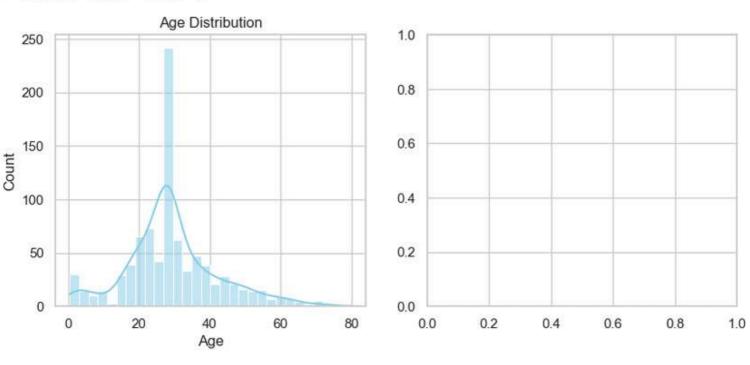
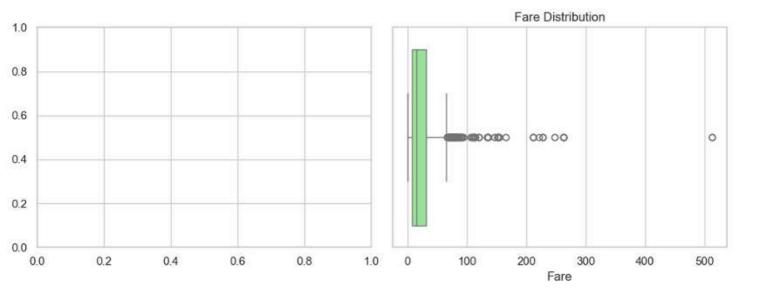
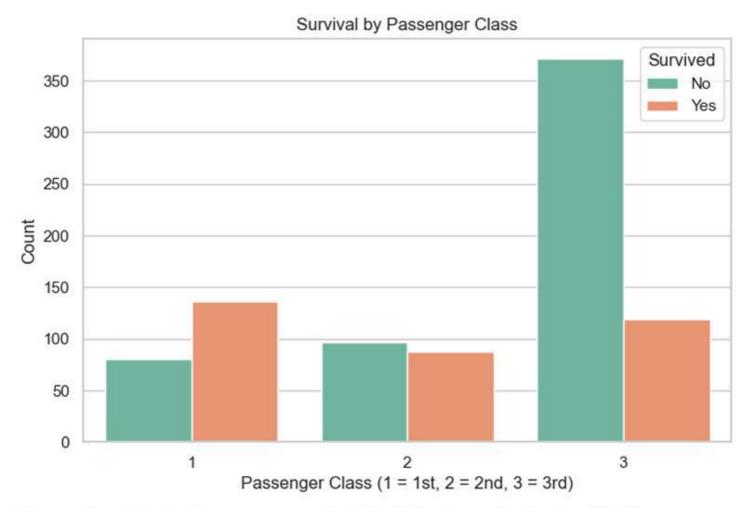
Text(0, 0.5, 'Count')



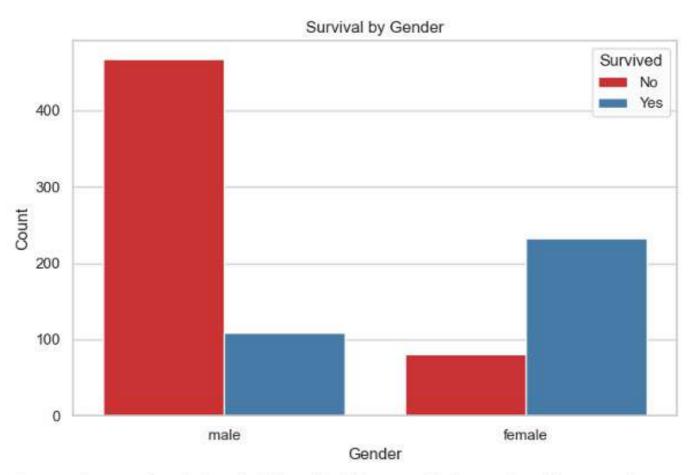
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Task 5\_ Exploratory\_ Data \_Analysis\_ (EDA)



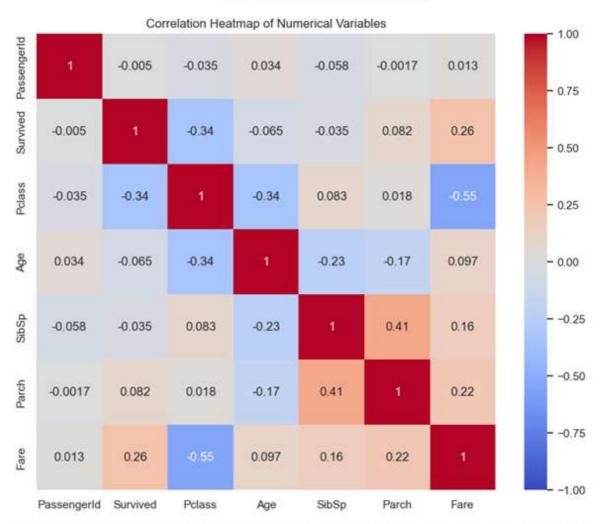


Observation: First-class passengers had the highest survival rate (62.9%).



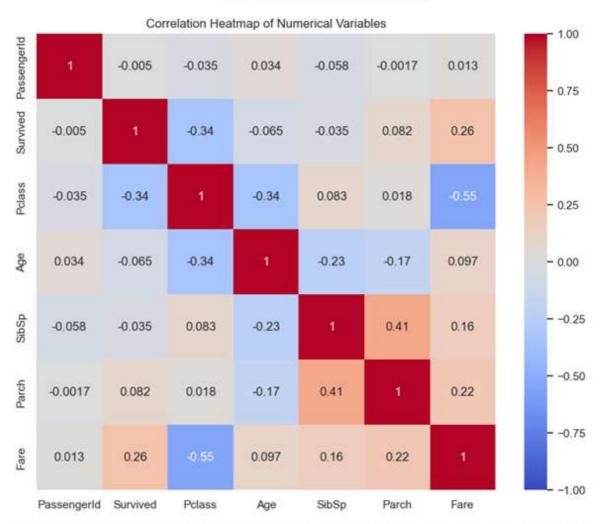
Observation: Females had a significantly higher survival rate (74.2%) compared to ma les (18.9%).

Task 5\_ Exploratory\_ Data \_Analysis\_ (EDA)



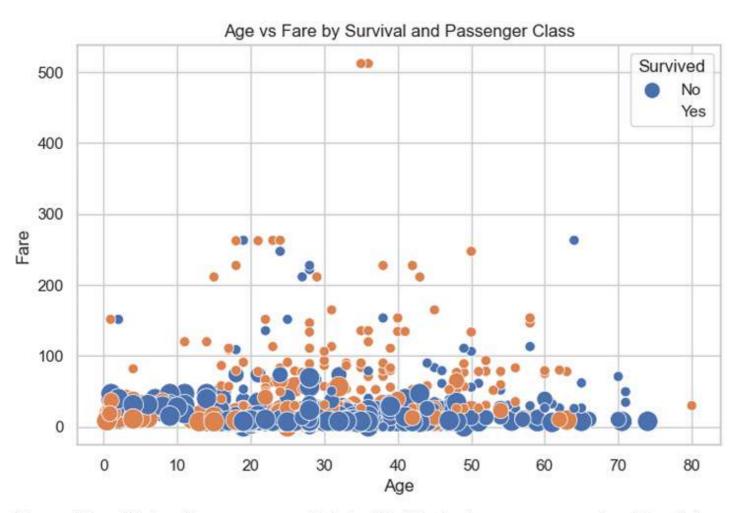
Heatmap shows moderate negative Pclass-Fare correlation (-0.55). Survived has weak c orrelations, strongest with Pclass (-0.34). No multicollinearity evident..

Task 5\_ Exploratory\_ Data \_Analysis\_ (EDA)



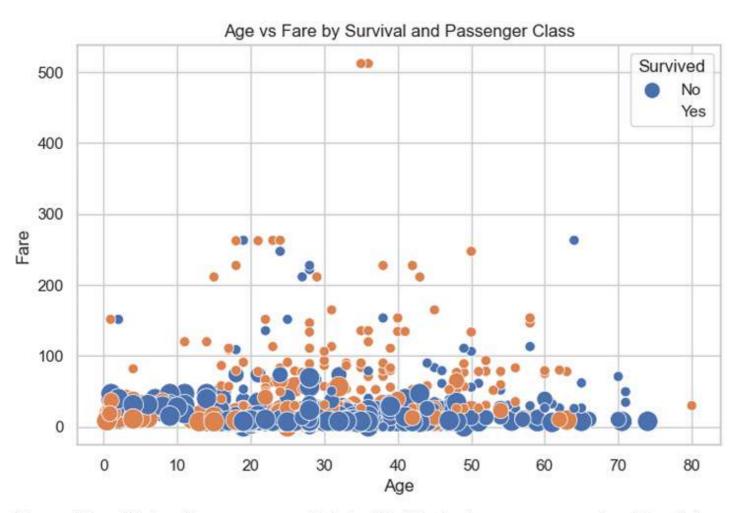
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Task 5\_ Exploratory\_ Data \_Analysis\_ (EDA)



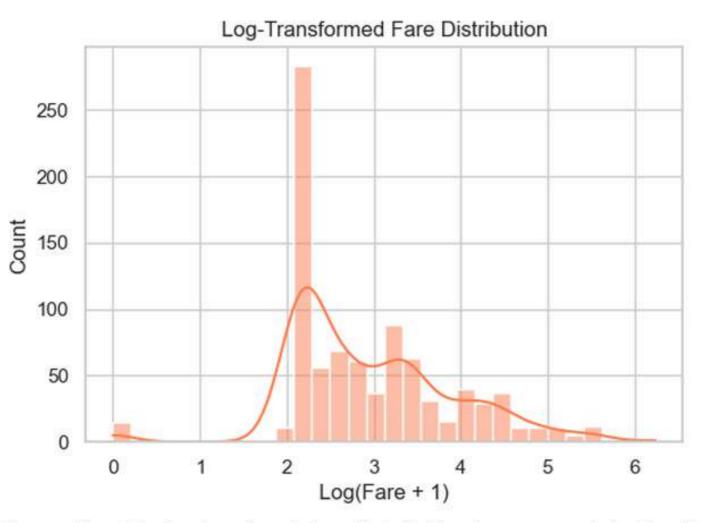
Observation: Higher fares are associated with first-class passengers (smaller Pclass values) and higher survival rates.

Task 5\_ Exploratory\_ Data \_Analysis\_ (EDA)



Observation: Higher fares are associated with first-class passengers (smaller Pclass values) and higher survival rates.

Task 5\_ Exploratory\_ Data \_Analysis\_ (EDA)



Observation: The log-transformed fare distribution is more symmetric than the origin al, reducing the impact of extreme outliers.