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Gaurav Gupta

Numpy

- Importing
- Numpy Array: Indexing, Slicing, Reshaping
- Numpy Functions

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What is Numpy

NumPy is the fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It contains among other things:

- a powerful N-dimensional array object
- sophisticated (broadcasting) functions
- tools for integrating C/C++ and Fortran code
- useful linear algebra, Fourier transform, and random number capabilities

Source: numpy.org

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Numpy import and numpy array

- **import numpy as np**
- Uses a datatype: **ndarray**
- Data in these arrays is homogeneous.
- Can be created via the following function:
 - `array(<some sequence>, dtype):`

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Data Types

- `np.int8, np.int16, np.int32, np.int64`
- `np.uint8, np.uint16, np.uint32, np.uint64`
- `np.float32, np.float64`

Source: numpy.org

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More on Data types

- '?' *boolean*
- 'b' *(signed) byte*
- 'B' *unsigned byte*
- 'i' *(signed) integer*
- 'u' *unsigned integer*
- 'f' *floating-point*
- 'c' *complex-floating point*
- 'M' *datetime*
- 'O' *(Python) objects*
- 'U' *Unicode string*

The first character specifies the kind of data and the remaining characters specify the number of bytes per item,

Source:
<https://docs.scipy.org>

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Array Creation

- `arange(start, end, step)`
- `Random.randint(start, end, size = <no of elements>)` # default gives one no.
- `linspace(start, end, count)`
- `zeros(shape)` # shape single arg or tuple of shape
- `ones(shape)`

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Numpy Array slicing-indexing

- Slicing works similar to normal lists

`array[<row index/slice>, <column index/slice>]`

Ex:

`array[1:4, [3,4]]`

- For multidimensional slicing use the comma syntax:

`array[dim1, dim2, dim3,]`

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Numpy Operations and Aggregate Functions

- Supports: *, /, -, % etc. Behavior depends on operands
- Relations Operations return matrices of Booleans which can be used as indexes
>, <, >=, <=
- Min, max, sum, mean
- These take **axis** as argument which denotes 0 (column wise), 1(row wise) and so forth for multiple dimensions.
- `any()`, `all()`, `np.isnan(<array>)`

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Numpy Filtering out data

- Use the **where** function
- Where takes a Boolean matrix as argument and returns a two arrays containing row and column indexes.
- This can be used as an index into the original array.
- *`index = np.where((array > x) & (array < y))`*
`elements = array(index)`

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Looping and Stacking

- Use `vstack` or `hstack`.
- The dimensions must be aligned before stacking can be done.

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Pandas

- Importing
- Series and DataFrame

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Import and Series and DataFrame

- **import pandas as pd**
- Data Types:
 - Series(1-D) : Homogeneous. Behaves like a list
 - DataFrame(2-D) : Heterogeneous Columns

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Series and DataFrame

- `Series(<sequence>, index, dtype)`
 - `Series([1, 3, 5, np.nan, 6, 8])`
- `DataFrame (<data object>, [index=], [columns=])`
 - `df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(6, 4))`
 - `pd.DataFrame({'A': 1,...:'C': pd.Series(1, index=list(range(4)), dtype='float32'),
'D': np.array([3]*4, dtype='int32'),
'E': pd.Categorical(["test", "train", "test", "train"]),
'F': 'foo'})`

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Data Frame attributes and viewing data

- Attributes:
 - `shape`,
 - `dtypes`
 - `columns`
 - `index`
- Viewing:
 - `head()` : view top few rows
 - `tail()` : view last few rows
 - `describe()` : view stats about the data

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DataFrame slicing, indexing or viewing

- `df[<index>]` : gives a column
- `df[start: end]` : slices on rows
- To index or slice rows and columns use *loc* or *iloc*.
- `loc[start:end,]` : slices on basis of
slices on row and column label; indexes can be a list as well.
- `iloc[start: end, start:end]`
`iloc[< list of row indexes>, <list of column indexes>]`
slices via indexes

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Functions

- `<series>.value_counts()`
Returns frequency of each type in the Series
- `apply(lambda)`
applies the lambda or function to a row or a column
similar: `applymap` (acts elementwise)
- `replace()`
Replace data, using dictionary, list of original and new values or regex
- `rename()` : Rename row and column indexes

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Checking NaN Functions

- `isna()`
- `fillna()`
- `dropna()`
- `isnull()`
- `any()`
- `all()`

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Grouping and sorting

- `groupby(<list of columns>)`
 `get_group(<tuple of filter values>)`
- Once grouped, functions can be applied on the grouped column labels

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Importing and Dumping Datasets

- `read_csv(<file name>)`
- `read_excel(<file name>, skiprows=<number>, sheet_name=<name of sheet>)`
- `to_csv(<file name>, [index=True/False])`
- `to_excel()` # requires `pd.ExcelWriter`

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Matplotlib

- Importing and simple plots
- Labelling
- Useful functions
- Histogram, Pie
- Bar, Scatter

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Import and Simple plot

- **import matplotlib.pyplot as plt**
- plot (<xlabel>, <ylabel>, <color, symbol options>)
- Ex:
 plot([1,2,3], [1,4,9], 'ro')
- show()
 displays all plots.
 Multiple plot calls plot on the same graph.
- figure()
 open a new figure window

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Plotting multiple plots

- `subplot(r, c, curr_pos)`
- Used to plot multiple graphs in same figure
- Creates a grid of size ***rc***
- Must be called before any kind of plotting function
- ***curr_pos*** determines the position of current graph in the grid

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Some useful functions

- `xlabel()`
label on x-axis
- `ylabel()`
label on y-axis
- `xticks(), yticks()` : rotation
specify markers on x and y axis
- `legend()`
requires labels to set while plotting
- `title()`
title for the graph

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Extra functions

- `text(x, y, value)` : Inserts a single text element; requires loop otherwise
- `stem(x,y)`
- `fill_between(x, y)` : Area filled by color
- `savefig(<filename>)`
- `axvline(x)` : draw vertical line
- `axhline(y)` : draw horizontal line

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Histogram, Pie

- `hist:`
 - `bins` : integer
 - `rwidth` : float [0 - 1.0]
- `pie(data):`
 - `shadow` : Boolean
 - `labels, labeldistance`
 - `explode` : [list of floats]

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Barplot, Scatter

- `bar(x, values):`
 - label : Used by legend option
 - bottom: used to create stacked bar plot
- `Scatter:`
 - color : string
 - s : integer size
 - alpha : float [0 – 1.0]
 - marker: o, _, ^, \$...\$

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Image, boxplot, twinx

- `imshow`
- `boxplot(data):`
 - data : can be array or a matrix for multiple plots
- `twinx:`
 - replicates a different y-axis keeping same x-axis
 - no args required

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