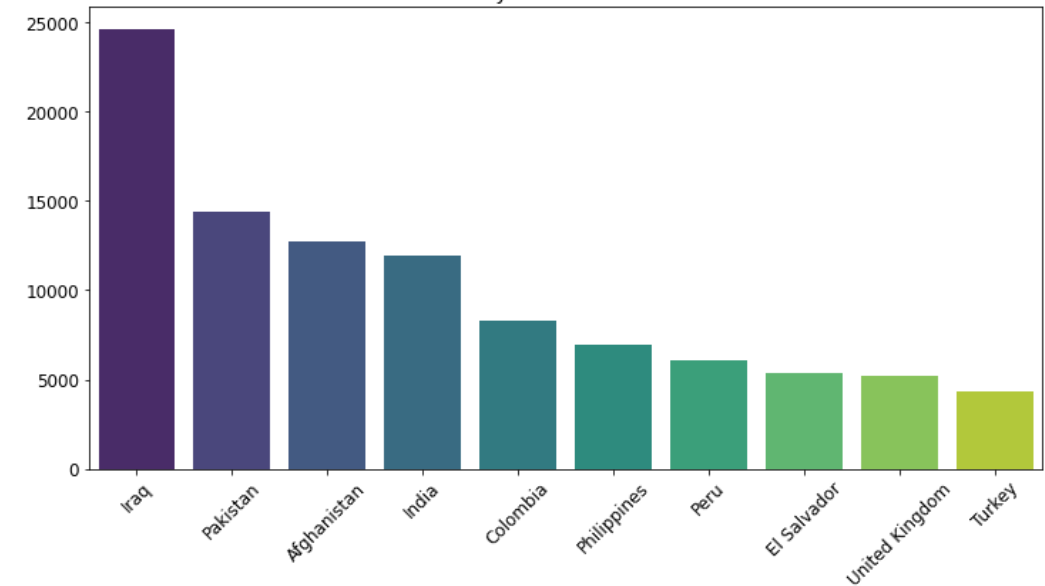
World wide Terrorist Attacked Regions (1970-2017)



Terrorist activities by Region in each Year

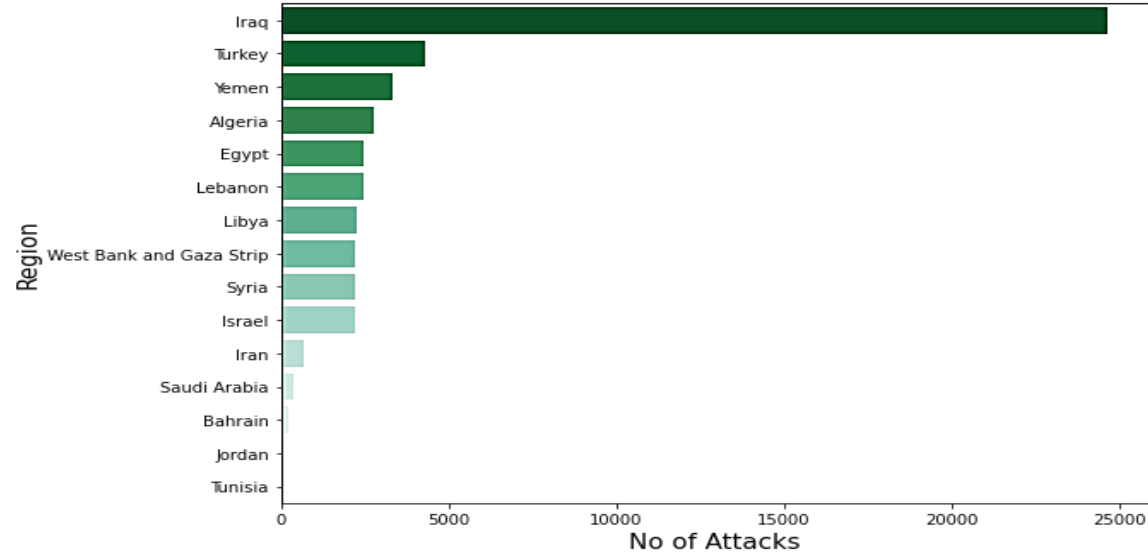


Country wise No of Attacks

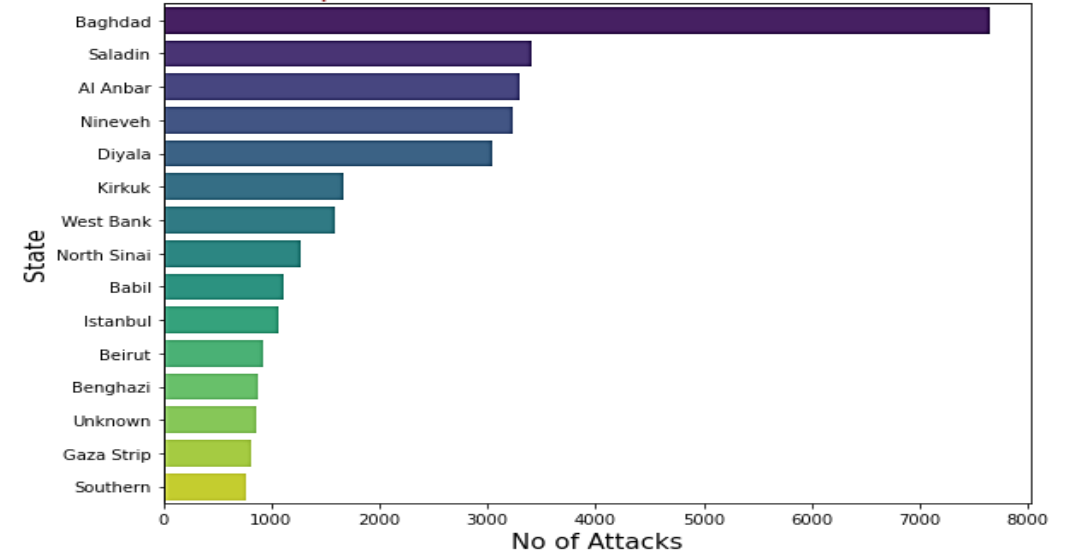


UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS

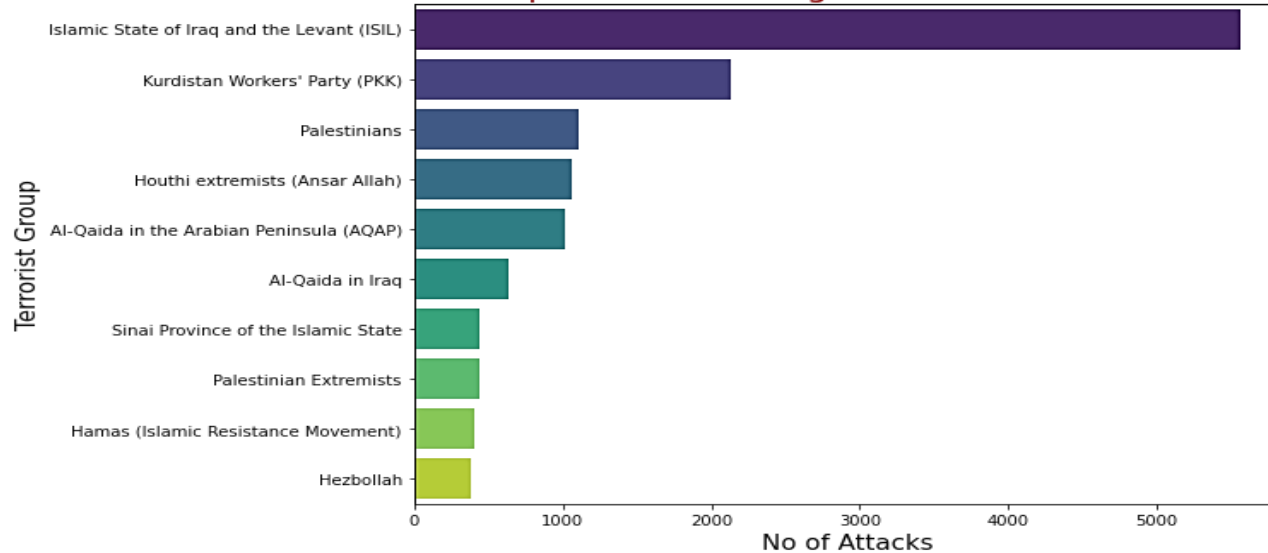
Most Attacked Countries in Middle East & North Africa



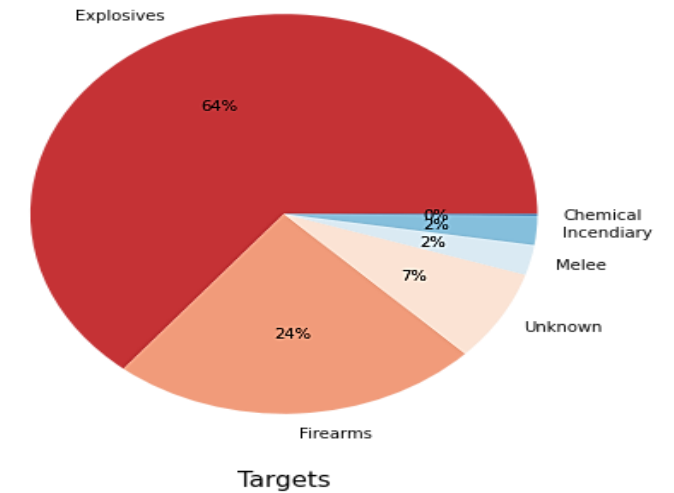
Top 15 Most Attacked States in ME & NA



Top 10 Terrorist Organizations in ME & NA



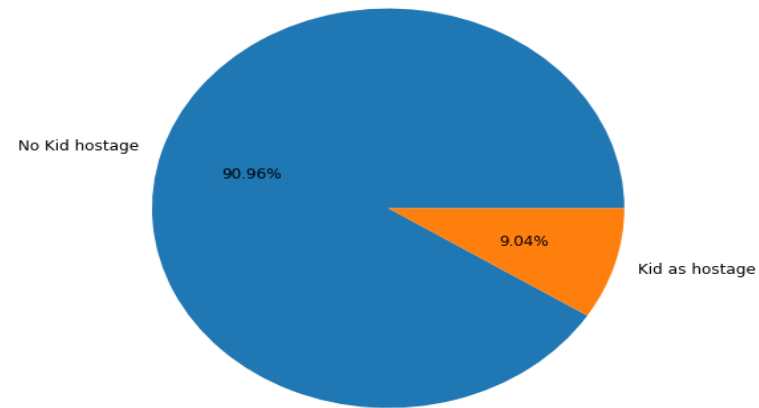
Most Used Weapon Types in ME & NA



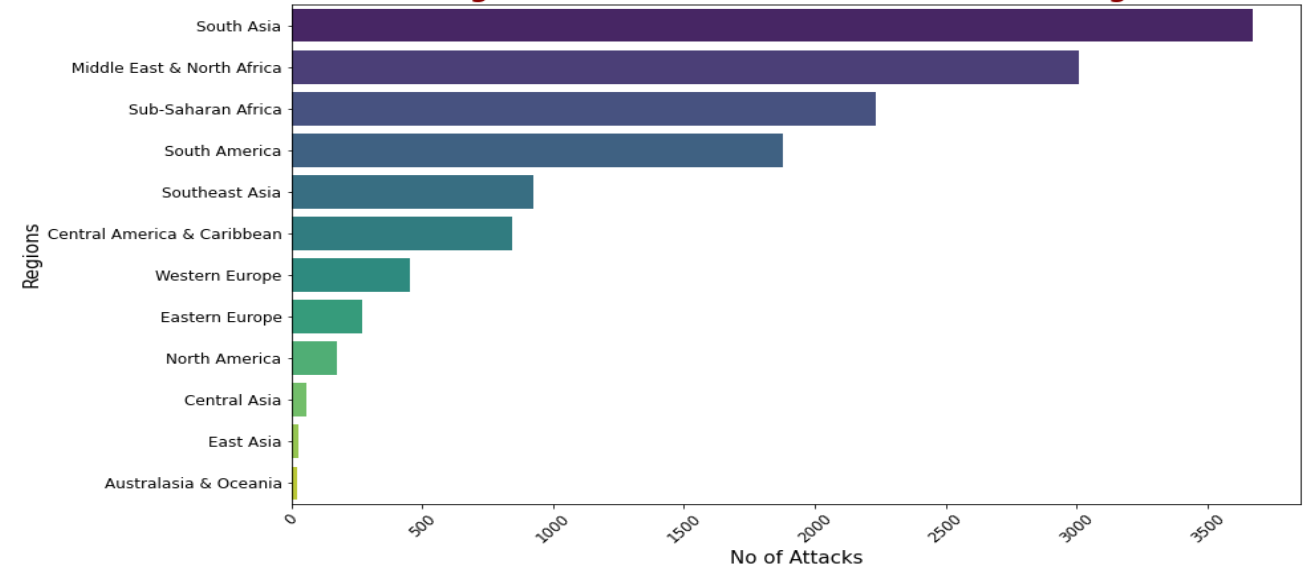
UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS



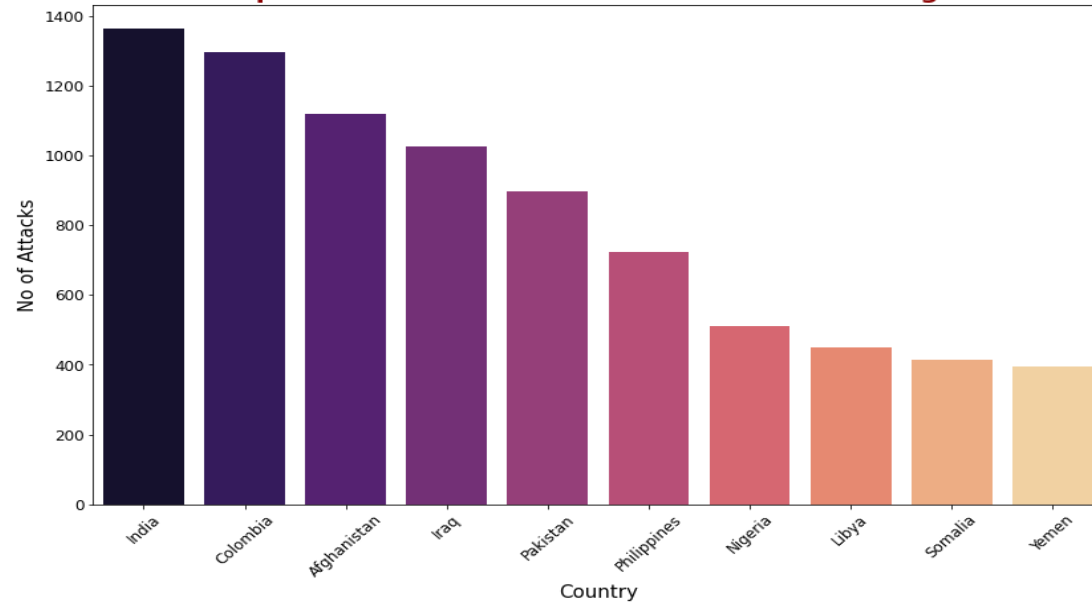
Percentage of attacks with kids as hostages



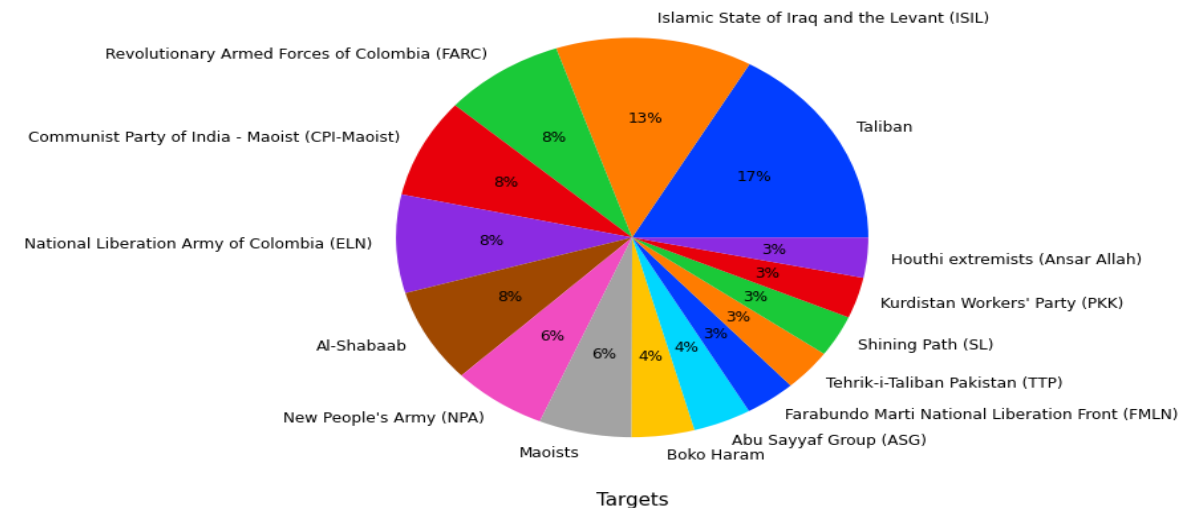
Region wise No of attacks with Kids as Hostages



Top 10 Most attacked Countries with kid hostages

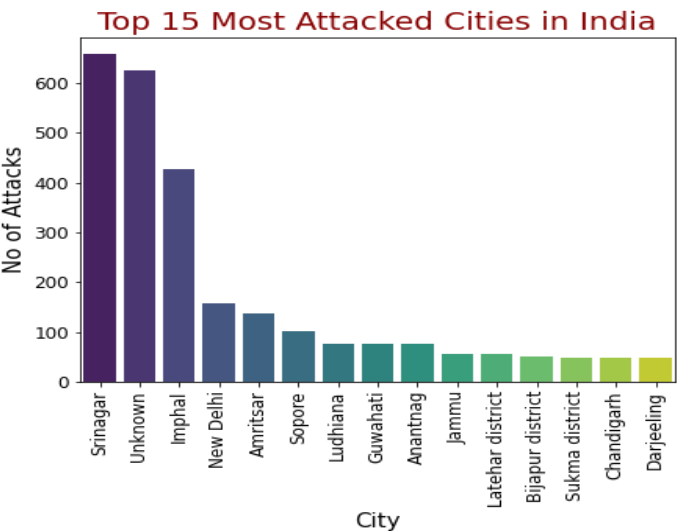
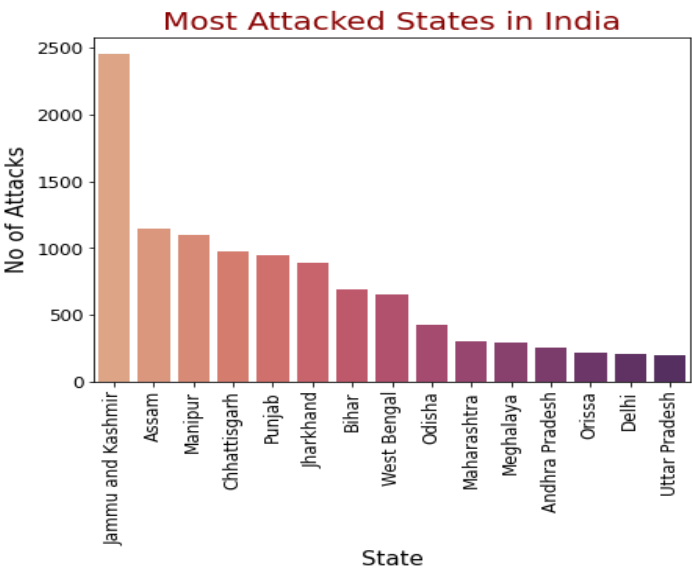
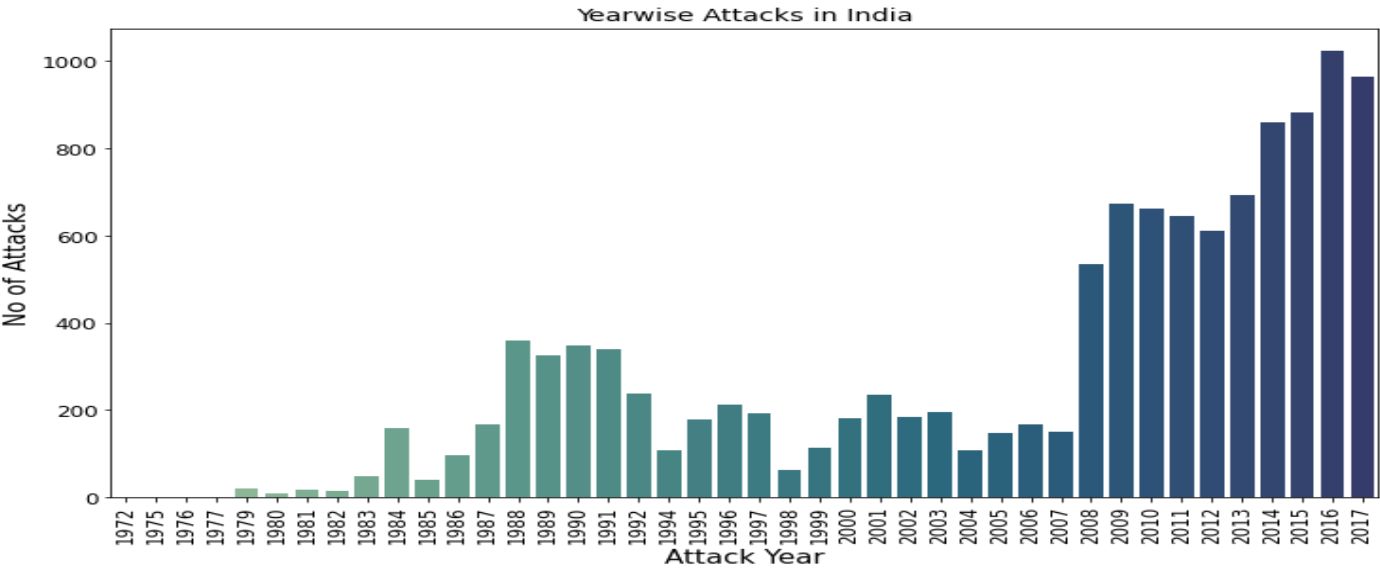
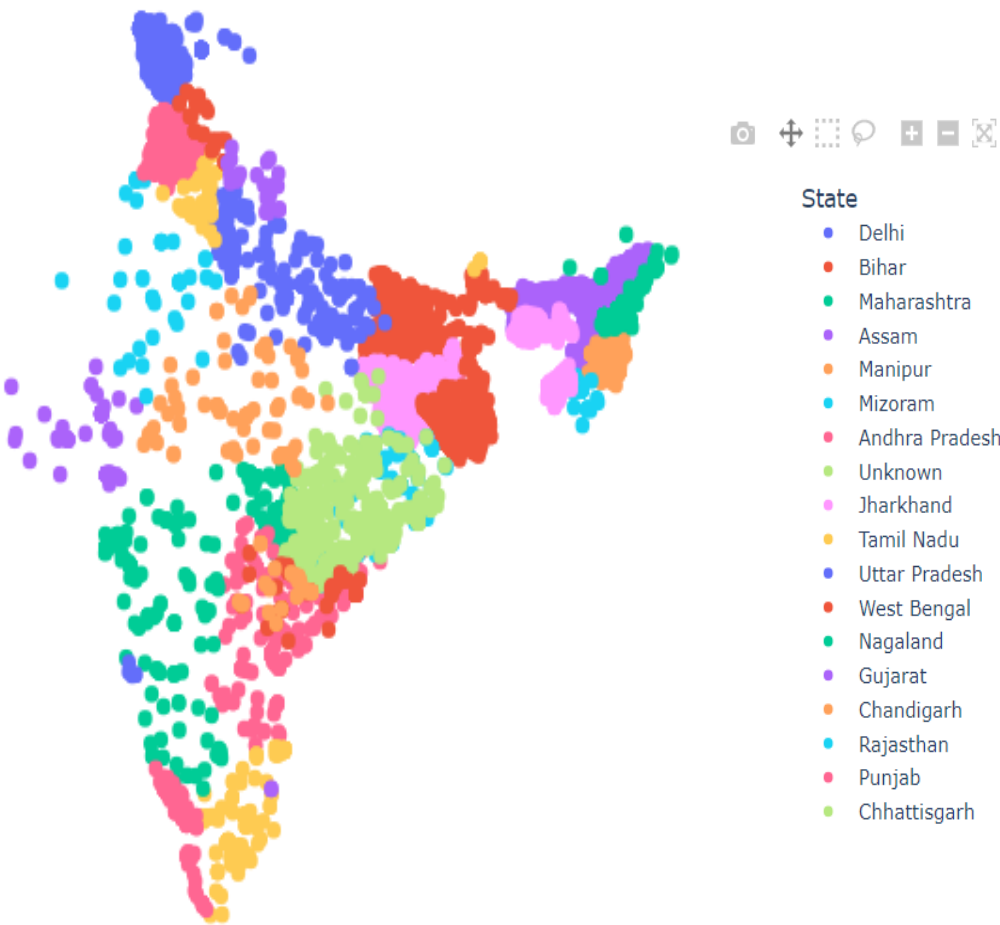


Top 15 Terrorist Organizations involving in Kid hostage Attacks



UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS

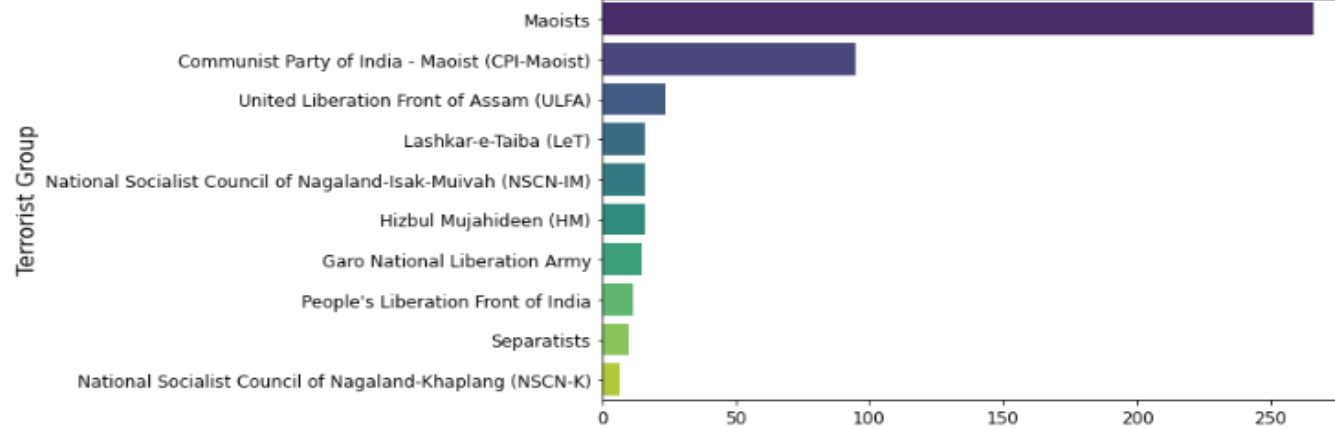
Terrorist Attacked Regions in India (1970-2017)



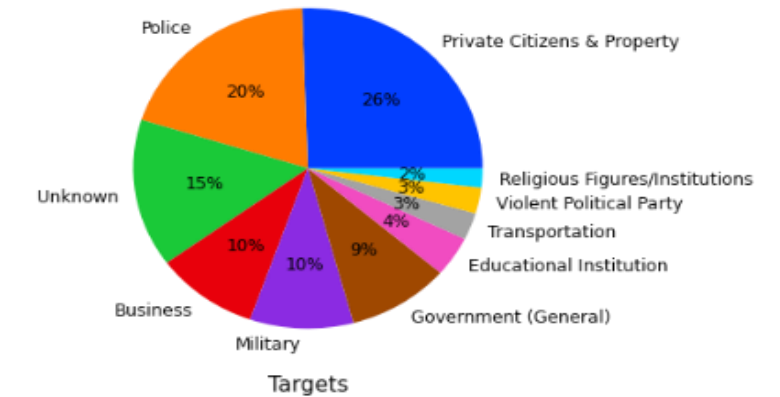
UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS

Analysis of Terrorist attacks in India in the Year 2016

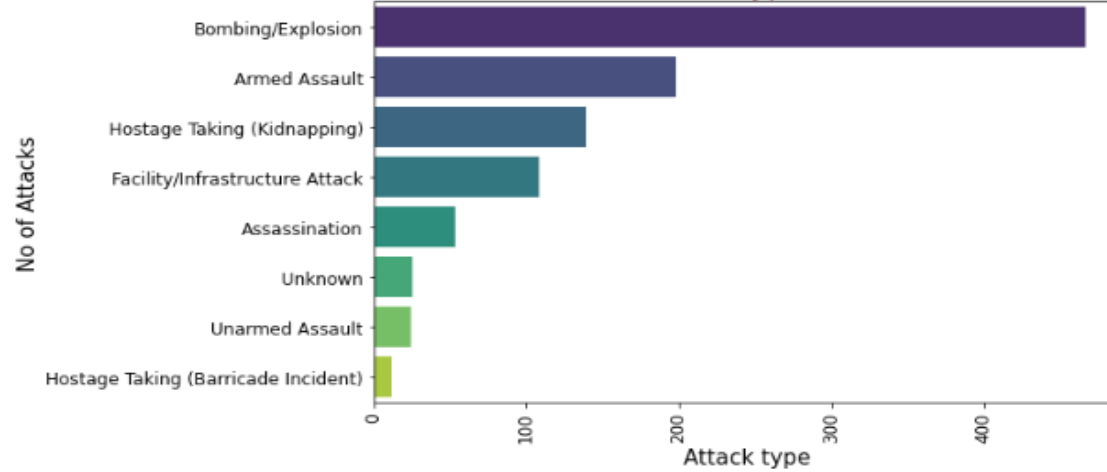
Top 10 Terrorist Groups With most attacks in India, In 2016



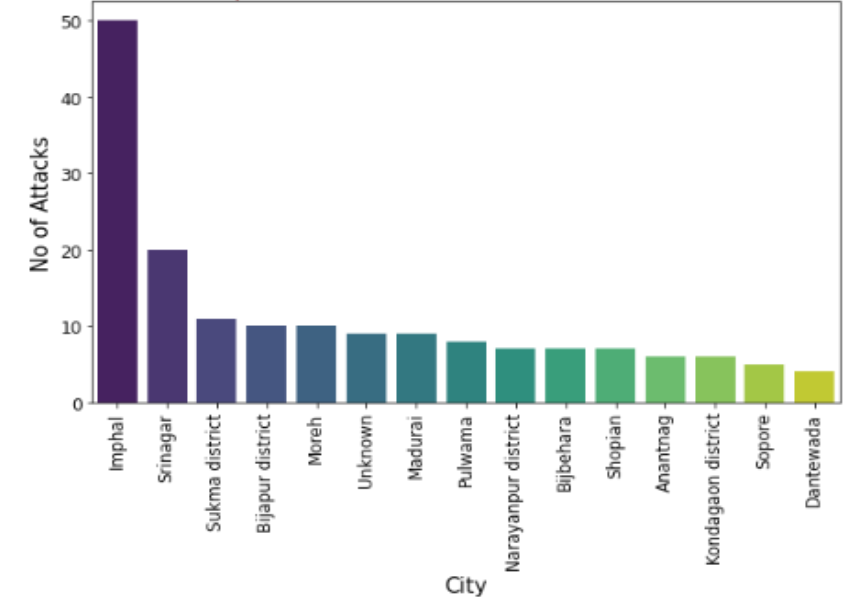
Top 10 most attacked Targets in India



Most Attack types in India



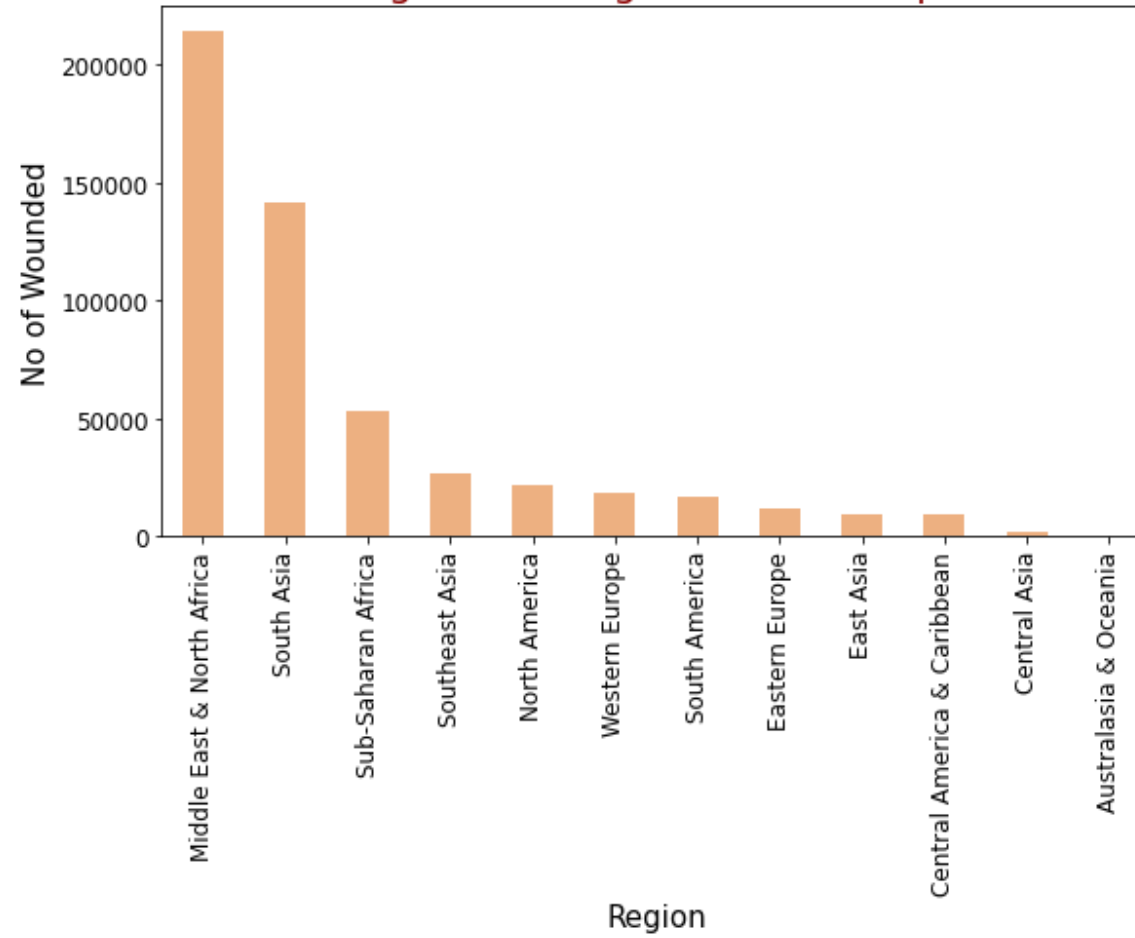
Top 15 Most Attacked Cities in India



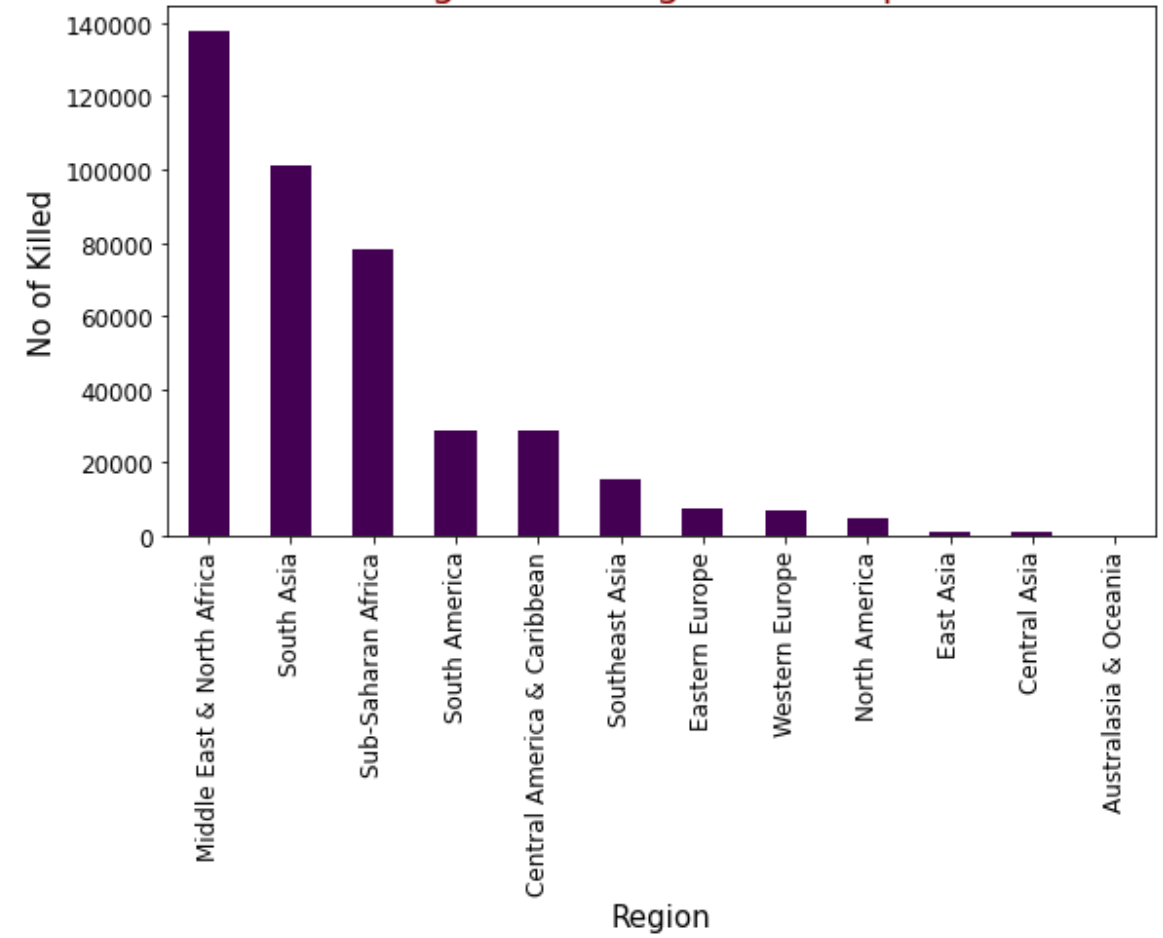
BIVARIATE ANALYSIS



Regions having Wounded People

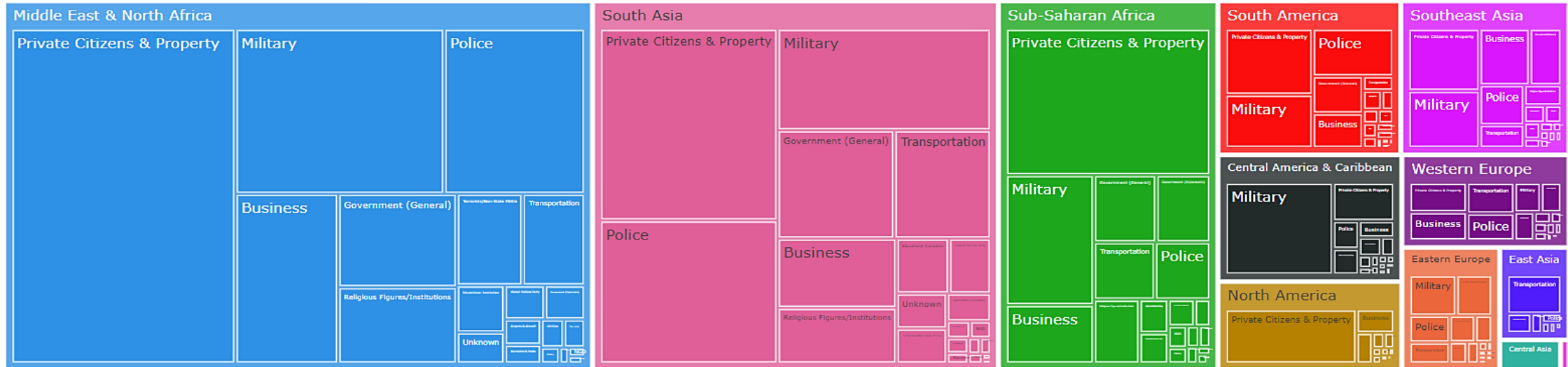


Regions having Killed People

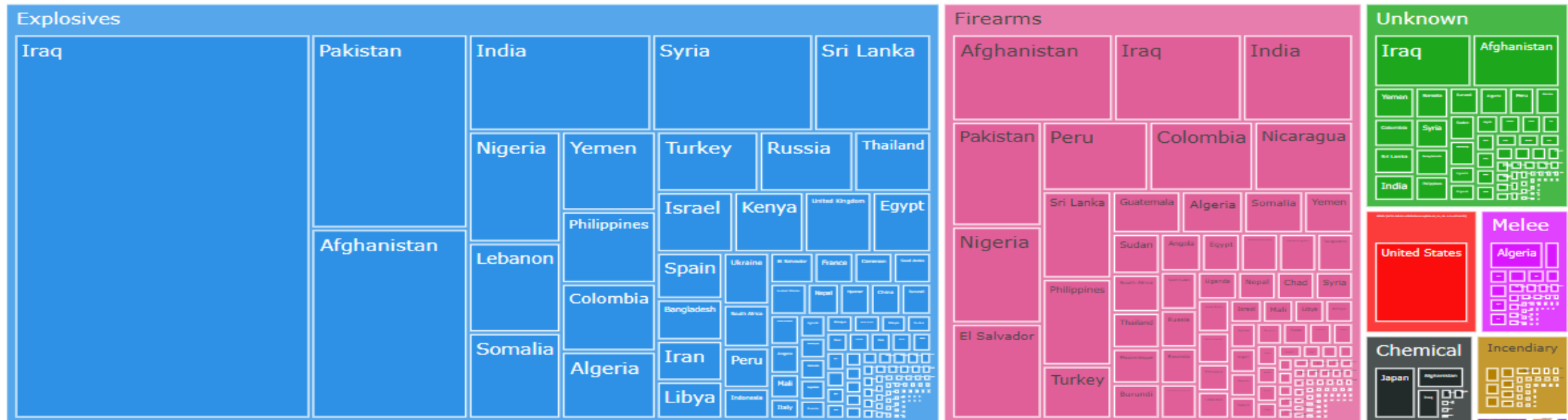


BIVARIATE ANALYSIS

Treemap Chart: Grouping the Target type groups in different regions

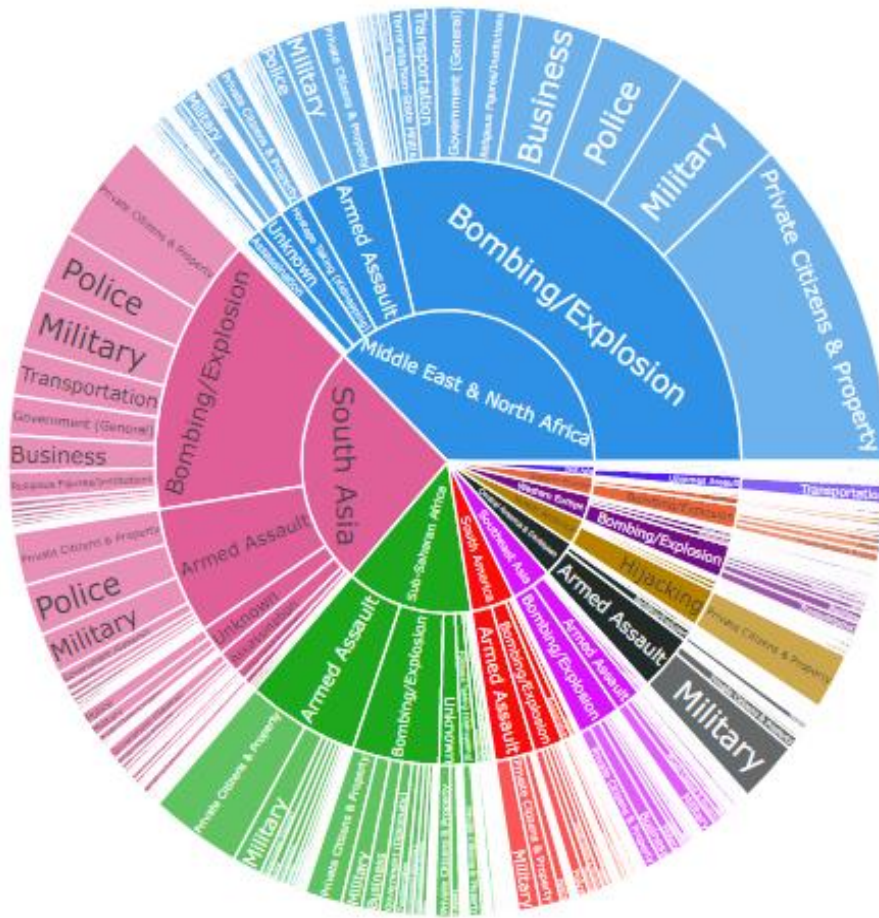


Treemap Chart: Grouping the Weapon type wise attacks with respect to country

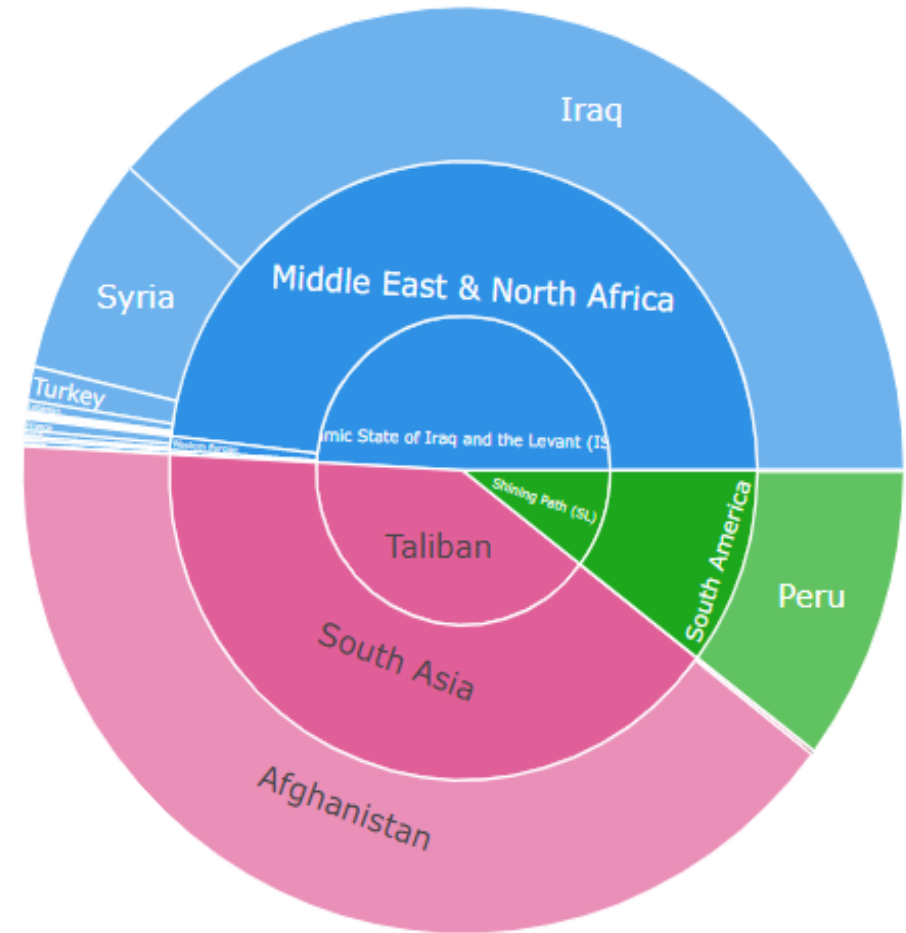


MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS

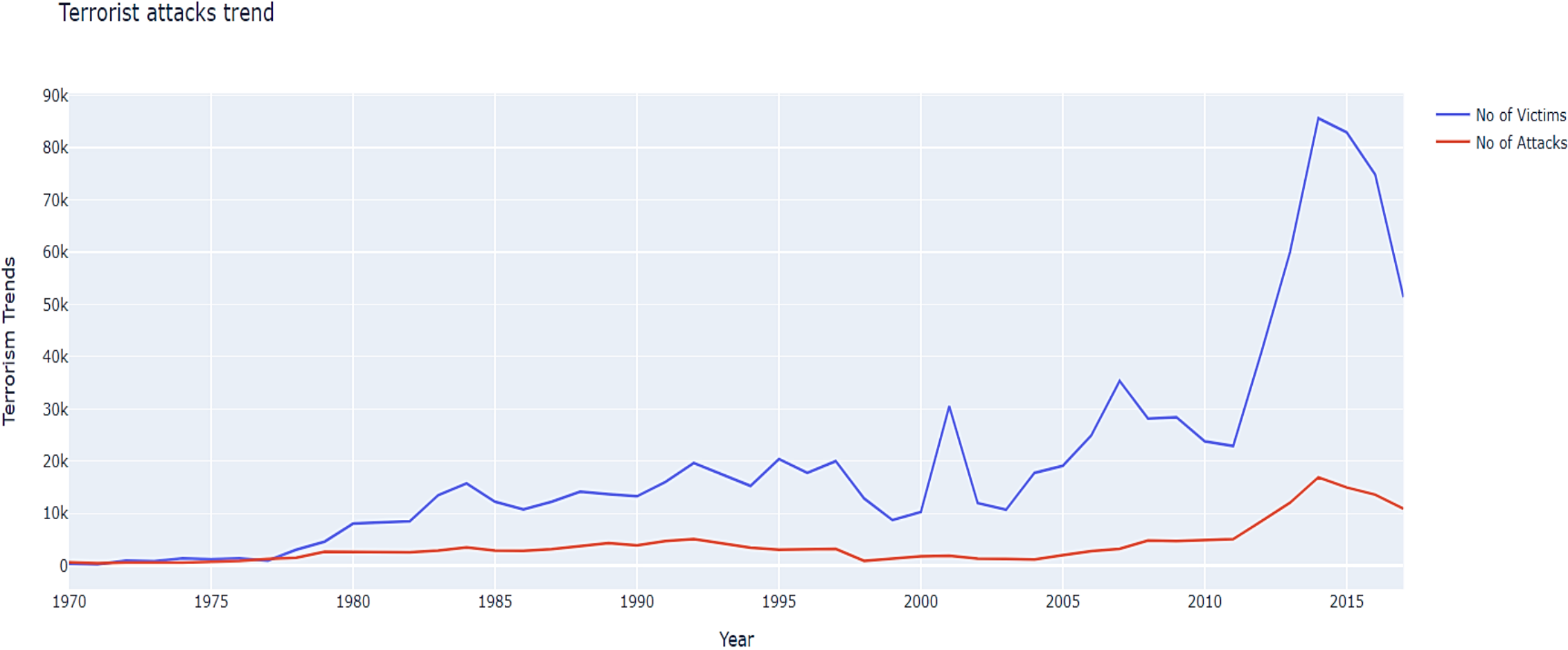
Sunburst Chart: Grouping the Region wise Attack Type & Target types



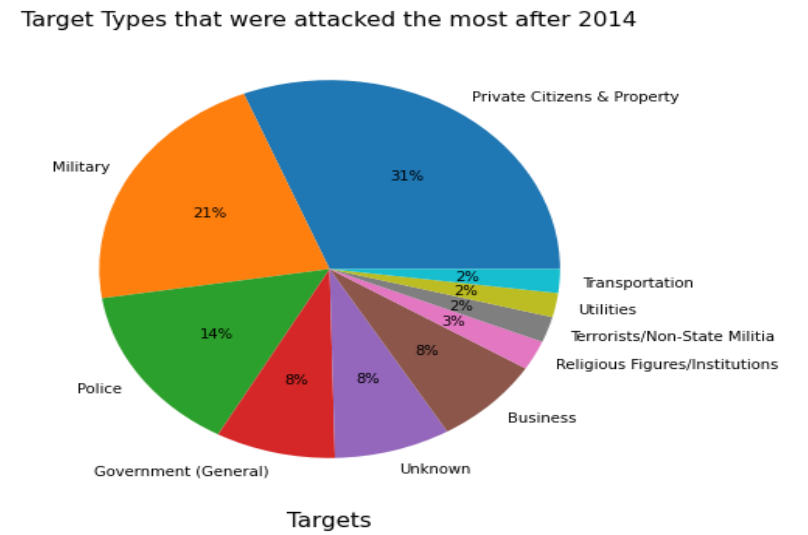
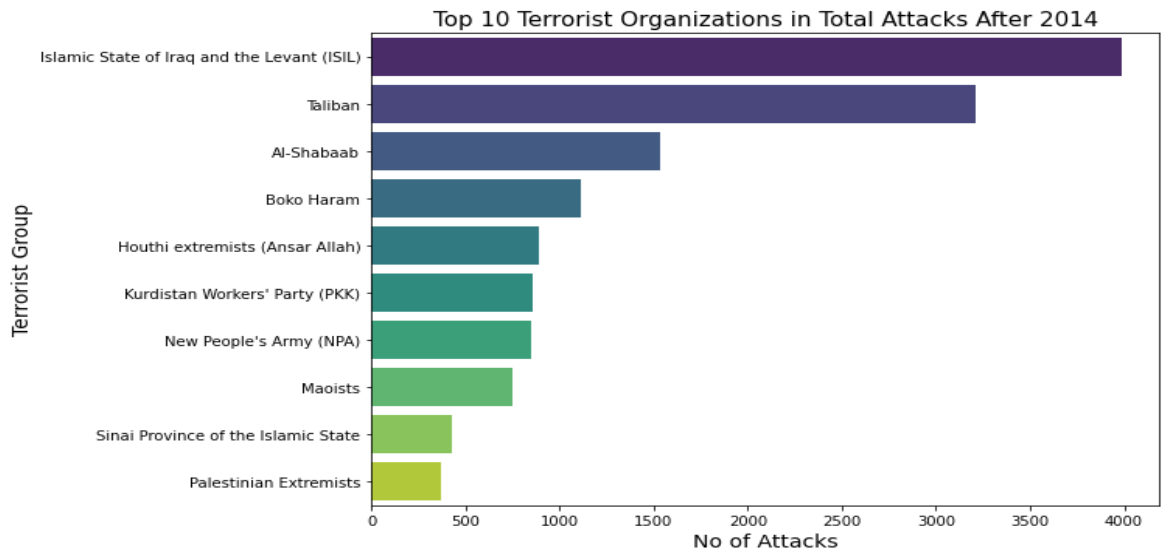
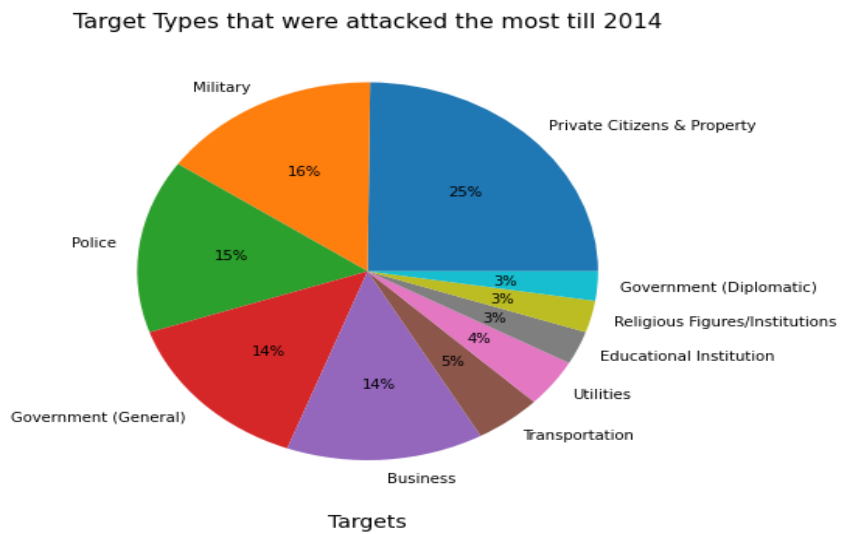
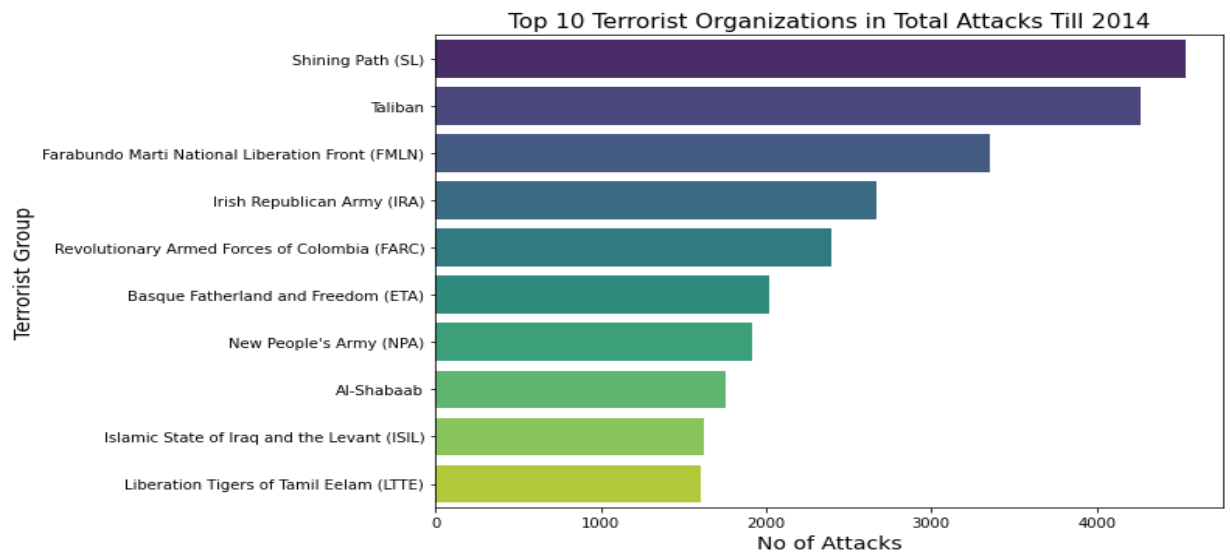
Sunburst Chart: Grouping the Top 3 gangs attacks with respect to region & Country



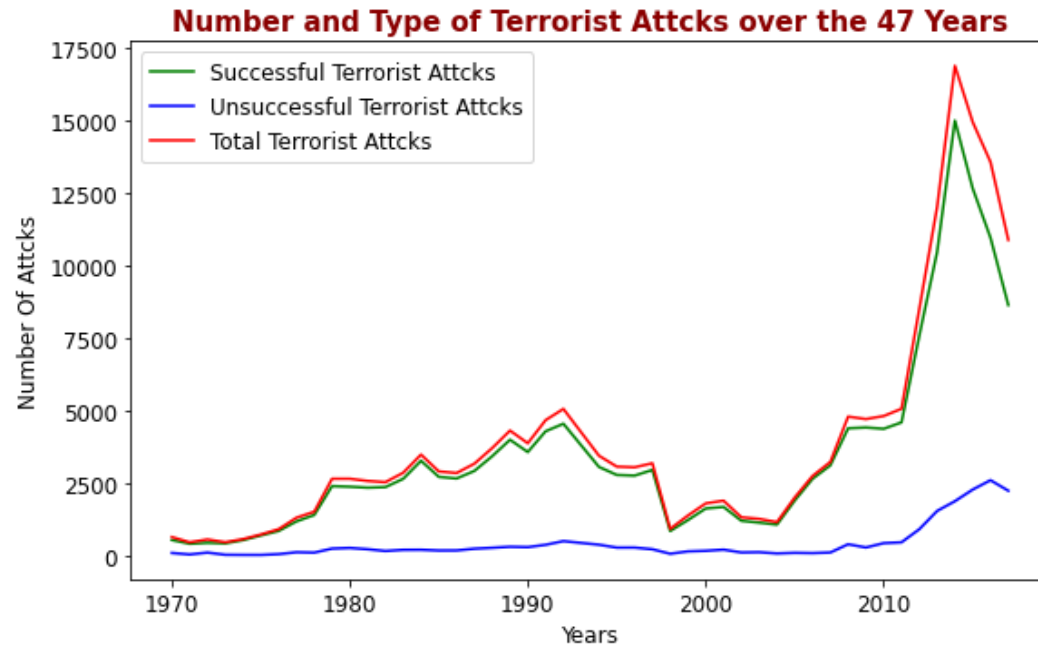
Analysis of No of Terrorist attacks Vs No of Victims



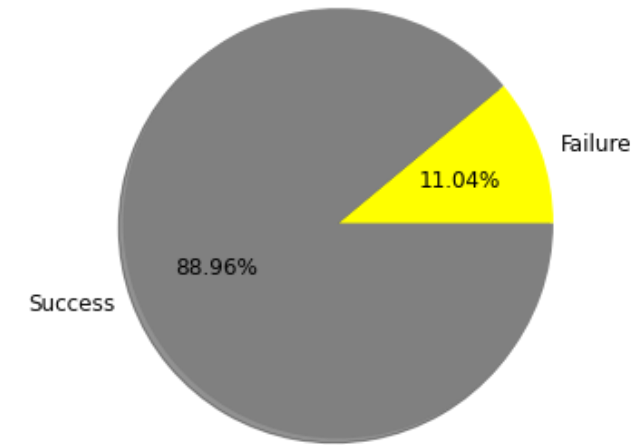
Analysis of Terrorist Organization & Target type before and after 2014:



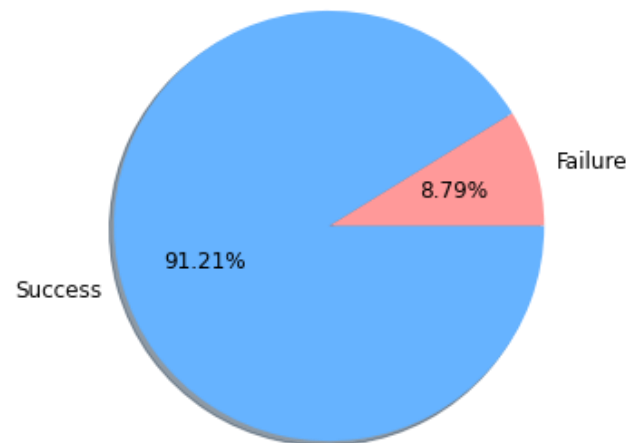
Terror Attacks : Success / Failure Analysis



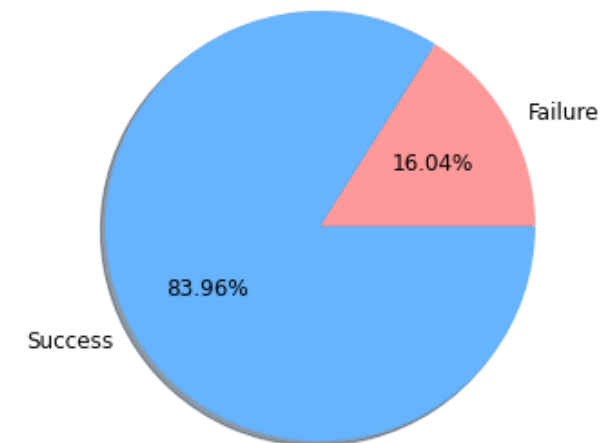
Success Percentage From all incidents from 1970 to 2017



Success Percentage From all incidents from 1970 to 2014

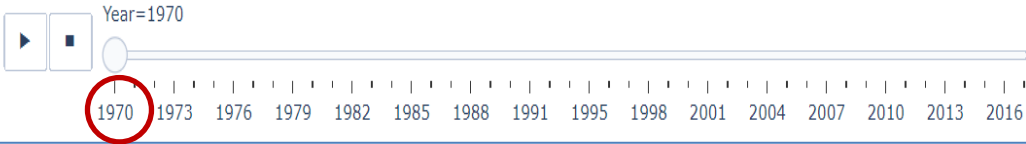
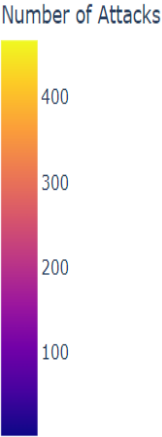
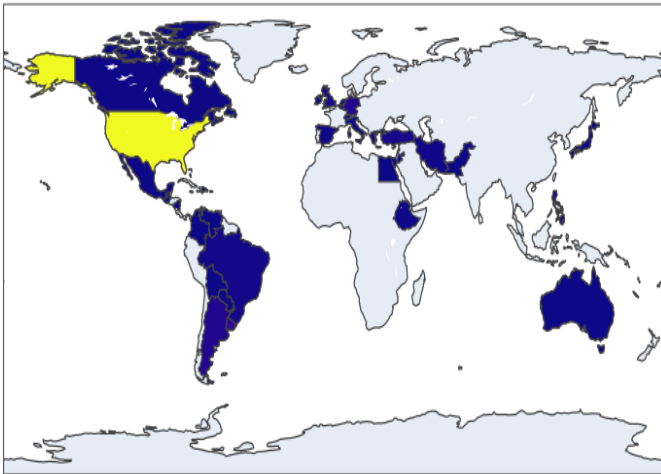


Success Percentage From all incidents from 2014 to 2017

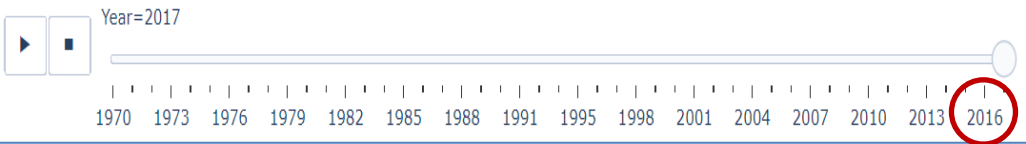
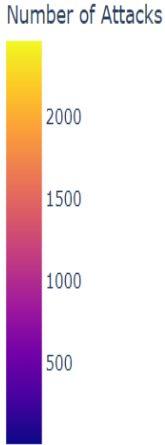
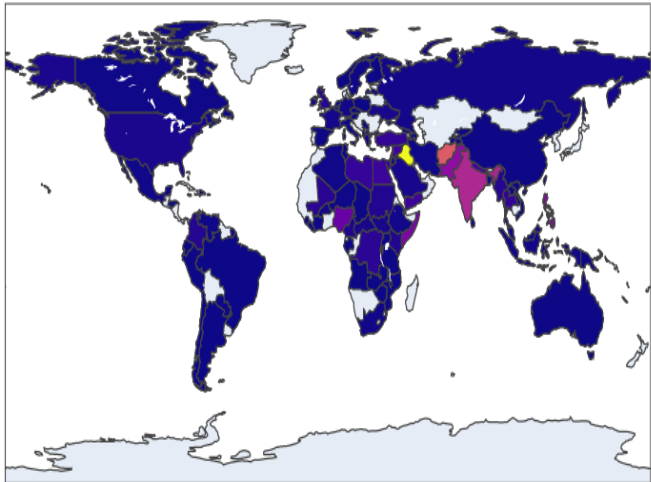


TIMELINE ANALYSIS OF NO. OF ATTACKS COUNTRY WISE FROM 1970 TO 2017

Number of Terror Attacks in Different Countries from 1970-2014



Number of Terror Attacks in Different Countries from 1970-2014



CONCLUSION



- Terrorist attacks reached a peak during 2014 and then in 2015 started to drop. The Drop in the Number of Terror Attacks is not a sign of improvement in security checks in society as the ability to carry out a successful terror attack has not reduced significantly.
- The Middle East & North Africa is the most affected region in terms of the number of terror attacks among all the regions followed by South Asia, South America, and Sub-Saharan Africa.
- Iraq is the most affected nation of all, and it has suffered the highest number of attacks followed by Pakistan, Afghanistan, and India.
- Most of the attacks are either bombing or explosions followed by firearms and the most used weapons in terror attacks are Explosives and assault weapons.
- Taliban and ISIL are the most active terrorist organizations in the world and Afghanistan is the country that has suffered the most because of Taliban's.
- Terror Organizations and Attacks are slowly moving to Underdeveloped and Developing Countries with large populations below the poverty level in South Asia and Africa.
- This creates a cycle of terrorism as poverty and unemployment help radical ideologists lure youth towards terrorism, discouraging investors which in turn affects the earnings of local governments and leads to further poverty and unemployment.

MITIGATION MEASURES

- Defining Terrorism on a global stage and adopting an International Framework to tackle terrorism.
- Creating a joint task force to improve Intelligence Sharing and sharing best practices to combat terrorism.
- Countries should take measures against illegal immigration by implementing better tracking systems.
- By imposing strict regulations on the access and sale of Dangerous weapons and firearms and tracing sources of such weapons.
- Adopting a global framework and implementing a tough action plan against terror financiers using organizations FATF.
- Improving conditions to encourage Education and Employment opportunities might reduce terror activities in the long run.
- Strict policies against disinformation and radicalization need to be adopted, including media & internet.

THANK YOU



WE WANT

PEACE

NOT

WAR