

# UNIX

UCT – Mogadishu, Somalia

# UNIX

- \* Unix is a multi-user, multi-tasking operating system.
- \* You can have many users logged into a system simultaneously.
- \* It's the kernel's job to keep each process and user separate
- \* regulate access to system hardware, including cpu, memory, disk and other I/O devices.

# History of UNIX

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- \* **First Version was created in Bell Labs in 1969.**
- \* **1973 Unix is re-written mostly in C, a new language developed by Dennis Ritchie.**
- \* **1977 There were about 500 Unix sites world-wide.**
- \* **1991 Linux was originated.**

# What is LINUX

- \* Linux is a free Unix-type operating system originally created by Linus Torvalds with the assistance of developers around the world.
- \* It originated in 1991 as a personal project of Linus Torvalds, a Finnish graduate student.
- \* The Kernel version 1.0 was released in 1994 and today the most recent stable version is 4.4.0
- \* Developed under the [GNU General Public License](#), the source code for Linux is freely available to everyone.

# Linux References

- \* [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dennis\\_Ritchie](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dennis_Ritchie)
- \* [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Richard\\_Stallman](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Richard_Stallman)
- \* [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linus\\_Torvalds](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linus_Torvalds)
- \* <http://kernel.org>
- \* <http://lwn.net/Articles/472852/>
- \* <http://www.linuxfoundation.org/>
- \* <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linux>
- \* <http://www.levenez.com/unix/> (a huge Unix history poster)

# LINUX Distributions

The image features a blue header bar at the top with the text "LINUX Distributions" in white. Below the header, there are several overlapping, wavy, light blue shapes that create a sense of depth and movement, resembling stylized waves or layers. The background of the slide is white.

# Red Hat

- \* Red Hat is a billion dollar commercial Linux company that puts a lot of effort in developing Linux.
- \* They have hundreds of Linux specialists and are known for their excellent support.
- \* They give their products (Red Hat Enterprise Linux and Fedora) away for free.
- \* While **Red Hat Enterprise Linux** (RHEL) is well tested before release
- \* **Fedora** is a distro with faster updates



# Ubuntu

- \* **Ubuntu** Linux in 2004 quickly became popular for home users (many switching from Microsoft Windows).
- \* Ubuntu is an easy to use graphical Linux desktop without need to ever see a command line.
- \* Of course they also want to make a profit by selling support for Ubuntu.

# Debian

- \* There is no company behind **Debian**. Instead there are thousands of well organized developers that elect a Debian Project Leader every two years.
- \* Debian is seen as one of the most stable Linux distributions.
- \* It is also the basis of every release of Ubuntu.
- \* Debian comes in three versions: stable, testing and unstable.

# Other

- \* Distributions like CentOS, Oracle Enterprise Linux and Scientific Linux are based on Red Hat Enterprise Linux and share many of the same principles, directories and system administration techniques.
- \* Linux Mint, Edubuntu and many other
- \* Ubuntu named distributions are based on Ubuntu and thus share a lot with Debian.
- \* There are hundreds of other Linux distributions

# Which to choose ?

- \* When you are new to Linux in 2018  
go for the latest Ubuntu or Fedora.
- \* If you only want to practice the Linux command line then install one Ubuntu server and/or one CentOS server (without graphical interface).

# References

\*[redhat.com](http://redhat.com)

\*[ubuntu.com](http://ubuntu.com)

\*[debian.org](http://debian.org)

\*[centos.org](http://centos.org)