

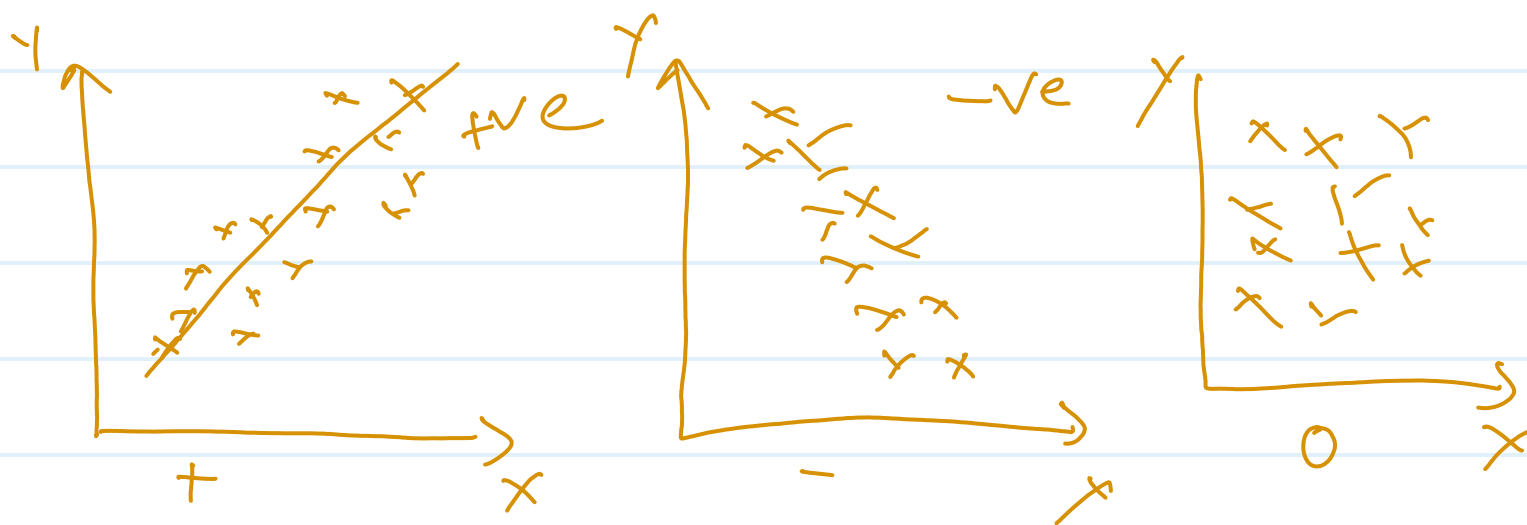
☆☆ Covariance and correlation

Covariance -

X	Y
age	height
5	80cm
10	100cm
15	120cm
20	150cm

X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_5	X_6	Y
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$X \uparrow \quad Y \uparrow \quad | \quad X \downarrow \quad Y \downarrow \quad = \text{Positive cova.}$
 $X \downarrow \quad Y \uparrow \quad | \quad X \uparrow \quad Y \downarrow \quad = \text{negative cova.}$
 $X \uparrow \quad Y - \quad | \quad X \downarrow \quad Y - \quad = \text{Zero cova.}$



limit $(+\infty, -\infty)$

$$\text{Cov}(x, y) = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{n-1}$$

* Co-relation — Relation as well as strength.

$$\text{Cor}(x, y) = \frac{\text{Cov}(x, y)}{\sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

Range co-relation = -1 to $+1$

Positive Corr = +1

zero corr = 0

negative corr = -1

Type correlation

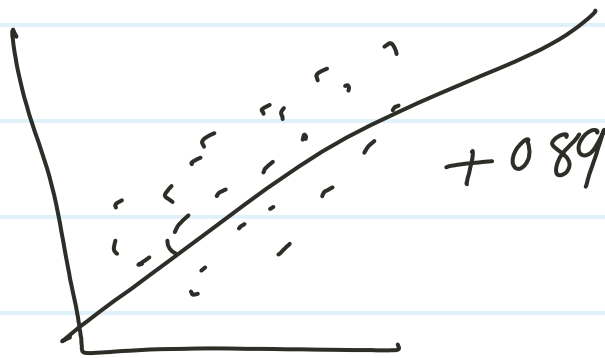
- ① Pearson's correlation coefficient
- ② Spearman's Rank correlation coefficient

① Pearson's -

It describe the linear relation b/w quantitative/Numby variable.

$$P(x, y) = \frac{\text{cov}(x, y)}{\sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

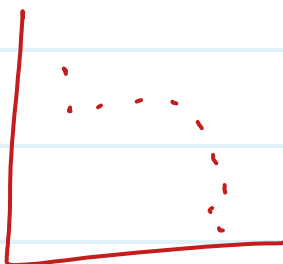
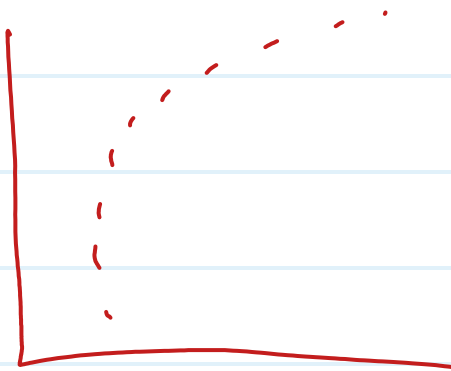
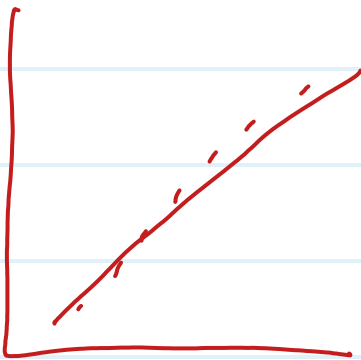
Disadvantage — It doesn't work on non-linear relation variable



② Spearman's Rank corr. coefficient

Formula

$$r_{(X,Y)} = \frac{\text{Cov}(X,Y)}{R_{ox} R_{oy}}$$



X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	y
0	10	100	1000	1
1	100	1000	10000	1
5	1000	10000	100000	1
10	10000	100000	1000000	1

$$\frac{0.1}{10000} = 0.00001 \checkmark$$

$$\frac{5}{10000} = 0.0005$$

$$\frac{5000}{10000} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{500}{10000} = 0.0500$$

$$\frac{50}{10000} = 0.005$$

$$\frac{10000}{10000} = 1$$

$$\underline{\underline{0 - 1}}$$

* Center limit theorem



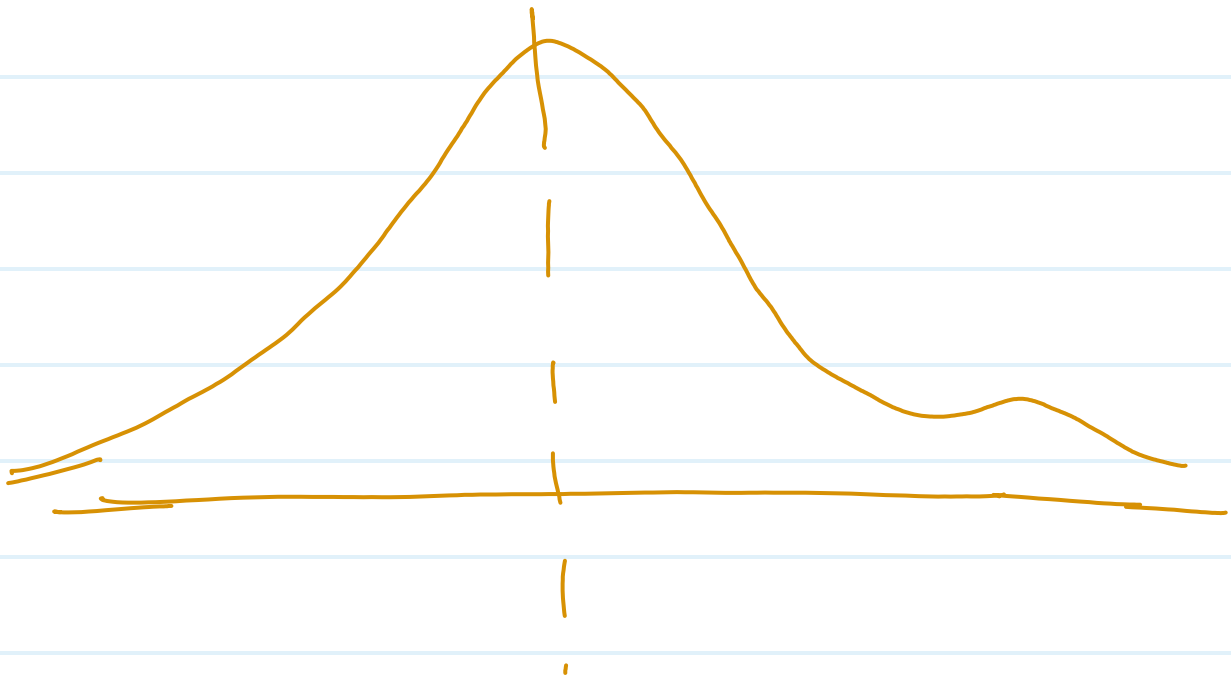
no of sample = 40 ✓

{ Sample size ≥ 30 }

$(n_1, n_2, n_3 - - - - n_{40})$

$(\bar{x}_1, \bar{x}_2, \bar{x}_3 - - - - \bar{x}_{40})$

Dataset $(x_1, x_2, x_3 - - - x_{40})$

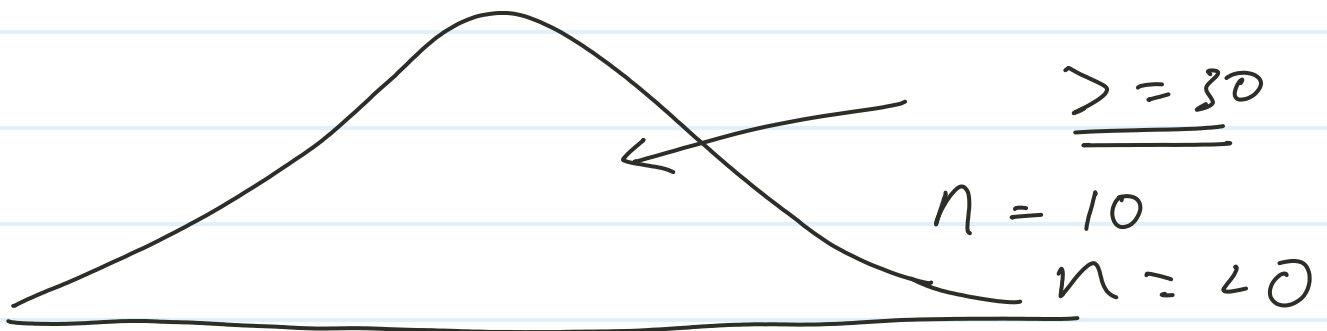


max no. of sample will lead to normalise the data curve.

Population = 10000

$$n = 30 - 30 - 30 - 30$$

$$\bar{x} = 12 - 15 - 16 - 11 - \dots$$



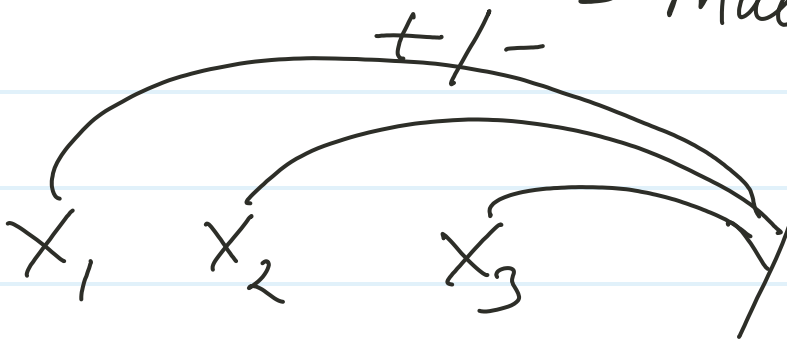
Inde feature →

Annual Income	credit	Salu self.	Type Loan	Loan Amount
X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	Y
10k 20k 30k 500k				

Depe

ND A ND B ND C ND D

Data transform → Data Analysis
 ↘ machine learning.



$$m = 1$$

$$F = 0$$

Gender	Marital	G.	m.
m	S	1	0
f	m	0	1
f	M	0	1
M	S	1	0
M	m	1	1