

Experiment 3

Student Name: Amrit Singh UID: 23BCS12931

Branch: CSE Section/Group: KRG_2B

Semester: 5th Date of Performance: 18/08/25

Subject Name: ADBMS Subject Code: 23CSP-333

1. Aim:

To design and implement SQL queries for creating tables, inserting data, and retrieving meaningful information using relational concepts.

• To apply aggregate functions, joins, subqueries, and set operations for solving database problems.

Part A – Easy Level:

- To create a table for storing employee IDs and insert sample data.
- To identify and retrieve the maximum employee ID that does not have duplicates.

Part B – Medium Level:

- To create department and employee tables with a foreign key relationship.
- To retrieve the employee(s) having the highest salary in each department using joins and subqueries.

Part C – Hard Level:

- To create two tables containing employee details with salaries.
- To combine the tables and retrieve the minimum salary for each employee using grouping and aggregate functions.

2. Objective:

- To understand the use of GROUP BY and aggregate functions for filtering data.
- To apply joins and subqueries for department-wise salary analysis.
- To implement foreign key relationships for relational database design.
- To use UNION ALL and grouping for analyzing data across multiple tables.
- To strengthen SQL query writing skills for handling duplicates, aggregation, and joins.

3. ADBMS script and output:

EASY-LEVEL PROBLEM

```
CREATE TABLE Employeee (
EmpID INT ,
);
INSERT INTO Employeee (EmpID) VALUES
(2),
(4),
(4),
(6),
(6),
(7),
(8),
(8);
Select Max(EmpID) as [Maximum ID] from (Select EmpID from Employeee Group by EmpID having Count(*) < 2)as Subquery;
```

MEDIUM LEVEL PROBLEM:

```
CREATE TABLE departmentt

( id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  dept_name VARCHAR(50)
);

CREATE TABLE employeeee

( id INT,
  name VARCHAR(50),
  salary INT,
```

```
department id INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (department id) REFERENCES departmentt(id)
);
INSERT INTO departmentt (id, dept name) VALUES
(1, 'IT'),
(2, 'SALES');
INSERT INTO employeeee (id, name, salary, department id) VALUES
(1, 'JOE', 70000, 1),
(2, 'JIM', 90000, 1),
(3, 'HENRY', 80000, 2),
(4, 'SAM', 60000, 2),
(5, 'MAX', 90000, 1);
Select d.dept name, e. name, e. salary from department as d Join employeeee as e on d.id =
e.department_id where e.salary in (
Select max(e2.salary) from employeeee as e2 where e2.department id = e.department id);
HARD LEVEL PROBLEM
```

```
Create Table B1(ID int, Ename varchar(50), Salary int );
Insert into A1 values(1,'AA',1000);
Insert into A1 values(2,'BB',300);
Insert into B1 values(2,'BB',400);
Insert into B1 values(3,'CC',100);

Select ID, EName, Min(Salary) as Min_Salary from
(Select * from A1 Union All Select* from B1) as combined Group by Ename,ID;
```

Create table A1 (ID int, Ename varchar(50), Salary int);

OUTPUTS:



Figure 1: Easy Level Problem

	dept_name	name HENRY	salary 80000
1	SALES		
2	IT	MAX	90000
3	IT	JIM	90000

Figure 2: Medium level Problem

	ID	EName	Min_Salary
1	1	AA	1000
2	2	BB	300
3	3	CC	100

Figure 3: Hard Level Problem