

Development Challenge

Back-end (Laravel + SQL)

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Requirements

- Stack: Laravel 11+, MySQL or similar
- Focus: Robust auth, multi-tenancy, analytics, reliability, tests, and DX

Challenge

1. Project Setup & DX

- Provide Docker (or Sail) with MySQL, Redis, and Mailhog; one-command bootstrap.
- env.example complete; config caching and route caching must not break the app.
- Publish an OpenAPI (Swagger) spec for all endpoints (/docs route acceptable).

2. Auth & Accounts

- Keep JWT auth, but add:
 - Email verification (mandatory before login).
 - 2FA (TOTP) with backup codes.
 - Brute-force protection (login throttling + lockout window).
 - Passwordless "magic link" login as an alternate flow (expires; one-time use).
 - Idempotency keys for POST /api/register and POST /api/login (avoid double processing).

3. RBAC & Policies

- Replace simple is_admin with roles & permissions:
 - Roles: owner, admin, member, auditor.
 - Permissions derived via Gates/Policies; include at least: users.read, users.update, users.delete, users.invite, analytics.read.
 - Support org-level invitations by email; accept token to join.

4. User Lifecycle & Profiles

- CRUD as before, plus:
 - Soft delete with restore (/api/users/{id}/restore).
 - GDPR export (/api/users/{id}/export) generate a ZIP (JSON files) via queued job; email when ready; downloadable once.
 - GDPR delete request queue; owner/admin approval flow.

5. Login Analytics (accurate & scalable)

- Maintain login_events table + daily aggregates table:
 - On login: write event (queued), update users.last_login_at and increment users.login_count transactionally.
 - Nightly job: roll up per-org and per-user counts to login_daily(user_id, org_id, date, count).
- Endpoints:



- GET /api/users/top-logins?window=7d|30d (per org; from aggregates, fall back to events).
- GET /api/users/inactive?window=hour|day|week|month (org-scoped; cursor-paginated).

6. Querying & Pagination

- Cursor-based pagination everywhere lists appear. Stable sort keys.
- Advanced filters on /api/users:
 - RSQL-like syntax (e.g., name==*jo*;verified==true;created_at>=2025-01-01).
 - Server-side validation of filter AST; prevent unsafe fields.
- Sparse fieldsets (?fields=id,name,email) and includes (?include=orgs,roles).

7. Consistency & Concurrency

- Use optimistic locking on users via version or Eloquent's updated_at precondition.
- Document your approach to eventual consistency between login_events and aggregates.

8. Webhooks & Integrations

- Outbound webhook when:
 - user verified, user invited, user deleted/restored, login recorded (batched).
- HMAC-SHA256 signed with per-org secret; deliver at-least-once using queue + retry + DLQ.
- Inbound "org provisioning" endpoint that creates an org + owner from a SaaS partner, protected by API key and signature.

9. Security

- CORS, strict JSON output, no HTML in API responses.
- Rate-limit sensitive routes; per-IP and per-user buckets.
- Secrets management via env; never commit secrets.
- Audit log table for admin actions (who, when, what resource, old vs new snapshot).
- Validation via Form Requests; consistent error envelope; map exceptions.

Time Commitment

We understand this is a comprehensive challenge that goes beyond a typical coding test. We expect this project to take 6-8 hours to complete, and we want you to approach it as you would a real-world enterprise application.

Our Philosophy:

- We value quality over speed take the time needed to build something you're proud of.
- Leverage the ecosystem Use existing packages, libraries, and open-source solutions where appropriate. We want to see your ability to integrate and architect, not reinvent the wheel.
- · Document your decisions Include a README explaining your approach, package choices, and trade-offs.
- It's okay to be incomplete If you run out of time, prioritize core functionality and document what you would implement next.



Optional Features (Bonus)

- 1. Search: Add MySQL full-text (or Meilisearch/Scout) on users' name/email with relevance sorting.
- Resilience: Implement saga/compensation pattern for multi-step org provisioning (create org, owner, default roles; rollback on failure).
- 3. API Keys: Org-scoped API keys with scope restrictions and rotation; separate from user JWTs.
- 4. Rate-limit analytics: Per-org rate metrics, surfaced in an admin endpoint.
- 5. Internationalization: Response messages localized; Accept-Language respected.
- 6. K6/Gatling: Provide a simple load test script and a baseline report.

Evaluation Criteria

1. Functionality (40%):

- Does the API meet all the required functionality outlined in the challenge?
- Is the API able to create, retrieve, update, and delete users correctly?
- Does the API implement authentication using JWT?

2. Code Quality (30%):

- Is the code well-structured, organized, and easy to read?
- Does the code follow best practices and established coding conventions?
- Are appropriate design patterns and separation of concerns used?

3. Error Handling and Validation (15%):

- Does the API handle errors gracefully and provide meaningful error messages?
- Does the API validate user input and prevent common security vulnerabilities?

4. Bonus Challenges (15%):

- Did you attempt any of the bonus challenges?
- How well did you implement the optional features?



Thank you for your interest in our company

Best of luck with this challenge!

