## Sentiment analysis

```
In [1]:
# Import library
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
In [2]:
# Loading Dataset
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Aparn\OneDrive\Desktop\DATA SCIENCES\py folder\New folder
In [3]:
# Head of dataset
df.head()
```

```
text label

O I grew up (b. 1965) watching and loving the Th... 0

1 When I put this movie in my DVD player, and sa... 0

2 Why do people who do not know what a particula... 0

3 Even though I have great interest in Biblical ... 0

4 Im a die hard Dads Army fan and nothing will e... 1

In [4]:

# Define feature variable and target variable text = df['text'].values

label = df['label'].values
```

```
In [5]:
#split the data in to train and test
train_text, test_text, train_label, test_label = train_test_split(text, label, test_s
In [6]:
# split the paragraph into tokens
tokenizer = Tokenizer(num_words=10000, oov_token='<00V>')
tokenizer.fit_on_texts(train_text)
train_sequences = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(train_text)
test_sequences = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(test_text)
In [7]:
maxlen=200
train padded = pad sequences(train sequences, maxlen=maxlen, truncating='post', paddi
test_padded = pad_sequences(test_sequences, maxlen=maxlen, truncating='post', padding
In [8]:
# Create the input layer, hidden layer and output layer
# We are also deleting the neurons which is not required
# We are also copiling the model
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Embedding(input_dim=10000, output_dim=16, input_length=maxlen),
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(32, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.5),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
])
model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
In [9]:
```

```
#Training the model
```

model.fit(train\_padded, train\_label, epochs=20, validation\_data=(test\_padded, test\_la

```
Epoch 1/20
Epoch 2/20
Epoch 3/20
Epoch 4/20
Epoch 5/20
Epoch 6/20
Epoch 7/20
Epoch 8/20
Epoch 9/20
Epoch 10/20
Epoch 11/20
Epoch 12/20
Epoch 13/20
Epoch 14/20
Epoch 15/20
Epoch 16/20
Epoch 17/20
Epoch 18/20
Epoch 19/20
Epoch 20/20
```

<keras.callbacks.History at 0x14031f04c48>

```
In [11]:
    predictions = (predictions > 0.5).astype(int)

In [12]:

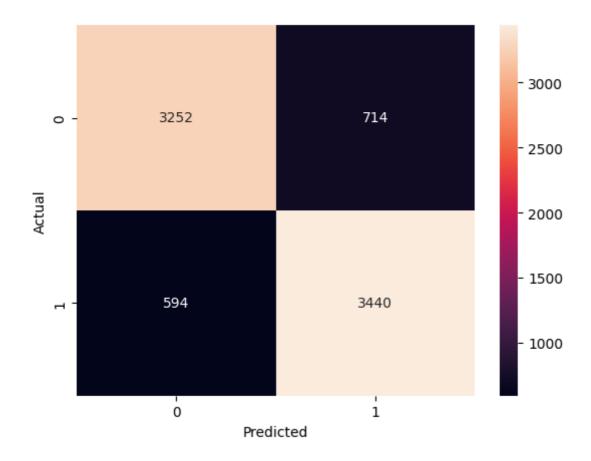
#Confusion matrics
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(test_label, predictions)
print(cm)

[[3252 714]
    [594 3440]]

In [13]:

#show heatmap
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
```

Text(50.72222222222214, 0.5, 'Actual')



```
In [14]:
```

#Import classification\_report and show that we can get precision, recall, f1-score an
# this is also a performance measure
from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report
print(classification\_report(test\_label, predictions))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.85	0.82	0.83	3966
1	0.83	0.85	0.84	4034
accuracy			0.84	8000
macro avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	8000
weighted avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	8000

In [ ]: