Below is code with a link to a happy or sad dataset which contains 80 images, 40 happy and 40 sad. Create a convolutional neural network that trains to 100% accuracy on these images, which cancels training upon hitting training accuracy of >.999

Hint -- it will work best with 3 convolutional layers.

```
In [1]: import tensorflow as tf
import os
import zipfile
from os import path, getcwd, chdir

# DO NOT CHANGE THE LINE BELOW. If you are developing in a local
# environment, then grab happy-or-sad.zip from the Coursera Jupyter Notebook
# and place it inside a local folder and edit the path to that location
path = f"{getcwd()}/../tmp2/happy-or-sad.zip"

zip_ref = zipfile.ZipFile(path, 'r')
zip_ref.extractall("/tmp/h-or-s")
zip_ref.close()
```

```
In [14]: | # GRADED FUNCTION: train_happy_sad_model
         def train happy sad model():
             # Please write your code only where you are indicated.
             # please do not remove # model fitting inline comments.
             DESIRED ACCURACY = 0.999
              class myCallback(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
                  # Your Code
                  def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs={}):
                      if logs.get('acc') > 0.999:
                          print("\nReached 100% accuracy, stopping training!")
                          self.model.stop_training = True
              callbacks = myCallback()
              # This Code Block should Define and Compile the Model. Please assume the imade
             model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
                  # Your Code Here
                  tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', input shape=(150,
                  tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
                  tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
                  tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
                  tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
                  tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
                  tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
                  tf.keras.layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'),
                  tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
              1)
             from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import RMSprop
             model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy', optimizer=RMSprop(lr=0.001), metric
             # This code block should create an instance of an ImageDataGenerator called
              # And a train generator by calling train datagen.flow from directory
             from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
              #normalizing the dataset
              train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1/255)
              # Please use a target size of 150 X 150.
              train generator = train datagen.flow from directory(
                  "/tmp/h-or-s",
                 target_size=(150, 150),
                  batch size=10,
                  class mode='binary'
             # Expected output: 'Found 80 images belonging to 2 classes'
             # This code block should call model.fit_generator and train for
             # a number of epochs.
             # model fitting
             history = model.fit_generator(
```

```
train_generator,
    steps_per_epoch=8,
    epochs=15,
    verbose=1,
    callbacks=[callbacks]
)
# model fitting
return history.history['acc'][-1]

# The Expected output: "Reached 99.9% accuracy so cancelling training!""
```

```
In [15]: # The Expected output: "Reached 99.9% accuracy so cancelling training!""
      train_happy_sad_model()
      Found 80 images belonging to 2 classes.
      Epoch 1/15
      8/8 [============== ] - 2s 249ms/step - loss: 1.0952 - acc: 0.63
      75
      Epoch 2/15
      Epoch 3/15
      Epoch 4/15
      Epoch 5/15
      Epoch 6/15
      Reached 100% accuracy, stopping training!
      8/8 [============= ] - 1s 74ms/step - loss: 0.0348 - acc: 1.000
Out[15]: 1.0
In [4]: # Now click the 'Submit Assignment' button above.
      # Once that is complete, please run the following two cells to save your work and
In [ ]: | %%javascript
      <!-- Save the notebook -->
      IPython.notebook.save_checkpoint();
In [ ]: | %%javascript
      IPython.notebook.session.delete();
      window.onbeforeunload = null
      setTimeout(function() { window.close(); }, 1000);
```