Exception handling

- · Exceptions are Runtime errors
- · Try and catch blacks are used for handling exceptions
- · If exceptions are not handled then program may crash
- Exceptions must give a message to the user, giving correct reason on cause of exception
- · A try block can have Multiple catch blocks
- · Catch-All can catch all exception
- · Catch-All must be a last block
- · If classes in inheritance are used in catch block then child class should come first

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int division(int a,int b)throw(int)
{
    if(b==0)
        throw 1;
    return a/b;
}
int main()
    int x=10, y=2, z;
    try
        z=division(x,y);
        cout<<z<endl;
    catch(int e)
        cout<<"Division by zero "<<e<<endl;</pre>
    cout<<"Bye"<<endl;
}
```