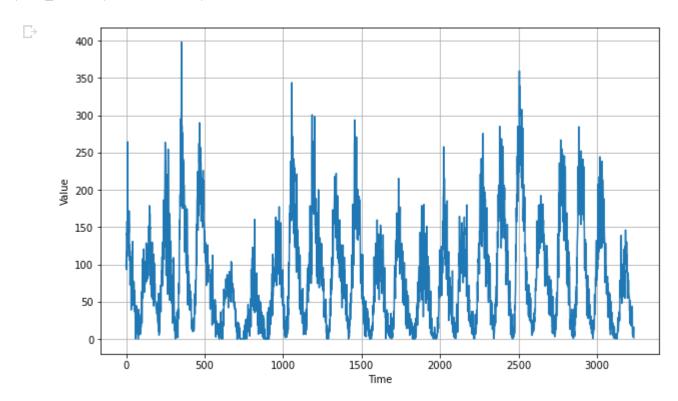
```
#@title Licensed under the Apache License, Version ender the Apache
# you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
                                                 License, Version 2.0 (the
# You may obtain a copy of the License at
                                                 "License");
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# limitations under the License.
import tensorflow as tf
print(tf.__version__)
□→ 2.3.0
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def plot_series(time, series, format="-", start=0, end=None):
    plt.plot(time[start:end], series[start:end], format)
    plt.xlabel("Time")
    plt.ylabel("Value")
    plt.grid(True)
!wget --no-check-certificate \
    https://storage.googleapis.com/laurencemoroney-blog.appspot.com/Sunspots.csv \
    -0 /tmp/sunspots.csv
 --2020-09-24 18:49:33-- <a href="https://storage.googleapis.com/laurencemoroney-blog.appspot.com">https://storage.googleapis.com/laurencemoroney-blog.appspot.com</a>
     Resolving storage.googleapis.com (storage.googleapis.com)... 173.194.216.128, 173.194.21
     Connecting to storage.googleapis.com (storage.googleapis.com) | 173.194.216.128 | :443... cc
     HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
     Length: 70827 (69K) [application/octet-stream]
     Saving to: '/tmp/sunspots.csv'
     /tmp/sunspots.csv 100%[=========>] 69.17K --.-KB/s
     2020-09-24 18:49:34 (62.7 MB/s) - '/tmp/sunspots.csv' saved [70827/70827]
import csv
time step = []
sunspots = []
with open('/tmp/sunspots.csv') as csvfile:
  reader = csv.reader(csvfile, delimiter=',')
  next(reader)
  for row in reader:
```

```
sunspots.append(float(row[2]))
    time_step.append(int(row[0]))

series = np.array(sunspots)
time = np.array(time_step)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plot_series(time, series)
```

split time = 3000



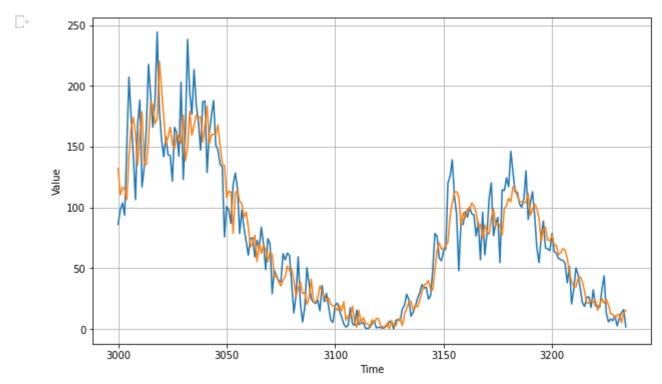
```
time_train = time[:split_time]
x_train = series[:split_time]
time_valid = time[split_time:]
x_valid = series[split_time:]

window_size = 60
batch_size = 32
shuffle_buffer_size = 1000

def windowed_dataset(series, window_size, batch_size, shuffle_buffer):
    dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices(series)
    dataset = dataset.window(window_size + 1, shift=1, drop_remainder=True)
    dataset = dataset.flat_map(lambda window: window.batch(window_size + 1))
    dataset = dataset.shuffle(shuffle_buffer).map(lambda window: (window[:-1], window[-1]))
    dataset = dataset.batch(batch_size).prefetch(1)
    return dataset
```

#same thing, but with only dense layers (the other used LSTM's and lambdas as well)
dataset = windowed dataset(x train, window size, batch size, shuffle buffer size)

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(20, input shape=[window size], activation="relu"),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation="relu"),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(1)
])
model.compile(loss="mse", optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.SGD(lr=1e-7, momentum=0.9))
model.fit(dataset,epochs=100,verbose=0)
     <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f20b1761160>
forecast=[]
for time in range(len(series) - window_size):
 forecast.append(model.predict(series[time:time + window size][np.newaxis]))
forecast = forecast[split time-window size:]
results = np.array(forecast)[:, 0, 0]
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plot_series(time_valid, x_valid)
plot series(time valid, results)
```



#also bad
tf.keras.metrics.mean absolute error(x valid, results).numpy()