The auxhook package

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Abstract

Package ${\sf auxhook}$ provides hooks for adding stuff at the begin of $.{\tt aux}$ files.

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1 User interface

There are two kinds of .aux files, the main .aux file and the .aux file that belongs to an included file, specified by $\ilde{\mbox{linclude}}$.

Some packages write macros in the auxiliary files. If the user stops using the package, these macros will usually cause error messages because of unknown commands. Prominent example is package babel's \select@language.

But such a package could be written more cooperative. It can also provide a definition in the auxiliary file (\providecommand) that silently disables the macros of the package if the package is no longer in use.

In case of the main auxiliary file, \AtBeginDocument can be used for this purpose. Especially if several packages are involved, the order cannot be controlled always (e.g., see package hypdestopt that hooks into hyperref's macros). And there isn't any hook for the auxiliary files of the \include feature.

Thus this package patches LATEX's macros \document and \@include to add the hooks where the auxiliary files are opend and the first line with \relax is written.

The patching can fail, if these macros are redefined by some other package. If the other package still uses the original definition, then load package auxhook earlier. (With \RequirePackage the package also can be loaded before the class). If the redefinition doesn't use the original meaning, then you can try to load package auxhook afterwards, but you need luck that the patch succeeds.

The hooks are macros:

\@beginmainauxhook: Start of the main auxiliary file. The hook is called after the first line with \relax is written.

\@beginpartauxhook: The same for the auxiliary files that belongs to the files that are included by \include.

If you want to add something to these hooks, you can use \g@addto@macro from LATEX's kernel. But the package provides macros to add code that adds a line to the auxiliary file:

```
\LambdaAddLineBeginMainAux\{\langle line 
angle\}
\AddLineBeginPartAux\{\langle line \rangle\}
\AddLineBeginAux \{\langle line \rangle\}
```

The \(\langle \line\rangle\) is added at the begin of the main auxiliary file by \AddLineBeginMainAux and at the begin of the auxiliary files of included files by \AddLineBeginPartAux. \AddLineBeginAux writes in both kinds of auxiliary files.

Examples, see packages hypdestopt ([1]) and zref ([3]).

Implementation

Identification

```
1 (*package)
2 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
3 \ProvidesPackage{auxhook}%
   [2011/03/04 v1.3 Hooks for auxiliary files (HO)]%
```

2.2Hook setup

The hook for the main auxiliary file, initially empty. \@beginmainauxhook

5 \providecommand*{\@beginmainauxhook}{}

\@beginpartauxhook The hook for auxiliary files of included files, initially empty.

```
6 \providecommand*{\@beginpartauxhook}{}
7 \ifx\AtBeginDocument\@firstofone
```

```
8 \global\let\@beginmainauxhook\relax
9 \else
```

\g@addto@macro{\@beginmainauxhook}{% 11 \global\let\@beginmainauxhook\relax }% 12

13 \fi

2.3 User macros

```
\AddLineBeginMainAux
```

```
14 \newcommand{\AddLineBeginMainAux}[1]{%
                       15
                            \ifx\@beginmainauxhook\relax
                       16
                              \if@filesw
                                \PackageInfo{auxhook}{%
                       17
                                  \@backslashchar AddLineBeginMainAux comes a little late,%
                       18
                                  \MessageBreak
                       19
                                  because the main .aux file is already opened%
                       20
                       21
                       22
                                \immediate\write\@mainaux{#1}%
                       23
                              \fi
                       ^{24}
                            \else
                              \g@addto@macro\@beginmainauxhook{%
                       25
                                \immediate\write\@mainaux{#1}%
                       26
                              }%
                       27
                            \fi
                       28
                       29 }
\AtBeginPartAuxLine
                       30 \newcommand{\AddLineBeginPartAux}[1]{%
                            \verb|\g@addto@macro|\@beginpartauxhook{%|}|
                       31
                       32
                              \immediate\write\@partaux{#1}%
                       33
                           }%
                       34 }
   \AddLineBeginAux
                       35 \newcommand{\AddLineBeginAux}[1]{%
                       36
                            \AddLineBeginMainAux{#1}%
                            \AddLineBeginPartAux{#1}%
                       37
                       38 }
```

2.4 Patches

2.4.1 \document

```
39 \begingroup
40
    \@ifundefined{beamer@origdocument}{%
      \def\auxhook@document{\document}%
41
    }{%
42
      \def\auxhook@document{\beamer@origdocument}%
43
    }%
44
45
    \long\def\y#1\immediate\write\@mainaux#2#3\auxhook@nil{%
46
47
        #1\immediate\write\@mainaux{#2}%
48
        \@beginmainauxhook
49
        #3%
50
      }%
51
      \expandafter\xdef\auxhook@document{\the\toks@}%
      \endgroup
52
    }%
53
    \long\def\x#1\immediate\write\@mainaux#2#3\auxhook@nil{%
54
55
      \toks@{#3}%
      \left( \frac{x}{\theta \right)}%
56
57
      \ifx\x\@empty
58
         \PackageWarningNoLine{auxhook}{%
59
           Cannot patch \expandafter\string\auxhook@document,%
60
           \MessageBreak
           using \string\AtBeginDocument\space instead%
61
        }%
62
63
        \endgroup
        \AtBeginDocument{%
64
```

```
\if@filesw
65
              \@beginmainauxhook
66
67
            \fi
          }%
68
69
70
          \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\y\auxhook@document
71
              \auxhook@nil
72
       \fi
     }%
73
74 \exp \text{andafter} \exp \text{andafter} \times \text{auxhook@document}
       \immediate\write\@mainaux{}\auxhook@nil
75
2.4.2
       \@include
76 \begingroup
     \label{longdef} $$  \omega= \write \end{are} $$ \aux # 2 # 3 \aux hook @nil # 4 {\% } $$
77
78
        \endgroup
79
        \def#4##1 {%
          #1\immediate\write\@partaux{#2}%
80
          \@beginpartauxhook
81
82
          #3%
83
       }%
84
     }%
     \long\def\x#1\immediate\write\@partaux#2#3\auxhook@nil#4{%
85
       \toks@{#3}%
86
87
        \left( \frac{x}{\theta \right)}
88
        \ifx\x\@empty
89
          \PackageWarningNoLine{auxhook}{%
90
            Cannot patch \string#4,\MessageBreak
91
            patch dropped%
92
          }%
93
          \endgroup
94
          \expandafter\y#4{##1} \auxhook@nil#4%
95
96
        \fi
97
     }%
98 \@ifundefined{ReFiCh@org@include}{%
     \expandafter\x\@include{#1} %
99
100
     \immediate\write\@partaux{}\auxhook@nil\@include
101 }{%
102
     \expandafter\x\ReFiCh@org@include{#1} %
     \immediate\write\@partaux{}\auxhook@nil\ReFiCh@org@include
103
104 }%
105 (/package)
```

3 Installation

3.1 Download

Package. This package is available on CTAN¹:

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/auxhook.dtx The source file.

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/auxhook.pdf Documentation.

Bundle. All the packages of the bundle 'oberdiek' are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip

TDS refers to the standard "A Directory Structure for TEX Files" (CTAN:tds/tds.pdf). Directories with texmf in their name are usually organized this way.

¹ftp://ftp.ctan.org/tex-archive/

3.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the oberdiek.tds.zip in the TDS tree (also known as texmf tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

Script installation. Check the directory TDS:scripts/oberdiek/ for scripts that need further installation steps. Package attachfile2 comes with the Perl script pdfatfi.pl that should be installed in such a way that it can be called as pdfatfi. Example (linux):

```
chmod +x scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl
cp scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl /usr/local/bin/
```

3.3 Package installation

Unpacking. The .dtx file is a self-extracting docstrip archive. The files are extracted by running the .dtx through plain TFX:

```
tex auxhook.dtx
```

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as texmf tree):

```
\label{eq:auxhook.sty} $\operatorname{auxhook.sty} \to \operatorname{tex/latex/oberdiek/auxhook.sty}$$ auxhook.pdf \to \operatorname{doc/latex/oberdiek/auxhook.pdf}$$ auxhook.dtx \to \operatorname{source/latex/oberdiek/auxhook.dtx}$$
```

If you have a docstrip.cfg that configures and enables docstrip's TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of docstrip.

3.4 Refresh file name databases

If your TEX distribution (teTEX, mikTEX, ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, teTEX users run texhash or mktexlsr.

3.5 Some details for the interested

Attached source. The PDF documentation on CTAN also includes the .dtx source file. It can be extracted by AcrobatReader 6 or higher. Another option is pdftk, e.g. unpack the file into the current directory:

```
pdftk auxhook.pdf unpack_files output .
```

Unpacking with IATEX. The .dtx chooses its action depending on the format:

plain T_EX: Run docstrip and extract the files.

LATEX: Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using \LaTeX for docstrip (really, docstrip does not need \LaTeX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{auxhook.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the .dtx or the .drv to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file ltxdoc.cfg. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

```
\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}
```

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfIATEX:

```
pdflatex auxhook.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist auxhook.idx
pdflatex auxhook.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist auxhook.idx
pdflatex auxhook.dtx
```

4 Catalogue

The following XML file can be used as source for the TEX Catalogue. The elements caption and description are imported from the original XML file from the Catalogue. The name of the XML file in the Catalogue is auxhook.xml.

```
106 (*catalogue)
107 <?xml version='1.0' encoding='us-ascii'?>
108 <! DOCTYPE entry SYSTEM 'catalogue.dtd'>
109 <entry datestamp='$Date$' modifier='$Author$' id='auxhook'>
    <name>auxhook</name>
111
     <caption>Hooks for auxiliary files.</caption>
112
     <authorref id='auth:oberdiek'/>
     <copyright owner='Heiko Oberdiek' year='2006,2007,2009,2011'/>
113
    <license type='lppl1.3'/>
114
115 <version number='1.3'/>
    <description>
116
      This package auxhook provides hooks for adding stuff at
117
       the begin of <tt>.aux</tt> files.
118
119
       The package is part of the xref refid='oberdiek'>oberdiekbundle.
120
121
     </description>
122
    <documentation details='Package documentation'</pre>
123
         href='ctan:/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/auxhook.pdf'/>
124
    <ctan file='true' path='/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/auxhook.dtx'/>
    <miktex location='oberdiek'/>
125
    <texlive location='oberdiek'/>
126
127 <install path='/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/oberdiek.tds.zip'/>
128 </entry>
129 (/catalogue)
```

5 References

- [1] Heiko Oberdiek: *The hypdestopt package*; 2006/05/30 v1.0; CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/hypdestopt.pdf.
- [2] Sebastian Rahtz, Heiko Oberdiek: *The hyperref package*; 2006/08/16 v6.75c; CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/hyperref/.
- [3] Heiko Oberdiek: The zref package; 2006/05/25 v1.2; CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/zref.pdf.

6 History

[2006/05/31 v1.0]

First version.

[2007/04/06 v1.1]

• Fix for class beamer.

[2009/12/14 v1.2]

• Support for package rerunfilecheck added (\@include).

[2011/03/04 v1.3]

 \bullet \AddLineBeginMainAux also supports write requests after the main <code>.aux</code> file is opened.

7 Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; plain numbers refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

Symbols \@backslashchar 18	\immediate 22, 26, 32, 45, 47, 54, 75, 77, 80, 85, 100, 103
\Central beginmain auxhook	M \MessageBreak 19, 60, 90
\@empty 57, 88 \@firstofone 7 \@ifundefined 40, 98 \@include 99, 100 \@mainaux 22, 26, 45, 47, 54, 75 \@mainaux 22, 26, 45, 47, 54, 75	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
\@partaux 32, 77, 80, 85, 100, 103 A \AddLineBeginAux 35	\PackageInfo
ddLineBeginMainAux 2, 14, 36 ddLineBeginPartAux 30, 37 tBeginDocument 7, 61, 64 tBeginPartAuxLine 30	$$\bf R$$ \ReFiCh@org@include 102, 103
\auxhook@document 41, 43, 51, 59, 70, 74 \auxhook@nil	S \space 61
$B \\ \verb \beamer@origdocument$	\the
D \document	W \write
\g@addto@macro 10, 25, 31	X \x 54, 56, 57, 74, 85, 87, 88, 99, 102
\if@filesw 16, 65 \ifx 7, 15, 57, 88	Y \y 45, 70, 77, 95