

## Florida Arbovirus Surveillance Week 6: February 7-13, 2016

Arbovirus surveillance in Florida includes endemic mosquito-borne viruses such as West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis virus (EEEV), and St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), as well as exotic viruses such as dengue virus (DENV), chikungunya virus (CHIKV) and California encephalitis group viruses (CEV). Malaria, a non-viral mosquito-borne disease is also included. During the period of February 7-13, 2016 the following arboviral activity was recorded in Florida.

**WNV** activity: No human cases of WNV infection was reported this week. No horses with WNV infection were reported this week. Eight sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week in Hillsborough, Orange, Sarasota, and Walton Counties. In 2016, positive samples from 17 sentinel chickens have been received from five counties

**SLEV activity:** No human cases of SLEV infection were reported this week. No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to SLEV this week. In 2016, there have been no positive samples reported.

**EEEV activity:** No human cases of EEEV infection were reported this week. No horses with EEEV infection were reported this week. One sentinel chicken tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Walton County. In 2016, positive samples from seven sentinel chickens have been received from three counties.

**International Travel-Associated Dengue Fever Cases:** Two cases of dengue fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2016, seven cases have been reported.

**Dengue Fever Cases Acquired in Florida:** No cases of locally acquired dengue fever were reported this week. In 2016, no cases of locally acquired dengue fever have been reported.

**International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases:** No cases of chikungunya fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2016, no travel-associated cases have been reported.

**Chikungunya Fever Cases Acquired in Florida:** No cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever were reported this week. In 2016, no cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever have been reported.

**International Travel-Associated Zika Fever Cases:** Five cases of Zika fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2016, 21 travel-associated cases have been reported. No cases of locally acquired Zika fever have been reported.

Advisories/Alerts: Eight counties are currently under a declared public health emergency due to the identification of travel-associated Zika infections: Alachua, Broward, Hillsborough, Lee, Miami-Dade, Osceola, Saint Johns, and Santa Rosa Counties. There is a Level 2 (Alert) Travel Health Notice from the CDC for multiple countries in the Caribbean, Central and South America, Mexico, Cape Verde, and Samoa related to Zika virus transmission and a possible association with poor pregnancy outcomes. Pregnant women should consider postponing travel to these areas. There is a Level 1 (Watch) Travel Health Notice from the CDC for multiple countries in the Caribbean, Central and South America, and Mexico, related to the transmission of chikungunya virus. While a travel health notice has not been issued for the recent locally acquired dengue fever cases in Hawaii, visitors should continue to take appropriate mosquito bite precautions while traveling. Additional information on travel health notices can be found at the following link: <a href="http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices">http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices</a>.

### 2016 Human Case Summary\*

**International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases:** No cases of chikungunya with onset in 2016 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a chikungunya endemic country in the two weeks prior to onset.

International Travel-Associated Dengue Fever Cases: Seven cases of dengue with onset in 2016 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a dengue endemic country in the two weeks prior to onset. Countries of origin were: Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba (2), Haiti, and Venezuela. Counties reporting cases were: Broward, Clay, Miami-Dade (2), Orange, Palm Beach, and Sarasota. In 2016, six cases of dengue reported in Florida have been serotyped by PCR. Additional serotyping and strain typing are being conducted.

	# of cases per serotype - 2016
DENV-1	1
DENV-3	2
DENV-4	3
	6

International Travel-Associated Zika Fever Cases: Twenty-one cases of Zika fever have been reported in individuals with travel history to a country or area experiencing Zika virus activity. Countries of origin were: Brazil, Colombia (3), Costa Rica, El Salvador, Haiti (5), Honduras (3), Honduras/Guatemala, Puerto Rico (2), and Venezuela (4). Counties reporting cases were: Alachua, Broward (4), Hillsborough (3), Lee (3), Miami-Dade (7), Osceola, St. Johns and Santa Rosa.

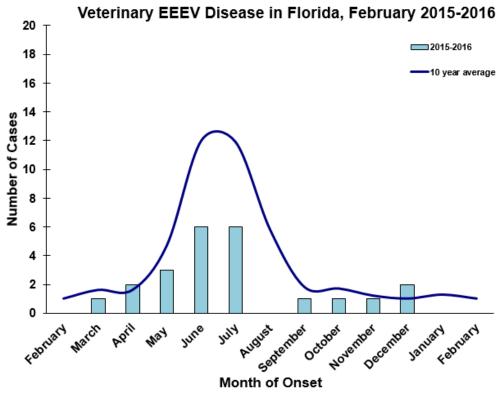
**International Travel-Associated Malaria Cases:** Three cases of malaria with onset in 2016 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Kenya, Sudan, and Uganda. Counties reporting cases were: Flagler, Orange and Sarasota Counties.

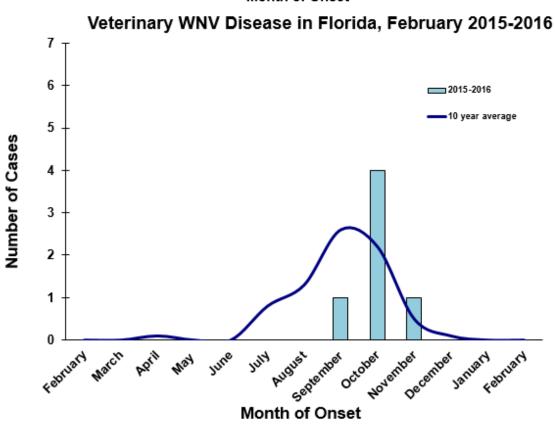
Two cases (67%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium falciparum*. One case (33%) was diagnosed with *Plasmodium malariae*.

# **Veterinary Cases\***

\*Veterinary cases are reported by date of onset

No horses with EEEV or WNV infection were reported this week.





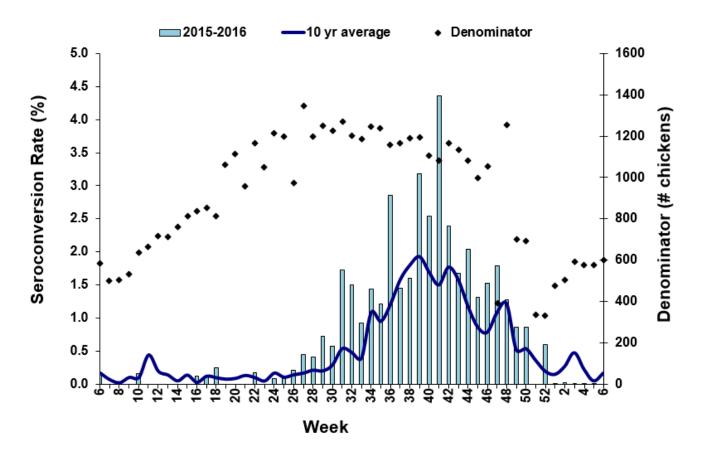
## **Sentinel Chickens\***

The table below is for the reporting of confirmatory laboratory results from this week. Some of the samples were collected at earlier dates. The date of collection is recorded for samples collected on that day along with the total number of positives and the corresponding seroconversion rate for the week the sample was collected.

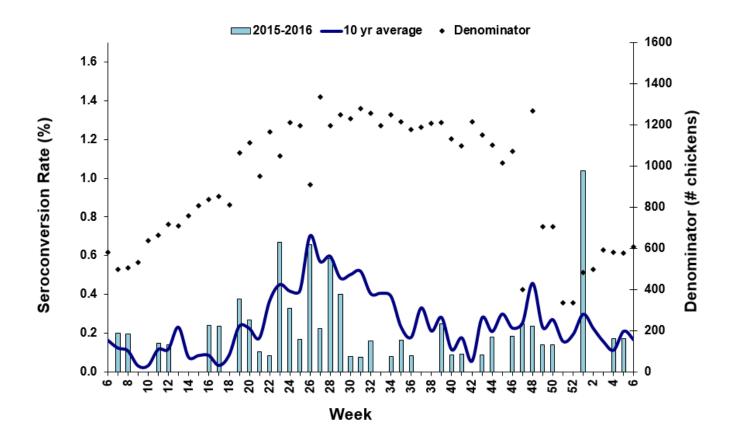
Eight sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week in Hillsborough, Orange, Sarasota, and Walton Counties. One sentinel chicken tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Walton County. One sentinel chicken tested positive for antibodies to HJV this week in Orange County.

			Seroconversion Rates (%)			County Totals			
County	Collection Date	Flavi	SLEV	WNV	Alpha	EEEV	HJV	Collection Week	YTD
Hillsborough	01/05/16	1.30		1.30				1 WNV	
	01/12/16	2.50		2.50				2 WNV	3 WNV
Orange	01/11/16	1.69		1.69				2 WNV, 1 HJV	
	01/26/16	0.84		0.84				1 WNV	
	01/21/16				0.85		0.85	1 HJV	3 WNV, 1 EEEV, 2 HJV
Sarasota	02/01/16	1.72		1.72				1 WNV	4 WNV
Walton	01/11/16	4.12		4.12				4 WNV	
	02/02/16				0.97	0.97		1 EEEV	4 EEEV, 6 WNV

## Sentinel Seroconversions to WNV in Florida, 2015-2016



### Sentinel Seroconversions to EEEV in Florida, 2015-2016



#### **Mosquito Pools**

No mosquito pools tested positive for EEEV or WNV this week.

County	Collection Date	Result	Species	County YTD

#### **Dead Birds**

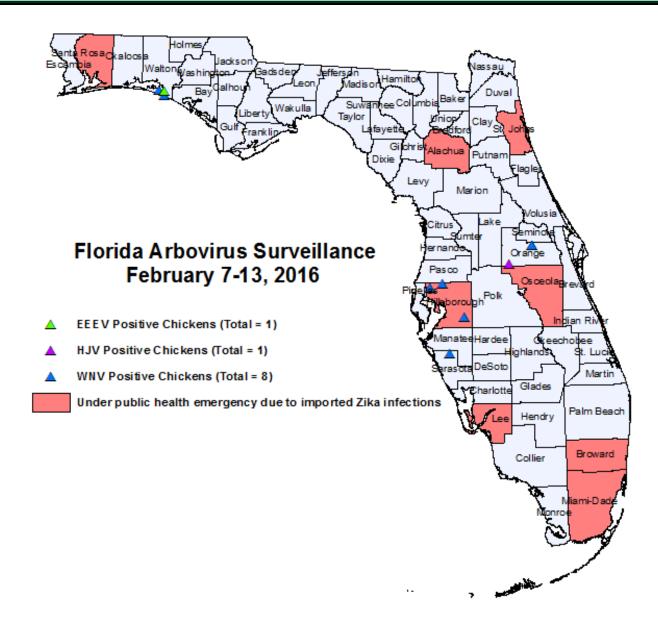
The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) collects reports of dead birds, which can be an indication of arbovirus circulation in an area. This week, 11 reports representing a total of 27 dead birds, including 3 raptors, and 1 dove were received from 9 counties.

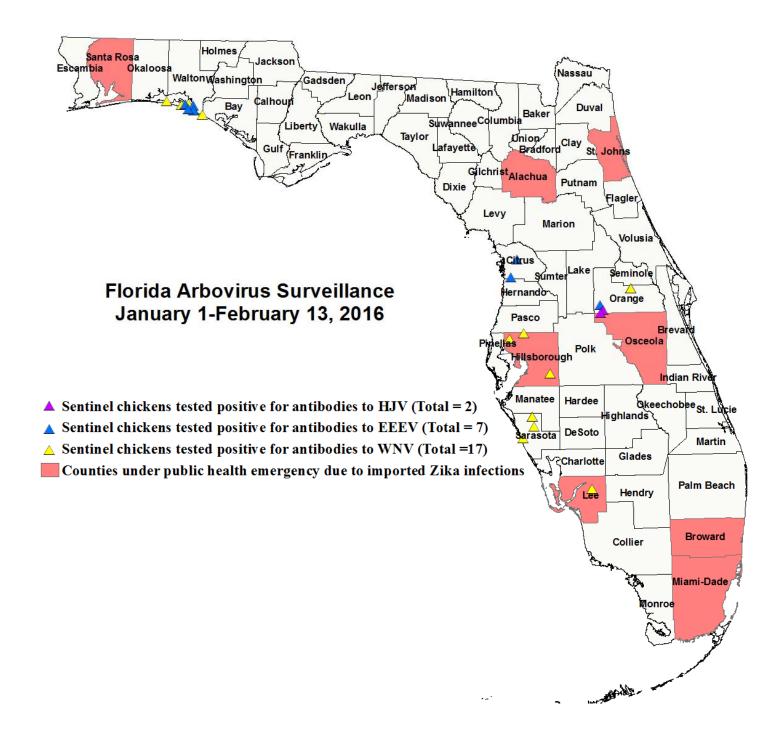
In 2016, 75 reports representing a total of 294 dead birds (30 crows, 0 jay, 12 raptors, and 1 dove) were received from 35 of Florida's 67 counties. Please note that FWC collects reports of birds that have died from a variety of causes, not only arboviruses. Dead birds should be reported to <a href="https://www.myfwc.com/bird/">www.myfwc.com/bird/</a>.

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County	Total Dead Birds	Crows	Jays	Raptors	Dove
Brevard	1	0	0	0	0
Dade	1	0	0	0	1
Duval	1	0	0	1	0
Franklin	2	0	0	0	0
Hillsborough	7	0	0	0	0
Lee	12	0	0	0	0
Orange	1	0	0	1	0
Pinellas	1	0	0	0	0
Volusia	1	0	0	1	0

# Maps





2016 Arbovirus Activity by County		
County	Arbovirus Activity	
Citrus	EEEV: 2 sentinels (1/4, 1/25)	
Hillsborough	WNV: 3 sentinels (1/5, 1/12)	
Lee	WNV: 1 sentinel (1/26)	
Orange	WNV: 3 sentinels (1/11, 1/26) EEEV: 1 sentinel (1/7) HJV: 2 sentinels (1/14, 1/21)	
Sarasota	WNV: 4 sentinels (1/11, 1/15, 1/19, 2/1)	
Walton	EEEV: 4 sentinels (1/4, 2/2) WNV: 6 sentinels (1/11, 1/19)	

#### **Acknowledgements and Data Sources**

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For more surveillance information, please see the DOH website at: <a href="http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/mosquito-borne-diseases/surveillance.html">http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/mosquito-borne-diseases/surveillance.html</a>

For arbovirus surveillance information for the United States, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at: http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/surv&control.htm

\*\*Case tallies included in the weekly Florida arbovirus surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases for EEE, WNV infection, SLE, dengue, chikungunya, and malaria by date of onset. Suspect cases are not included. Activity is mapped by county of exposure rather than county of residence. Case definitions being used in Florida are consistent with national criteria provided by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and may be viewed at: <a href="http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/disease-reporting-and-management/disease-reporting-and-surveillance/index.html">http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/disease-reporting-and-management/disease-reporting-and-surveillance/index.html</a>. Case tallies reported by CDC do not include suspect cases and cases are reported by patient state of residence rather than where the exposure occurred. Data is provided by county health departments, Department of Health Bureau of Public Health Laboratories, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, mosquito control agencies, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, medical providers and veterinarians. Equine cases are provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.