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1 #####
2 ###Code for the Monte-Carlo estimation of the convergence order for the
3 ###geometric brownian motion
4 ###MC_ErrorAnalysis_ConvergenceOrderGBM.py
5 ###Python 2.7
6 #####
7
8 import numpy as np
9 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
10 from scipy.stats import linregress
11 from NumericalSDE import *
12
13 #####
14 ###Geometric brownian motion (SDE)
15 ###  $dX_t = a(X_t)dt + b(X_t)dW_t$ 
16 ###  $X_0 = x_0$ 
17 ###  $a(x) = \mu x$ ,  $b(x) = \sigma x$ 
18 ###  $\mu$ ,  $\sigma$  constants
19 ### True solution:
20 ###
21 #####
22 #Parameter
23 sigma = 1.5
24 mu = 1.0
25 #functions a, b
26 def a(x):
27     return mu*x
28 def b(x):
29     return sigma*x
30 #derivatives of a, b
31 #def a_dv(x):
32 #    return mu
33 def b_dv(x):
34     return sigma
35 #def a_dv dv(x):
36 #    return 0
37 #def b_dv dv(x):
38 #    return 0
39 #starting value x0
40 x0 = 1
41 #####
42 #Number of steps. We will do the Monte-Carlo-analysis for the
43 #step amounts n in nval() starting with n we will then always
44 #double the amount of steps.
45 n = 8
46 nval = np.array([n, n*2, n*4, n*8, n*16, n*32, n*64, n*128])
47 nsize = np.size(nval)
48 #Number of MC simulations for each step amount n
49 nsim = 20000
50
51 #####
52 #Arrays for the errors for each simulation and corresponding n.
53 #we are collecting the errors of the Euler, Milstein and Wagner-Platen-scheme.
54 error_euler = np.zeros((nsim,nsize))
55 error_milstein = np.zeros((nsim,nsize))
56 #error_wagnerplaten = np.zeros((nsim,nsize))
57 #empty arrays
58 Yt_euler = np.zeros(nsize)
59 Yt_milstein = np.zeros(nsize)
60 #Yt_wagnerplaten = np.zeros(nsize)
61 Xt_T = np.zeros(nsize)
62
63 #####
64 #Monte-Carlo-algorithm
65 for m in range(0,nsim):
66     w = wiener(nval[0])
67     t = timegrid(nval[0])

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68     for k in range(0, nsize):
69         Yt_euler = sde_euler(x0, a, b, w)
70         Yt_milstein = sde_milstein(x0, a, b, b_dv, w)
71         #Yt_wagnerplaten = sde_wagnerplaten(x0, a, b, a_dv, b_dv, a_dvdv, b_dvdv, w)
72         Xt_T = x0 * np.exp((mu - sigma**2/2) * (t[nval[k]] - t[nval[k-1]]) + sigma * w[nval[k]])
73
74         w = refineWiener(w)
75         t = timegrid(nval[k]*2)
76
77         #Squared-mean criterion for the error
78         error_euler[m, k] = (Yt_euler[nval[k]] - Xt_T)**2
79         error_milstein[m, k] = (Yt_milstein[nval[k]] - Xt_T)**2
80         #error_wagnerplaten[m, k] = (Yt_wagnerplaten[nval[k]] - Xt_T)**2
81
82     print str(float(m)/nsim*100) + '%#progress
83 #####
84
85     #Monte-Carlo estimates of the errors
86     mc_error_euler = np.zeros(nsize)
87     mc_error_milstein = np.zeros(nsize)
88     #mc_error_wagnerplaten = np.zeros(nsize)
89     for k in range(0, nsize):
90         mc_error_euler[k] = sqrt(np.mean(error_euler[:, k]))
91         mc_error_milstein[k] = sqrt(np.mean(error_milstein[:, k]))
92         #mc_error_wagnerplaten[k] = sqrt(np.mean(error_wagnerplaten[:, k]))
93
94     #Regression (Example: a[0] returns the slope and a[1] returns the intersect)
95     a = linregress(np.log2(nval), np.log2(mc_error_euler))
96     b = linregress(np.log2(nval), np.log2(mc_error_milstein))
97     #c = linregress(np.log2(nval), np.log2(mc_error_wagnerplaten))
98
99     #log-log-plot: error estimates and step amount n
100    plt.figure(1)
101    plt.scatter(np.log2(nval), np.log2(mc_error_euler), 3, c='b', label="Euler-scheme.
102    Slope: " + str("{0:.3f}".format(a[0])))
103    plt.scatter(np.log2(nval), np.log2(mc_error_milstein), 3, c='m',
104    label="Milstein-scheme. Slope: " + str("{0:.3f}".format(b[0])))
105    #plt.scatter(np.log2(nval), np.log2(mc_error_wagnerplaten), 2, c='forestgreen',
106    label="Wagner-Platen-scheme. Slope: " + str("{0:.3f}".format(c[0])))
107    plt.xlabel('$log_2$ n', fontsize=12)
108    plt.ylabel('$log_2$ error', fontsize=12)
109    plt.legend(loc='lower left')
110    #plot regression line
111    plt.plot(np.log2(nval), np.log2(nval)*a[0]+a[1], c='b', alpha=0.5)
112    plt.plot(np.log2(nval), np.log2(nval)*b[0]+b[1], c='m', alpha=0.5)
113    #plt.plot(np.log2(nval), np.log2(nval)*c[0]+c[1], c='forestgreen')
114
115    #Second plot: Error analysis
116    plt.figure(2)
117    plt.plot(np.log2(nval), mc_error_euler, c='b', alpha=0.5, label="Euler-scheme")
118    plt.plot(np.log2(nval), mc_error_milstein, c='m', alpha=0.5, label="Milstein-scheme")
119    #plt.plot(np.log2(nval), mc_error_wagnerplaten, c='forestgreen',
120    label="Wagner-Platen-scheme")
121    plt.xlabel('$log_2$ n', fontsize=12)
122    plt.ylabel('error', fontsize=12)
123    plt.legend(loc='upper right')
124
125    plt.show()

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