## Seasonality

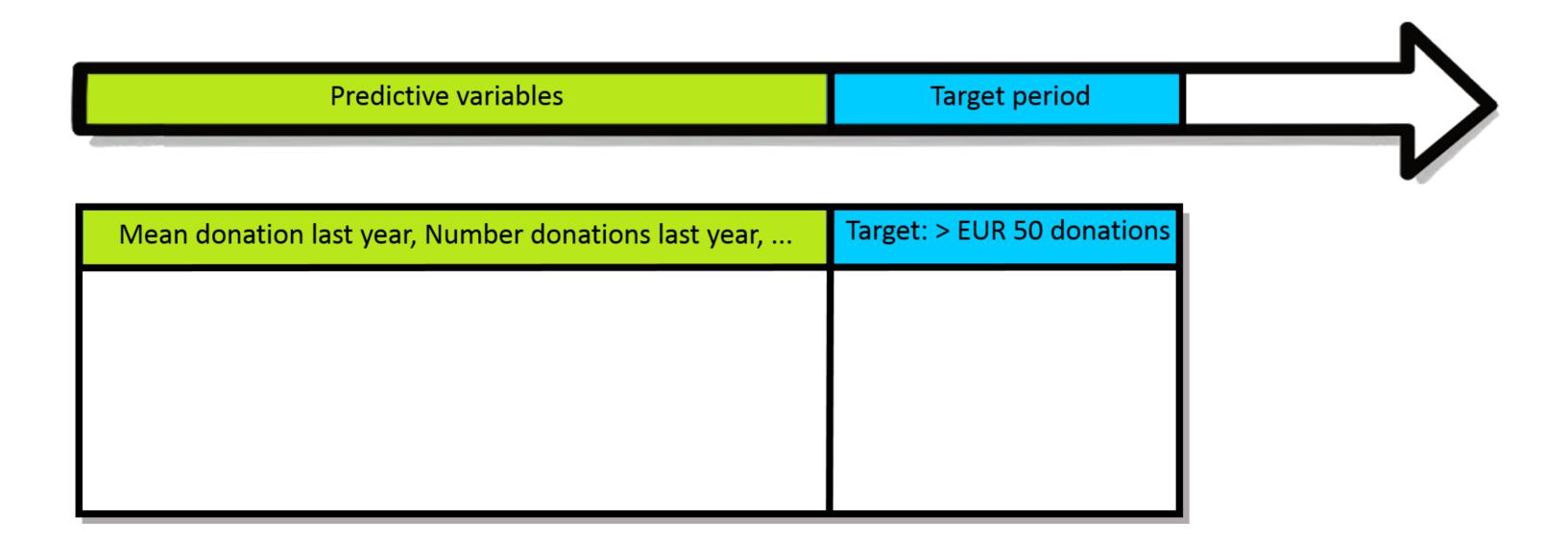
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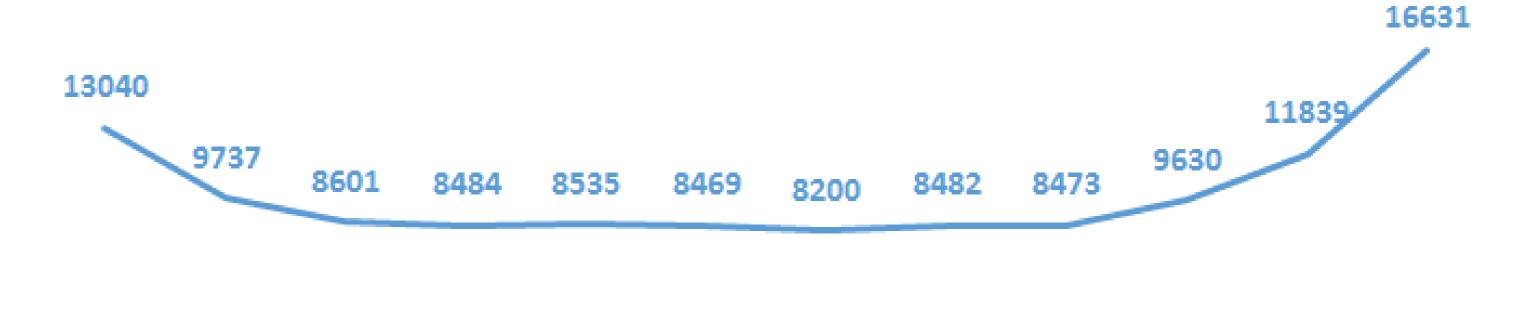


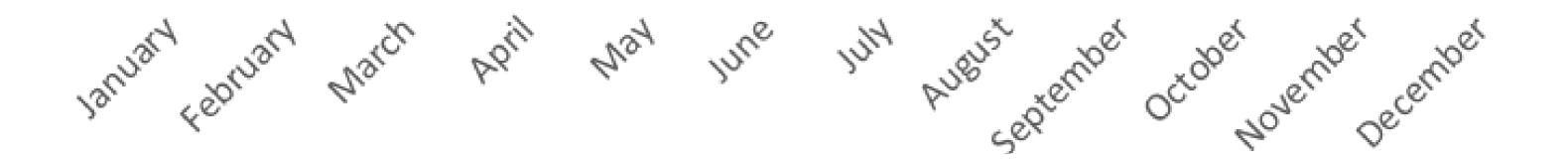
## Seasonal effects (1)



## Seasonal effects (2)

Mean number of donations

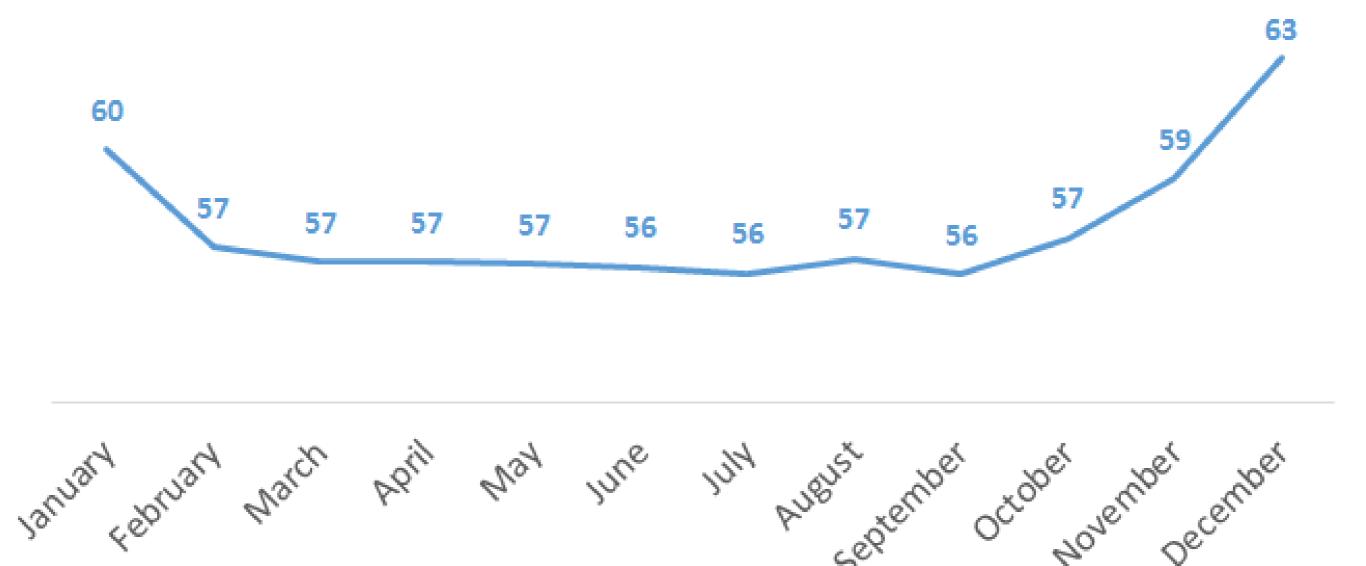




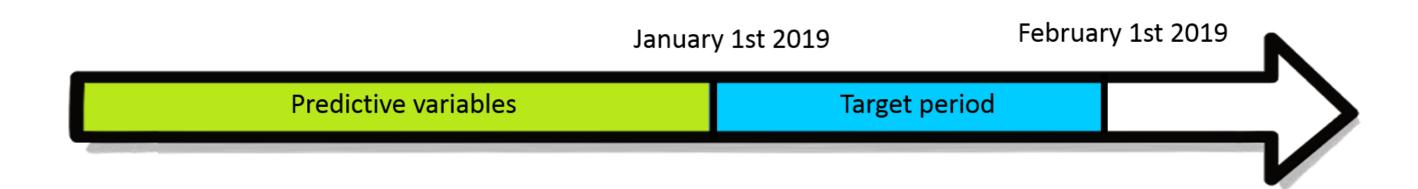


## Seasonal effects (3)

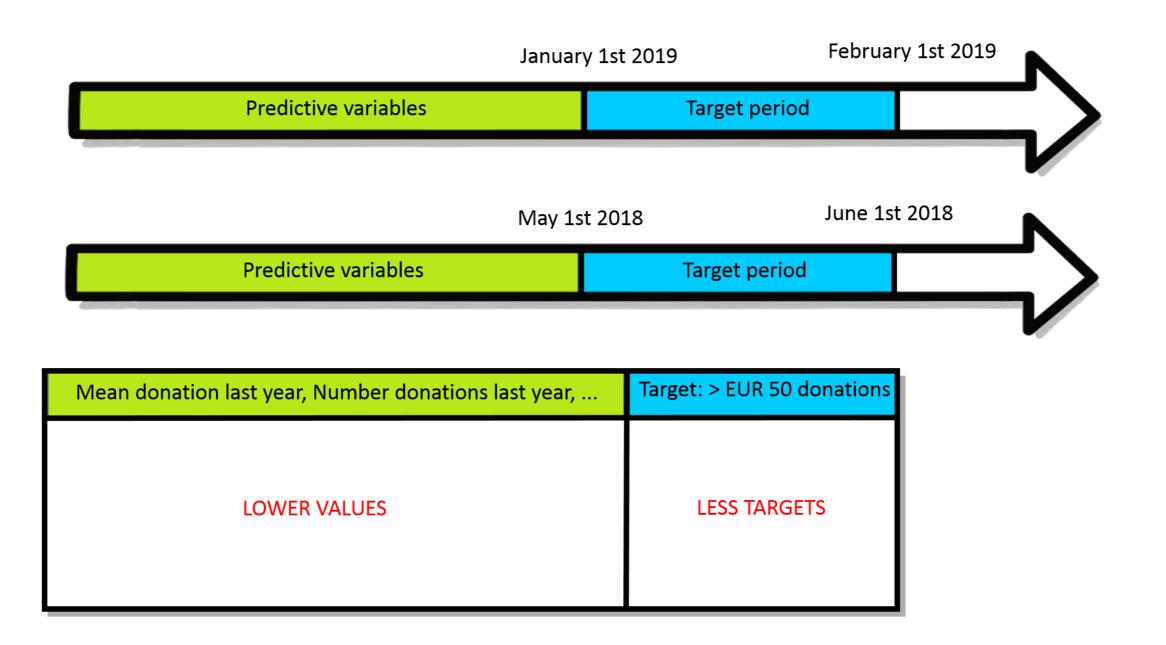
Mean donation amount



## Seasonality and the timeline (1)

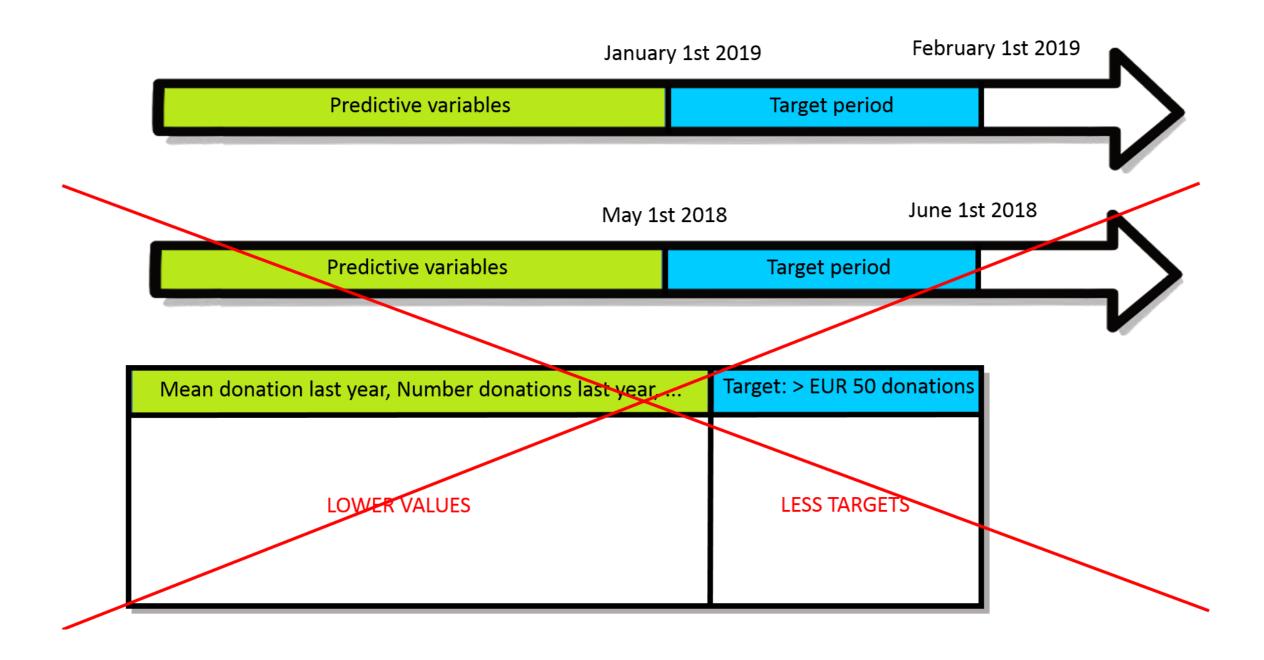


## Seasonality and the timeline (2)





## Seasonality and the timeline (3)



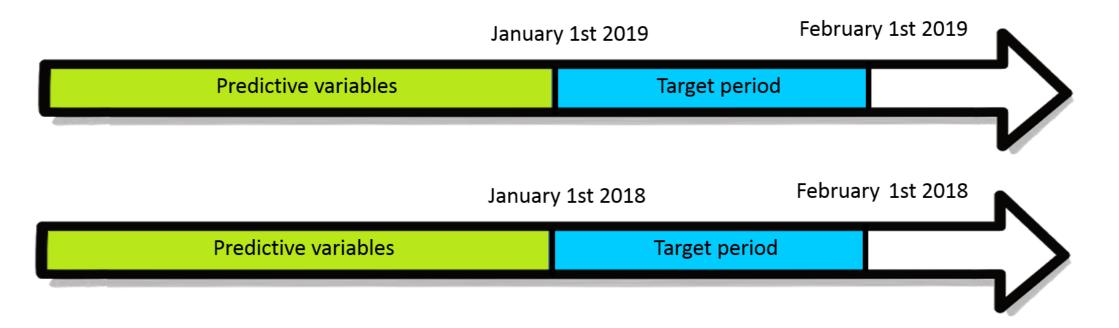


## Dealing with seasonality

Check for seasonality

```
gifts.groupby("month")["amount"].mean()
gifts.groupby("month").size()
```

Use appropriate timeline in history



#### Seasonality and predictive models

Model timeline May 2018

```
logreg = linear_model.LogisticRegression()
logreg.fit(X_may2018, y_may2018)
predictions = logreg.predict_proba(X_jan2019)[:,
auc = roc_auc_score(y_jan2019, predictions)
print(round(auc,2))
```

Model timeline January 2018

```
logreg = linear_model.LogisticRegression()
logreg.fit(X_jan2018, y_jan2018)
predictions = logreg.predict_proba(X_jan2019)[:,
auc = roc_auc_score(y_jan2019, predictions)
print(round(auc,2))
```

0.53

0.56

# Let's practice!

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# Using multiple snapshots

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## Not enough data

Small population

```
print(len(basetable))
```

4738

Small number of targets

```
print(len(basetable))
```

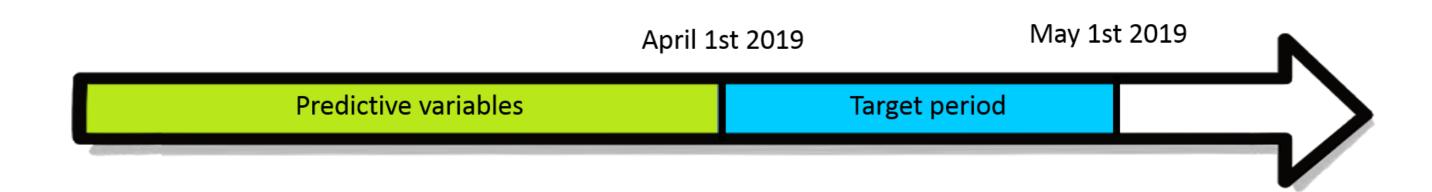
394010

```
print(sum(basetable["target"]))
```

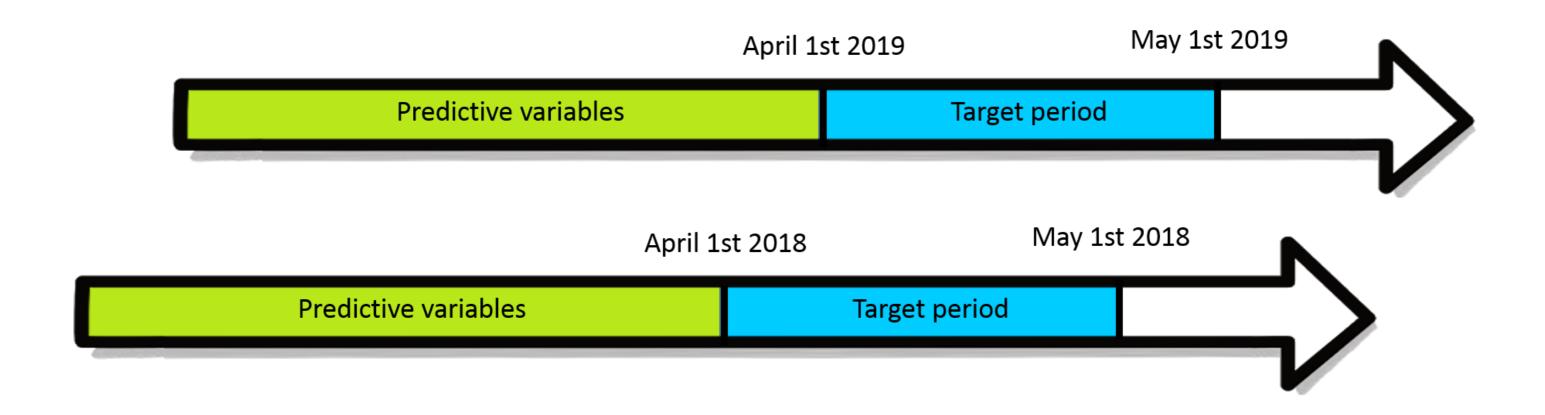
230



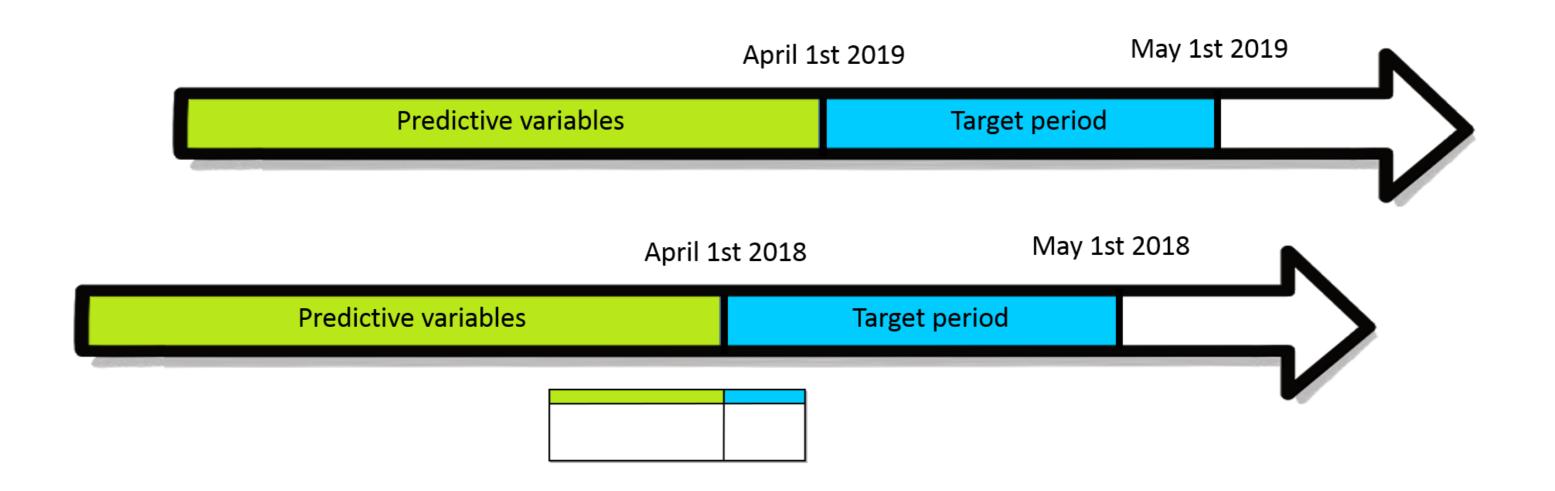
## Using multiple snapshots (1)



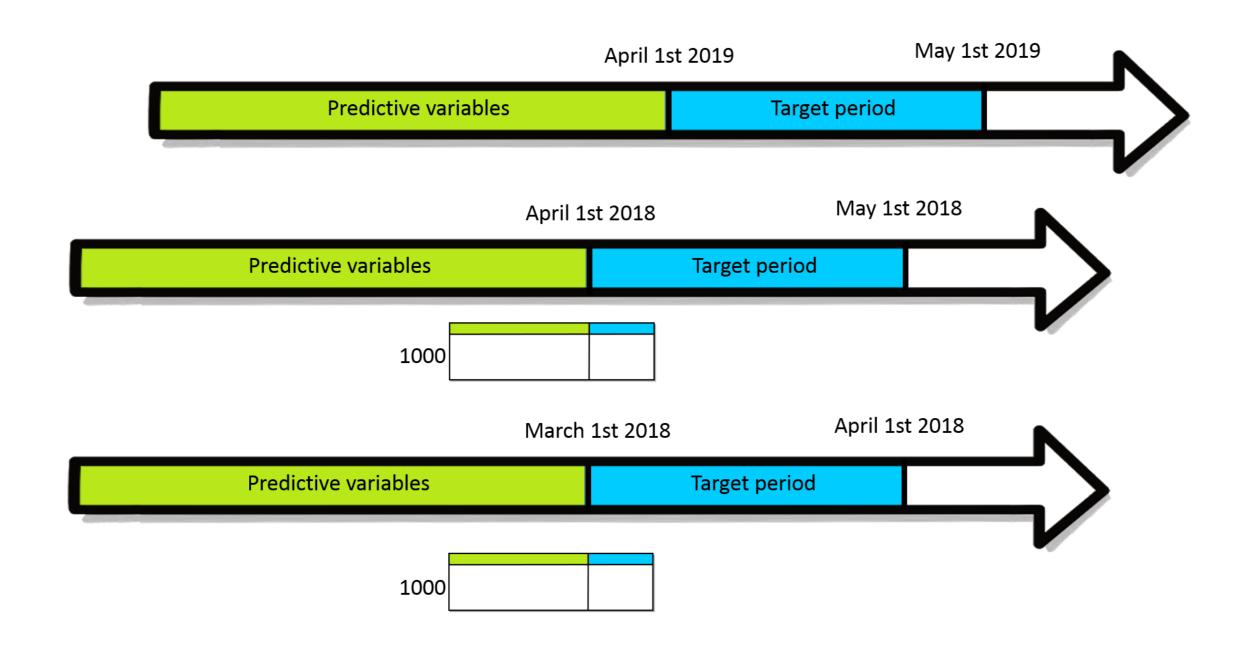
## Using multiple snapshots (2)



## Using multiple snapshots (3)

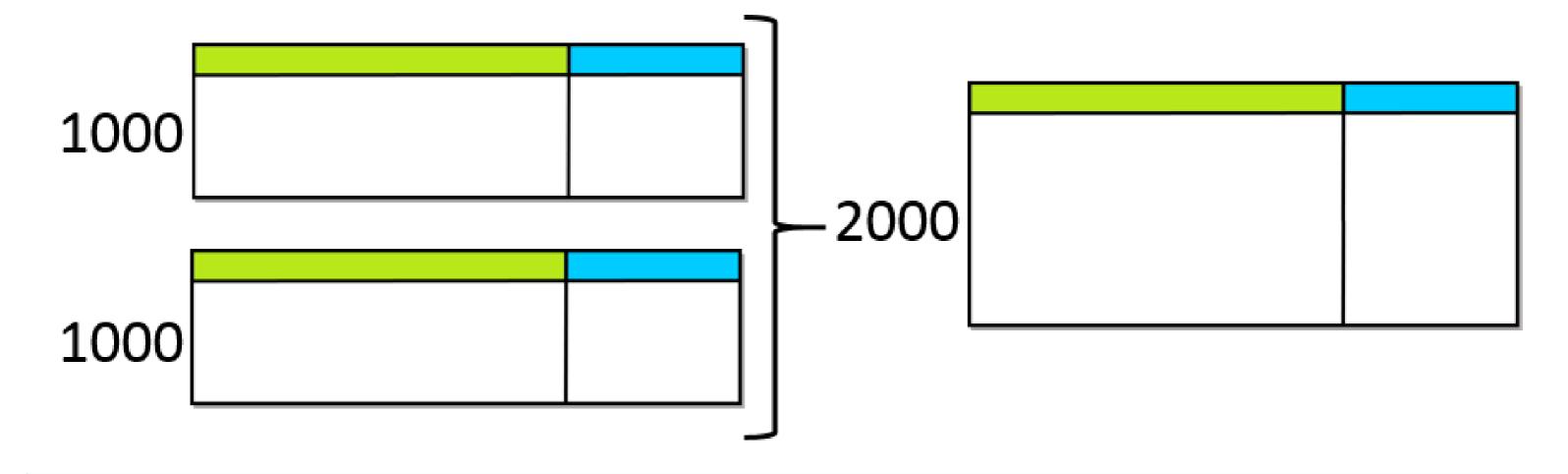


## Using multiple snapshots (4)



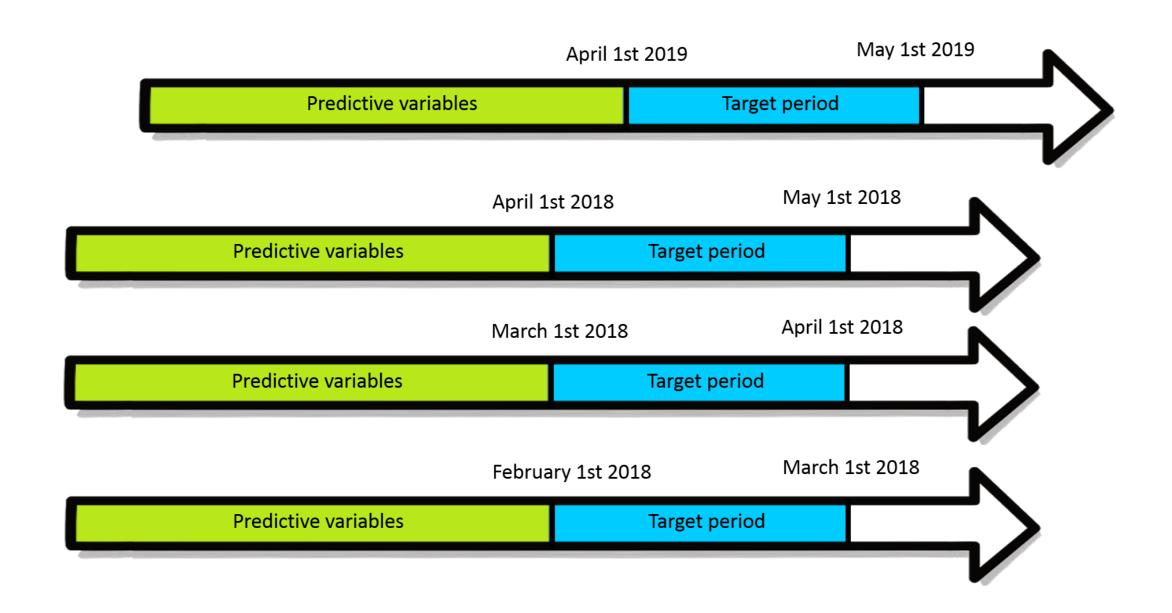


## Stacking basetables



basetable = basetable\_april2018.append(basetable\_march2018)

#### Snapshots and seasonality





# Let's practice!

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## The timegap

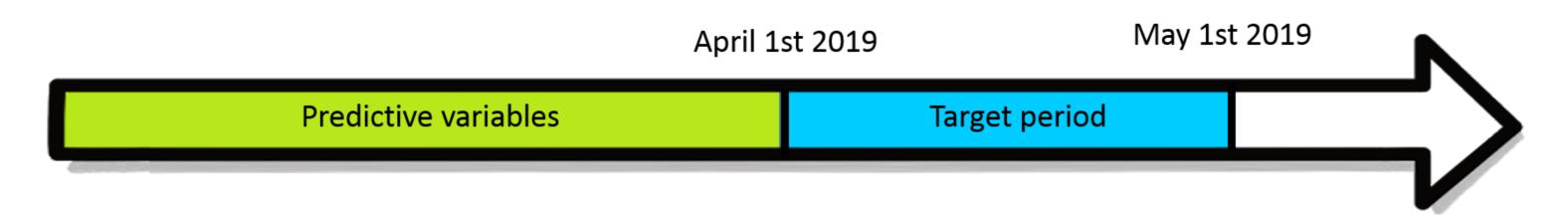
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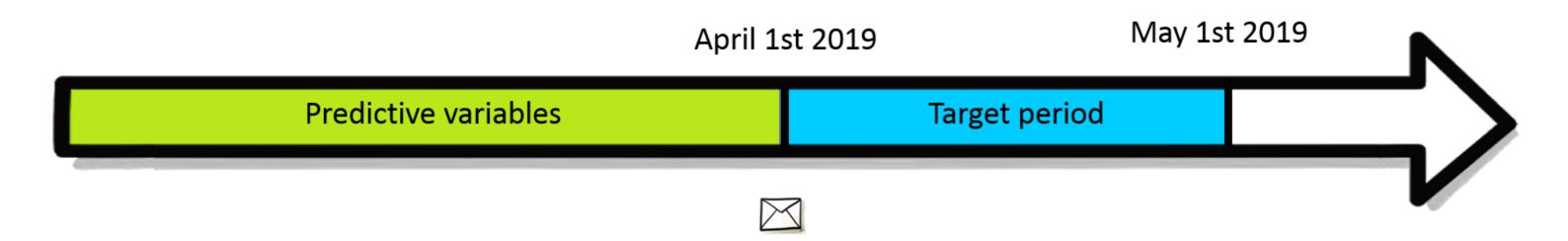
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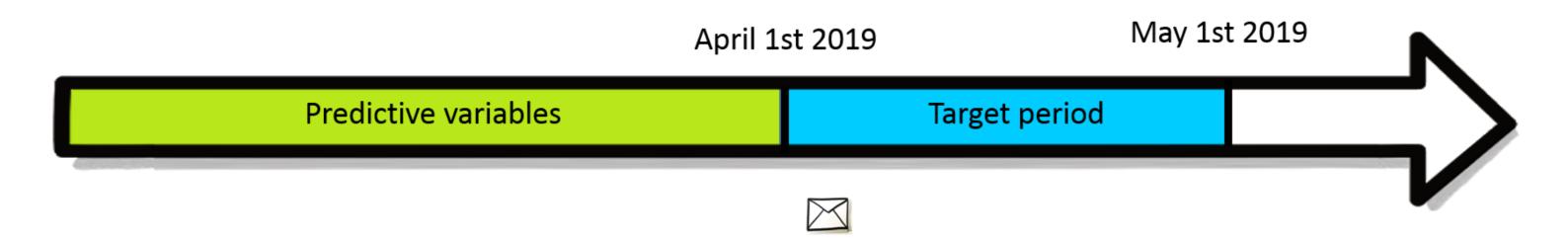
## Timegap: motivation (1)



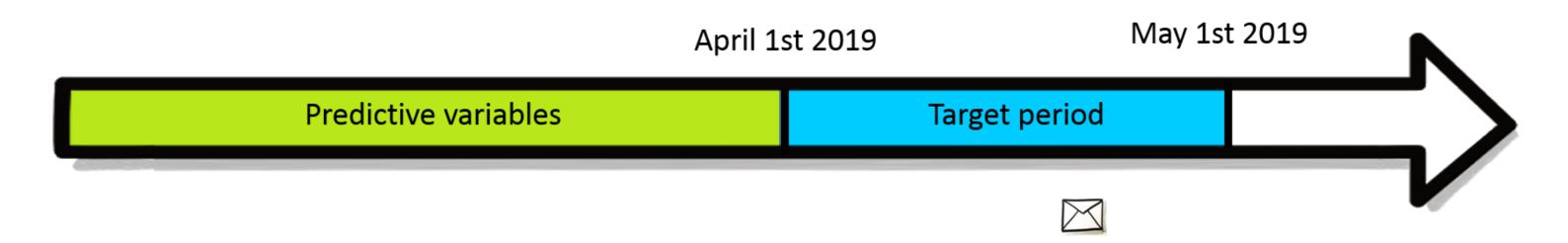
## Timegap: motivation (2)



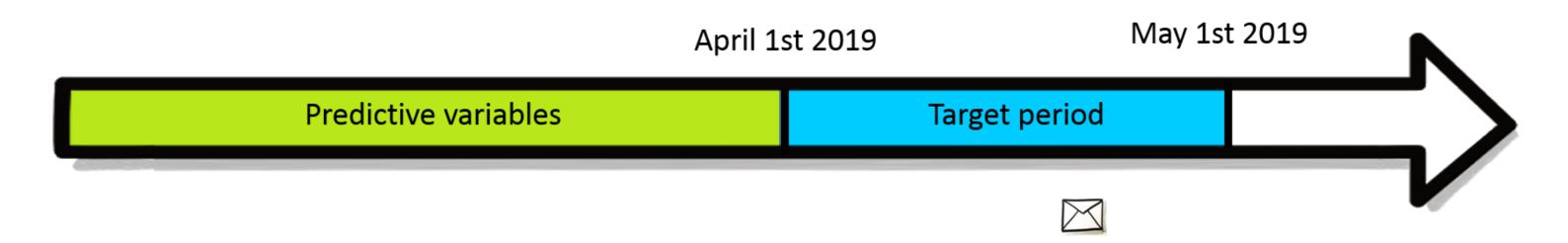
## Timegap: motivation (3)



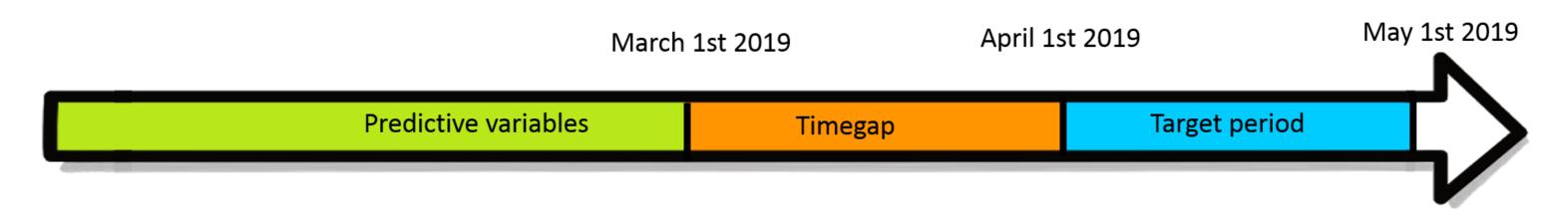
## Timegap: motivation (4)



## Timegap: motivation (5)



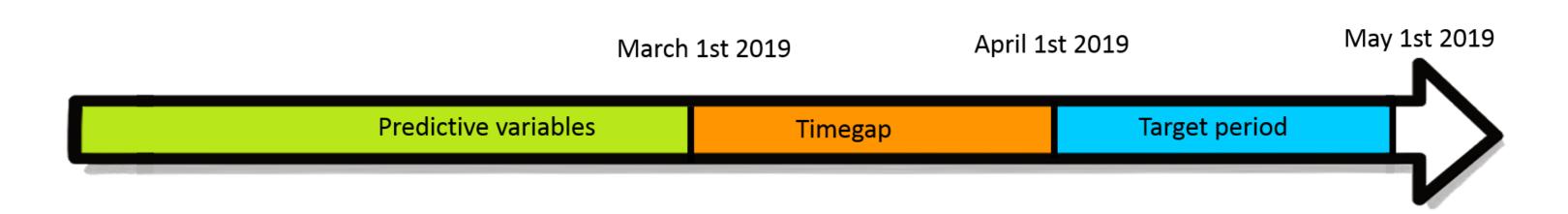
## Adding a timegap



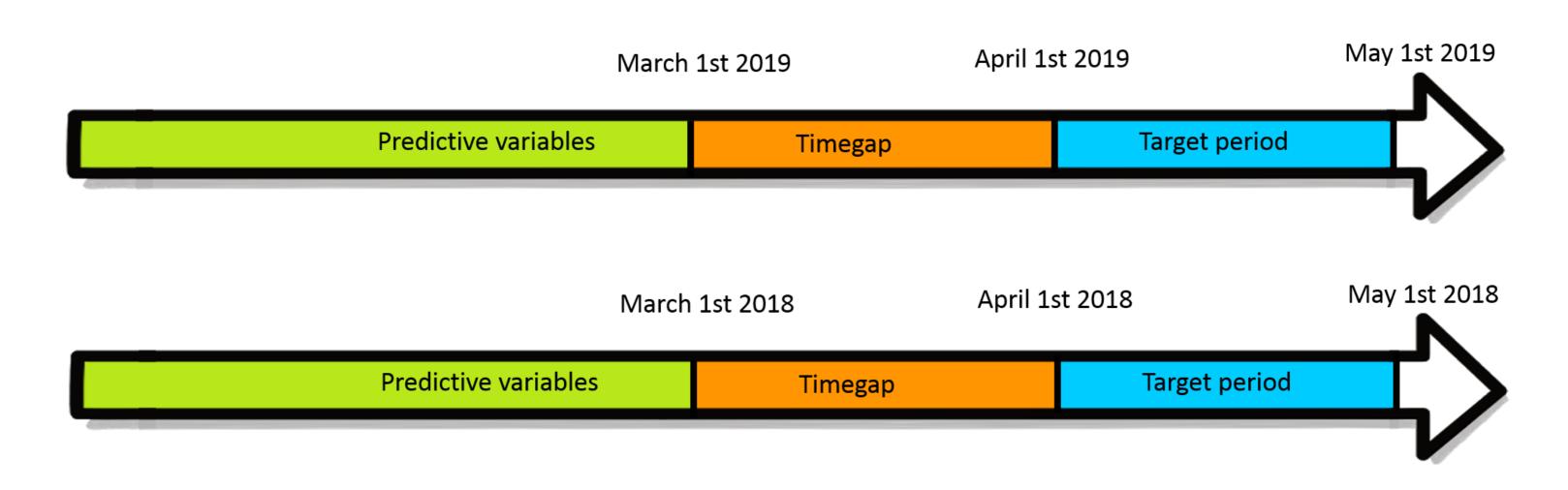
#### Timegap:

- Gather data
- Run the model
- Prepare the campaign

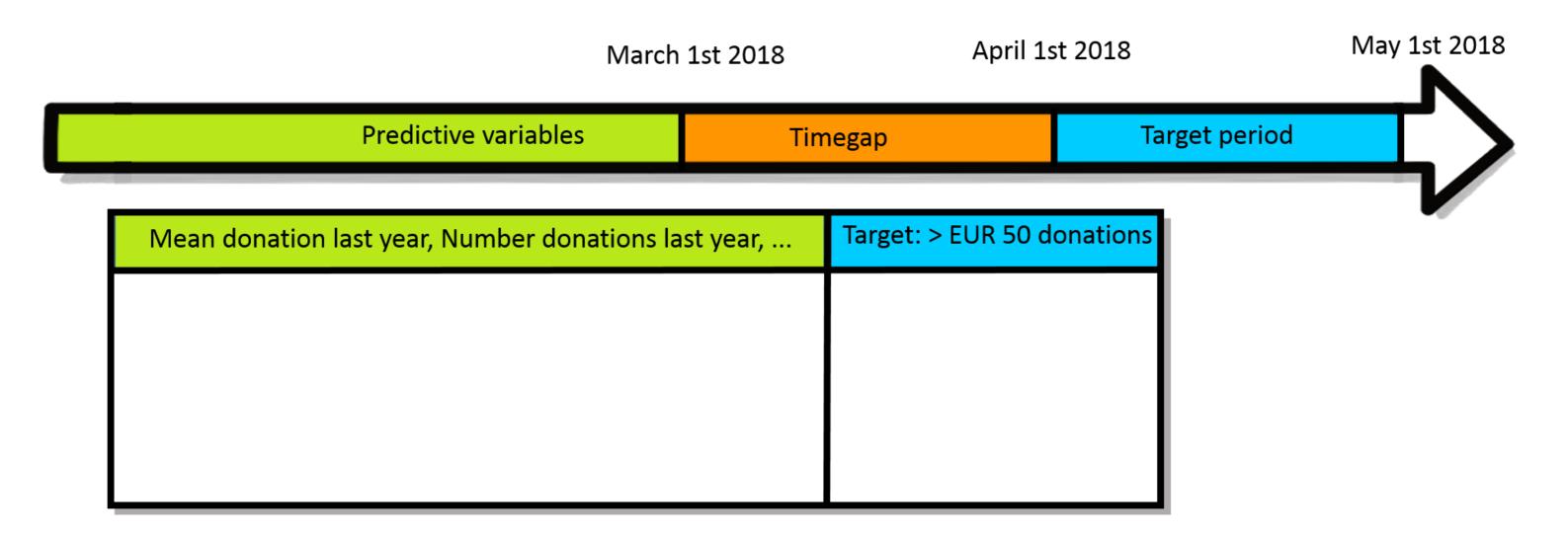
## Reconstructing the timeline in history (1)



## Reconstructing the timeline in history (2)



#### Constructing the basetable



# Let's practice!

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## Congratulations!

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## What you learned...

- 1. Draw the timeline:
  - Timegap
- 2. Reconstruct timeline in history:
  - Seasonality
  - Multiple snapshots
- 3. Determine the population
- 4. Calculate the target values
- 5. Add candidate predictors
- 6. Clean the data

## Congratulations!

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