

* Probability

$$P_{\text{coin}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P_{\text{dice}} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Probability is a measure of the likelihood of an event/experiment.

* Rules of prob. //

① mutual exclusive event

2 event are mutual exclusive if they cannot occur at the same time.

$$\text{Coin} = H/T$$

$$\text{Dice} = 1/2/3/4/5/6$$

* non-mutual exclusive

2 event are non-mutual exclusive if they can occur at same time.

Card \Rightarrow

$$P_{\text{King and } \heartsuit} = \frac{4}{52} \checkmark$$

$$P_{\heartsuit \text{ and } \spadesuit} = \frac{1}{52}$$

$$P_{\heartsuit} = \frac{13}{52} \checkmark$$

* Probability multiplication Rule

Independent event

Two events are ind. if they do not affect one another

Dependent event

Two event are depend. if they do affect one another

Independent

coin \Rightarrow 3 time flip

$$P_{\text{coin}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P_{\text{coin}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P_{\text{coin}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

* Dependent

card \Rightarrow 3 time exp.

$$P_{\text{roking}} = \frac{4}{52}$$

$$P_{\text{roking}} = \frac{3}{51}$$

$$P_{\text{roking}} = \frac{2}{50}$$

$$P_2(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \times P(B)$$

$$P_2(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \times P\left(\frac{B}{A}\right)$$

Indep. $P_{\text{coin}} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \Rightarrow 0.125$

\Rightarrow

Depend $P_{\text{queen}} = \frac{14}{52} \times \frac{3}{17} \times \frac{2}{25} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{5525} =$

$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{0.00018}}$

★ Permutations

Eg:- In a school trip 50 students
 \rightarrow facing chocolate (6 chocolate)

\Rightarrow Dairy milk, 5 star, milksibon, kitkat, perit,
 munch.

$\Rightarrow n = \# \text{ of object}$
 $r = \# \text{ of object you picking}$

$${}^n P_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$

$${}^6 P_3 = \frac{6!}{(6-3)!}$$

$$= \frac{6 \times 5 \times 4 \times \cancel{3 \times 2 \times 1}}{\cancel{3 \times 2 \times 1}}$$

$${}^6 P_3 \Rightarrow 120$$

* Combination

$${}^n C_r = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{3} \times 5 \times \cancel{4} \times \cancel{3} \times \cancel{2} \times \cancel{1}}{\cancel{3} \times \cancel{2} \times \cancel{1} \times \cancel{3} \times \cancel{2} \times \cancel{1}} \Rightarrow 20$$

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

1, 2, 3
1, 3, 4
1, 5, 6
2, 4, 5
2, 3, 4

1, 2, 3
3, 2, 1
2, 1, 3
3, 1, 2
2, 3, 1
1, 3, 2

$$\frac{20 \times 6}{120}$$

★ pearson correlation coefficient

Eco. growth

2.1
2.5
3.6
4.0

Nifty 50 index

8
12
10
14

$$\text{Formula} - \rho_{(x,y)} = \frac{\text{Cov}(x,y)}{\sigma_x \times \sigma_y}$$

$$\text{Standard devi } \sigma_x = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$= \frac{(-1)^2 + (-0.6)^2 + (0.9)^2 + (0.5)^2}{4-1}$$

$$= \frac{1 + 0.36 + 0.81 + 0.25}{3}$$

$$= \sqrt{0.8060} = \boxed{0.8978}$$

$$\sigma_y = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(y_i - \bar{y})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$= \frac{(-3)^2 + (1)^2 + (3)^2 + (-1)^2}{4-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{9 + 1 + 9 + 1}{3} = \sqrt{\frac{20}{3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{6.66} = \boxed{2.58}$$

$$\rho_{(x,y)} = \frac{\text{Cov}(x,y)}{\sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

$$= \frac{1.533}{(0.89)(2.58)}$$

$$= 0.66$$

$$\text{Correlation} = 66\%$$

