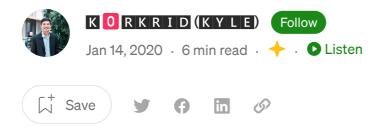


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# Mount an ADLS Gen 2 to Databricks File System Using a Service Principal and OAuth 2.0 (Ep. 5)

Demonstrate how to mount an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 (ADLS Gen 2) account to Databricks File System (DBFS), authenticating using a service principal and OAuth 2.0.

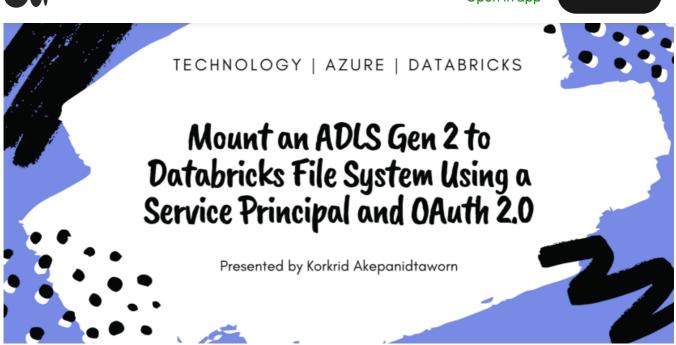
**Disclaimer:** The views and opinions expressed in this article are those of the author's and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of current or previous employer, organization, committee, other group or individual. Analysis performed within this article is based on limited dated open source information. Assumptions made within the analysis are not reflective of the position of any previous or current employer.











## **Prerequisites**

Before moving on, you should understand:

- How to provision Azure Data Lake Storage Gen 2 (ADLS Gen 2) and Azure Databricks.
- How to create container (file system) in Data Lake Gen2 File systems (Use latest Azure Storage Explorer.)

### Create an Azure Storage account - Learn

Create an Azure Storage account with the correct options for your business needs.

docs.microsoft.com



#### Azure Databricks documentation

Learn Azure Databricks, an Apache Spark-based analytics platform with one-click setup, streamlined workflows, and an...

docs.microsoft.com











manage Azure blobs, files, queues, and tables, as well as...

azure.microsoft.com



### **Previous Episodes**

### Databricks Community Edition: Apache Sparks for All (Ep. 1)

Learn to use cloud-based Spark platform on Databricks community edition, upload data to FileStore, and run your first...

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### Why Databricks on Azure? A Customer's Perspective (Ep. 2)

Azure Databricks x Learn how Shell, Nielsen, and Magneti Marelli leverage Databricks Unified Analytics Platform

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# How to Create and Deploy a Databricks Workspace Using the Azure Portal (Ep. 3)

The first step to using Azure Databricks is to create and deploy a Databricks workspace. You can do this in the Azure...

medium.com



### Bye Pandas, Meet Koalas: Pandas APIs on Apache Spark (Ep. 4)

Keynote summary from the official announcement of Koalas by Reynold Xin at Spark + Al Summit

medium.com



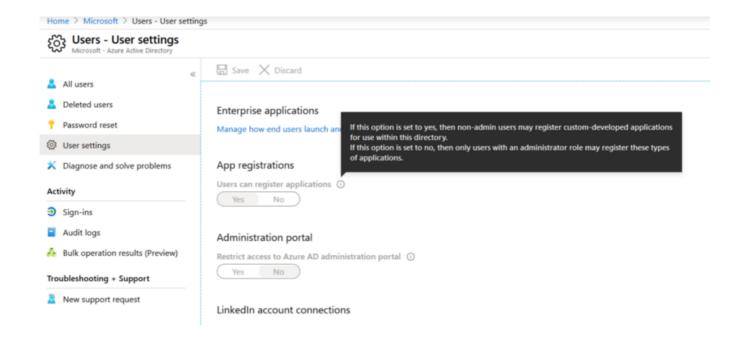








**connection** is required. You need to also ensure that you have the rights to register apps. If the app registrations is configured to "yes" in your Azure Active Directory, then non-admin users may register custom-developed applications for use within this directory.

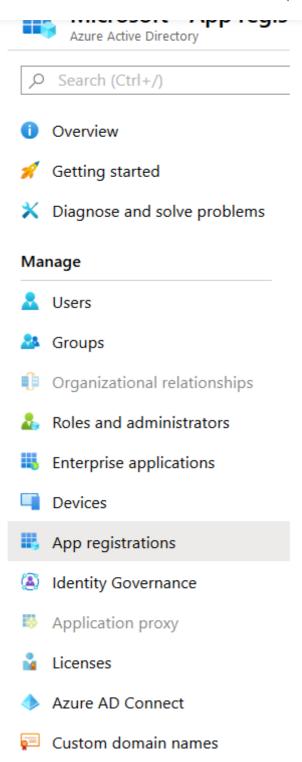


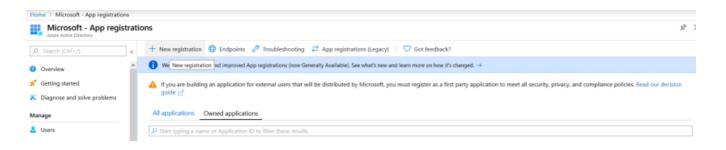














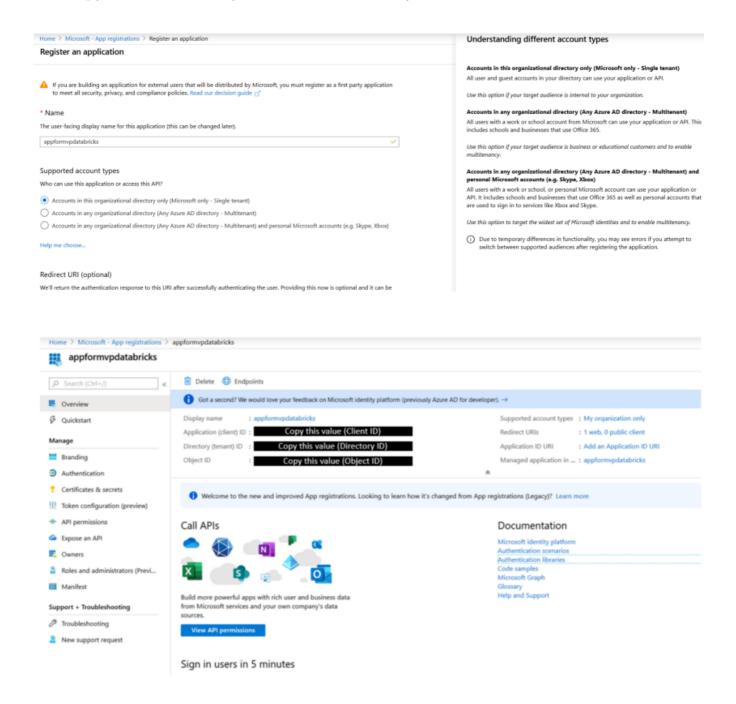






registrations" to proceed.). Click "New Registration."

- 2. Fill in the required information for the application, e.g., application name, application type (web app/API by default.)
- 3. Copy "Client ID", "Object ID", and "Directory ID"



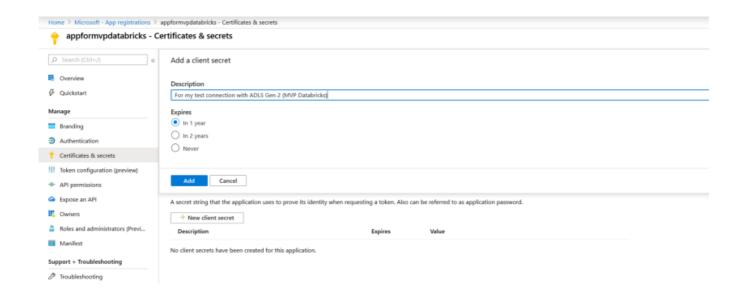
You also need to generate app secrets (authentication keys) to access the app you just created.











Copy the new client secret value. You will not be able to retrieve it after you perform another operation or leave this blade.

. . .

Let's next store the key retrieved from the registered application in the Azure service called **Azure Key Vault**, "a cloud service that provides a secure store for secrets. You can securely store keys, passwords, certificates, and other secrets. Azure key vaults may be created and managed through the Azure portal." Please follow the steps under "**Add a secret to Key Vault**" section.

Azure Quickstart - Set and retrieve a secret from Key Vault using Azure portal

Azure Key Vault is a cloud service that provides a secure store for secrets. You can securely store keys, passwords...

docs.microsoft.com





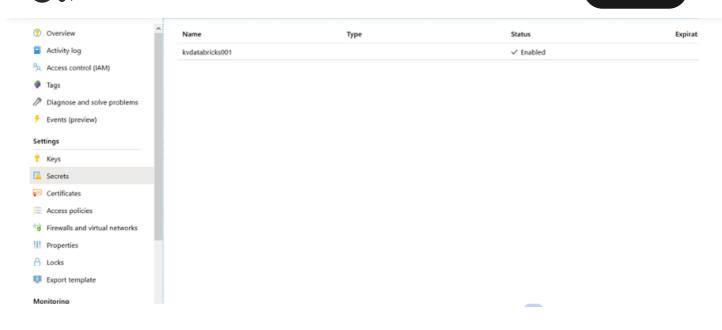


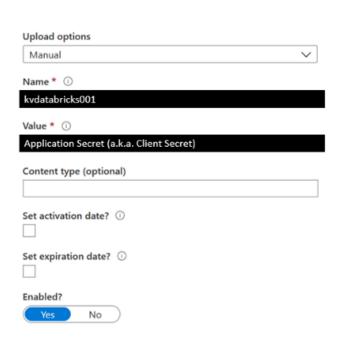




## Open in app

Get started

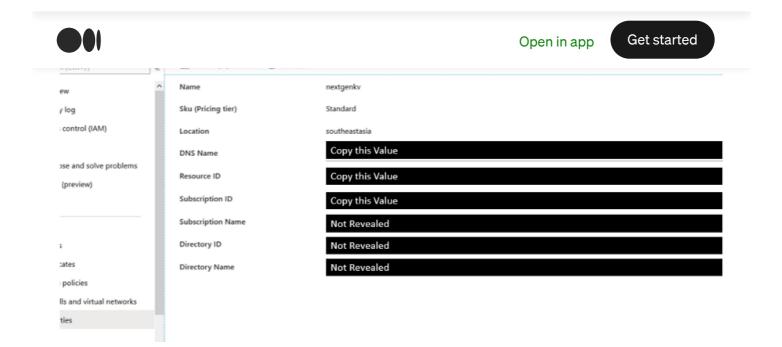






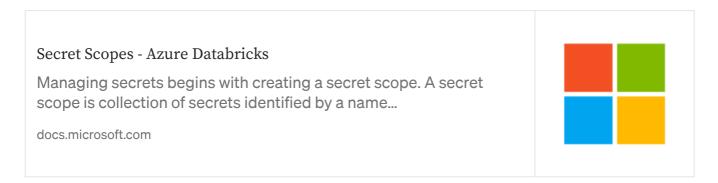






• • •

Managing secrets begins with creating a secret scope. A secret scope is collection of secrets identified by a name.

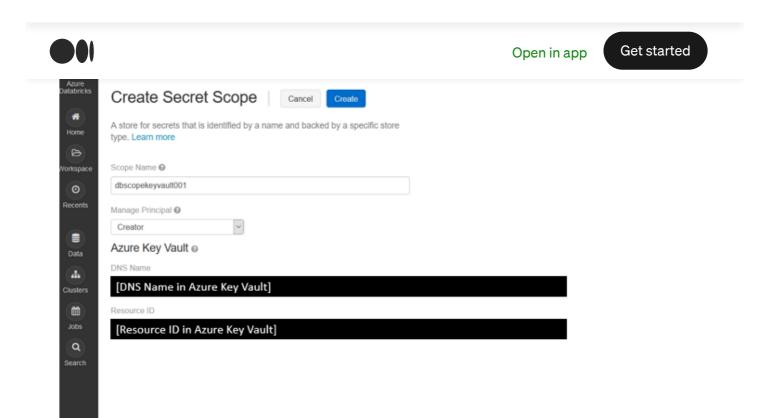


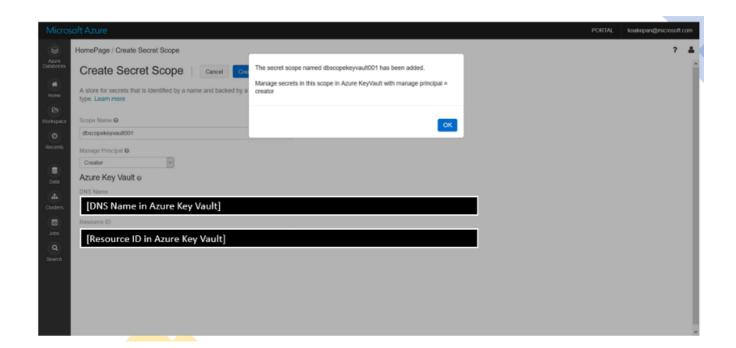
You will need to create an Azure Key Vault-backed secret scope.











. . .

By now, you should have the following information:

- Client ID (a.k.a. Application ID)
- Client Secret (a.k.a. Application Secret)









- Key Name for Service Credentials (from Azure Key vault)
- File System Name
- Storage Account Name
- Mount Name

I have hosted my sample script to mount ADLS Gen 2 to DBFS on GitHub.

```
1
   2
   # Set the configurations. Here's what you need:
   ## 1.) Client ID (a.k.a Application ID)
   ## 2.) Client Secret (a.k.a. Application Secret)
   ## 3.) Directory ID
5
   ## 4.) File System Name
   ## 5.) Storage Account Name
7
   ## 6.) Mount Name
8
9
   configs = {"fs.azure.account.auth.type": "OAuth",
10
11
           "fs.azure.account.oauth.provider.type": "org.apache.hadoop.fs.azurebfs.oauth2.Client
           "fs.azure.account.oauth2.client.id": "<client-id>",
12
           "fs.azure.account.oauth2.client.secret": dbutils.secrets.get(scope = "<scope-name>"]
13
           "fs.azure.account.oauth2.client.endpoint": "https://login.microsoftonline.com/<direc
14
15
   16
   # Optionally, you can add <directory-name> to the source URI of your mount point.
17
   18
19
   dbutils.fs.mount(
     source = "abfss://<file-system-name>@<storage-account-name>.dfs.core.windows.net/",
20
21
    mount_point = "/mnt/<mount-name>",
     extra configs = configs)
22
```

### where:

- <mount-name> is a DBFS path that represents where the Data Lake Store or a folder inside it (specified in source) will be mounted in DBFS.
- dbutils.secrets.get(scope = "<scope-name>", key = "<key-name-for-service-









• If you do not want to use the dbutils.secrets AP1, you could simply paste the client secret in fs.azure.account.oauth2.client.secret parameter.

dbutils.fs.ls('/mnt/adlstestfs/')

Out[13]: [FileInfo(path='dbfs:/mnt/adlstestfs/01\_Keras\_R\_Basics.R', name='01\_Keras\_R\_Basics.R', size=6094),
FileInfo(path='dbfs:/mnt/adlstestfs/02\_Keras\_PreTrained\_ResNet50\_Predict\_Elephant.R', name='02\_Keras\_PreTrained\_ResNet50\_Predict\_Elephant.R', size=44313),
FileInfo(path='dbfs:/mnt/adlstestfs/03\_Keras\_PreTrained\_VCG16\_FeatureExtraction.R', size=1474),
FileInfo(path='dbfs:/mnt/adlstestfs/sample-elephant-image.jpg', name='sample-elephant-image.jpg', size=169034)]

. . .

### **Important Glossary**

• Mounting — To mount blob storage to DBFS is treated as if they were on the local file system. Importantly, all users have read and write access to the objects in blob storage mounted to DBFS. For information on how to mount and unmount AWS S3 buckets, see <a href="Mount S3 Buckets with DBFS">Mount S3 Buckets with DBFS</a>. For information on encrypting data when writing to S3 through DBFS, see <a href="Encrypt data in S3 buckets">Encrypt data in S3 buckets</a>. For information on how to mount and unmount Azure Blob Storage containers and Azure Data Lake Storage accounts, see <a href="Mount Azure Blob Storage containers to DBFS">Mount Azure Data Lake Storage Gen1 resource using a service principal and OAuth 2.0</a>, and <a href="Mount an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 account using a service principal and OAuth 2.0">Mount an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 account using a service principal and OAuth 2.0</a>.

mount(source: String, mountPoint: String, encryptionType: String =
"", owner: String = null, extraConfigs: Map = Map.empty[String,
String]): boolean -> Mounts the given source directory into DBFS at
the given mount point

mounts: Seq -> Displays information about what is mounted within
DBFS

refreshMounts: boolean -> Forces all machines in this cluster to
refresh their mount cache, ensuring they receive the most recent
information

unmount(mountPoint: String): boolean -> Deletes a DBFS mount point







workspace and available on...

docs.databricks.com

### Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2

Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 (also known as ADLS Gen2) is a next-generation data lake solution for big data analytics...

docs.databricks.com

### exercise01-blob - Databricks

Edit description

tsmatz.github.io

Access to Azure Data Lake Storage Gen 2 from Databricks Part 1: Quick & Dirty

Support to existing documentation

medium.com



