RIPHAH INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY, ISLAMABAD



Bachelors of Computer Science – 6th Semester

Subject: Operating System

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QUESTION 1

```
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ mkdir -p books/math/trigonometry
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ mkdir -p books/math/calculus
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ mkdir -p books/physics/quantum
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ mkdir -p books/physics/classical
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ mkdir -p books/physics/nuclear
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ mkdir -p books/computer
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ sudo apt install tree
[sudo] password for ammara:
```

```
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ tree books
books
computer
nuclear
math
calculus
trigonometry
physics
classical
nuclear
quantum

9 directories, 0 files
```

QUESTION 2

```
Is (List Directory Contents):

cd (Change Directory):

mkdir (Make Directory):

rm -r (Remove Directory and Its Contents):

cp (Copy Files/Directories):

mv (Move or Rename Files/Directories):

find (Search for Files/Directories):

touch (Create Empty File):
```

pwd (Print Working Directory):

What is BASH?

BASH (Bourne Again SHell) is a program in Linux that lets you type and run commands to control the computer. It helps you move around folders, manage files, and run programs. You can also write scripts in BASH to automate tasks. It's like a more powerful version of the original command program used in older systems. When you open a terminal on Linux, you're likely using BASH.

QUESTION 3

```
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ mkdir -p D1
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ mkdir -p D1/D11 D1/D12 D1/D13 D1/D14
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ touch D1/D11/F1 D1/D11/F2 D1/D11/F3
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ touch D1/D12/F4
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ touch D1/D13/F5 D1/D13/F6
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ touch D1/D14/F7 D1/D14/F8 D1/D14/F9
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ tree D1

D1

D1

D1

F1

F2

F3

D12

F4

D13

F5

F6

D14

F7

F8

F9

9 directories, 9 files
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ [
```

QUESTION: 4

QUESTION: 5

1. Setting up the Necessary Libraries

To draw a circle on the screen using C++, we need a graphics library. One popular option is Simple DirectMedia Layer (SDL) . We'll use SDL2 because it's widely supported and flexible for 2D graphics.

2.Writing the C++ Code

Once you have the SDL2 library installed, you can write the C++ code to draw a circle.

3.Code

```
#include <SDL2/SDL.h>

#include <cmath>

// Function to draw a circle

void drawCircle(SDL_Renderer* renderer, int x_center, int y_center, int radius) {
```

```
for (int w = 0; w < radius * 2; w++) {
    for (int h = 0; h < radius * 2; h++) {
      int dx = radius - w; // horizontal offset
      int dy = radius - h; // vertical offset
      if ((dx*dx + dy*dy) \le (radius * radius)) {
        SDL_RenderDrawPoint(renderer, x_center + dx, y_center + dy);
      }
    }
  }
}
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
  // Initialize SDL
  if (SDL_Init(SDL_INIT_VIDEO) != 0) {
    return 1;
  }
  // Create a window
  SDL_Window* window = SDL_CreateWindow("Draw Circle", SDL_WINDOWPOS_CENTERED,
SDL_WINDOWPOS_CENTERED, 640, 480, 0);
  if (!window) {
    SDL_Quit();
    return 1;
  }
  // Create a renderer
  SDL_Renderer* renderer = SDL_CreateRenderer(window, -1, SDL_RENDERER_ACCELERATED);
  if (!renderer) {
```

```
SDL_DestroyWindow(window);
    SDL_Quit();
    return 1;
  }
  // Set the draw color (RGB) and draw a circle
  SDL_SetRenderDrawColor(renderer, 255, 255, 255, 255); // White color
  drawCircle(renderer, 320, 240, 100); // Draw a circle at (320, 240) with a radius of 100
  // Show the rendered content
  SDL_RenderPresent(renderer);
  // Keep the window open for 5 seconds
  SDL_Delay(5000);
  // Clean up
  SDL_DestroyRenderer(renderer);
  SDL_DestroyWindow(window);
  SDL_Quit();
  return 0;
}
```

4.Compiling the C++ Code

Save your code in a file named draw_circle.cpp.

- sudo apt install libsdl2-dev: Installs the SDL2 development library, which is required to handle graphics in C++.
- g++ -o draw_circle draw_circle.cpp -1SDL2: Compiles the C++ program and links it with the SDL2 library.

 ./draw_circle: Executes the compiled program, which opens a window with a circle drawn in it.

Screen shot

```
mara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install libsdl2-dev
[sudo] password for ammara:
Hit:1 https://dl.google.com/linux/chrome/deb stable InRelease
Hit:2 http://ci.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Get:3 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease [129 kB]
Hit:4 https://packages.microsoft.com/repos/code stable InRelease
Get:5 http://ci.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease [128 kB]
Hit:6 http://ci.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Get:7 http://ci.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/main amd64 Packages [1,988 kB]
Get:8 http://ci.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/main i386 Packages [690 kB]
Fetched 2,935 kB in 6s (465 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
10 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
libsdl2-dev is already the newest version (2.0.20+dfsg-2ubuntu1.22.04.1).
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
 libboost-filesystem1.74.0 liborcus-0.17-0 liborcus-parser-0.17-0
 libreoffice-ogltrans
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 10 not upgraded.
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$
sudo apt install libsdl2-dev
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
libsdl2-dev is already the newest version (2.0.20+dfsg-2ubuntu1.22.04.1).
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  libboost-filesystem1.74.0 liborcus-0.17-0 liborcus-parser-0.17-0
 libreoffice-ogltrans
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 10 not upgraded.
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ nano draw circle.cpp
ammara@ammara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~$ g++ -o draw_circle draw_circle.cpp -lSDL2
         mara-HP-ProBook-430-G2:~S
                                    /draw_circle
```

