Prototype Implementation :

Frontend Prototype

Admin Portal Features

- **Dashboard**: Event statistics and overview
- **Event Management**: Create, view, and manage events
- **Reports**: Comprehensive analytics and reporting
- **Student Management**: View student participation data

Student Portal Features

- **Event Browser**: Search and filter events
- **Registration**: One-click event registration
- **My Events**: Personal event tracking
- **Profile Management**: Account settings

Components Implemented

- `EventCard`: Reusable event display component
- `Navigation`: Role-based navigation system
- `AdminDashboard`: Statistics and quick actions
- `EventBrowser`: Event listing with filters
- `ReportsPage`: Analytics and reporting interface
- `CreateEventForm`: Event creation form

Backend Implementation Requirements

For full functionality, the system requires backend implementation with:

Database Requirements

```sql
-- Core tables needed
CREATE TABLE colleges (
```

```
  id UUID PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR NOT NULL,
  location VARCHAR,
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

CREATE TABLE events (
  id UUID PRIMARY KEY,
  title VARCHAR NOT NULL,
  description TEXT,
  date DATE NOT NULL,
  time VARCHAR NOT NULL,
  location VARCHAR NOT NULL,
  type VARCHAR NOT NULL,
  capacity INTEGER NOT NULL,
  college_id UUID REFERENCES colleges(id),
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
  created_by UUID NOT NULL
);

CREATE TABLE students (
  id UUID PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR NOT NULL,
  email VARCHAR UNIQUE NOT NULL,
  college_id UUID REFERENCES colleges(id),
  student_id VARCHAR NOT NULL,
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

CREATE TABLE event_registrations (
  id UUID PRIMARY KEY,
```

```
  event_id UUID REFERENCES events(id),
  student_id UUID REFERENCES students(id),
  registered_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
  attended BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE,
  check_in_time TIMESTAMP,
  UNIQUE(event_id, student_id)
);

CREATE TABLE event_feedback (
  id UUID PRIMARY KEY,
  event_id UUID REFERENCES events(id),
  student_id UUID REFERENCES students(id),
  rating INTEGER CHECK (rating >= 1 AND rating <= 5),
  comment TEXT,
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
  UNIQUE(event_id, student_id)
);
```

API Endpoints Required

```javascript
// Event Management
POST /api/events - Create new event
GET /api/events - List events with filters
PUT /api/events/:id - Update event
DELETE /api/events/:id - Delete event

// Registration Management
POST /api/events/:id/register - Register for event
DELETE /api/events/:id/register - Cancel registration
GET /api/students/:id/events - Get student's events
```

// Attendance Tracking

POST /api/events/:id/checkin - Mark attendance

GET /api/events/:id/attendance - Get attendance list

// Feedback System

POST /api/events/:id/feedback - Submit feedback

GET /api/events/:id/feedback - Get event feedback

// Analytics & Reports

GET /api/analytics/events/popularity - Event popularity report

GET /api/analytics/students/participation - Student participation

GET /api/analytics/students/top-active - Most active students

GET /api/analytics/events/by-type - Event type distribution

```

### Sample Report Queries

#### Event Popularity Report

```sql
SELECT
  e.title as event_name,
  e.type,
  COUNT(er.id) as registrations,
  (COUNT(er.id)::FLOAT / e.capacity * 100) as fill_percentage
FROM events e
LEFT JOIN event_registrations er ON e.id = er.event_id
GROUP BY e.id, e.title, e.type, e.capacity
ORDER BY registrations DESC;
```
```

Student Participation Report

```sql
SELECT
  s.name as student_name,
  COUNT(er.id) as total_registrations,
  COUNT(CASE WHEN er.attended = true THEN 1 END) as events_attended,
  ROUND(
    COUNT(CASE WHEN er.attended = true THEN 1 END)::FLOAT /
    COUNT(er.id) * 100, 2
  ) as attendance_percentage
FROM students s
LEFT JOIN event_registrations er ON s.id = er.student_id
GROUP BY s.id, s.name
HAVING COUNT(er.id) > 0
ORDER BY events_attended DESC;
```

Top 3 Most Active Students

```sql
SELECT
  s.name,
  COUNT(CASE WHEN er.attended = true THEN 1 END) as events_attended,
  CASE
    WHEN COUNT(CASE WHEN er.attended = true THEN 1 END) >= 10 THEN 'Super Learner'
    WHEN COUNT(CASE WHEN er.attended = true THEN 1 END) >= 7 THEN 'Event Enthusiast'
    WHEN COUNT(CASE WHEN er.attended = true THEN 1 END) >= 5 THEN 'Active Participant'
    ELSE 'Beginner'
  END as badge
FROM students s
JOIN event_registrations er ON s.id = er.student_id
WHERE er.attended = true
```

GROUP BY s.id, s.name

ORDER BY events_attended DESC

LIMIT 3;

```

### Mock Data Implementation

The current prototype uses comprehensive mock data to demonstrate:

- 6 sample events across different types
- Realistic registration numbers and ratings
- Sample analytics data for reports
- Student participation data

### Setup Instructions

1. **Clone/Download Project**
2. **Install Dependencies**: `npm install`
3. **Run Development Server**: `npm run dev`
4. **Access Application**: Open `http://localhost:5173`

### Testing the Prototype

#### Admin Features

1. Navigate to admin dashboard
2. View event statistics
3. Access reports section
4. Test event creation form

#### Student Features

1. Browse available events
2. Test registration functionality
```

3. View different event types

4. Check event details and ratings

Next Steps for Full Implementation

1. **Backend Setup**: Implement database and API endpoints

2. **Authentication**: Add user login/registration system

3. **Real-time Updates**: WebSocket for live capacity updates

4. **Mobile Optimization**: Responsive design improvements

5. **Testing**: Unit and integration tests

6. **Deployment**: Production deployment setup