

CY321

Secure Software Development Lifecycle



Week 04 Deliverables

Secure Password Manager

Team Members :

Ammaid Saleem 2022344

Humayun Nasir 2022189

Muhammad Mursaleen 2022401

Asad Ali 2022903

Faculty : Cyber Security

Submitted to : Dr Zubair Ahmad

Secure Password Manager - Week 04 Documentation

1. Introduction

This documentation outlines the deliverables completed during Week 04 of the Secure Password Manager project. The main objective of this week was to begin secure implementation by applying secure coding practices and building a secure authentication system with initial backend development.

2. Project Folder Structure

The Week4 folder is structured as follows to separate responsibilities and maintain clean modular code:

```
Week4/
├── backend/
│   ├── app.py
│   ├── auth.py
│   ├── .env
│   └── requirements.txt
├── database/
│   ├── db_config.py
│   └── init_db.sql
├── README.md
└── secure_coding_checklist.md
```

3. Secure Authentication System

Secure user registration and login functionality was implemented using Flask. The following practices were followed:

- Passwords are hashed using bcrypt before being stored.
- JWT tokens are used for authentication and session handling.
- A secret key is stored in a .env file (not pushed to GitHub).

3.1 Register API

Registers a user with a hashed password.

Endpoint: POST /register

Request body (JSON): { 'username': '...', 'password': '...' }

The screenshot displays a REST client interface for a POST request to `http://127.0.0.1:5000/register`. The request body is a JSON object: `{ "username": "mursaleen", "password": "mypassword" }`. The response is a 200 OK status with a response time of 268 ms and a body size of 204 B. The response body is a JSON object: `{ "msg": "Registered Successfully" }`.

HTTP `http://127.0.0.1:5000/register` Save Share

POST `http://127.0.0.1:5000/register` Send

Params Authorization Headers (8) Body Scripts Settings Cookies

☐ none ☐ form-data ☐ x-www-form-urlencoded ☒ raw ☐ binary ☐ GraphQL JSON Beautify

```
1 {
2   "username": "mursaleen",
3   "password": "mypassword"
4 }
5
```

Body Cookies Headers (5) Test Results 200 OK • 268 ms • 204 B

{ } JSON Preview Visualize

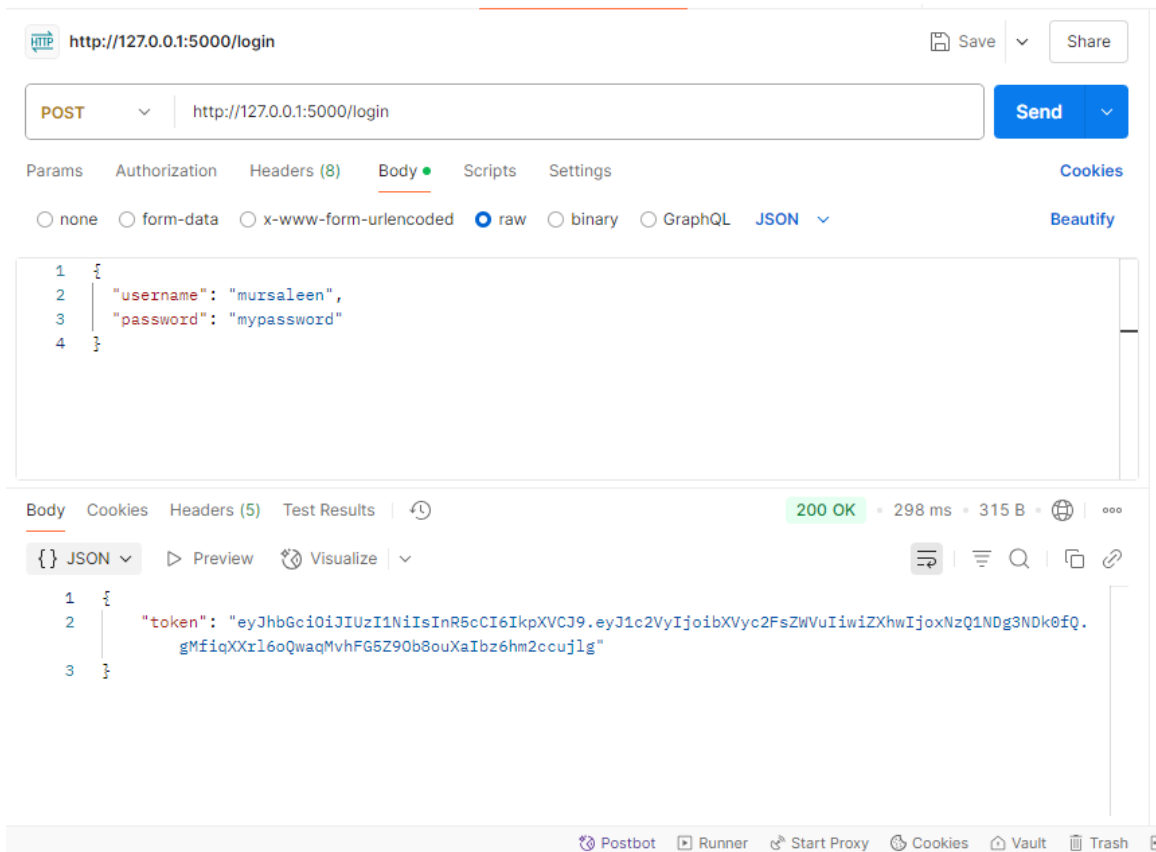
```
1 {
2   "msg": "Registered Successfully"
3 }
```

3.2 Login API

Authenticates the user and returns a JWT token.

Endpoint: POST /login

Request body (JSON): { 'username': '...', 'password': '...' }



4. Database Setup and Security

A SQLite database was used to store user credentials. The database schema was created using SQL script, and database connectivity was configured in Python using `sqlite3`.

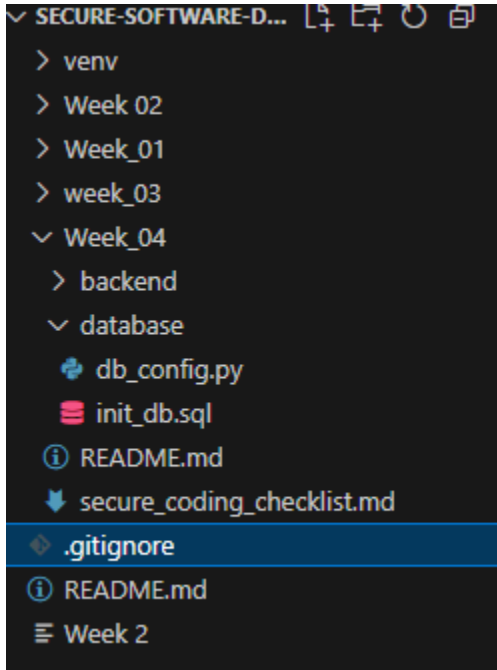
Security Measures:

- Used parameterized queries to prevent SQL injection.
- Passwords are stored only after hashing.
- Configuration separated into `db_config.py` for clarity.

```
Week_04 > database > db_config.py > ...
1  import sqlite3
2
3  def get_db_connection():
4      conn = sqlite3.connect('securepm.db')
5      conn.row_factory = sqlite3.Row
6      return conn
7
```

5. Secret Management (.env)

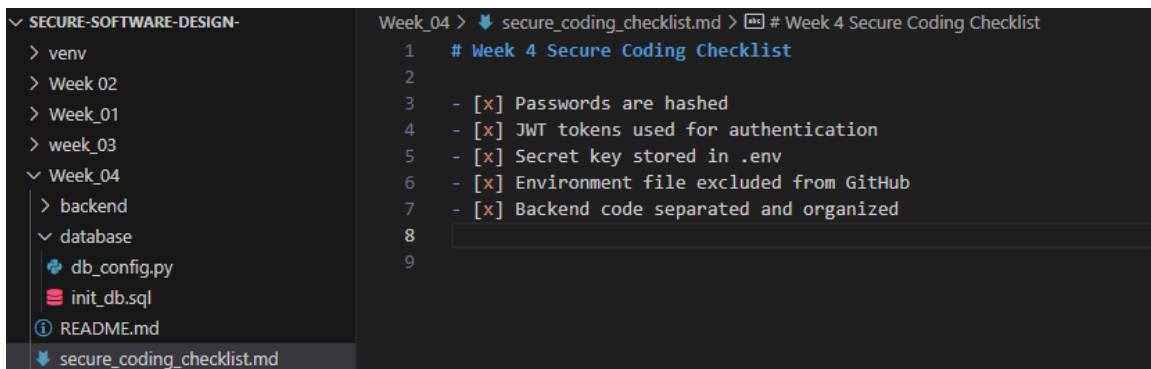
Environment variables were used to securely store sensitive data like secret keys. The .env file is excluded from GitHub by adding it to .gitignore.



6. Secure Coding Practices Followed

A checklist of secure coding practices was created and followed during implementation. These include:

- Hashed passwords (bcrypt)
- Token-based authentication (JWT)
- Parameterized database queries
- Separation of configuration using .env
- Code modularization and reuse



7. GitHub Submission & Version Control

Progress was pushed to GitHub under the `Week4` folder. The following were ensured:

- Code is modular and easy to understand
- Sensitive files are excluded using .gitignore
- A README.md file describes the work done in Week 4

```
Muhammad Mursaleen@DESKTOP-RK554PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Secure-Software-Design- (main)
$ git add Week_04/

Muhammad Mursaleen@DESKTOP-RK554PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Secure-Software-Design- (main)
$ git commit -m "Week 4: Secure login, bcrypt, JWT, DB setup"
[main b2d5a91] Week 4: Secure login, bcrypt, JWT, DB setup
9 files changed, 86 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 .gitignore
create mode 100644 Week_04/README.md
create mode 100644 Week_04/backend/__pycache__/auth.cpython-313.pyc
create mode 100644 Week_04/backend/app.py
create mode 100644 Week_04/backend/auth.py
create mode 100644 Week_04/backend/requirements.txt
create mode 100644 Week_04/database/db_config.py
create mode 100644 Week_04/database/init_db.sql
create mode 100644 Week_04/secure_coding_checklist.md
```

```
Muhammad Mursaleen@DESKTOP-RK554PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Secure-Software-Design- (main)
$ git push origin main
info: please complete authentication in your browser...
Enumerating objects: 16, done.
Counting objects: 100% (16/16), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (12/12), done.
Writing objects: 100% (15/15), 2.86 KiB | 1.43 MiB/s, done.
Total 15 (delta 1), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (1/1), completed with 1 local object.
To https://github.com/asadalirasool/Secure-Software-Design-.git
4a4601c..b2d5a91 main -> main
```

8. Summary and Next Steps

In Week 04, we started our secure implementation phase. Authentication and database handling were developed using secure practices. The next step will be to add input validation, encryption for password vault data, and build out more features with secure integration.