# An Introduction to plotly

INTERACTIVE DATA VISUALIZATION WITH PLOTLY IN R



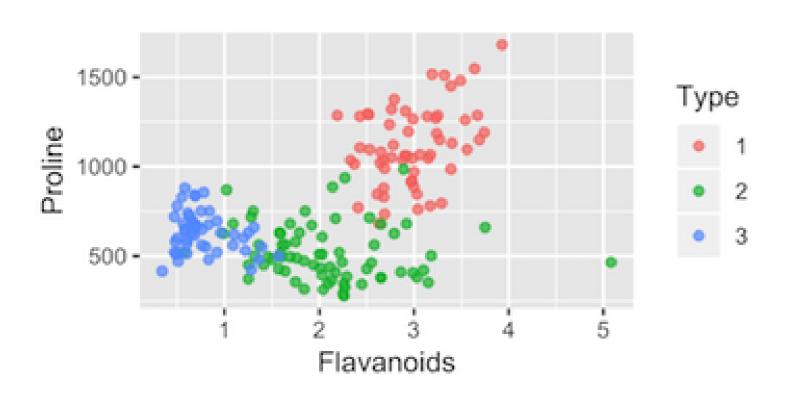
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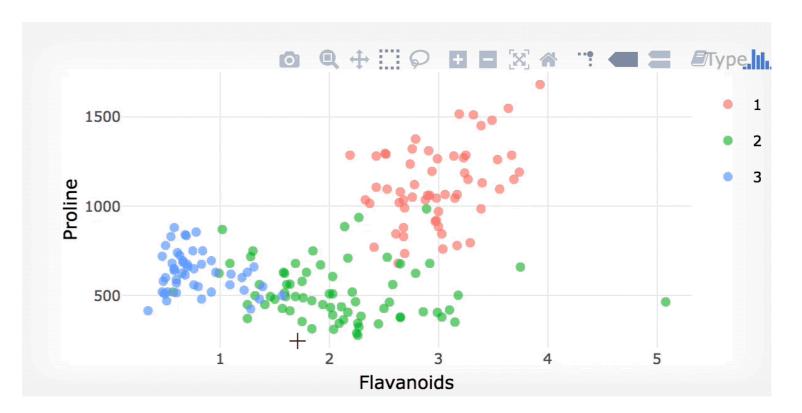


## plotly

- Visualization library for interactive and dynamic web-based graphics
- Plots work in multiple formats
  - viewer windows
  - R Markdown documents
  - shiny apps
- Active development + supportive community

#### Static vs. Interactive graphics



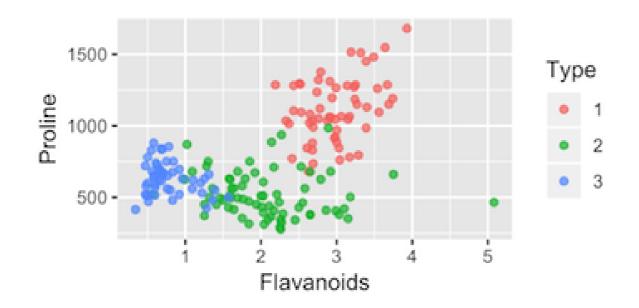


#### Wine data

```
library(dplyr)
glimpse(wine)
```

```
Observations: 178
Variables: 14
               $ Type
$ Alcohol
               <dbl> 14.23, 13.20, 13.16, 14.37, 13.24, 14.20, 14.3...
$ Malic
               <dbl> 1.71, 1.78, 2.36, 1.95, 2.59, 1.76, 1.87, 2.15...
$ Hue
               <dbl> 1.04, 1.05, 1.03, 0.86, 1.04, 1.05, 1.02, 1.06...
$ Dilution
               <dbl> 3.92, 3.40, 3.17, 3.45, 2.93, 2.85, 3.58, 3.58...
$ Proline
               <int> 1065, 1050, 1185, 1480, 735, 1450, 1290, 1295,...
```

## ggplot2 scatterplot



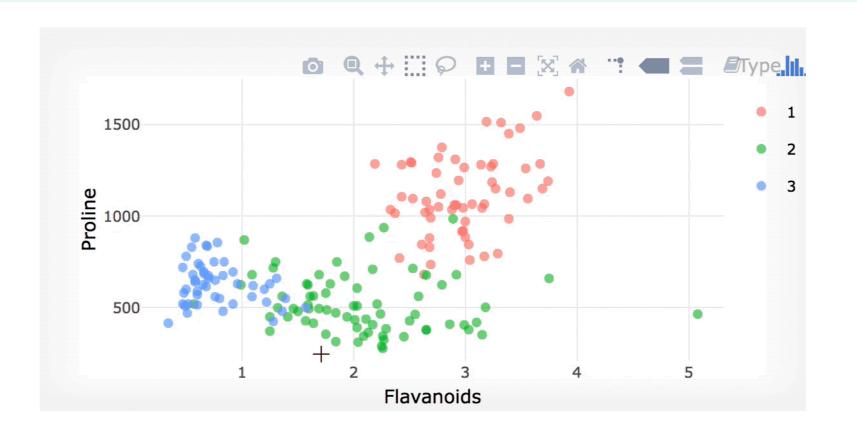
```
library(ggplot2)
static <- wine %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = Flavanoids, y = Proline, color = Type)) +
    geom_point()
```

- Dataset, wine
- Aesthetics, aes()
- Add a layer,geom\_point()

## ggplotly()

library(plotly)

ggplotly(static)



#### Remarks

- Interactive?Good
  - Bad design = bad interactive graphic
  - Follow data-viz best practices
- ggplotly() is only the beginning

# Let's practice!

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# Plotting a single variable

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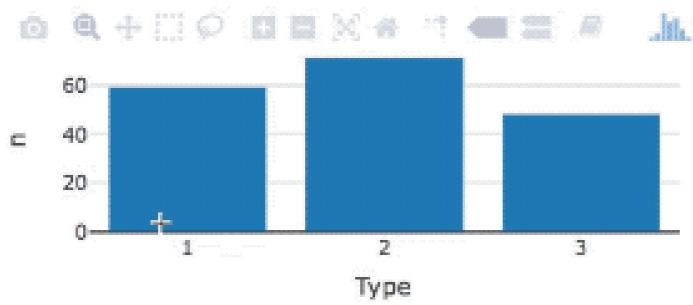
#### **Exploring the wine data**

```
library(dplyr)
glimpse(wine)
```

```
Observations: 178
Variables: 14
               $ Type
$ Alcohol
               <dbl> 14.23, 13.20, 13.16, 14.37, 13.24, 14.20, 14.3...
$ Malic
               <dbl> 1.71, 1.78, 2.36, 1.95, 2.59, 1.76, 1.87, 2.15...
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$ Dilution
               <dbl> 3.92, 3.40, 3.17, 3.45, 2.93, 2.85, 3.58, 3.58...
$ Proline
               <int> 1065, 1050, 1185, 1480, 735, 1450, 1290, 1295,...
```



#### Bar charts with plotly



```
library(plotly)

wine %>%
   count(Type) %>%
   plot_ly(x = ~Type, y = ~n) %>%
   add_bars()
```

- Create a frequency table with count()
- Specify aesthetics using ~
- Add the bars trace with add\_bars()

#### Reordering the bars

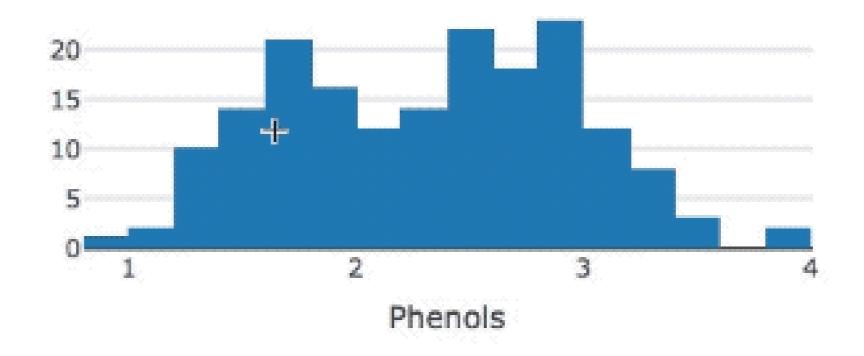


library(forcats)

```
wine %>%
  count(Type) %>%
  mutate(Type = fct_reorder(Type, n, .desc = TRUE)) %>%
  plot_ly(x = ~Type, y = ~n) %>%
  add_bars()
```

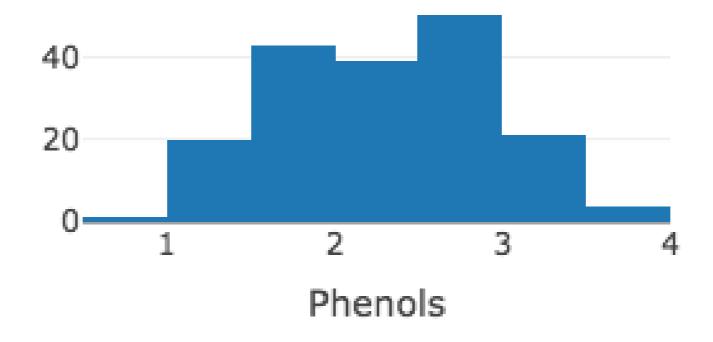
- fct\_reorder() to rearrange the bars
- set .desc argument toTRUE

#### Histograms with plotly



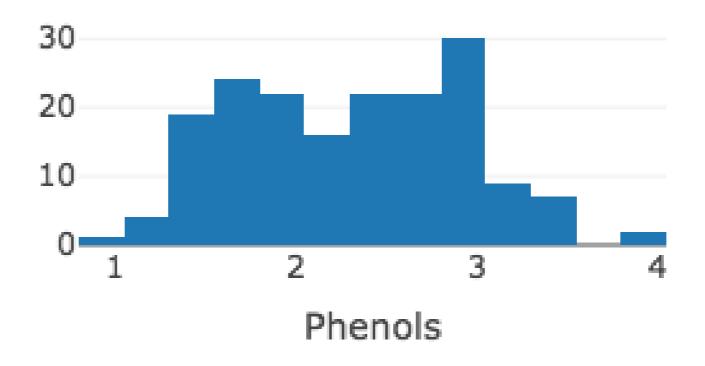
```
wine %>%
  plot_ly(x = ~Phenols) %>% # specify aesthetics
  add_histogram() # add the histogram trace
```

#### Adjusting the number of bins



```
wine %>%
  plot_ly(x = ~Phenols) %>%
  add_histogram(nbinsx = 10)
```

### Adjusting the bin width



```
wine %>%
  plot_ly(x = ~Phenols) %>%
  add_histogram(xbins = list(start = 0.8, end = 4, size = 0.25))
```

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## Bivariate graphics

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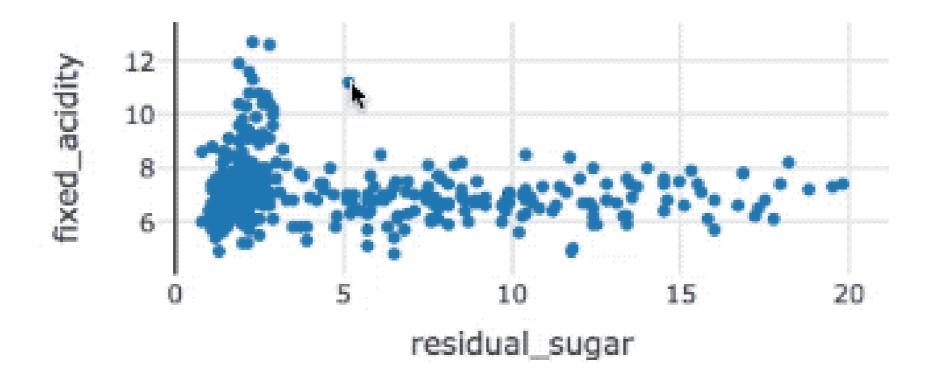
#### Wine quality data

glimpse(winequality)

```
Observations: 325
Variables: 14
$ type
                  <chr> "red", "red", "red", "red", "red", "red", ...
$ fixed_acidity
                 <dbl> 8.2, 8.2, 8.0, 10.2, 8.6, 6.1, 10.7, 9.1, 7.2...
$ volatile_acidity <dbl> 0.885, 0.640, 0.715, 0.360, 0.520, 0.590, 0.6...
$ citric_acid
                 <dbl> 0.20, 0.27, 0.22, 0.64, 0.38, 0.01, 0.22, 0.3...
$ residual_sugar
                 <dbl> 1.40, 2.00, 2.30, 2.90, 1.50, 2.10, 2.70, 2.1...
$ sulphates
                  <dbl> 0.46, 0.62, 0.54, 0.66, 0.52, 0.56, 0.98, 0.8...
$ alcohol
                  <dbl> 10.0, 9.1, 9.5, 12.5, 9.4, 11.4, 9.9, 11.2, 1...
$ quality
                  <int> 5, 6, 6, 6, 5, 5, 6, 6, 6, 7, 6, 5, 4, 6, 6, ...
$ quality_label
                 <chr> "low", "medium", "medium", "medium", "low", ...
```

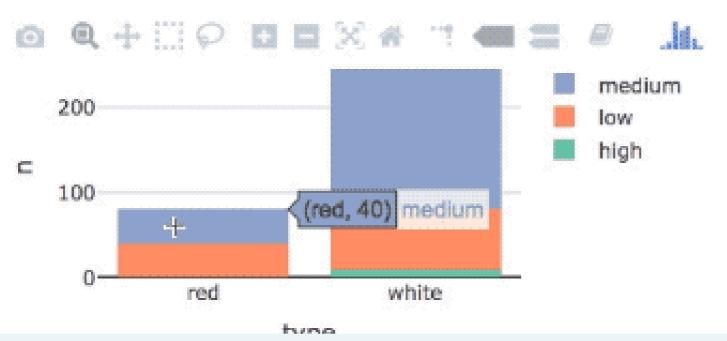


#### Scatterplots with plotly



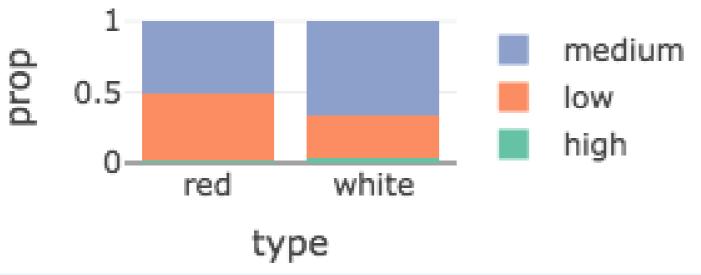
```
winequality %>%
 plot_ly(x = ~residual_sugar, y = ~fixed_acidity) %>%
 add_markers()
```

#### Stacked bar charts with plotly



```
winequality %>%
  count(type, quality_label) %>%
  plot_ly(x = ~type, y = ~n, color = ~quality_label) %>%
  add_bars() %>%
  layout(barmode = "stack")
```

#### From counts to proportions



```
winequality %>%
  count(type, quality_label) %>%
  group_by(type) %>%
  mutate(prop = n / sum(n)) %>%
  plot_ly(x = ~type, y = ~prop, color = ~quality_label) %>%
  add_bars() %>%
  layout(barmode = "stack")
```

- Group the table with group\_by()
- Calculate the proportions

#### Boxplots with plotly



```
winequality %>%
 plot_ly(x = ~quality_label, y = ~alcohol) %>%
 add_boxplot()
```

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