

## Binomial heaps

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Insert (heap, value)

create new node with value as value

create temporary heap

inserting at the end of the heap

looping over the ~~heaps~~ <sup>heaps</sup>  $\rightarrow$  original and temporary until one becomes null

if degree of original tree in heap is less than  
degree of temporary ~~tree~~ tree in heap

create a new heap and add the ~~original~~ original tree.  
else

add the ~~original~~ temporary tree to heap

if original ~~heap~~ <sup>heap</sup> has left over trees

loop over and add them to  
new heap

if temporary ~~heap~~ <sup>heap</sup> has left over trees

loop over and add all of  
them to new heap

if heap size is less than 1 return the heap

~~else return heap~~

~~if heap size is 1~~

loop over ~~temporary~~ new heap

if its end of heap only  
one element remains

else if degree first tree <sup>less</sup> ~~greater~~ than degree  
of second tree then merge the trees

else if the degrees are same then  
Binomial tree are same in heap

else if degree of two binomial tree are  
same in heap then merge  
the trees

return the heap

getMin(heap)

start from the first tree in  
the heap and keep checking  
the root of the trees.

if less than lowest store it  
return the least value.

extractMin(heap)

get the minimum value from getMin  
start from the first tree in the heap

if the tree root is not minimum  
then create a new heap and add  
the tree to the heap

remove the minimum element from the heap  
and connect the tree to heap

• Merge the newly created heap without minimum  
element and the heap that was created earlier.  
merged.  
return the heap