

Maxwell's Equations		
Name	Differential Form	Integral Form
Gauss' Law	$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0}$	$\Phi_{\mathbf{E}} = \int_S \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \frac{Q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$
Faraday's Law of Induction	$\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t}$	$\mathcal{E} = \oint_C \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = -\frac{d}{dt} \int_S \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{S} = -\frac{d\Phi_{\mathbf{B}}}{dt}$
Gauss' Law for Magnetism	$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$	$\Phi_{\mathbf{B}} = \int_S \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{S} = 0$
Ampere's Law	$\nabla \times \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 \mathbf{J} + \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \mathbf{E}}{\partial t}$	$\oint_C \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \mu_0 I_{enc} + \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \frac{d\Phi_{\mathbf{E}}}{dt}$

Energy and Force	
$u = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 \mathbf{E}^2 = \frac{1}{2 \mu_0} \mathbf{B}^2$	$U = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = \frac{1}{2} Li^2 = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\tau} \rho \phi d\tau = \frac{q_1 q_2}{4 \pi \epsilon_0 r} = -\mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{B} = -\mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{E} = \int P dt$
$\boldsymbol{\tau} = \mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{B} = \mathbf{p} \times \mathbf{E}$	$F = -q \mathbf{E} + q \mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B} = I \mathbf{L} \times \mathbf{B} = \int_{\tau} \mathbf{J} \times \mathbf{B} d\tau$

Miscellaneous				
$P = IV = I^2 R = \frac{V^2}{R}$	$\mathbf{E} = -\nabla \phi$	$\mathbf{m} = IA \hat{\mathbf{n}} = I \int d\mathbf{A}$	$I = \frac{dq}{dt}$	$C = \frac{A \epsilon_0}{d}$
$\frac{1}{\sigma} = \rho = \frac{RA}{l} = \frac{E}{J}$	$\phi = -\oint_C \mathbf{E} d\mathbf{l}$	$W = q_t \int_{\infty}^r \mathbf{E} dr$	$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} + \frac{d\rho}{dt} = 0$	$2\pi f = \omega$

Field Formulae			
Electric		Magnetic	
Infinite Wire	$\frac{\lambda}{2\pi r \epsilon_0}$	Infinite Wire	$\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}$
Finite Wire	$\frac{\lambda x}{4\pi \epsilon_0 y \sqrt{y^2 + x^2}} \bigg _{x_1}^{x_2}$	Finite Wire	$\frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi r} \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} \cos \phi d\phi$
Infinite Sheet	$\frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0}$	Ring	$\frac{\mu_0 I r^2}{2(z^2 + r^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
Point Charge	$\frac{Q}{4\pi \epsilon_0 r^2} \hat{\mathbf{r}}$	Biot-Savart	$d\mathbf{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I d\mathbf{l} \times \hat{\mathbf{r}}}{4\pi r^2}$
Hemisphere	$\frac{Q}{8\pi r^2 \epsilon_0}$	Solenoid	$\mu_0 n I$
Ring	$\frac{Qz}{2\pi \epsilon_0 (r^2 + z^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$		

AC Circuits		
$\mathcal{E} = \mathcal{E}_0 \sin(\omega t)$	$i = i_0 \sin(\omega t + \phi)$	$z = \sqrt{R^2 + \left(\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2}$

Inductors and Transformers		
$\mathcal{E} = -\mu_0 n_1 N_2 A_1 \frac{di}{dt}$	$R_{eff} = R_s \left(\frac{\mathcal{E}_p^2}{\mathcal{E}_s^2}\right) = R_s \left(\frac{N_p}{N_s}\right)$	
$\mathcal{E}_p = -N_p \frac{d\Phi}{dt}$	$\frac{\mathcal{E}_p}{\mathcal{E}_s} = \frac{N_p}{N_s}$	$P_s = P_p = i_p \mathcal{E}_p = i_s \mathcal{E}_s = \frac{\mathcal{E}_s^2}{R_s}$

Circuits			
$i = \frac{V}{R} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}\right)$	$i = \frac{V}{R} e^{-\frac{t}{RC}}$	$Q = CV$	$V = IR$