## NamasteSQL - DAY 2



## **Learn with Ankit Bansal**







# **100 Coding Problems**



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#### NAMASTESQL - DAY 2

#### **Step - 1: Problem Statement**

### Problem Statement:

#### 7 - Airbnb Top Hosts

SUPPOSE YOU ARE A DATA ANALYST WORKING FOR A TRAVEL COMPANY THAT OFFERS VACATION RENTALS SIMILAR TO AIRBNB. YOUR COMPANY WANTS TO IDENTIFY THE TOP HOSTS WITH THE HIGHEST AVERAGE RATINGS FOR THEIR LISTINGS. THIS INFORMATION WILL BE USED TO RECOGNIZE **EXCEPTIONAL HOSTS AND POTENTIALLY OFFER** THEM INCENTIVES TO CONTINUE PROVIDING **OUTSTANDING SERVICE.** 

YOUR TASK IS TO WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO FIND THE TOP 2 HOSTS WITH THE HIGHEST AVERAGE RATINGS FOR THEIR LISTINGS. HOWEVER, YOU SHOULD ONLY CONSIDER HOSTS WHO HAVE AT LEAST 2 LISTINGS. AS HOSTS WITH FEWER LISTINGS MAY NOT BE REPRESENTATIVE.

DISPLAY OUTPUT IN DESCENDING ORDER OF AVERAGE RATINGS AND ROUND THE AVERAGE RATINGS TO 2 DECIMAL PLACES.



Difficult Level: MEDIUM

# NamasteSQL - DAY 2

# **Step - 2: Identifying The Input Data And Expected**

#### **INPUT**

listings						
LISTING_ID	HOST_ID	NEIGHBORHOOD	ROOM_TYPE	PRIC E	MINIMUM_NIGH TS	
1	101	Downtown	Entire home/apt	150	2	
2	101	Downtown	Private room	80	1	
3	101	Downtown	Entire home/apt	200	3	
4	102	Downtown	Entire home/apt	120	2	
5	102	Downtown	Private room	100	1	
6	102	Midtown	Entire home/apt	250	2	
7	103	Midtown	Private room	70	1	
8	103	Queens	Private room	90	1	
9	104	Midtown	Private room	170	1	

# NAMASTESQL - DAY 2

reviews						
REVIEW_ID	LISTING_ID	REVIEW_DATE	RATING			
1	1	2023-01-05	4			
2	1	2023-01-10	5			
3	2	2023-01-15	4			
4	3	2023-01-20	5			
5	3	2023-01-25	3			
6	3	2023-01-30	4			
7	4	2023-02-05	5			
8	5	2023-02-10	4			
9	6	2023-02-15	5			
10	6	2023-02-20	4			
11	7	2023-02-25	5			
12	8	2023-03-05	5			
13	9	2023-03-05	5			

#### **OUTPUT**

HOST_ID		AVG_RATIN G
103	2	5
102	3	4.5

## NamasteSQL - DAY 2

#### **Step - 3:** Writing the sql query to solve the

```
WITH CTE
AS (

SELECT listing_id

,host_id

,count(*) OVER (PARTITION BY host_id) AS number_of_listing

FROM listings L QUALIFY number_of_listing > 1

)

SELECT C.host_id

,number_of_listing

,avg(RATING) AS avg_rating

FROM CTE C

JOIN reviews R ON C.listing_id = R.listing_id

GROUP BY C.host_id

,C.number_of_listing

ORDER BY avg(RATING) DESC limit 2;
```

#### NAMASTESQL - DAY 2

