Credit Card Fraud Detection

Import the Data Set

```
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
Choose Files No file chosen
                                     Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to
     enable.
     Saving archive (1) zin to archive (1) zin
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
→ Mounted at /content/drive
# Import libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# Load the dataset
data = pd.read_csv('/content/creditcard.csv') # Update the path as necessary
```

Structure of the Dataset

data.info()

<<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 107046 entries, 0 to 107045
Data columns (total 31 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count Dtype						
0	Time	107046 non-null int64						
1	V1	107046 non-null float64						
2	V2	107046 non-null float64						
3	V3	107046 non-null float64						
4	V4	107046 non-null float64						
5	V5	107046 non-null float64						
6	V6	107046 non-null float64						
7	V7	107046 non-null float64						
8	V8	107046 non-null float64						
9	V9	107046 non-null float64						
10	V10	107046 non-null float64						
11	V11	107046 non-null float64						
12	V12	107046 non-null float64						
13	V13	107046 non-null float64						
14	V14	107046 non-null float64						
15	V15	107046 non-null float64						
16	V16	107046 non-null float64						
17	V17	107046 non-null float64						
18	V18	107046 non-null float64						
19	V19	107046 non-null float64						
20	V20	107046 non-null float64						
21	V21	107046 non-null float64						
22	V22	107046 non-null float64						
23	V23	107046 non-null float64						
24	V24	107046 non-null float64						
25	V25	107046 non-null float64						
26	V26	107046 non-null float64						
27	V27	107046 non-null float64						
28	V28	107045 non-null float64						
29	Amount	107045 non-null float64						
30	Class	107045 non-null float64						
dtypes: float64(30), int64(1)								
memory usage: 25.3 MB								

Summary statistics
data_description = data.describe()
print(data_description)

_		Time	V1	V2	V3 \	
ت	count	107046.000000	107046.000000	107046.000000	107046.000000	
	mean	44163.193393	-0.257831	-0.026560	0.682250	
	std	17718.024713	1.853150	1,647586	1.317292	
	min	0.000000	-56.407510	-72.715728	-33.680984	
	25%	34238.000000	-1.023275	-0.595414	0.176950	
	50%	46023.000000	-0.260775	0.078063	0.757881	
	75%	58413.750000	1.154981	0.738193	1.383324	
	max	70256.000000	1.960497	18.902453	4.226108	
		V4	V5	V6	V7 \	
	count	107046.000000	107046.000000	107046.000000	107046.000000	
	mean	0.157009	-0.283548	0.098077	-0.116249	
	std	1.344114	1.348799	1,299593	1.208427	
	min	-5.172595	-42.147898	-26.160506	-31.764946	
	25%	-0.712661	-0.906588	-0.645561	-0.605549	
	50%	0.184854	-0.318181	-0.154784	-0.071994	
	75%	1.024500	0.244910	0.493216	0.409485	
	max	16.715537	34.801666	22.529298	36.677268	
		V8	V9		V21 V2	22 \
	count	107046.000000	107046.000000	107046.00		•
	mean	0.058826	-0.054332	-0.03		
	std	1.232005	1.110405		1472 0.6396	
	min	-73.216718	-9.283925			
	25%	-0.134727	-0.697239	-0.22		
	50%	0.077532	-0.121239	-0.05		
	75%	0.369074	0.542787	0.12		
	max	20.007208	10.392889	27.20	2839 10.50309	90
		V23	V24	V25	V26 \	
	count	107046.000000	107046.000000	107046.000000	107046.000000	
	mean	-0.037448	0.010167	0.133350	0.025764	
	std	0.623527	0.595680	0.440034	0.491594	
	min	-44.807735	-2.836627	-10.295397	-2.534330	
	25%	-0.176768	-0.323162	-0.130802	-0.323569	
	50%	-0.049385	0.066011	0.171578	-0.069111	
	75%	0.080706	0.407201	0.421048	0.294199	
		19.002942	4.016342	5.541598	3.517346	
	max	19.002942	4.010342	3.341396	3.31/340	
		V27	V28	Amount	Class	
	count	107046.000000	107045.000000	107045.000000	107045.000000	
	mean	0.001604	0.001640	96.201778	0.002195	
	std	0.391995	0.320114	261.083669	0.046803	
	min	-9.390980	-9,617915	0.000000	0.000000	
	25%	-0.061142	-0.005091	7.050000	0.000000	
	50%	0.010696	0.023365	25,150000	0.000000	
	75%	0.084614	0.076725	87.000000	0.000000	
	max	12.152401	33.847808	19656.530000	1.000000	
	max.	12:132401	33:04/000	130301330000	1.000000	
		241				

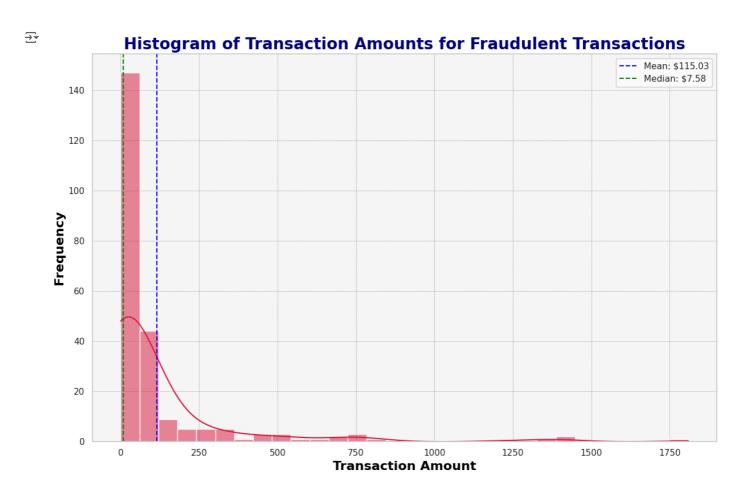
[8 rows x 31 columns]

Correlation matrix
data_correlation = data.corr()
print(data_correlation)



```
11/5/24, 11:43 PM
                                                                  Untitled0.ipynb - Colab
               -0.000001 0.040333 0.007000.00 -0.01702)
                                                                  U.ZUYUJ4 -U.UJY00/
        ۷V
                0.001811 -0.095439 -0.032614 -0.093095 -0.046591 0.385821 -0.245636
        V8
                0.003615 0.013440 0.006673 0.003476 0.020038 -0.094854 0.059624
                                   0.109231 -0.032188 -0.026413 -0.019445 -0.114625
        V9
                0.012819 0.120192
        V10
                0.036859 -0.103081 -0.004226  0.007644  0.004513 -0.010298  0.181361
        V11
        V12
                0.011362 \quad 0.011422 \quad 0.024001 \quad -0.022224 \quad -0.005584 \quad 0.021705 \quad -0.291451
        V13
               -0.015258 0.040377
                                     0.000849 \ -0.001750 \ -0.004817 \ -0.005640 \ -0.002931 
        V14
                0.025787 -0.070869 0.020707 -0.024153 0.013479 0.014753 -0.368841
        V15
               -0.001174 -0.093143 -0.014780 0.008115 -0.006544 -0.034282
                                                                            0.001143
              -0.005177 0.106066 0.020579 -0.005525 -0.021017 -0.013158 -0.249897
        V16
        V17
               -0.007457 \ -0.078437 \ -0.070094 \ -0.011900 \ -0.012963 \ \ 0.017496 \ -0.404573
               -0.019184 0.018809 0.018182 -0.014404 -0.000888 0.048608 -0.154981
        V18
               -0.011815 -0.008452 -0.002260 0.003989 -0.010012 -0.057533
        V19
                                                                            0.044073
              -0.006610 -0.030547 0.002778 -0.027855 0.108452 0.427260
        V20
                                                                            0.012235
        V21
               -0.000216 -0.012366 -0.026530 -0.015192 0.054282 0.131681
                                                                           0.088744
        V22
                 0.000614 \ -0.009072 \ -0.089506 \ -0.010555 \ -0.034442 \ -0.078011 \ -0.018004 
        V23
                0.004199 0.106387 0.036862 -0.016658 0.027209 -0.138558 -0.005879
        V24
                1.000000 -0.039003 -0.008761 -0.004799 -0.008779
                                                                 0.019995 -0.009851
        V25
              -0.039003 1.000000 -0.112737
                                             0.048402 0.056925 -0.065504
                                                                            0.008701
        V26
               -0.008761 -0.112737 1.000000
                                              0.000181
                                                       0.001912
                                                                 0.002163
                                                                            0.063883
        V27
               -0.004799 0.048402
                                    0.000181 1.000000 -0.005604
                                                                 0.012196
                                                                            0.009220
        V28
               -0.008779 0.056925
                                    0.001912 -0.005604
                                                       1.000000
                                                                 0.010710
        Amount 0.019995 -0.065504
                                    0.002163 0.012196
                                                       0.010710
                                                                 1.000000
                                                                            0.003383
        Class -0.009851 0.008701 0.006176 0.063883 0.009220 0.003383
                                                                           1.000000
        [31 rows x 31 columns]
   # Filter the dataset to only include fraudulent transactions
   fraudulent_count = data[data['Class'] == 1]
   # Filter the dataset for fraudulent transactions
   fraudulent_data = data[data['Class'] == 1]
   # summary statistics for fraudulent transactions
   fraudulent_stats = fraudulent_data['Amount'].describe()
   print("Summary Statistics for Fraudulent Transactions:")
   print(fraudulent_stats)
    → Summary Statistics for Fraudulent Transactions:
        count
                  235,000000
                  115.033362
        std
                  252.411933
        min
                    0.000000
                    1.000000
                    7.580000
                   99.990000
        75%
                1809.680000
        max
        Name: Amount, dtype: float64
   # Checking how many fraudulent transactions there are
   fraudulent_count = data['Class'].value_counts()
   print(f'Number of Legitimate Transactions: {fraudulent_count[0]}')
   print(f'Number of Fraudulent Transactions: {fraudulent_count[1]}')
       Number of Legitimate Transactions: 106810
        Number of Fraudulent Transactions: 235
   # Convert 'Time' column to 24-hour format as a string in a new column
   fraudulent_data = fraudulent_data.copy() # Create a copy
   fraudulent_data['Time_24hr'] = pd.to_datetime(fraudulent_data['Time'], unit='s').dt.strftime('%H:%M'.%S')
   # Convert 'Time' to minutes
   fraudulent_data['Time_in_minutes'] = fraudulent_data['Time'] / 60 # Retain minutes for plotting
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import seaborn as sns
   import numpy as np
   sns.set(style='whitegrid')
   # Creating the histogram
   plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
   sns.histplot(fraudulent_data['Amount'], bins=30, color='crimson', kde=True)
   mean_amount = fraudulent_data['Amount'].mean()
   median_amount = fraudulent_data['Amount'].median()
   plt.axvline(mean_amount, color='blue', linestyle='--', label=f'Mean: ${mean_amount:.2f}')
   plt.axvline(median_amount, color='green', linestyle='--', label=f'Median: ${median_amount:.2f}')
   plt.title('Histogram of Transaction Amounts for Fraudulent Transactions', fontsize=20, fontweight='bold', color='navy')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Transaction Amount', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold', color='black')
plt.ylabel('Frequency', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold', color='black')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(color='gray', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5, alpha=0.7)
plt.gca().set_facecolor('whitesmoke')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Observation: Most fraudulent transactions are relatively small, with 75% under 105.89. This pattern suggests that fraudsters may opt for smaller amounts to avoid detection. However, there is a broad range in amounts, from \$0 up to 2,125.87, showing that while larger fraud attempts are less frequent, they do occur.

```
# Convert Time from seconds to 24-hour clock format (HH:MM:SS)
fraudulent_data['Time_24hr'] = pd.to_datetime(fraudulent_data['Time'], unit='s').dt.strftime('%H:%M:%S')

# Creating hour Column
# Converting tie to hours
data['Hour'] = (data['Time'] // 3600) % 24  # Get the hour in a 24-hour format

# Filter for fraudulent transactions
fraudulent_data = data[data['Class'] == 1]

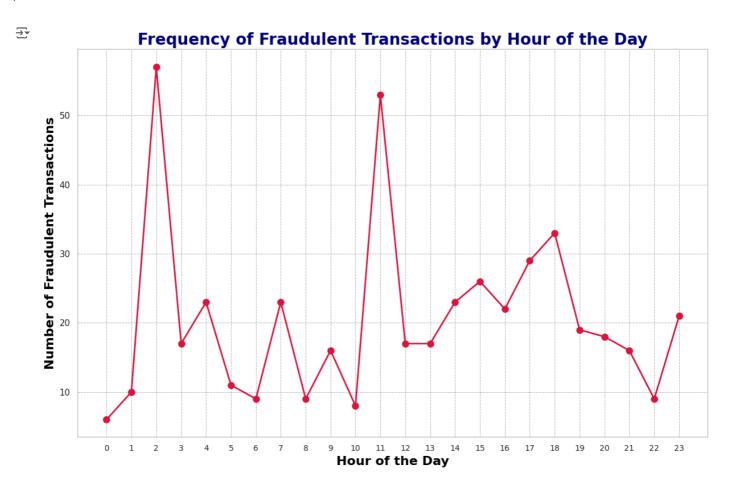
# Count fraudulent transactions by hour
hourly_counts = fraudulent_data['Hour'].value_counts().sort_index()

# hour with the highest and lowest number of transactions
highest_hour = hourly_counts.idxmax()
highest_count = hourly_counts.idxmax()
lowest_hour = hourly_counts.idxmin()
lowest_count = hourly_counts.min()
```

print(f"The hour with the least fraudulent transactions is {lowest_hour}:00 with {lowest_count} transactions.")

The hour with the most fraudulent transactions is 11:00 with 43 transactions. The hour with the least fraudulent transactions is 0:00 with 2 transactions.

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
hourly_fraud_counts = fraudulent_data[fraudulent_data['Class'] == 1]['Hour'].value_counts().sort_index()
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8), facecolor='white')
plt.plot(hourly_fraud_counts.index, hourly_fraud_counts.values, marker='o', color='crimson', linewidth=2, markersize=8)
plt.title('Frequency of Fraudulent Transactions by Hour of the Day', fontsize=20, fontweight='bold', color='navy')
plt.xlabel('Hour of the Day', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold', color='black')
plt.ylabel('Number of Fraudulent Transactions', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold', color='black')
plt.grid(color='gray', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.7, alpha=0.6)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

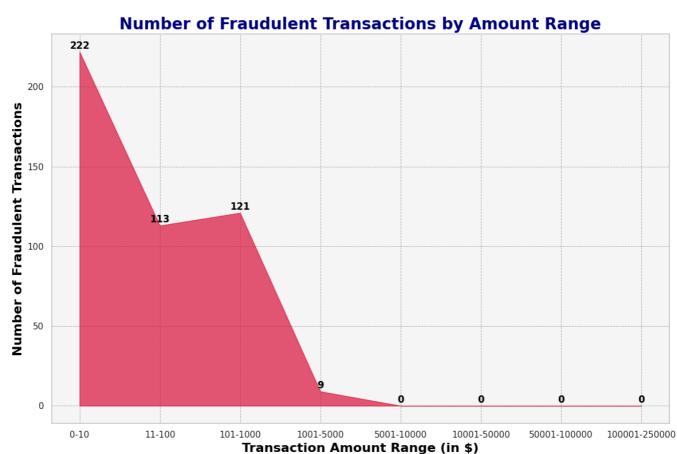


Observations: Fraudulent activity peaks in the early morning hours, suggesting fraudsters may take advantage of lower oversight during this time. Midnight has the least activity, indicating a potential preference for times when fewer transactions occur.

```
# Area Plot for fraudulent transactions by amount range
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8), facecolor='white')

# Creating an area plot
plt.fill_between(amount_range_counts.index, amount_range_counts.values, color='crimson', alpha=0.7)
for i, value in enumerate(amount_range_counts.values):
    plt.text(i, value + 2, str(value), ha='center', fontsize=12, fontweight='bold', color='black')
plt.title('Number of Fraudulent Transactions by Amount Range', fontsize=20, fontweight='bold', color='navy')
plt.xlabel('Transaction Amount Range (in $)', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold', color='black')
plt.ylabel('Number of Fraudulent Transactions', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold', color='black')
plt.graid(color='gray', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.7, alpha=0.6)
plt.gca().set_facecolor('whitesmoke')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```





```
Check for missing values in the dataset
print("Missing values before handling:")
print(data.isnull().sum())
drop rows with any NaN values)
data = data.dropna()
# Verify that there are no missing values left
print("Missing values after handling:")
print(data.isnull().sum())
# splitting and modeling
X = data.drop(columns=['Class']) # Features
y = data['Class']
                                    # Target
# Train-test split and model training as before
X_{\text{train}}, X_{\text{test}}, y_{\text{train}}, y_{\text{test}} = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
model = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
plot_confusion_matrix_heatmap(y_test, y_pred)
```

