# Unit 9

### Lab

Lab no 1: Write program in C to test whether given entered string within valid comment section or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
      char com[30];
      int i=2, a=0;
      printf("\n Enter comment:");
       gets(com);
      if(com[0]=='/')
             if(com[1]=='/')
                    printf("\n It is a comment");
             else if(com[1]==^{1*1})
                    for(i=2;i<=30;i++)
                           if(com[i]=='*'&&com[i+1]=='/')
                                  printf("\n It is a comment");
                                          a=1;
                                          break;
                           else
                                  continue;
                     if(a==0)
                           printf("\n It is not a comment");
             else
                    printf("\n It is not a comment");
      else
             printf("\n It is not a comment");
      return 0;
Input/output
Run 1:
```

```
Enter comment: Hello
It is not a comment
Run 2:
Enter comment: /*New summit College*/
It is a comment
Run 3:
Enter comment: //This is a comment section
It is a comment
Lab no 2: Write a C program to recognize strings under 'a*', 'a*b+', 'abb'
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
      char s[20], c;
       int state=0, i=0;
       printf("\n Enter a string:");
       gets(s);
       while(s[i]!='\setminus 0')
              switch(state)
                     case 0:
                            c=s[i++];
                            if(c=='a')
                                   state=1;
                                   else if(c=='b')
                                   state=2;
                            else
                                   state=6;
                                   break;
                     case 1:
                            c=s[i++];
                            if(c=='a')
                                   state=3;
                                   else if(c=='b')
                                   state=4;
                            else
                                   state=6;
                            break;
                     case 2:
```

```
c=s[i++];
                      if(c=='a')
                             state=6;
                      else if(c=='b')
                             state=2;
                      else
                             state=6;
                      break;
              case 3:
                      c=s[i++];
                      if(c=='a')
                             state=3;
                      else if(c=='b')
                             state=2;
                      else
                             state=6;
                      break;
              case 4:
                      c=s[i++];
                      if(c=='a')
                             state=6;
                      else if(c=='b')
                             state=5;
                      else
                             state=6;
                      break;
               case 5:
                      c=s[i++];
                      if(c=='a')
                             state=6;
                      else if(c=='b')
                             state=2;
                      else
                             state=6;
                      break;
              case 6:
                      printf("\n %s is not recognized" ,s);
                      exit(0);
if(state==1)
       printf("\n %s is accepted under rule 'a'", s);
else if((state==2) | | (state==4))
```

# Lab no 3: Write a C program to test whether a given identifier is valid or not

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
int main()
       char a[10];
       int flag, i=1;
       printf("\n Enter an identifier:");
       gets(a);
       if(isalpha(a[0]) \mid | a[0] == '_')
               flag=1;
       else
               printf("\n Not a valid identifier");
       while(a[i]!='\setminus 0')
               if(!isdigit(a[i]) && !isalpha(a[i]) &&a[i]! = '_')
                      flag=0;
                      break;
               i++;
       }
```

```
if(flag==1)
              printf("\n Valid identifier");
       else
              printf("Not a valid identifier");
       return 0;
Input/output
Run 1:
Enter an identifier: area_12no
Valid identifier
Run 2:
Enter an identifier: sum5
Valid identifier
Run 3:
Enter an identifier: var@num
Not a valid identifier
Lab no 4: Program for Lexical Analyzer in C
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
int isKeyword(char buffer[]){
       char keywords[32][10] = {"auto", "break", "case", "char", "const", "continue", "default",
       "do", "double", "else", "enum", "extern", "float", "for", "goto",
              "if","int","long","register","return","short","signed",
                     "sizeof", "static", "struct", "switch", "typedef", "union",
                                    "unsigned", "void", "volatile", "while"};
       int i, flag = 0;
       for(i = 0; i < 32; ++i)
              if(strcmp(keywords[i], buffer) == 0)
                     flag = 1;
                     break;
       return flag;
}
int main()
```

```
{
       char ch, buffer[15], operators[] = "+-*/%=";
       FILE *fp;
       int i,j=0;
       fp = fopen("aa.txt","r");
       if(fp == NULL)
              printf("error while opening the file\n");
              exit(0);
       while((ch = fgetc(fp)) != EOF)
              for(i = 0; i < 6; ++i)
                      if(ch == operators[i])
                             printf("%c is operator\n", ch);
              if(isalnum(ch))
                      buffer[j++] = ch;
              else if((ch == ' ' | | ch == 'n') && (j != 0))
                             buffer[j] = ' \setminus 0';
                             j = 0;
                             if(isKeyword(buffer) == 1)
                                     printf("%s is keyword\n", buffer);
                             else
                                     printf("%s is identifier\n", buffer);
              }
       fclose(fp);
       return 0;
}
```

**Input File format is:** 

```
void main()
{
int a, b, c;
c = a + b;
}
```

```
Output
void is keyword
main is identifier
int is keyword
a is identifier
b is identifier
c is identifier
c is identifier
= is operator
a is identifier
+ is operator
b is identifier
Lab no 5: C- program to implement first of a given grammar
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
void FIRST(char[], char);
void addToResultSet(char[], char);
int numOfProductions;
char productionSet[10][10];
int main()
  int i;
  char choice;
  char c;
  char result[20];
  printf("How many number of productions?:");
```

```
scanf(" %d", &numOfProductions);
  for(i=0; i <numOfProductions; i++)//read production string e.g.: E=E+T
    printf("Enter productions Number %d : ",i+1);
    scanf(" %s", productionSet[i]);
  do
    printf("\n Find the FIRST of :");
    scanf(" %c", &c);
    FIRST(result, c); //Compute FIRST; Get Answer in 'result' array
    printf("\n FIRST(%c)= \{ ",c);
    for(i=0;result[i]!='\setminus 0';i++)
    printf(" %c ",result[i]);  //Display result
    printf("\n");
     printf("press 'y' to continue : ");
    scanf(" %c", &choice);
  }while(choice=='y' | | choice =='Y');
void FIRST(char* Result, char c)
  int i, j, k;
  char subResult[20];
  int foundEpsilon;
  subResult[0]='\0';
  Result[0]='\0';
  //If X is terminal, FIRST(X) = \{X\}
  if(!(isupper(c)))
  {
       addToResultSet(Result, c);
       return;
  //If X is non terminal then read each production
  for(i=0; i<numOfProductions; i++)</pre>
```

```
{
       //Find production with X as LHS
       if(productionSet[i][0]==c)
              if(productionSet[i][2]=='$')
                     addToResultSet(Result,'$');
              //If X is a non-terminal, and X \rightarrow Y_1 Y_2 \dots Y_k is a production, then add a
to FIRST(X)
              else
                     j=2;
                     while (production Set[i][j]!='\backslash 0')
                            foundEpsilon=0;
                            FIRST(subResult, productionSet[i][j]);
                            for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\setminus 0';k++)
                                    addToResultSet(Result, subResult[k]);
                            for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\0';k++)
                                    if(subResult[k]=='$')
                                                  foundEpsilon=1;
                                                  break;
          //No e found, no need to check next element
          if(!foundEpsilon)
              break;
         j++;
 return;
```

```
void addToResultSet(char Result[], char val)
  int k;
  for(k=0; Result[k]!='\0';k++)
    if(Result[k]==val)
      return;
  Result[k]=val;
  Result[k+1]='\setminus 0';
Input/output
How many numbers of productions?: 5
Enter productions Number 1: S=L=R
Enter productions Number 2: S=R
Enter productions Number 3: L=*R
Enter productions Number 4: L=a
Enter productions Number 5: R=L
Find the FIRST of: S
      FIRST(S) = \{ * a \}
Press 'y' to continue: y
Find the FIRST of: L
      FIRST(L) = \{ * a \}
Press 'y' to continue:
Find the FIRST of: a
      FIRST(a) = \{a\}
Press 'y' to continue: y
Find the FIRST of: *R
      FIRST(*R)= { * }
Press 'y' to continue:
Lab no 6: C-Program to Calculate Follow(A)
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
int n, p, i=0, j=0;
char a[10][10], Result[10];
char subResult[20];
```

```
void follow(char* Result,char c);
void first(char* Result,char c);
void addToResultSet(char[], char);
int main()
       int i;
       int choice;
       char c, ch;
       printf("Enter the no. of productions: ");
       scanf("%d", &n);
       printf(" Enter %d productions\n Production with multiple terms should be give
       as separate productions n'', n);
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       scanf("%s", a[i]);
       do
        {
               printf("Find FOLLOW of -->");
               scanf(" %c", &c);
               follow(Result, c);
               printf("FOLLOW(%c) = \{ ", c);
               for(i=0;Result[i]!='\setminus 0';i++)
                      printf(" %c ", Result[i]);
               printf(" }\n");
               printf("Do you want to continue(Press 1 to continue....)?");
               scanf("%d", &choice);
               }while(choice==1);
       void follow(char* Result, char c)
              int k;
              subResult[0]='\0';
              Result[0]='\0';
              if(a[0][0]==c) addToResultSet(Result,'$');
              for(i=0;i<n;i++)
                      for(j=2;j < strlen(a[i]);j++)
                              if(a[i][j]==c)
                                    if(a[i][j+1]!='\setminus 0')first(subResult,a[i][j+1]);
                                            if(a[i][j+1]=='\0'\&\&c!=a[i][0])
                                                   follow(subResult,a[i][0]);
                                    for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\setminus 0';k++)
```

```
addToResultSet(Result,subResult[k]);
       void first(char* R, char c)
              int k, m;
              if(!(isupper(c))&&c!='#')
                     addToResultSet(R, c);
              for(k=0;k< n;k++)
                     if(a[k][0] == c)
                            if(a[k][2]=='\#'\&\&c!=a[i][0])
                                   follow(R, a[i][0]);
                            else if((!(isupper(a[k][2])))&&a[k][2]!='#')
                              addToResultSet(R, a[k][2]);
                            else first(R, a[k][2]);
                                   for(m=0;R[m]!='\0';m++)
                                          addToResultSet(Result, R[m]);
       void addToResultSet(char Result[], char val)
              int k;
              for(k=0;Result[k]!='\0';k++)
                     if(Result[k]==val)
                            return;
                     Result[k]=val;
                     Result[k+1]='\setminus 0';
Input/output
Enter the no. of productions: 5
Enter 5 productions
Production with multiple terms should be give as separate productions
R=aS
R=(R)S
S=+RS
S=aRS
```

```
S=*S
Find FOLLOW of -->R
FOLLOW(R) = \{ \$ ) + a * \}
Do you want to continue (Press 1 to continue....)? 1
Find FOLLOW of -->S
FOLLOW(S) = \{ \$ ) + a * \}
Do you want to continue (Press 1 to continue....)?
Lab no 7: Write a C program for constructing of LL (1) parsing
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#includecess.h>
char s[20], stack[20];
int main()
{
       char m[5][6][4]={"tb"," "," ","tb"," "," ","+tb"," "," ","n","n","fc"," "," ","fc"," "," ","
       ","n","*fc"," a","n","n","i"," "," ","(e)"," "," "};
       int size [5][6] = \{2,0,0,2,0,0,0,3,0,0,1,1,2,0,0,2,0,0,0,1,3,0,1,1,1,0,0,3,0,0\};
       int i,j,k,n,str1,str2;
       printf("\n Enter the input string: ");
       scanf("%s",s);
       strcat(s,"$");
       n=strlen(s);
       stack[0]='$';
       stack[1]='e';
       i=1;
       j=0;
       printf("\nStack Input\n");
       printf("_
       while((stack[i]!='$')&&(s[j]!='$'))
              if(stack[i]==s[j])
                      i--;
                     j++;
              switch(stack[i])
                     case 'e': str1=0;
                      break;
                      case 'b': str1=1;
```

```
break;
       case 't': str1=2;
       break;
       case 'c': str1=3;
       break;
       case 'f': str1=4;
       break;
switch(s[j])
        case 'i': str2=0;
       break;
       case '+': str2=1;
       break;
        case '*': str2=2;
       break;
       case '(': str2=3;
       break;
        case ')': str2=4;
       break;
        case '$': str2=5;
       break;
if(m[str1][str2][0]=='\setminus 0')
        printf("\nERROR");
       exit(0);
else if(m[str1][str2][0]=='n')
       i--;
else if(m[str1][str2][0]=='i')
       stack[i]='i';
else
       for(k=size[str1][str2]-1;k>=0;k--)
              stack[i]=m[str1][str2][k];
              i++;
       i--;
for(k=0;k<=i;k++)
       printf(" %c",stack[k]);
```

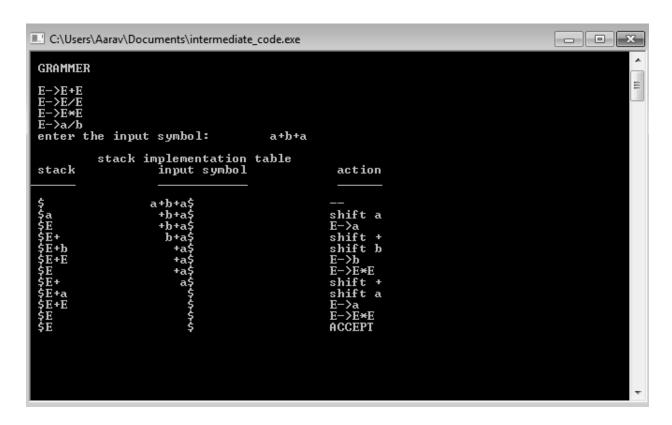
```
printf("
      for(k=j;k\leq n;k++)
             printf("%c",s[k]);
      printf(" \n");
  }
  printf("\n SUCCESS");
  return 0;
Input/output
Enter the input string: i*i+i
Stack
             Input
             i*i+i$
$bt
 $bcf
             i*i+i$
 $bci
             i*i+i$
 $ b c f *
             *i+i$
 $bci
             i+i$
 $ b
                    +i$
 $ b t +
             +i$
 $bcf
             i$
 $bci
             i$
                    $
 $ b
SUCCESS
```

# Lab no 8: C Program to Implement Shift Reduce Parser

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<conio.h>
#includ<string.h>
char ip_sym[15],stack[15];
int ip_ptr=0,st_ptr=0,len,i;
char temp[2],temp2[2];
char act[15];
void check();
void main()
      clrscr();
      printf("\n\t\t SHIFT REDUCE PARSER\n");
      printf("\n GRAMMER\n");
      printf("\n E->E+E\n E->E/E");
      printf("\n E->E*E\n E->a/b");
      printf("\n enter the input symbol:\t");
```

```
gets(ip_sym);
      printf("\n\t stack implementation table");
      printf("\n stack\t\t input symbol\t\t action");
      printf("\n___\t\t ___\t\t ___\n");
      strcpy(act, "shift");
      temp[0]=ip_sym[ip_ptr];
      temp[1]='\setminus 0';
      strcat(act,temp);
      len=strlen(ip_sym);
      for(i=0;i\leq=len-1;i++)
             stack[st_ptr]=ip_sym[ip_ptr];
             stack[st_ptr+1]='\setminus 0';
             ip_sym[ip_ptr]=' ';
             ip_ptr++;
             printf("\n $\%s\t\t\%s\t\t\t\%s",stack,ip\_sym,act);
             strcpy(act,"shift ");
             temp[0]=ip_sym[ip_ptr];
             temp[1]='\0';
             strcat(act,temp);
             check();
             st_ptr++;
      st_ptr++;
      check();
void check()
      int flag=0;
      temp2[0]=stack[st_ptr];
      temp2[1]='\setminus 0';
      if((!strcmpi(temp2,"a")) | | (!strcmpi(temp2,"b")))
      {
              stack[st_ptr]='E';
              if(!strcmpi(temp2,"a"))
                    printf("\n $\%s\t\t\%s\t\t\tE->a",stack, ip_sym);
              else
                    printf("\n $\%s\t\t\%s\t\t\tE->b",stack,ip_sym);
              flag=1;
      if((!strcmpi(temp2,"+")) | | (strcmpi(temp2,"*")) | | (!strcmpi(temp2,"/")))
```

```
flag=1;
      if((!strcmpi(stack,"E+E")) | | (!strcmpi(stack,"E\E")) | | (!strcmpi(stack,"E*E")))
             strcpy(stack, "E");
             st_ptr=0;
             if(!strcmpi(stack,"E+E"))
                    printf("\n $\%s\t\t\%s\t\t\E->E+E", stack, ip_sym);
             else
                    if(!strcmpi(stack,"E\setminus E"))
                           printf("\n $\%s\t\t \%s\t\t E->E\E",stack,ip_sym);
                    else
                           printf("\n $\%s\t\t\%s\t\t\tE->E*E",stack,ip_sym);
                    flag=1;
      if(!strcmpi(stack,"E")&&ip_ptr==len)
             printf("\n $%s\t\t%s$\t\tACCEPT",stack,ip_sym);
             getch();
             exit(0);
      if(flag==0)
             printf("\n%s\t\t\s\t\t reject",stack,ip_sym);
             exit(0);
      return;
Input/output
```



Lab no 9: C-program for intermediate Code Generation

```
#include<string.h>
#include<process.h>
int i=1,j=0,no=0,tmpch=90;
char str[100],left[15],right[15];
void findopr();
void explore();
void fleft(int);
void fright(int);
struct exp
{
    int pos;
    char op;
}k[15];
int main()
{
    printf("\t\t INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION\n\n");
```

```
printf("Enter the Expression :");
        scanf("%s", str);
        printf("The intermediate code:\t\t Expression\n");
        findopr();
        explore();
        return 0;
void findopr()
        for(i=0;str[i]!='\setminus 0';i++)
         if(str[i]==':')
                 k[j].pos=i;
                 k[j++].op=':';
        for(i=0;str[i]!='\setminus 0';i++)
        if(str[i]=='/')
                k[j].pos=i;
                 k[j++].op='/';
        for(i=0;str[i]!='\backslash 0';i++)
         if(str[i]=='*')
                         k[j].pos=i;
                         k[j++].op='*';
          }
        for(i=0;str[i]!='\setminus 0';i++)
        if(str[i]=='+')
                         k[j].pos=i;
                         k[j++].op='+';
          }
```

```
for(i=0;str[i]!='\setminus 0';i++)
                 if(str[i]=='-')
                         k[j].pos=i;
                         k[j++].op='-';
                 }
        }
void explore()
        i=1;
        while(k[i].op!='\setminus 0')
                 fleft(k[i].pos);
                 fright(k[i].pos);
                 str[k[i].pos]=tmpch--;
                 printf("\t%c := \%s\%c\%s\t\t", str[k[i].pos], left, k[i].op, right);
                 for(j=0;j <strlen(str);j++)</pre>
                       if(str[j]!='\$')
                 printf("%c", str[j]);
                 printf("\n");
                 i++;
        fright(-1);
        if(no==0)
                 fleft(strlen(str));
                 printf("\t%s:= %s", right, left);
                 exit(0);
        printf("\t%s := \%c", right, str[k[--i].pos]);
void fleft(int x)
```

```
{
                                           int w=0, flag=0;
                                            x--;
                                            while(x!=-1 \&\&str[x]!= '+' \&\&str[x]!='*'\&\&str[x]!='='\&\&str[x]!='-1 \&\&str[x]!='-1 \&\&s
                                         '&& str[x]!='/' && str[x]!=':')
                                            {
                                                                                       if(str[x]!='$'&& flag==0)
                                                                                        {
                                                                                                                                left[w++]=str[x];
                                                                                                                                left[w]='\setminus 0';
                                                                                                                                str[x]='\$';
                                                                                                                                flag=1;
                                                                                        }
                                                                                        x--;
                                            }
void fright(int x)
                                           int w=0,flag=0;
                                            χ++;
                                           while(x!=
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          str[x]!= '+'&&str[x]!='*'&&str[x]!='\0'&&
                                                                                                                                             -1
                                                                                                                                                                                                &&
                                        str[x]!='='\&\&str[x]!=':'\&\&str[x]!='-'\&\&str[x]!='/')
                                            {
                                                                                       if(str[x]!='\$'\&\& flag==0)
                                                                                        {
                                                                                                                                 right[w++]=str[x];
                                                                                                                                 right[w]='\setminus 0';
                                                                                                                                 str[x]='\$';
                                                                                                                                flag=1;
                                                                                        }
                                                                                 χ++;
                                            }
}
```

### Lab no 9: C-program for Final Code Generation

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char op[2],arg1[5],arg2[5],result[5];
int main()
       FILE *fp1,*fp2;
       fp1=fopen("input.txt","r");
       fp2=fopen("output.txt","w");
        while(!feof(fp1))
                fscanf(fp1,"%s%s%s%s",op,arg1,arg2,result);
                if(strcmp(op,"+")==0)
                       fprintf(fp2,"\n MOV R0,%s",arg1);
                       fprintf(fp2,"\n ADD R0,%s",arg2);
                       fprintf(fp2,"\n MOV %s,R0",result);
                if(strcmp(op,"*")==0)
                       fprintf(fp2,"\n MOV R0,%s",arg1);
                       fprintf(fp2,"\n MUL R0,%s",arg2);
                       fprintf(fp2,"\n MOV %s, R0",result);
               if(strcmp(op,"-")==0)
                         fprintf(fp2,"\n MOV R0,%s",arg1);
                       fprintf(fp2,"\n SUB R0,%s",arg2);
```

# Input file

```
input - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

+ a b t1

c d t2
- t1 t2 t
= t ? x
```

Output file

# output - Notepad File Edit Format View Help MOV RO, a ADD RO, b MOV t1, RO MOV RO, c MUL RO, d MOV t2, RO MOV RO, t1 SUB RO, t2 MOV t, RO MOV RO, t MOV RO, t