

Results

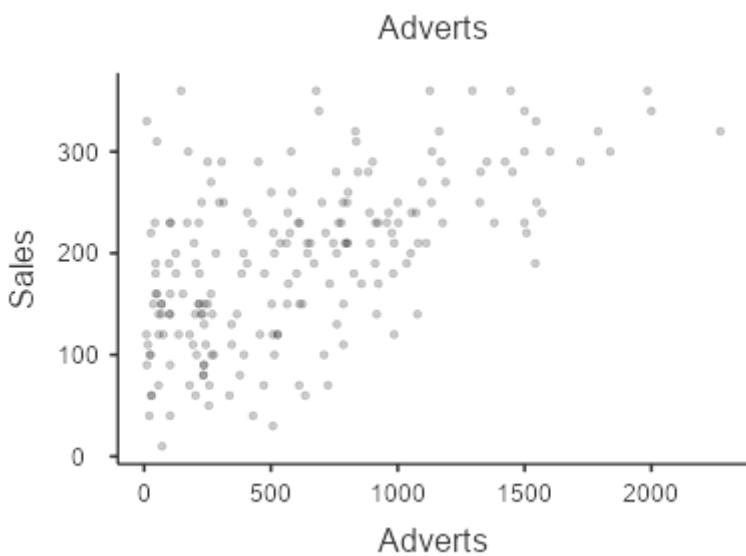
Relationships, Prediction, and Group Comparisons

You have entered a numeric variable for Variable 1 / Dependent Variable and a numeric variable for Variable 2 / Independent Variables. Hence, the [Pearson correlation coefficient](#), which is a measure for the strength of the linear relationship between two variables, seems to be a good option for you! In order to run this analysis in jamovi, go to: Regression > Correlation Matrix

- Drop your two variables in the white box at the right
- Under Correlation Coefficients, select Pearson (selected by default)
- Under Hypothesis, select your alternative hypothesis

Alternatively, you could perform a [linear regression analysis](#). The test outcomes of both methods will be equivalent. Click on the links to learn more about these methods!

Scatter Plots of Bivariate Relationships - Dependent/Independent Variables



Correlation Matrix

Correlation Matrix

		Adverts	Sales
Adverts	Pearson's r	—	
	df	—	
	p-value	—	
Sales	Pearson's r	0.578	—
	df	198	—
	p-value	<.001	—

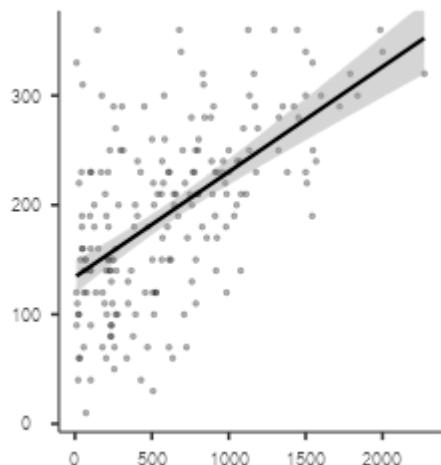
Plot

Adverts

Sales

Adverts

Sales



Linear Regression

Model Fit Measures

Model	R	R ²	Adjusted R ²	Overall Model Test			
				F	df1	df2	p
1	0.578	0.335	0.331	99.6	1	198	<.001

Note. Models estimated using sample size of N=200

Model Coefficients - Sales

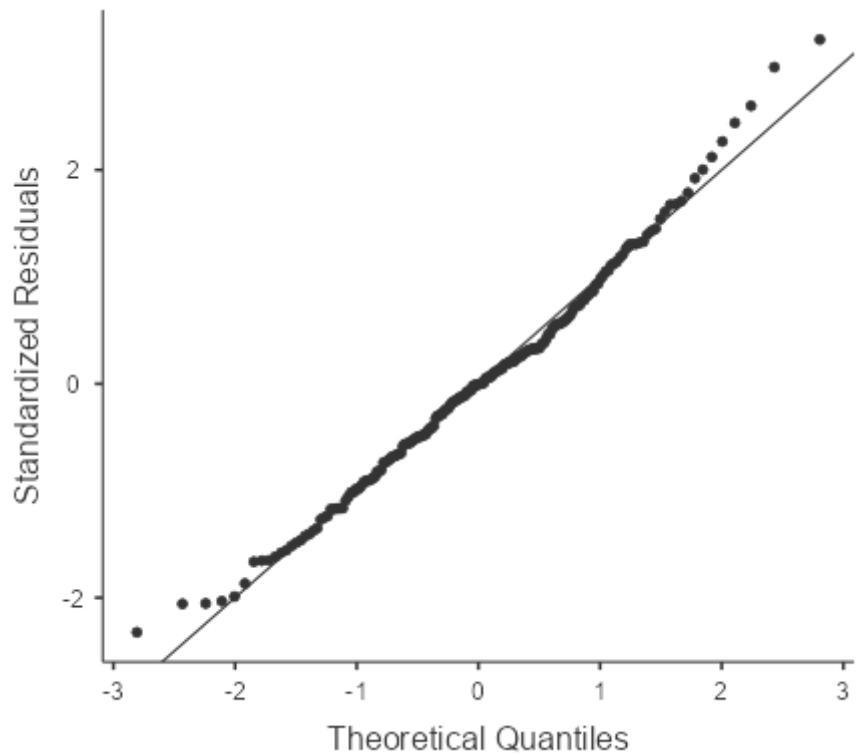
Predictor	Estimate	SE	95% Confidence Interval		t	p	Stand. Estimate
			Lower	Upper			
Intercept	134.1399	7.53657	119.2777	149.002	17.80	<.001	
Adverts	0.0961	0.00963	0.0771	0.115	9.98	<.001	0.578

Assumption Checks

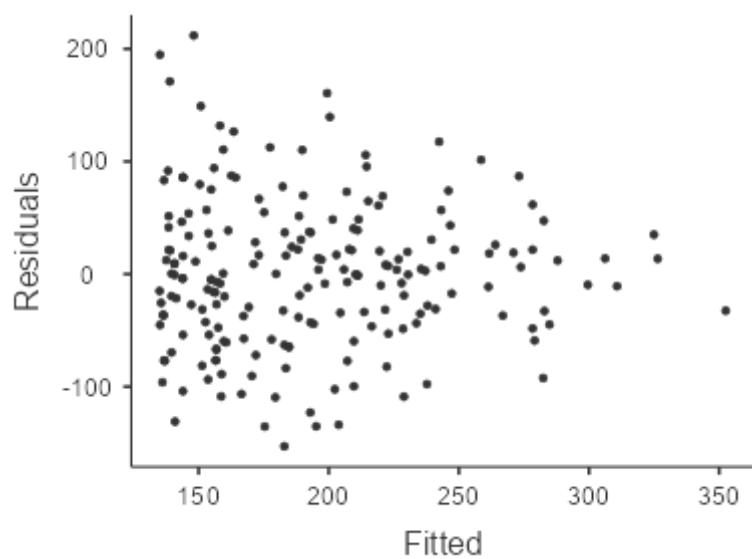
Normality Test (Shapiro-Wilk)

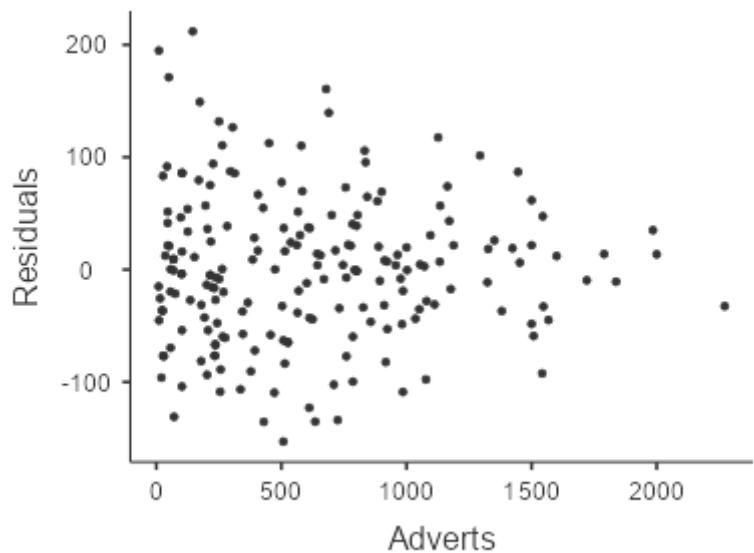
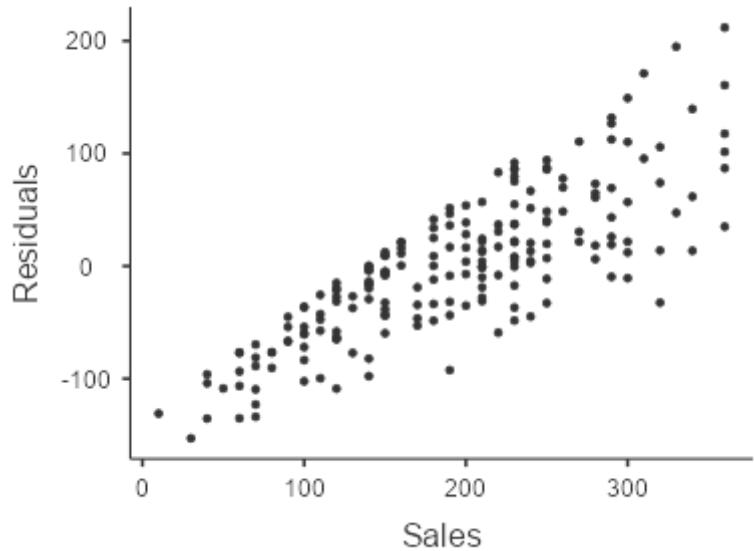
Statistic	p
0.990	0.176

Q-Q Plot



Residuals Plots





References

- [1] The jamovi project (2024). *jamovi*. (Version 2.6) [Computer Software]. Retrieved from <https://www.jamovi.org>.
- [2] R Core Team (2024). *R: A Language and environment for statistical computing*. (Version 4.4) [Computer software]. Retrieved from <https://cran.r-project.org>. (R packages retrieved from CRAN snapshot 2024-08-07).