

```
In [7]: # 1 Write a function that takes a string
# as input and returns the number of vowels in the string.
def count_vowels(string):
    vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"
    count = 0
    for char in string:
        if char in vowels:
            count += 1
    return count

print(count_vowels("Hello World!"))
print(count_vowels("Python"))
```

3
1

```
In [8]: # 2 Write a function that takes two lists as
# input and returns the common elements in both lists.
def common_elements(list1, list2):
    return [element for element in list1 if element in list2]

print(common_elements([1, 2, 3, 4], [3, 4, 5, 6]))
print(common_elements(["apple", "banana"], ["cherry", "banana"]))
```

[3, 4]
['banana']

```
In [9]: # 3 Write a function that takes a list of numbers
# as input and returns the sum of the numbers in the list.

def sum_of_numbers(numbers):
    return sum(numbers)

print(sum_of_numbers([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]))
print(sum_of_numbers([10, 20, 30]))
```

15
60

```
In [13]: # 4 Write a function that takes a list of strings
# as input and returns the longest string in the list.
def longest_string(strings):
    return max(strings, key=len)

print(longest_string(["apple", "banana", "cherry"]))
print(longest_string(["python", "java", "javascript"]))
```

banana
javascript

```
In [14]: # 5 Write a function that takes both positional and keyword arguments
# to welcome Smith and Abraham
def greet(name, message="Hello"):
    print(message, name)

# positional arguments
greet("John")
greet("Jane", "Hi")

# keyword arguments
greet(message="Good morning", name="Bob")
greet(name="Alice", message="Good evening")
```

Hello John
Hi Jane
Good morning Bob
Good evening Alice

```
In [15]: # 6 Write a Python function that takes an arbitrary
# number of numbers as arguments and returns the average of the numbers.
def average(*numbers):
    sum = 0
    for number in numbers:
        sum += number
    return sum / len(numbers)

# arbitrary arguments
result = average(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
print("The average is:", result)
```

The average is: 3.0

```
In [16]: # 7 Write a function that takes two numbers as
# input and returns the greatest common divisor (GCD) of the two numbers.
def gcd(a, b):
    if b == 0:
        return a
    else:
        return gcd(b, a % b)

print(gcd(12, 15))
print(gcd(24, 60))
```

3
12

```
In [25]: # 8 Write a function that takes a string as input and
# returns the reverse of the string.
def reverse_string(string):
    return string[::-1]

print(reverse_string("Hello World!"))
print(reverse_string("Python"))
```

!dlroW olleH
nohtyP

```
In [26]: # 9 Write a function that takes a string as input and
# returns a new string with all the spaces removed.
def remove_spaces(string):
    return "".join(string.split())

print(remove_spaces("Hello World!"))
print(remove_spaces("Python Programmer"))
```

HelloWorld!
PythonProgrammer

```
In [27]: # 10 Write a function that takes a list of numbers
# as input and returns a new list with all the duplicates removed.
def remove_duplicates(numbers):
    return list(set(numbers))

print(remove_duplicates([1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 4, 5]))
print(remove_duplicates([2, 3, 4, 2, 3, 5, 6, 5]))
```

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
[2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

In []:

Exercise 1

```
In [1]: #1
# Option 1
def calculateCurve(score):
    if score >= 90:
        curve = 5
    elif score >= 80:
        curve = 10
    else:
        curve = 20

    total = score + curve

    return total

calculateCurve(50)
```

Out[1]: 70

```
In [2]: #1
# Option 2
def calculateCurve(score):
    if score < 0 or score > 100:
        raise ValueError("Score must be between 0 and 100")

    if score >= 90:
        curve = 5
    elif score >= 80:
        curve = 10
    else:
        curve = 20

    total = score + curve

    return total

try:
    result = calculateCurve(50)
    print("The total score is:", result)
except ValueError as error:
    print(error)
```

The total score is: 70

Exercise 2

```
In [3]: # Option 1
def multipleOfFive():
    num = int(input("Enter a number to check the multiple of 5:"))
    if num % 5 == 0:
        print(num, "is a multiple of 5")
    else:
        print(num, "is not a multiple of 5")

multipleOfFive()
```

Enter a number to check the multiple of 5:42
42 is not a multiple of 5

```
In [ ]: # Option 2
def isMultipleOfFive(num):
    if num % 5 == 0:
        return True
    else:
        return False

def multipleOfFive():
    while True:
        try:
            num = int(input("Enter a number to check if it is a multiple of 5: "))
            break
        except ValueError:
            print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid integer.")

    if isMultipleOfFive(num):
        print(num, "is a multiple of 5")
    else:
        print(num, "is not a multiple of 5")

multipleOfFive()
```

Enter a number to check if it is a multiple of 5: 78
78 is not a multiple of 5

Exercise 3

```
In [4]: # Option 1
# Calculate hypotenuse
import math
def calculateHypo():
    side1 = int(input("Enter a side value: "))
    side2 = int(input("Enter another side value: "))
    hy = math.hypot(side1, side2)
    #return f"{hy:.2f}"
    return round(hy,2)

calculateHypo()
```

Enter a side value: 12
Enter another side value: 15

Out[4]: 19.21

```
In [ ]: # Option 2

import math

def calculateHypo():
    while True:
        try:
            side1 = float(input("Enter the first side value: "))
            break
        except ValueError:
            print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid number.")

    while True:
        try:
            side2 = float(input("Enter the second side value: "))
            break
        except ValueError:
            print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid number.")

    hy = math.hypot(side1, side2)
    return round(hy, 2)

result = calculateHypo()
print("The length of the hypotenuse is:", result)
```

Enter the first side value: lkj
Invalid input. Please enter a valid number.
Enter the first side value: pok
Invalid input. Please enter a valid number.
Enter the first side value: 125
Enter the second side value: lkoi
Invalid input. Please enter a valid number.
Enter the second side value: 25
The length of the hypotenuse is: 127.48

Exercise 4

```
In [33]: # Option 1
import random

def play():

    times_to_play = int(input("How many times do you want to play: "))

    p1_total = 0
    p2_total = 0
    head = 1
    tail = 2

    for i in range(times_to_play):

        if random.randint(head, tail) == head:
            p1_total += 10
        else:
            p2_total += 10

    print("Total points for player 1:", p1_total)
    print("Total points for player 2:", p2_total)

    if p1_total > p2_total:
        print("Player 1 wins!")
    elif p2_total > p1_total:
        print("Player 2 wins!")
    else:
        print("It's a tie!")

play()
```

How many times do you want to play: 5
 Total points for player 1: 20
 Total points for player 2: 30
 Player 2 wins!

```
In [29]: # Option 2
import random

def play():
    while True:
        try:
            times_to_play = int(input("How many times do you want to play: "))
            if times_to_play <= 0:
                raise ValueError
            break
        except ValueError:
            print("Invalid input. Please enter a positive integer.")

    p1_total = 0
    p2_total = 0
    head = 1
    tail = 2

    for i in range(times_to_play):

        if random.randint(head, tail) == head:
            p1_total += 10
        else:
            p2_total += 10

    print("Total points for player 1:", p1_total)
    print("Total points for player 2:", p2_total)

    if p1_total > p2_total:
        print("Player 1 wins!")
    elif p2_total > p1_total:
        print("Player 2 wins!")
    else:
        print("It's a tie!")

play()
```

How many times do you want to play: 5
 Total points for player 1: 20
 Total points for player 2: 30
 Player 2 wins!

Exercise 5

```
In [34]: # Option 1
def factorial(number):

    if number < 1:
        print("Enter a positive value!")
    elif number == 1:
        return 1
    else:
        res = number * factorial(number-1)
        return res

print(f"Result: {factorial(5)}")
```

Result: 120

```
In [ ]: # Option 2
def factorial(number):
    if number < 0:
        return "Enter a non-negative value!"
    elif number <= 1:
        return 1
    else:
        res = number * factorial(number-1)
        return res

factorial_result = factorial(10)
if type(factorial_result) == int:
    print("The factorial is", factorial_result)
else:
    print(factorial_result)
```

The factorial is 3628800

Exercise 6

```
In [ ]: def check_grade(score):
        if score >= 90:
            return "A"
        elif score >= 80:
            return "B"
        elif score >= 70:
            return "C"
        elif score >= 60:
            return "D"
        else:
            return "F"

def get_score():
    while True:
        score = int(input("Enter your score: "))
        if score < 0 or score > 100:
            print("The score should be between 0 and 100.")
            continue
        print("Your grade is:", check_grade(score))
        if input("Want to continue (y/n)? ").lower() != 'y':
            break

try:
    get_score()
except ValueError:
    print("Invalid input. Only numbers are allowed.")
    get_score()
```

```
Enter your score: 120
The score should be between 0 and 100.
Enter your score: 150
The score should be between 0 and 100.
Enter your score: 85
Your grade is: B
Want to continue (y/n)? y
Enter your score: dfdfdf
Invalid input. Only numbers are allowed.
Enter your score: 96
Your grade is: A
Want to continue (y/n)? n
```