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Zend Framework: Creating a CRUD Application

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Who am !?



Matthew Weier O'Phinney

- PHP Developer, Zend Technologies
 - Production site maintenance and deployment
 - Internal web services
- Open Source Contributor
 - PEAR
 - Cgiapp
 - Solar
- Zend Framework Core Contributor
 - Too many to list: MVC, Mail/MIME, JSON, XmlRpc, Rest...
- Phly PEAR Channel maintainer
 - Phly_Auth, Phly_InputFilter, and other NIH projects



Framework Overview

Zend Framework provides a high-quality opensource framework for developing Web Applications and Web Services.

By following the PHP spirit, the Zend Framework delivers easy-to-use and powerful functionality, focusing on the challenges of building robust, secure and modern Web applications.

http://framework.zend.com/



Framework Overview

"Things should be made as simple as possible, but no simpler."

-- Albert Einstein

- Simpler is easier to use.
- Simpler is more stable, and less prone to error.
- Simpler is more compatible.
- Simpler is easier to maintain.

Framework Overview



Framework Vision: Extreme Simplicity:

- Simple, yet powerful
- Use what you need approach
- Focused on the task
- Highly productive
- Cost effective
- Scales from simple tasks to customized applications

Framework Overview

Framework Principles

- Keep it "extremely simple" stick to 20%/80% rule and compensate by:
 - Extensibility
 - Use-at-will architecture
 - Configuration-less
- Cherry pick best-of-breed ideas
- Showcase current trends in Web development (Web Services, Ajax, Search, etc.)
- Document development with use-cases
- Only high quality and necessary components
- Friendly license (BSD license)
 - Contributors agree to contributor's license agreement

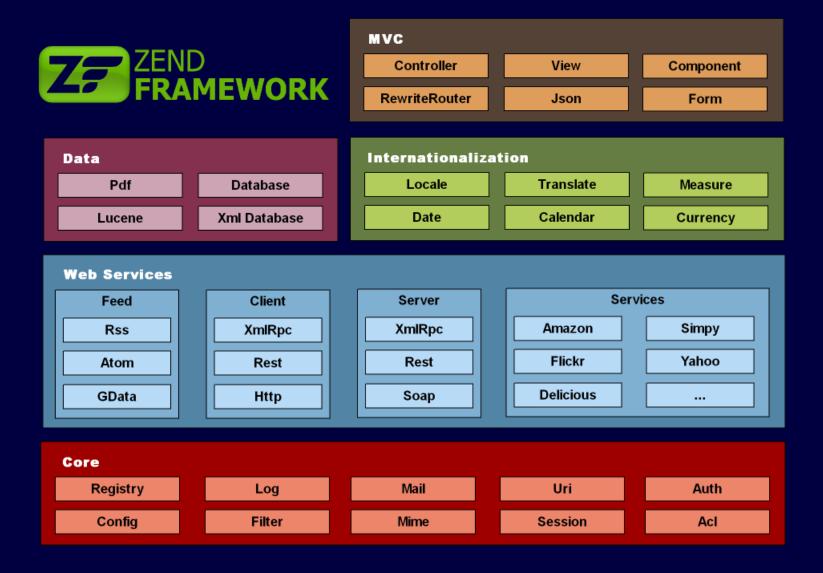
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Framework Architecture

- It's a framework, not just components
 - "Glue" to build applications
 - Tooling to increase productivity
 - Components developed and tested together
- Use only some components if you'd like, but...
 - It will always be distributed in its entirety
 - Upgrading or bundling will always be one-click
- Still plays well with others (PEAR, Horde, Solar, etc.)

Zend Framework Architecture





Development Process

- PHP 5.1.4 and later will be supported
- All errors throw exceptions (almost)
- Constants on the class-level
- Uses Zend Engine II & SPL interfaces where practical
- Use ___magic() only where it makes sense



Development Process

QA Process

- Strict adherence to Zend Coding Standards
- All classes fully unit tested with PHPUnit
- Peer-review and approval of all code

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MVC in Zend Framework



Basics

- Basic URL routes:
 - /controller/action
 - /controller/action/param/value
 - /module/controller/action
 - /module/controller/action/param/value
- controller == Zend_Controller_Action-derived class ending with 'Controller'
 - IndexController, BlogController
- action == public method ending with 'Action'

indexAction, listAction



Workflow

- Bootstrap file
 - Instantiate Zend_Controller_Front
 - Setup front controller environment
- \$front->dispatch()
 - get request (Zend_Controller_Request_Abstract)
 - route request (Zend_Controller_Router_Rewrite)
 - start dispatch loop
 - dispatch action (Zend_Controller_Dispatcher_Standard)
 - instantiate controller (Zend_Controller_Action)
 - call action method
 - send response (Zend_Controller_Response_Abstract)

Plugins

- Major point of extensibility
 - Eliminates need to extend MVC classes
 - Modify actions for all controllers in site, including third-party apps
- Hooks bookend each major action in the dispatch process
- Register any number of plugins with the front controller
 - Plugins are called in the order in which they are registered
 - Each plugin can implement one or many hooks



Plugins (cont.)

Defined hooks:

- routeStartup() prior to routing
- routeShutdown() after routing has finished
- dispatchLoopStartup() prior to starting the dispatch loop
 - predispatch() prior to dispatching an individual action
 - postDispatch() after dispatching an action
- dispatchLoopShutdown() after all actions have been dispatched



Zend_View

- The 'View' in MVC
- Uses PHP as the template language
 - Set variables in a Zend_View object
 - Access them in a view script using object notation: \$this->value
- Benefits: all of PHP is at your disposal
- Issues: all of PHP is at your designer's disposal

MVC in Zend Framework

Zend_View (cont.)

View Scripts

- Actual HTML (or other format) to return in response
- Mix in PHP to grab template variables and perform display logic
- Use PHP short tags for shorthand notation

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MVC in Zend Framework

Zend_View (cont.)

Helpers

- Register helper paths with Zend_View object
- Helpers are helper classes with a single method; Zend_View then proxies via ___call():

MVC in Zend Framework

Zend_View (cont.)

Filters

- Allow filtering compiled content prior to returning
- Like helpers, one class and method per filter
- Possible use cases:
 - HTML -> PDF
 - HTML -> JSON
 - HTML -> XML
 - Tidy
 - Injecting session IDs

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Zend_Db

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Zend Db



Overview

- Provides abstraction to all databases PHP supports via Zend_Db_Adapter
 - Including those not supported by PDO
- Limited (select) query abstraction
- Provides optional query profiling via Zend_Db_Profiler
- Primitive ORM/Table Data Gateway via Zend_Db_Table



Benefits

- Code portability Ephemeral; typically you'll end up writing DB specific code to utilize special features or for optimization reasons
- Easily set default database adapter for all tables, and override on a per-table basis
- Nice OO syntax:

Zend Db



Problems

- PDO drivers are stable, but many others are not (yet)
- Zend_Db_Table by default returns Zend_Db_Row and Zend_Db_Rowset objects; not optimal for many use cases
- Zend_Db_Table is simply a Table Data Gateway simpler ActiveRecord and more complex ORM not available
- Zend_Db_Select is convenient, but no analogues for update, insert, or delete actions
- Zend_Db_Table 'inflection' can be painful

Zend_Db



Note: under active development; most issues illustrated should be gone by 0.9

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Putting Together a CRUD Application

Create a Generic Table Object

- Extend Zend_Db_Table
- Add accessors to allow grabbing Zend_Db_Table instances for each table and getting metainfo

```
class Phly_Db_Table_Generic extends Zend_Db_Table
{
    protected $_name = 'test';
    protected $_fieldInfo;

    protected static $_instances = array();
    public static function getInstance($table);
    protected function _setTable($table);
    public function getName();
    public function getPrimary();
    public function getFields();
    public function getFieldInfo();
}
```

Define the routing schema

- List rows in a table (paginated):
 - /crud/list/table/<TABLE>/page/<PAGE>
- Create a record in a table:
 - /crud/create/table/<TABLE>
- Read (view) a single record based on ID:
 - /crud/read/table/<TABLE>/id/<ID>
- Update an existing record:
 - /crud/update/table/<TABLE>/id/<ID>
- Delete a single record based on ID:
 - /crud/delete/table/<TABLE>/id/<ID>

Bootstrap file

```
<?php
set include path('.:/path/to/lib/framework/library:/path/to/lib/pear');
require once 'Zend/Db.php';
require once 'Zend/Db/Table.php';
require once 'Zend/Controller/Front.php';
$db = Zend Db::factory('Pdo Mysql', array(
    'host' => 'localhost',
    'username' => 'matthew',
    'password' => 'password',
    'dbname' => 'bostonphp',
    'profiler' => true
)):
Zend Db Table::setDefaultAdapter($db);
$front = Zend Controller_Front::getInstance();
$front->setControllerDirectory('../controllers')
      ->throwExceptions(true);
$front->dispatch();
```

Create a controller class

CrudController, in CrudController.php:

```
<?php
require once 'Phly/Db/Table/Generic.php';
require once 'Zend/Controller/Action.php';
class CrudController extends Zend Controller Action
    protected $ table;
    public $view;
    public function init();
    public function preDispatch();
    public function postDispatch();
    public function indexAction();
    public function getTableList();
    public function listAction();
    public function createAction();
    public function readAction();
    public function updateAction();
    public function deleteAction();
```

CrudController (cont.)

- init(): setup view
- preDispatch(): verify table is valid

```
public function init()
   $this->view = new Zend View();
   $this->view->setHelperPath(dirname( FILE__) . '/../helpers');
   $this->view->setScriptPath(dirname( FILE ) . '/../views');
public function preDispatch()
   if ('index' != $this-> request->getActionName()) {
        $table = $this->_getParam('table', false);
       if (!$table) {
            return $this->_redirect('/crud', array('exit' => true));
        }
       try {
            $this-> table = Phly Db Table Generic::getInstance($table);
       } catch (Exception $e) {
            return $this->_redirect('/crud', array('exit' => true));
        }
        $this-> tableName = $table;
   $this->view->table = $table;
```

CrudController (cont.)

- postDispatch(): push content into a sitewide template
- render(): make rendering output easier

```
public function postDispatch()
{
    $this->view->content = $this->_response->getBody();
    $this->render('site');
}

public function render($action = null)
{
    if (null === $action) {
        $action = $this->_request->getActionName();
    }
    $script = $action . '.phtml';

    $this->_response->appendBody($this->view->render($script));
}
```

CrudController (cont.)

indexAction(): display a list of tables

CrudController (cont.)

listAction(): paginated list of table rows

```
public function listAction()
{
    $offset = $this->_paginate();

    $this->view->fields = $this->_table->getFields();
    $this->view->primary = $this->_table->getPrimary();
    $this->view->rows = $this->_table->fetchAll(null, null, 30, $offset);

    $this->render();
}
```

CrudController (cont.)

_paginate(): get number of pages and current offset

```
protected function paginate()
             = $this-> table->getAdapter()
    $total
              ->fetchOne('SELECT COUNT(*) FROM ' . $this->_table->getName());
    soffset = 0:
   $numPages = ceil($total / 30);
   $curPage = $this-> getParam('page', 1);
    $pages = array();
   for (\$i = 1; \$i \le \$numPages; \$i++) {
        pages[$i] = ($i - 1) * 30;
   if ((1 <= $curPage) && ($curPage <= $numPages)) {
        $offset = $pages[$curPage];
    } else {
        $curPage = 1;
   $this->view->assign(array(
        'count'
                  => $total,
        'pages' => $pages,
        'curPage' => $curPage
   ));
    return $offset;
```

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CrudController (cont.)

createAction(): display new record form, and process new record submission

```
public function createAction()
{
    $this->view->values = array();

    if ('post' == strtolower($_SERVER['REQUEST_METHOD'])) {
        $this->process();
    }

    $this->view->fields = $this->_table->getFields();
    $this->render('form');
}
```

CrudController (cont.)

process(): process a new or updated record submission

```
public function process($update = false)
   $primary = $this-> table->getPrimary();
   $data = array();
   foreach ($this-> table->getFields() as $field) {
       if (!$update && ($field == $primary)) {
            continue;
       if (isset($ POST[$field])) {
            $data[$field] = $ POST[$field];
   if ($update) {
       $id = $data[$primary];
       $where = $this-> table->qetAdapter()->quoteInto(
           $primary . ' = ?', $id
       unset($data[$primary]);
           $this-> table->update($data, $where);
       } catch (Exception $e) {
           $this->view->error = 'Unable to update record: '
                . $e->getMessage();
           $this->view->values = $data:
           return:
   } else {
            $id = $this-> table->insert($data);
       } catch (Exception $e) {
            $this->view->error = 'Unable to insert record: '
                . $e->qetMessage();
           $this->view->values = $data;
           return;
   $this-> redirect(
       '/crud/view/table/' . $this-> tableName . '/id/' . $id,
       array('exit' => true)
```

CrudController (cont.)

readAction(): get a single row and display it

```
public function readAction()
{
    if (!$id = $this->_getParam('id', false)) {
        return $this->_redirect('/crud/list/table/' . $this->_tableName);
    }

    if (!$this->view->row = $this->getRow($id)) {
        return $this->_redirect('/crud/list/table/' . $this->_tableName);
    }

    $this->render();
}
```

CrudController (cont.)

getRow(): get a single row, and prepare it as an array

```
public function getRow($id)
            = $this-> table->find($id);
    $row
    $fields = array flip($this-> table->getFieldInfo());
    $data
            = array();
    foreach ($fields as $inflector => $field) {
        if (!empty($row->$inflector)) {
            $data[$field] = $row->$inflector;
    }
    if (empty($data)) {
        return false;
    }
    $this->view->id = $id
    return $data;
```

CrudController (cont.)

updateAction(): display an edit form and process it

```
public function updateAction()
   if (!$id = $this-> getParam('id', false)) {
        return $this-> redirect('/crud/list/table/' . $this-> tableName);
   if (!$this->view->values = $this->qetRow($id)) {
        return $this-> redirect('/crud/list/table/' . $this-> tableName);
   if ('post' == strtolower($ SERVER['REQUEST METHOD'])) {
        $this->process();
   $this->view->edit = true;
   $this->view->fields = $this-> table->getFields();
   $this->view->primary = $this-> table->getPrimary();
   $this->render('form');
```

CrudController (cont.)

deleteAction(): delete a single record

```
public function deleteAction()
    if (!$id = $this-> getParam('id', false)) {
        return $this-> redirect('/crud/list/table/' . $this-> tableName);
    if (!$this->view->values = $this->getRow($id)) {
        return $this-> redirect('/crud/list/table/' . $this-> tableName);
    if ('post' != strtolower($ SERVER['REQUEST METHOD'])) {
        return $this-> redirect('/crud/list/table/' . $this-> tableName);
    $where = $this-> table->getAdapter()->quoteInto(
        'id = ?', $id
    $this-> table->delete($where);
    return $this->render();
```



Views

index.phtml: list tables

```
<h2>Choose a table
<form id="tables" action="/crud/list" method="get"
    onSubmit="javascript:location.href=this.table.value">
        <?= $this->tableSelect($this->tables, $this) ?>
        <?= $this->formSubmit('go', 'Go') ?>
</form>
```

Views (cont.)

tableSelect helper: create a form select with URL paths for keys, and table names for values

```
class Zend_View_Helper_TableSelect
{
    public function tableSelect(array $tables, Zend_View_Abstract $view)
    {
        $select = array();
        foreach ($tables as $table) {
            $url = '/crud/list/table/' . $table;
            $select[$url] = $table;
        }
        return $view->formSelect('table', null, null, $select);
    }
}
```

Views (cont.)

list.phtml: list rows, paginated

```
<h2>Table: <?= $this->table ?></h2>
<?= $this->paginate($this) ?>
<? foreach ($this->fields as $field): ?>
       <?= $this->escape($field) ?>
   <? endforeach ?>
   <? foreach ($this->rows as $row): ?>
   <? foreach ($row as $field => $value): ?>
       <? if ($field == $this->primary): ?>
          <a href="/crud/view/table/<?= $this->table ?>/id/<?= $v
              <?= $value ?>
          </a>
          <? else: ?>
          <?= $value ?>
          <? endif ?>
       <? endforeach ?>
   <? endforeach ?>
<?= $this->paginate($this) ?>
```

Views (cont.)

paginate helper: create pager for list view

```
class Zend View Helper Paginate
    public function paginate(array $tables, Zend View Abstract $view)
        $pages = $view->pages;
        $count = count($pages);
        if (1 == $count) {
            return;
        $baseUrl = '/crud/list/' . $view->table . '/page/';
        $curPage = $view->curPage;
        $startPage = 1;
        $endPage = $count;
        if ($count > 9) {
            $startPage = ($curPage < 6) ? 1 : $curPage - 4;</pre>
            $endPage = ($curPage + 4 > $count) ? $count : $curPage + 4;
            if (($startPage < 5) && ($endPage < $count)) {
                $endPage = $startPage + 8;
            } elseif ((\$endPage == \$count) && (\$endPage - \$startPage < 9)) {
                $startPage = $endPage -8;
        return $this->render($curPage, $startPage, $endPage, $baseUrl);
```

Views (cont.)

paginate helper: render() view

```
public function render($curPage, $startPage, $endPage, $baseUrl)
   $pager = '';
   if (1 < $curPage) {
       $pager .= '<a href="' . $baseUrl . '1" title="first page">&lt;&lt;</a>';</a>';</a>
   for ($i = $startPage; $i <= $endPage; $i++) {
       page = i;
       if ($curPage == $page) {
          $pager .= '' . $page . '';
       } else {
          $pager .= '<a href="' . $baseUrl . $page</pre>
                 . '" title="page ' . $page . '">'
                 . $page . '</a>';
   if ($curPage < $count) {
       $pager .= '<a href="' . $baseUrl . ($curPage + 1)</pre>
             . '" title="next page">next</a>';
       $pager .= ''<a href="' . $baseUrl . $count</pre>
             . '" title="last page">&qt;&qt;</a>';
   $pager .= '';
   return $pager;
```

Views (cont.)

read.phtml: display a single record, with links to edit or return to table view

```
<h2>View Record</h2>
<h3>Viewing record <b><?= $this->escape($this->id) ?></b></h3>
<dl>
<? foreach ($this->row as $field => $value): ?>
    <dt><?= $this->escape($field) ?></dt>
    <dt><?= $this->escape($value) ?></dt>
<? endforeach ?>
</dl>
>
    <a href="/crud/update/table/<?= $this->table ?>/id/<? $this->id ?>">
        Edit this record
    </a> |
    <a href="/crud/list/table/<?= $this->table ?>">
       Return to table view
    </a>
```

Views (cont.)

form.phtml: display a new or edit form

```
$update = false;
$action = 'create':
if (isset($this->edit)) {
    $update = true;
    $action = 'update';
}
?>
<h2><?= ($update) ? 'Edit' : 'New' ?> Record</h2>
<form name="record" action="/crud/<?= $action ?>/table/<?= $this->table ?><?</pre>
    ($update) ? '/id/' . $this->id : '' ?>" method="post">
<fieldset>
    <legend>Details</legend>
    <? if ($update): ?><?= $this->formHidden('id', $this->id) ?><? endif ?>
    <? foreach ($this->fields as $field): ?>
        <dt><?= $this->escape($field) ?></dt>
        < dd > < ?
            $value = '';
            if (isset($this->values[$field])) {
                $vaule = $this->values[$field];
            echo $this->formText($field, $value);
        ?></dd>
    <? endforeach ?>
    </dl>
    <?= $this->formSubmit('process', $action) ?>
</fieldset>
</form>
```

Views (cont.)

delete.phtml: display a deletion confirmation message

Views (cont.)

site.phtml: site template

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Other Considerations

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Other Considerations

- Authorization and ACLs
 - Zend_Auth, Zend_Acl
- Input Filtering
 - Zend_Validate, Zend_Filter
- Exposing as web services
 - XML-RPC => Zend_XmlRpc_Server
 - REST => Zend_Rest_Server
- Exposing to AJAX
 - Zend_Json
 - SimpleXML

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Questions?

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