Reference Responses

	Query	Reponse
1	**What strategies is UNDP implementing to support Angola's Bureau of External Relations and Advocacy?**	UNDP is developing a country programme action plan (CPAP), which encompasses a partnerships strategy and action plan for resource mobilization supported by the Bureau of External Relations and Advocacy (BERA). Additionally, a communication strategy is being devised to bolster these efforts. These strategies are integral to enhancing Angola's capacity for achieving the SDGs by improving engagement with external partners and optimizing resource mobilization efforts.
2	**How does the Ministry of Environment's support for the Paris Agreement on Climate Change manifest in Argentina's environmental policies?**	The Ministry of Environment's support for the Paris Agreement on Climate Change is evident in Argentina's commitment to implementing comprehensive environmental policies and actions aimed at climate change mitigation and adaptation. This support involves developing and executing strategies that reduce greenhouse gas emissions, promote sustainable resource management, and enhance the country's resilience to climate-related impacts, aligning with international efforts to combat climate change.
3	**What is the role of Paris Agreement in sustainable energy development?**	The Paris Agreement is a critical driver for sustainable energy development, aiming to limit global warming to well below 2 degrees Celsius, with an aspirational goal of 1.5 degrees Celsius, compared to pre-industrial levels. To achieve this, the agreement requires countries to submit nationally determined contributions (NDCs) that outline their plans for reducing greenhouse gas emissions, which inherently includes shifting towards sustainable energy sources. By fostering international cooperation and providing a framework for financial, technical, and capacity-building support, the Paris Agreement encourages investments in renewable energy technologies and energy efficiency measures. This global commitment not only accelerates the transition away from fossil fuels but also promotes innovation and the development of sustainable energy infrastructure, contributing to a cleaner, more resilient energy future for all.
4	**How does the Ceylon Petroleum Corporation contribute to the Results Delivery Framework?**	Answer: The Ceylon Petroleum Corporation plays a multi-faceted role in supporting the Results Delivery Framework, including providing financial support, collaborating on its administration, contributing to its advancement, and monitoring its progress. This comprehensive involvement underscores the corporation's commitment to ensuring the effective implementation and success of the framework's objectives.
5	**What are North Macedonia's strategic priorities in partnership with the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework for 2021-2025?**	North Macedonia, in partnership with the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework, focuses on three strategic priorities: sustained and inclusive economic and social development, enhanced climate action and natural resources and disaster risk management, and more transparent and accountable governance.
6	**What role does innovation play in UNDP's program for North Macedonia?**	Innovation plays a crucial role in UNDP's program for North Macedonia by scaling up platforms for disaster risk management, human capacities, geneder equality and data systems for performance and transparency.
7	**How do governance and rule of law reforms compare between North Macedonia and Sri Lanka?**	North Macedonia's governance reforms may center around EU accession goals, improving transparency, and fostering social cohesion. Sri Lanka's approach could involve strengthening institutional capacities and public service delivery, focusing on equity and justice.
8	**How is Nigeria addressing gender inequality within its political institutions?**	Nigeria faces significant gender inequality in political representation, with only 5.8% of the House of Representatives and 7.3% of the Senate being female legislators. This highlights the need for targeted efforts to increase female participation in governance and decision-making processes as part of broader gender equality and empowerment initiatives.
9	**How does the UNDP support the resilience of communities in the Diffa region of Niger?**	The UNDP supports the resilience of communities in the Diffa region through the Lake Chad Basin Stabilization Facility, benefiting over 900,000 people with livelihoods support, facilitating the return of 42,000 people to their origins, and providing access to basic services like health centres, markets, police stations, and solar energy.
10	**Can you detail the significance of Nigeria's rankings in international governance and corruption indexes and their implications for governance reforms?**	Nigeria's low rankings in governance and corruption indexes, such as the Chandler Good Government Index, Mo Ibrahim Index of African Governance, and Transparency International Corruption Perception Index, signal critical governance challenges. These rankings reflect issues related to bureaucratic inefficiency, lack of transparency, and high levels of corruption. They underscore the necessity for robust governance reforms aimed at enhancing accountability, strengthening institutions, and fostering a culture of transparency and ethical governance to improve public trust and governance standards.

11	**What are the national development priorities of Niger for 2022-2026?**	The national development priorities for Niger from 2022 to 2026 focus on development of human capital, inclusion, and solidarity; consolidation of governance, peace, and security; and structural transformation of the economy with emphasis on climate change resilience, food security, renewable energy access, and empowerment of women and youth.
12	**How does Nigeria's poverty rate according to the World Bank in 2020 reflect on its economic policies and challenges?**	The increase in Nigeria's poverty rate to 42.5% in 2020, as reported by the World Bank, underscores the pressing economic challenges and the urgent need for policy reforms. This situation highlights the impacts of global economic downturns, internal conflicts, and governance issues on the nation's economy. It calls for a comprehensive approach to economic management, focusing on diversification, job creation, and social safety nets to mitigate poverty and inequality.
13	**How are international partnerships, particularly with Norway and Germany, enhancing Nigeria's resilience to climate change and security challenges?**	Nigeria's partnerships with Norway and Germany, especially in piloting climate-security nexus hubs in the northwest, demonstrate a proactive approach to building resilience against climate change and security challenges. These collaborations focus on integrating climate change adaptation and mitigation strategies with peacebuilding and security efforts. By leveraging international support and expertise, Nigeria aims to enhance community resilience, promote sustainable development, and address the root causes of conflict and environmental degradation in affected regions.
14	**What are the challenges faced by Niger and Nigeria in achieving sustainable development and how are they addressing these challenges?**	Niger and Nigeria face significant challenges in sustainable development, including poverty, unemployment, and limited access to resources. Niger has seen economic growth, supported by international organizations and partnerships, despite setbacks like poor harvests. It also focuses on climate change, security, and economic development initiatives such as the Lake Chad Basin Stabilization Facility. Nigeria, with Africa's largest economy, still struggles with high poverty and unemployment rates. It has implemented strategies like the Country Programme Document for Nigeria (2023-2027) and the National Gas Policy to address these issues and promote renewable energy through its Renewable Energy Roadmap. Both countries are working towards sustainable development through strategic policies, international partnerships, and a focus on renewable energy.
15	**How do Niger and Nigeria's efforts in improving governance and transparency compare, as indicated by their partnerships and rankings in international indexes?**	Niger and Nigeria's efforts in improving governance and transparency can be compared based on their partnerships and rankings in international indexes. In terms of partnerships, Niger is a member of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) and has a partnership with the Chinese National Petroleum Corporation (CNPC) for oil production. As for rankings in international indexes, the provided sources do not directly mention the rankings of Niger and Nigeria in terms of governance and transparency. However, despite being the largest crude oil producer in Africa, Nigeria faces challenges such as poverty and unemployment. Nigeria's governance challenges are highlighted by its rankings in various international indexes, including the Chandler Good Government Index and the Transparency International Corruption Perception Index. Both countries' efforts towards governance reforms can be inferred through their international partnerships aimed at enhancing governance standards and implementing policy reforms.
16	**How is the Gender Development Index (GDI) relevant to UNDP's work in Albania?**	The Gender Development Index is relevant to UNDP's work in Albania by highlighting the country's progress in gender equality, with a GDI of 0.967, informing UNDP's focus on gender equality and women's empowerment initiatives.
17	**How does UNDP contribute to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in the Western Balkan Regional Economic Area?**	UNDP contributes to the SDGs in the Western Balkan Regional Economic Area by focusing on integrated solutions for a clean green economy, promoting ecotourism, creating new jobs in competitive sectors, and addressing cross-cutting problems through nature-based solutions. UNDP partners with various organizations, including United Nations agencies, to achieve its goals. It also works closely with the government to improve human capacities and data systems for performance, transparency, and planning. UNDP assists the government in driving policies and actions that focus on prevention and reduction of disaster-related risks, increasing resilience of infrastructures, ecosystems, and society, and enabling adaptive capacities.
18	**How does the collaboration between the United Nations Country Team and the United Nations Working Group contribute to Afghanistan's development?**	The collaboration is centered on implementing the United Nations Development Assistance Framework integrated work plans, which are designed to address Afghanistan's development challenges comprehensively. This partnership ensures that UN efforts are well-coordinated and aligned with national priorities, leveraging expertise across different UN agencies for more impactful development outcomes.
19	**How is Afghanistan addressing the challenge of climate change and natural resource management?**	Afghanistan is tackling climate change and natural resource management by enhancing environmental governance, promoting access to clean and renewable energy, and building resilience against natural disasters. Initiatives include identifying and implementing sustainable land use and conservation practices, establishing community-based early warning systems, and integrating climate change adaptation measures into development planning. These efforts are supported by partnerships with global entities like the Global Environment Facility and aim to ensure equitable access to natural resources and sustainable environmental management.
20	**How does the United Nations support Afghanistan's transition and development?**	The United Nations supports Afghanistan through various initiatives aimed at enhancing the effectiveness of the UN system in the country, as demonstrated by its commitment following the Kabul Conference. This includes backing Afghanistan's journey towards self-reliance, addressing gender inequality, and supporting the implementation of the New Deal principles with the Ministry of Finance. The UN's support encompasses a broad spectrum of development, governance, and peace-building efforts to ensure Afghanistan's successful transition during its Transformation Decade.
21	**What is the Human Development Index (HDI) value for Albania as mentioned in the document?**	Albania has a Human Development Index of 0.791.

22	Which United Nations agencies does UNDP partner with to support development in Albania?	UNDP partners with various United Nations agencies, including the United Nations Population Fund and the United Nations Office for Project Services, to support development in Albania. Additionally, UNDP works with civil society and the government to improve human capacities and data systems for performance, transparency, and planning
23	What are the primary development financing challenges in Nigeria?	Development financing challenges in Nigeria have prompted partnerships with the government, EU, IMF, World Bank, and others to support the development of a healthy financial ecosystem through the Integrated National Financial Framework (INFF) and related economic policy reforms and institutional changes. Additionally, the Nigerian government has recognized the need for a new gas policy to address the challenges facing the country. The government aims to maximize the utilization of associated gas for power generation and industry through gas utilization projects.