



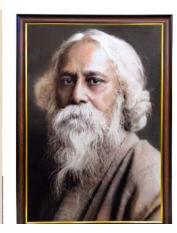


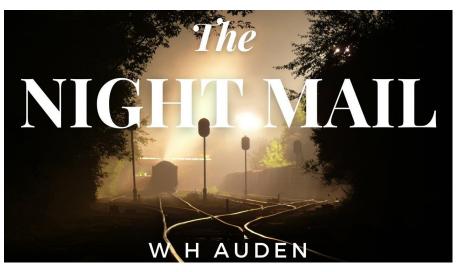




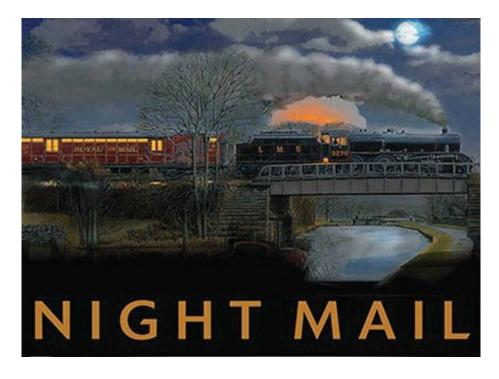
The Home Coming

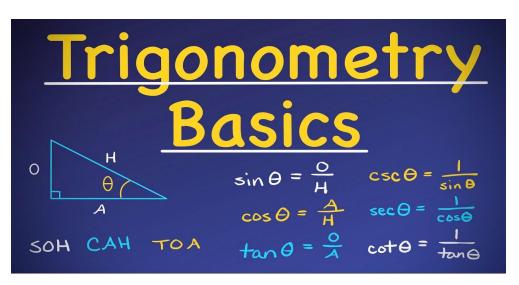












Trigonometrical Ratios of Standard Angles					
Ratios	Oo	30°	45 °	60°	90°
Sin	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
Cos	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
Tan	0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	1	√3	∞ (undefined)
Cot	∞ (undefined)	√3	1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	0
Sec	1	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\sqrt{2}$	2	∞ (undefined)
Cosec	∞ (undefined)	2	√2	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	1
For more mathematical resources please visit www.mathvilage.blogspot.com					

$$\sin x + \sin y = 2\sin\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right)$$

$$\sin x - \sin y = 2\cos\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos x + \cos y = 2\cos\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos x - \cos y = -2\sin\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right)$$

$$\tan x + \tan y = \frac{\sin(x+y)}{\cos x\cos y}$$

$$\tan x - \tan y = \frac{\sin(x-y)}{\cos x\cos y}$$

Trigonometric Ratios Of Multiple Angles

Deriving The Formula

```
Sin 2A = 2SinACosA = \frac{2Tan A}{1 + Tan^2 A}
```

```
Perfectnumberche...
     import java.util.Scanner;
     public class Perfectnumbercheck
          public static void main(String[] args)
              Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
                  em.out.print("Enter a number: ");
              int num = scanner.nextInt();
              int sum = 0;
              for (int i = 1; i < num; i++)
 11
                  if (num \% i == 0)
 13
                      sum += i;
 14
              if (sum == num && num != 0) {
 17
                        m.out.println(num + " is a Perfect Number.");
                  System.out.println(num + " is NOT a Perfect Number.");
 23 }
```

```
input

Enter a number: 28
28 is a Perfect Number.

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
GCD.java
    1 import java.util.Scanner;
        public class GCD
               public static void main(String[] args)
                     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter first number: ");
int a = scanner.nextInt();
System.out.print("Enter second number: ");
int b = scanner.nextInt();
int gcd = 1:
                     int gcd = 1;
for (int i = 1; i <= a && i <= b; i++)</pre>
                           if (a % i == 0 && b % i == 0)
                                 gcd = i;
                           }
                              .out.println("GCD of " + a + " and " + b + " is: " + gcd);
♥ / P ☆ ⅓
Enter first number: 20
Enter second number: 28
 GCD of 20 and 28 is: 4
 ...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
           import java.util.Scanner;
          public class Series {
                  public static void main(String[] args)
                        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the value of a: ");
double a = scanner.nextDouble();
System.out.print("Enter the value of n: ");
int n = scanner.nextInt();
double sum = 0.0.
                        double sum = 0.0;
for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++) {
    sum += a / i;</pre>
                        )
System.out.println("The sum of the series is: " + sum);
     17 }

✓ Z □ ☆ ¾
                                                                                                                   input
 Enter the value of a: 12
Enter the value of n: 5
 The sum of the series is: 15.4
```

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2 public class ArmstrongNumber {
3    public static void main(String[] args) {
4         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
5         System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
6         int num = scanner.nextInt();
7         int originalNum = num;
8         int digits = 0;
                          int digits = 0;
                           int sum = 0;
                           int temp = num;
                          while (temp != 0) {
   temp /= 10;
   digits++;
                         temp = num;
while (temp != 0) {
  int digit = temp % 10;
  sum += Math.pow(digit, digits);
                          }
if (sum == originalNum) {
                          System.out.println(originalNum + " is an Armstrong Number.");
} else {
System out println(originalNum + " is NOT an Armstrong Number.");
                                              n.out.println(originalNum + " is NOT an Armstrong Number.");
 ∨ 2' □ $ 3
                                                                                                                                  input
9474 is an Armstrong Number.
 ...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
    1 import java.util.Scanner;
2 public class SumEvenOdd {
3 public static void main(String[] args) {
4 Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.
                         int num;
int sumPositiveEven = 0;
                         int sumNegativeOdd = 0;
System.out.println("Enter numbers (0 to quit):");
while (true) {
                                num = scanner.nextInt();
if (num == 0) {
    break;
                               }
if (num > 0 && num % 2 == 0) {
    sumPositiveEven += num;
} else if (num < 0 && num % 2 != 0) {
    sumNegativeOdd += num;</pre>
                            ystem.out.println("Sum of all positive even numbers: " + sumPositiveEven);
ystem.out.println("Sum of all odd negative numbers: " + sumNegativeOdd);
       2 F 🕏 😘
                                                                                                                           input
Sum of all positive even numbers: 6
Sum of all odd negative numbers: -4
  ..Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
input

Enter a number: 9

9 is a Neon Number.

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```











